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ST. MARY'S HARBOUR.—From Point la Haye to the south point of St. Mary's Harbour, called Double Road Point, the course and distance are E.N.E. 13 mile; the land between is low and barren. From Point la Haye to Ellis Point, which is the low point on the starboard side going into St. Mary's Harbour, it is two miles. The entrance of this harbour is above a mile wide, and bears from Point Lance E.S.E. 3 E. 9 leagues. Within the points that form the entrance, it divides into two branches, one to the S.E., the other to the E.N.E. When you are within Ellis Point, haul in to the southward, and anchor abreast of the houses and stages, upon a flat, in 4 or 5 fathoms, where you will lie land-locked. This flat runs off about half a mile from the shore; and without it is from 15 to 40 fathoms of water over to the other side; but the best anchorage is about two miles above the town, where it is above half a mile wide, opposite Brown's Pond, which may be seen over the low beach on the starboard side; here you will lie land-locked in 12 fathoms of water, and excellent ground all the way up to the head of the bay. The E.N.E. arm lies open to the sea, and is not resorted to by ships.

Two leagues above St. Mary's Harbour, lie two islands, the largest of which is about one league long, and is called Great Colinet Island, the south end of which bears from Cape. English N. by B., distant 3 leagues. On either side of this island is a safe passage up the bay, taking care to give Shoal Bay Point a berth of a quarter of a mile, to avoid some rocks which lie off that point. On the north side of Great Colinet Island is a stony beach, off which lies a bank for about a quarter of a mile, on which is from 7 to

17 fathoms of water, rocky bottom.

Little Colinet Island lies 13 mile north-eastward from Great Colinet Island; is above one mile long, and half a mile broad.

Mar. Bay lies to the westward of the north-east point of St. Mary's Harbour; it is about a mile wide, and about two miles deep; but there is no good anchorage, a heavy swell generally setting into it.

Shoal Bay Point lies one mile distant from the east end of Great Colinet Island.

The entrance into Great Salmon River lies E.N.E. ½ E. two leagues from the north part of Little Colinet Island; it is about three-quarters of a mile wide, and runs from the E.N.E. 7 or 8 miles. There is very good anchorage in it; but the best is about three miles from the entrance on the north side, in a sandy cove, in 5 or 6 fathoms of water.

NORTH HARBOUR lies N. by E. three-quarters of a mile from the north part of Little Colinet Island; it is about a mile wide at the entrance, and runs to the northward about three miles: in it is very good anchorag, in about 6 or 7 fathoms of water, about two miles within the entrance, where it is not above half a mile wide: or you may run farther up, taking care to keep the starboard shore close on hoard, and anchor within the point of the Narrows.

Coliner Bay lies N.E. $\frac{1}{2}$ E. $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from the north point of Little Colinet Island; in it is very good anchorage, in from 5 to 12 fathoms of water.

From POINT LANCE to CAPE St. Many, the bearing and distance are N.W. 8 miles: Cape St. Mary is a pretty high bluff cape, and the land along shore from it, for a considerable distance, appears even, and nearly of equal height with the cape itself.

From Point Lance W.N.W. 3 miles, lie the Bull and Cow Rocks; they are two flat rocks, and very near together, with several small rocks around them, all above water, and may be seen four leagues off, when open from the land. They bear S.E. by S. from Cape St. Mary, 5½ miles, and one mile from the nearest part of the main land; at about two-thirds of the distance from them to the main, is a small rock, which appears above water at half tide; there are 10 fathoms of water between it and the main, and 15 fathoms between it and the Bull and Cow.

St. Mary's Kays or Rocks lie W. by S. from Point Lance, W. S.W. ½ W. from the Bull and Cow, and S.E. ½ E. 7½ miles from Cape St. Mary. These are two rocks that appear just above water, and the sea always breaks very high upon them. They lie S. S.E. and N.N.W. from each other, about three cables' length; and there are 15 fathoms at a cable's length all around them, excepting to the S. S.E., where there are but 6 fathoms at two cables' length. Between them and Cape St. Mary is a depth of 26 and 30 fathoms.

PLACENTIA BAY.—From Cape St. Mary to Cape Chapeau Rouge, the bearing and distance are W.N.W. 17 leagues. These capes form the entrance of Placentia Bay.