Warbler. Rather common during migrations and may breed as a male in full song was shot June 12th, 1882.

38. Dendroca pinus; Pine-creeping Warbler.

Very rare. Two specimens taken,

39. Dendraca palmerum hypochrysca; Yellow Red-poll Warbler. Rather rare during migrations; several specimens taken.

40. Siurus auricapillus; Golden-crowned

Thrush. Common. Breeds.

41. Siurus merius; Water Thrush. Less' common than the last but breeds regularly.

- 42. Geothlypis Philadelphia; Mourning Warbler. Not uncommon in low timbered bush and swampy thickets where it breeds. Marked very rare by McIlwraith.
- 43. Geothlypis trichus; Maryland Yellow-thront. Common. Breeds.
- 44. Myiodioctes mitratus; Hooded Warbler-Very rare. Only one specimen taken.

45. Myiodioctes Canadensis; Canada Flycatcher.

Rather common. Breeds regularly.

46. Setophaga raticilla; Redstart. Common. This species and D. wstiva are our most common Warblers; this in the wilder and more wooded portions, while the other comes into the towns and inhabits scrub growth in the country.

47. Vireosphia oliracea; Red-eyed Vireo. Very common. This species and V. gilea are our

most common Vircos.

48. Vireosylvia yilva; Warbling Vireo. Very common. Breeds.

- 49. Lanisirco flavifrons; Yellow-thronted Vireo. Common. Breeds.
- 50. Lanioireo solitarius; Blue-hended Virco. Very rare; only one taken September 15th, 1877.
- 51. Lanius boreatis; Great Northern Shrike. Rather common in spring and fall. Remains in mild winters but very few breed.
- 52. Lanius Indoricianus excubitoriodes; Whiterumped Shrike. Rather common. Breeds.
- 53. Ampelia garrulus; Bohemian Waxwing.
- Appears in winter; sometimes in large flocks. 54. Ampelis cederum; Cherry Bird. Common.
- Breeds. Remains through mild winters.

 55. Progne subis; Purple Martin. Common in towns, seldom seen in the country.
- 56. Petrochelidon lunifrons; Eave Swallows.
- Breeds abundantly.

 57. Hirundo crythrogastra; Barn Swallow.
- Even more abundant than the last.

 58. Tachycineta bicolor; White-bellied Swat-low. Breeds commonly both in town and country.
- 59. Cotyle riparia; Bank Swallow. Breeds abundantly.

60. Stelgidoptryx serripennis; Rough-winged Swallow. Breeds in the same localities as the last, but is much less common and generally alone or in small communities by itself. Not given by McIlwraith; probably overlooked.

61. Pyranga rahra; Scarlet Tanager. Common. Breeds. Frequenting mostly pine and other deep woods. Near the shores of Lake St.

Golden-crowned | Clair, it feeds much on the ground.

112. Hesperiphona cospertina; Evening Grosbeak. At Winnipeg, Man., Prof. Macoun was shown specimens of this bird shot near London-McIlwraith gives several shot at Woodstock in 1863.

63. Pinicula enucleator; Pine Grosbeak. Occurs

quite regularly in winter.

64 Corpodacus purpurcus; Purple Finch. Common in fall, winter and spring. Breeds sparinly.

65. Locia carrivostra Americana; Red Crossbill. Occasionally common in winter, One shot July 5th, 1882.

66. Losica Introplera; White-winged Cross-bill. Occurs in winter but neither so abundantly

nor as often as the preceding.

67. Egiothus tinaria; Redpoll. Common in winter, arriving in October and leaving in April. A nest of this species with two addled eggs was found May 20th, 1879, and identified by comparison with European eggs.

68. Astroyalines tristis; Yellow Bird. Very common, remaining with us in mild winters.

Breeds in the third week in July.

69. Chrysomitris pinus; Pine Finch. Rather common, arriving in October and leaving in April.

70. Plectrophanes nivalis; Snowbird. Conmon in large flocks in winter; in spring they sometimes stay till late in April and are then in song.

71. Centrophanes tapponicus; Lapland Longspur. First found this spring (1882), at Mitchell's Bay, Kent County, in flocks of from 25 to 200. According to the inhabitants these birds breed there but none were observed after May 18th.

72. Passerculus Sandrichensis savanna; Savannah Sparrow. Regular but not abundant breeder.

73. Powestes gramineus; Grass Finch. Very common. Breeds.

- 74. Coturniculus pusserinus; Yellow-winged Sparrow. Very rare. One specimen taken.
- 75. Chondestes grammica; Lark Finch. Breeds. but is rare. Has been seen common along the roadsides in the southern and western counties.
- 76. Zonotrichia leucophrys; White-crowned Sparrow. Common for a few days in spring, not yet observed in full.

77. Zonotrichia albicollis; White-throated Spar-

^{*} Mr. McIlwraith, of Hamilton, O., published his list of Birds in the "Proceedings of the Essex Institute, Salem, Mass., 1896."