

Easy to Take Easy to Operate

Mood's Pills

AROUND THE CITY.

From Yesterday's Last Edition.

—Public library board meets tomorrow night.

—Mass meeting of electors at city hall tonight.

—May Queen Rebekah Lodge, No. 5, I. O. O. F., will install officers on Thursday evening.

—Mr. J. H. Hodgins, of Hugh Lyons & Co., Lansing, Mich., has returned after a short vacation at his home in South London.

—Mrs. Wm. Sadler, of 45 Byron avenue, has returned home after spending a very pleasant time with her many friends in Alvinston.

—Mr. Jas. Leam has accepted a position with the Frow & Wood Company, and will have charge of the city office.

—Hon. J. Charles and Mrs. McCormick of Cowansville, Quebec, are visiting at the home of Mr. W. Caven Barron. Mrs. McCormick is a sister of Mrs. Barron.

—Mr. Kenneth Cameron, of the Royal Military College, Kingston, son of Sheriff Cameron, who is dangerously ill at his home here, was slightly improved today.

—Special services are being held in the Dundas Center Church every evening this week, conducted by the pastor, Rev. Dr. Saunders. Mr. Newton Large will assist in the singing tonight.

—Special services will be held next Sunday in Christ Church in connection with the return of three young men of the parish from South Africa, and on Monday evening a social reception will be held.

—An extract from a letter received by Brydon Campbell, Stanley street, says: "Chas. Hutchinson has been mentioned in dispatches twice, and has been appointed as a special scout on Gen. Smith-Dorrien's staff."

—The funeral of the late Sydney W. Ham, who was killed in Cleveland, Ohio, on Sunday, took place this afternoon from the family residence, 530 York street, to Woodland Cemetery. The Manhattan Club, of which deceased was a former member, attended in a body.

—Miss Ida Walker, of Newbury, died this morning at Victoria Hospital. She was a nurse there and had been ill with internal trouble for several months. Miss Walker was 21 years of age, and had endeavored herself to all the nurses at the hospital, and to the staff generally. The remains were taken to Newbury for interment.

DEATH OF J. A. MANN.—Mr. J. A. Mann, of 459 Waterloo street, died of pneumonia this morning. He was in his 79th year. For many years he was a well-known photographer here. His widow and one son, Austin, who resides in the United States, survive.

FINED FOR GAMBLING.—The seven Chinamen charged with gambling appeared at the police court this morning, and six of them, George Lee, John Jack, John Lee, Lee Pond, Lee How and Sing Hung were found guilty and fined \$2 each. Lee Hing, who was only a spectator, was discharged.

EVIDENCE OF POPULARITY.—Mr. John Gosling, who has worked at Dickinson & Nicholson's for the past few years, is about to sever his connection with the firm, having secured a position with a Detroit house. His removal is regretted by his fellow-employees who showed their esteem for him with a handsome traveling case. Mr. Gosling will go to Detroit in a few days.

THE CHILDREN'S NEW YEAR.—A merry New Year's Day was spent at the Shelter Home of the Children's Aid Society. It was open to visitors, and quite a large number of people were through the home. They all spoke in warm praise of its cosy, cleanly appearance. A Christmas tree, heavily-laden at first, was quickly shorn of all the toys and goodie bags by Mr. Fred Heath, who impersonated Santa Claus. The children were greatly delighted and enjoyed the proceedings as only children can.

DECEMBER'S MORTUARY REPORT.—The medical health officer's mortuary report for December is as follows: Premature birth, 4; so-called heart failure, 4; consumption, 3; pneumonia, 2; general debility, 2; organic disease of the heart, 2; paralysis, 2; Bright's disease, 2. Also one from each of the following causes: Old age, disease of the brain, accident, railroad accident, tonsillitis, meningitis, diabetes, typhoid fever, obstruction of bowels, erysipelas, hemorrhage from stomach, apoplexy, convulsions and malformation of heart. Total deaths for the month, 33.

NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION.—The Y. M. C. A. was thrown open to the public yesterday, everybody being invited to make a call, and enjoy the hospitality of the commodious and inviting quarters. The building was thronged during the day, and refreshments were served by the Ladies' Auxiliary from 11 to 6 o'clock. The rooms were prettily decorated, and many unique and happy schemes for getting everybody acquainted were carried out. Secretary Sayer and his staff were untiring, as were the ladies in their efforts to make everybody feel at home, and their success was well marked. Music was furnished at intervals during the afternoon.

ST. JOHN'S A. C. "AT HOME."—The members of St. John's A. C. tendered an "At Home" to their friends, at the club house, last night, which was largely attended and thoroughly enjoyed by all present. The programme was furnished by the male chorus of the club, consisting of 30 voices, who sang in excellent manner Spofford's "My Dear Mistress Hail a Heart," Barnaby's arrangement of "God Save the Queen," for trio and a Canadian national hymn. During the evening songs were contributed by Messrs. Chas. Povey and Frank Taylor and Mr. E. Miner gave a violin solo. The St. John A. C. boys are making an enviable reputation for themselves as A1 entertainers.

APPROPRIATE THEIR TEACHER.—The scholars comprising Mrs. John Taggart's class in connection with St.

James' Presbyterian Sunday school, met at their teacher's residence on Colborne street recently and surprised her by asking her acceptance of a handsome-bound teacher's Bible, in recognition of her untiring efforts on behalf of the young folks. Subsequently a pleasant evening was spent in music and social intercourse, and the hostess provided a choice lunch.

AN OLD RESIDENT DEAD.—An old and highly esteemed resident of the city passed away last night in the person of Mr. Edward Anderson, at his home, 137 Richmond street. The deceased, though he has not for some time past enjoyed the best of health was able to be about the city yesterday. About 8:30 last night he suffered a stroke of paralysis as he was entering his house, and passed away about eleven o'clock. Mr. Anderson was thirty-five years in the employ of the Great Western and Grand Trunk Railways, most of the time as baggage-man, retiring about three years ago, and was highly esteemed by his circle of friends. He was a member of Dominion Lodge, I. O. O. F., of Fidelity Lodge, A. O. U. W., and of the Chosen Friends. Mrs. Anderson and a daughter survive him.

SPECIAL SERVICES.—The first of the special services to be held on the opening nights of the new century by the Presbyterians of the city, were started at the First Presbyterian Church last night. A series of interchanges between the congregations of the First Presbyterian Church and those of St. James' and St. Andrew's will take place. It is proposed to have the first two join in a meeting in the First Church, to be conducted by Rev. A. J. McGilivray, tonight. The two congregations will meet in the new St. James' Church, on Friday night. The two congregations will meet in their own churches, and on Monday, Jan. 7, Rev. W. J. Clark preaches in St. Andrew's and Rev. Dr. Johnston in the First Church. On Wednesday, Jan. 9, all the Presbyterians of the city will join in communion at St. Andrew's.

WORK AND WAGES

The Miners Strike in Nova Scotia Continues—Stone-Cutters' Law Declared Inoperative.

New Glasgow, N.S., Jan. 1.—So far no new developments are reported in the coal miners' strike situation in Pictou. This being a holiday, the mines were not in operation. Present indications are that the miners will not recede from their position. The men say they will not resume work unless increased wages are granted, and operators will not comply with their demands. The miners are all members of the Provincial Workmen's Association. Coal, in this district, will increase 50 cents per ton tomorrow. This strike means a very serious matter to every family throughout Nova Scotia who have coal in their water supply. The great majority of families, owing to the increase in the price, have only been putting in one load of coal at a time. At Springfield a truck of ten days has been arranged, with some prospects of an amicable settlement.

LEGAL OPINION ON STONE.—New York, Jan. 2.—In an opinion by the appellate division of the supreme court the act of 1895, known generally as "the stone-cutters' law," is made inoperative. The statute required that all stone used in municipal work in the state, except paving blocks and crushed stone, should be worked, dressed and carved within the boundaries of the state.

PROSPECTS FOR 1901 IN THE KLONDIKE.

Gold Output Likely To Be Greater Than Ever—Experience of Two Irish-Canadians.

Detroit, Jan. 2.—Edward McKeown and Christopher Kelly, fine specimens of Canadian gold-miners, dropped into the Russell House yesterday for breakfast. McKeown is from the goldfields of Dawson, and Kelly is of the firm of Kelly Bros., manufacturers of soda water, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

McKeown, who is one of the chiefs of the Canadian secret service, is on his way to Ottawa, and Kelly accompanies him. Both will return to Dawson in a few days. Kelly to start a soda water plant in Dawson, and McKeown to look after the interests of the government in collecting the 10 per cent tax on the gold output in excess of \$500 mined by one man.

McKeown says that the gold output in the vicinity of Dawson this year is larger than ever before, and that the prospects are that more gold will be shipped from there in the new year than ever before in the history of the Northwest. McKeown brought a large quantity of gold dust with him from that country. He has been there since 1897, and has become very wealthy.

Amusements.

PAULINE, THE WONDER.—Pauline, the hypnotist, will on Monday, Jan. 7, starting at the London Opera House, put on his great blind-deafest drive. Pauline, the mind-reader, will select a committee of 10 persons, who will agree upon a certain route unknown to the mind-reader or anyone else than members of the committee, also address a letter to some person in the city, place it in a lock-box, hide the key, Pauline, while blindfolded, will drive a team and carriage, containing committee, over the exact route, find the key, open the box and deliver the letter to the party addressed, then take the key to party. He is the only mind-reader who drives without the committee having personal contact with him, thus doing away with the belief that it is muscle reading.

Brussels proposes to mark the opening of the new century by holding a competition for the best show window among the stores.

SAFE, CERTAIN, PROMPT, ECONOMIC.—These few adjectives apply with peculiar force to Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil—a standard external and internal remedy, adapted to the cure of coughs, sore throat, hoarseness and all affections of the breathing organs, kidney troubles, excoriations, sores, lameness and physical pain.

A good bale of cotton is worth \$50, against the former \$20, and the cotton seed, once a waste product, brings \$3 \$10 to the bale.

Farm hands are so scarce in Germany that difficulty is experienced in getting enough sugar-beets to supply the demands of the factories.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.—Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. Sec. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

FURNITURE COMBINATION.

Nineteen Canadian Firms Join in a Great Syndicate.

They Propose to Control the Domestic and Export Trade of the Dominion—W. R. Hobbs, of London, Vice-President of the Company.

Toronto, Jan. 2.—An amalgamation of furniture manufacturing firms in Ontario controlling probably 75 per cent of the entire trade of Canada, has just been consummated, under the title of the Canada Furniture Manufacturers' Limited, with a capital of \$3,000,000, of which \$200,000 are in 7 per cent cumulative preference stock, and \$1,000,000 common stock, limited to 7 per cent. The negotiations leading up to the amalgamation have been going on for the past two years, and no less than nineteen Ontario manufacturers are represented in the company.

The officers of the new company are as follows: President, Simon Snyder, of Waterloo; vice-president, W. R. Hobbs, London; secretary-treasurer, John R. Shaw, Toronto; factory superintendent, J. S. Knechtel, Hanover. The board of directors are: Hon. Samuel McLean, Peterborough; Hon. W. R. Hobbs, London; Thos. Bell, Wingham; D. Knechtel, Hanover; J. S. Shaw, London; Henry Caragli, Peterborough; Robert Kilgour, Toronto. The head office of the company, under its provincial charter, will be in Toronto, and the plants included in the amalgamation are:

American Rattan Company, Limited, Walkerton.
Vancouver Furniture Company, Limited, Woodstock.
Anthes Manufacturing Company, Limited, Hamilton.
Boulton & Pessant, Wingham.
Thomas Bell & Son, Limited, Wingham.
The Union Furniture Company, Limited, Wingham.
Burr Bros., Guelph.
Zocher & Co., Mount Forest.
J. P. O'Brien, Peterborough.
Lewis Hahn, New Hamburg.
The Simpson Company, Limited, Berlin.
Schaefer, Kille & Co., Waterloo.
Snyder, Ross & Co., Waterloo.
Slemmon & Bros. Manufacturing Company, London.
The Hill Chair Company, Limited, Winton.
The Knechtel Furniture Company, Limited, Hanover.
The Furniture Manufacturers' Exporting Company, Berlin, Ont., and Liverpool, England.
Broadfoot & Box Furniture Company, Seaforth.
The Hobbs Manufacturing Company, London.

The charter of the company was taken out under the name of the British-American Furniture Company, and a considerable quantity of stock was sold. English capitalists becoming interested, representatives were sent to Canada last summer to look over the plants and to check the Canadian audit of the companies. Messrs. C. F. Kemp & Sons, of London, and two other experts, and a Canadian representative, who were apparently very satisfied with the reports, and subsequently Mr. W. R. Hobbs of London, and a representative of Melburn, Ontario, went to the plant in the old country for the purpose of settling the details, as the English investors had expected to see the plant, and to provide one-third of the capital. When they reached the other side, however, they found that the London men would not invest money in a company operating under a Canadian charter, but required an English charter, and also a change of name, the reason being that they desired the head office to be in London, and to have a controlling interest on the board there. This was objected to by the Canadian investors, and the plan was abandoned. It was then decided that the manufacturing affairs of the company should be managed by a local board in Canada. Arrangements were all but completed on this plan, when the British government raised the income tax to 1 shilling in the pound, which meant a 10 per cent increase in the tax on the Canadian industry, and as there seemed a likelihood of the income tax being again increased in the future, the Canadian investors decided to bury the plan. Therefore the English name of the company was adopted, but the company is operated under a Canadian charter. With this arrangement the directors were in a position to take over the plant. Mr. John R. Shaw, who held options to purchase the factories, all of the properties enumerated above. The object of the consolidation is the pushing on, by export trade, and the specialization of the work of the factories, which will in future be carried on in the same way. None of the factories, it is understood, will be closed.

Tersely Told.

The little daughter of Mr. John Graham, of Lethbridge, was scalded fatally by falling into a pail of hot water.

Dr. Edward Farrell, one of the most prominent physicians of Halifax, died Tuesday morning after a fight for life extending over many weeks.

Benefit performances for Trooper Mulloy were given at Ottawa on Tuesday. At the evening performance the blind hero made a manly speech.

Mr. Wm. Oliver, who resigned the majority of Lethbridge when elected by the returning officer's vote, has again been elected over the same opponent by 23 majority.

The extensive pattern plant of S. Jarvis, Adams & Co., of Pittsburgh, was almost completely destroyed by fire last night. The loss is \$100,000. A large number of valuable patterns and molds. The loss is \$100,000. The fire was caused by defective electric wire connection.

AMBITIOUS FOR THE NEW CENTURY?

The years roll on majestically and time will pass for none. There is something majestic in itself in the thought of a knell being tolled for a vanishing century, and the chimes being rung for another. Ambition for the new century? Those that are privileged to see it born should find themselves fired by many. To forbear to lie. To scorn to cheat. To eschew avarice, to shun evil-speaking, to forswear the practice of equivocal business methods. To check rash temper and cease worrying over trivial things. To love the truth, to aid the friendless, to be kind to the frailties of the weak—these are some of the ennobling aims. The lives of those that follow them in the opening of the new century will be illuminated and blessed. The experiment is worth trying.

TESTED BY TIME.—In his justly celebrated Pills Dr. Parmelee has given to the world one of the most unique medicines offered to the public in late years. Prepared to meet the want for a pill which could be taken without nausea, and that would purge without pain, it has met all requirements in that direction, and it is in general use not only because of these two qualities, but because it is known to possess alterative and curative powers which place it in the front rank of medicines.

TWO CENTURIES APTLY COMPARED.

Same Growing a Hundred Years Ago as Now.

Rebellion Caused Trouble—Personal Journalism Was Decried and Deceadence of the Drama, Literature, Etc., Was Bemoaned.

London, Jan. 1, 3 a.m.—Comparisons between 1801 and 1801 are the prevailing features of the British press to-day. The Times prints extracts from its issues of each year since 1800. In 1800 it recorded measures, resulting from the Irish rebellion. Today it records the issue of warrants for the arrest of ex-ministers and leading politicians for complicity in the Cape Colony rebellion. The war dispatches of 1800 were not longer delayed than, thanks to the censor, they are today. "Personal journalism," decried by the unthinking as a terrible sin in the decade of 1800, flourished in 1800 in the staidest London papers in forms not to be tolerated in 1900.

The Morning Post reprints its fashionable news of Dec. 31, 1800, including such items as this: "Lord Nelson and Lady Hamilton on their return from Fontenoy alighted at the mayor's in Salisbury, where they regaled themselves with cheese, bread and porter, in preference to more sumptuous fare."

The Times of the same date prominently prints this: "The report of Mr. Pitts having paid a visit to Mrs. Fitzherbert is without foundation." The decade of the drama, corruption of the public taste, decline of literature, and slump in the stock markets all engaged the attention of the press in 1801, as in 1901. The hope of the deficiency of the British navy to protect British trade then, as now, was a topic of perennial lamentation. Even the materials used in fashionable costumes, from steel heads to figured silks and toques, delivized with osprey feathers and alpacas, might have been picked from today's fashion column.

It all goes to prove the truth of the French motto that "the oftener you change the oftener you get the same thing."

"FREE TO SERVE GOD."

Message From Ballington and Maud Booth.

The midnight hour of the 19th century clock has struck. Let us resolve to make the most of the modern improvements and enlarged opportunities it brings. Electricity, steam, telegraphy and photography are ours to assist us in seeing our way and in eradicating. Freedom to serve God and the dictates of an enlightened conscience are no longer entrained by mysteries of paganism and the fires of martyrdom. With a government endeavor to make the hours, days and years of the new century the best, brightest and most fruitful of all that have passed.—Ballington and Maud Booth, presidents of the Volunteers of America.

SIX PERSONS INJURED.

Wayne, W. Va., Jan. 1.—West-bound passenger train No. 3, on the Norfolk and Western Railroad, en route to Columbus, ran into a rock near here today. Half a dozen persons were injured.

CUTTING SUGAR PRICES.

New York, Jan. 2.—The American Refining Company has reduced all grades of refined sugar 10 points, and the National Sugar Refining Company has made a cut of 5 points, making a price of both companies the same. The price of sugar has been reduced by the list of the American Sugar Refining Company prices. This puts all the companies on the same basis.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Dutton, Jan. 1.—On Saturday afternoon, while out shooting rabbits, Ed. Smith was accidentally shot and charged, and the charge lodged in the thigh of his companion, Frank Rappelle. It seems, according to the account given, that Smith was loaded having the shell shoved to the breech, and when adjusting the gun it went off, resulting as above stated. A doctor was immediately summoned and all that could be done then. On Sunday doctors cut out the charge, and the patient is doing as well as could be expected, and will recover unless blood poisoning sets in.

THREE VETERANS.

New York, Jan. 1.—In New Jersey, at 12 o'clock last night, three persons died of smallpox. The victims were sleeping their way into the third century. They are Noah Raby, who was born in April 1772, and has for nearly 35 years been an inmate of Pleasant Knolls Poor House, between New Brunswick and Atlantic; Caleb Baldwin, of Newark, who was born in November, 1799, and for more than 20 years has lived with his daughter there, and Mrs. Sarah Allen, who was born early on the morning of Jan. 1, 1800, and today celebrates her 101st anniversary of her birth with relatives in Hoboken, with whom she lives.

TO KEEP AFRICA SOBER.

Washington, Jan. 2.—Senator Frye, president of the senate, has received from New York telegraphic petitions from Secretaries Carroll, Morgan, Moorehouse, Ellinwood, Spear, Cobb and Lloyd, representing the National Missionary Societies of the Methodist, Baptist, Presbyterian, Dutch Reformed and Episcopal Churches, asking that when the senate convenes for the first time in the new century, on Thursday noon, its first act shall be the ratification of the treaty to protect the natives of Africa against intoxicants, and favoring a universal application of this new policy of civilization by additional treaties and laws.

THERE IS DANGER IN NEGLECTING A COLD. Many who have died of consumption dated their troubles from exposure followed by a cold which settled on their lungs, and in a short time they were beyond the skill of the best physician. Had they used Bickel's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, before it was too late, their lives would have been spared. This medicine has no equal for curing coughs, colds and all affections of the throat and lungs. The Chicago Tribune says: "A Chicago packing firm will supply the Russian Government this year with 1,500 barrels of specially prepared meat to feed the soldiers of the czar's army."

LORD ROBERTS MADE AN EARL.

The Commander-in-Chief Specialy Honored by the Queen.

Immense Crowds Awaited His Arrival and Landing at Cowes—Flattering Welcome Accorded the Gallant Soldier.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 2.—The ships in the roads were gallantly dressed; the sea front was elaborately decorated with bunting and venetian masts with festoons adorned the route to Osborne House, at the entrance of which was erected a unique tribute to the Queen's appreciation of the field marshal's work, in the shape of an arch of laurel. This was the first time such an arch had ever appeared there in honor of any subject of her majesty.

After Lord Roberts' audience with the Queen he was to adjourn to the Canada at Southampton and remain on board till the morning.

THE IDOL OF THE HOUR.

Cowes, Isle of Wight, Jan. 2.—A large concourse of people awaited Lord Roberts' arrival at Trinity pier and landing. The field marshal landed from the royal launch at 3:30 p.m. There were deafening shouts of welcome. The Princess Beatrice, in her capacity as governor of the Isle of Wight, and the Duke of Connaught, representing the Queen, awaited Lord Roberts, whose

ARM WAS STILL IN A SLING, as a result of being thrown from his horse in South Africa. Lord Roberts was warmly greeted, and the party started in royal carriages for Osborne House. The route was lined with troops and thronged with cheering sightseers.

MADE AN EARL.

The Queen bestowed today an earldom on Lord Roberts, with a special remainder for his daughters. He was made a Knight of the Garter also. A "remainder" is a "provision for the passage of a patent of nobility to the successor or line of succession, in default of male issue on the decease of a present holder." The only son of Lord Roberts, Lieut. the Hon. F. H. S. Roberts, died Dec. 17, 1899, of wounds.

BOER ACTIVITY.

Craddock, Cape Colony, Jan. 2.—A detachment of Boers entered Rooodegote, southward of Middleburg, Jan. 1. It is believed this force is going to Graaf Riet. The telegraph lines are cut between Carnarvon and Somerset West and Strijdom and Maraisburg. Large reinforcements have reached Middleburg.

PATTI PREFERS SWEDEN.

London, Jan. 2.—Madame Adeline Patti (Baroness Rolf Cederstrom) confirms the report that she is negotiating for the sale of Craig-y-Nos Castle, her residence in Wales, and says she desires to in future spend the summer in her husband's country. In response to the request of the Associated Press for her reason in taking this action, Madame Patti has sent a telegram as follows: "Wishing to spend the summer months in Sweden, Craig-y-Nos (my summer resort till now) would be a very little use to me.—Patti-Cederstrom."

QUEEN OF BELGIUM ILL.

Brussels, Jan. 2.—The Etoile Beige announces that the health of the queen has been impaired and that she suffers constantly from bronchitis. The queen is quite weak and she does not leave her bed for more than two hours each day.

NOT DUE TO CLIMATE.

Catarth is Found Everywhere.

Catarth is at home anywhere and everywhere. While more common in cold, changeable climates it is by no means confined to them, but is prevalent in every State and Territory in the Union. The common definition of catarth is a chronic cold in the head, which if long neglected often destroys the sense of smell and hearing, but there are many other forms of the disease even more obstinate and dangerous. Catarth of the throat and bronchial tubes as well as catarth of the stomach and liver are almost as common as nasal catarth and generally more difficult to cure.

Catarth is undoubtedly a blood disease, and can only be successfully eradicated by an internal treatment. Sprays, washes and powders are of less use as far as reaching the real seat of the disease is concerned. Dr. McVernay advises catarth sufferers to use a new preparation, sold by druggists, and called Stuart's Catarth Tablets, because actual analysis has shown these tablets to contain certain antiseptic qualities of the highest value, and being an internal remedy, pleasant to the taste, convenient and harmless, can be used as freely as required, as well for children as adults.

An attorney and public speaker who had been a catarth sufferer for years said: "Every fall I would catch a cold which would settle in my head and throat and hang on all winter long and every winter it seemed to get a little worse. I was continually clearing my throat and my voice became affected to such an extent as to interfere with my public speaking."

"I tried troches and cheap cough cures and sometimes got relief, but only for a short time, until this winter when I learned of the new catarth cure, Stuart's Catarth Tablets, through a newspaper advertisement. Two fifty-cent boxes, which I bought at my druggist's, cleared my head and throat in fine shape, and to guard against a return of my old trouble I keep a box of the tablets on hand, and whenever I catch a little cold I take a tablet or two to ward off any serious developments." Stuart's Catarth Tablets deserve to head the list as a household remedy to check and break up coughs and colds, because unlike many other catarth and cough cures these tablets contain no opiate, cocaine or other injurious drug.

Steamship Arrivals.

Jan. 1.	Reported at.	From.
Asfora	New York	Glasgow
Bostonian	Boston	London
Jan. 2.	Reported at.	From.
Werra	New York	Genoa

DECLINE IN SUGAR.

New York, Jan. 2.—The American Sugar Refining Company has reduced the price of granulated sugar 10 points,

THE WEAK, THE DISEASED, THROUGH.

Made Strong and Healthy Through.

DR. RADWAY'S Sarsaparillian Resolvent.

Every drop of the Sarsaparillian Resolvent communicates through the blood, sweat, urine, an other fluids and juices of the system the vigor of life; it repairs the wastes of the body with new and sound material. Scrophulous, consumption, syphilis, unclean and badly treated venereal in its many forms (scars, sores, eruptions, ulcers in the throat, mouth, tumors, nodes in the glands and other parts of the system, scurvy, strumous discharges from the ears, and the various skin diseases, eruptions, liver sores, scald, ring worms, red, itching, erysipelas, acne, black spots in the flesh, tumors, cancerous growths, female complaints and all weakening and painful discharges, night sweats, nocturnal losses and all wastes of the life principle are within the curative range of this Wonderful Modern Chemistry, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them. If the patient, daily becoming reduced by wastes and decompositions, that are continually progressing, succeeds in arresting these wastes and repairs the same with new material made from healthy blood, and this the Sarsaparillian will do, and secure, a cure is certain, for when once this remedy commences its work of purification and successful cleansing the loss of wastes, its repairs will be rapid, and every day the patient will feel himself growing stronger, the food digesting better, appetite improving, and the flesh and weight increasing.

SCROFULA FROM BIRTH.

Dr. Radway—Dear Sir: It is with pleasure that I take my pen in hand to inform you of the great cure effected by your medicine called Sarsaparillian Resolvent. I have a son, now 10 years of age, who was born with scrophulous eruptions since he was two years old. In fact the doctor told us he was born with it. We had our best local doctors with us, and it seemed all hope was gone, for they told us if the disease settled on his lungs he could not be cured. This terrible disease was so severe upon her lungs severely. I began to think that our little girl could not live very long, our physician declared the life principle in the meantime I received a copy of your medical publication called "False and True," which you sent me after seeing the advertisement of so many cures effected by your treatment. I at once resorted to them, and by the time she had used one bottle she was well. The talent that were making their appearance on her body are entirely gone, her lungs almost healed, or, at least, she has quieted down, and begun on the second bottle, and I believe by the time she uses all of it she will be well. She had a very bad cough, and your medicine had a very good effect on her. I am, yours with respect, SAMUEL S. BARKER. Flat Top, Mercer county, W. Va.

"LIFE A BURDEN."

Dr. Radway—Dear Sir: For a long time past I have been suffering in a most distressing manner from a long train of symptoms which have baffled the skill of all the doctors I have come down here, and which, I fear, if not arrested in their progress, would terminate in the total prostration of my strength. I have been afflicted with a desire of stimulating and artificial means of sustenance at irregular times, want of healthy sleep and consequent depression of spirits in the morning, and a life quite a burden to me, until a friend induced me to try your medicine. I got a bottle of Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent, and by the use of it, I took them according to directions. I soon found relief. I got three boxes and three more, and I am now a better man than ever before. I remain your humble servant, ARTHUR D. WRIGHT, Unionville, Mich.

The Most Economical! The Best!

One bottle contains more of the active principle of medicine than any other preparation. Taken in teaspoonful doses, six or eight times a day, or five or six times as much, sold by druggists. Price \$1.

Send to DR. RADWAY & CO., No. 5 Elm street, New York, for Book of Advice.

"THE GOLDEN RULE."

By Edwin Markham, Who Wrote "The Man With the Hoe," in "The New York World."

The highest and noblest resolution that any citizen could make for the coming year would be the resolution to live more faithfully by the Golden Rule, that sublime principle of conduct for this world and for all worlds. Well-nigh all virtue consists in subordinating one's private interests and wishes to the common good, to the patience, honesty and the other graces of character spring from this principle. Failure to live by this principle causes the chief sorrows and collisions among men. It is at the root of all private monopolies, whether in the social order or in the business world.

Now every person