FROM WASHINGTON.

What Has Transpired at the United States Capital.

From our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C.,
April 8th, 1887.

Since I last wrote you, the five gentlemen who compose the new Inter State Commerce Commission arrived in the city, talked over preliminaries, visited the President, interviewed Secretary Lamar, received their Commissions, took the oath of office, inspected their temporary quarters, took possession of them, elected their chairman, and entered up on their new duties.

So, what the country has long been clamoring for is now an accomplished fact. But while the new court will be able to remedy some evils in current transportation methods, it is pretty certain not to do so great an amount of good as is anticipated from it by all sorts of reformers who think that everything can be regulated by law.

The President of the Commission is Judge Cooley, a Michigan Republican. His election was predetermined. It was understood by the other members the President wanted him to be at the head and they acquiesced in his choice without discussion, admitting that the Judge knew more about law and railroad matters than all the others put together.

As the board is now made up and organized, (it consists of three Democrats and two Republicans, one of which is chairman) when it fails to satisfy shippers—as it is almost certain to do—the Democratic House can divide the incoming growls with the Republican Senate, and the Democratic majority of the Commission can plead that the work was directed by a Republican chairman. To appoint a majority of Republicans on the Commission would have been a shrewd move on the part of the President, but the next wisest thing was to give the Republican party the management of it and the responsibility attached.

Probably no appointment of President Cleveland's since the fourth of March, 1885, has given more general satisfaction than that of Mr Fairchild to be Secretary of the Treasury. It is in the direct line, too, of civil service reform—a promotion for real merit. The new Cabinet officer is very popular at the Treasury Department, as is also Judge Maynard, the Second Comptroller, who takes the place of Assistant Secretary. When their promotions were authoritatively announced these two officials were overwhelmed with congratulations. The rush was so great that Mr Fairchild was forced to ask all callers to desist until a certain hour, when both gentlemen gave themselves up to handshaking with the hundreds or employes of the Department.

Mrs. Fairchild, the wife of the new Secretary of the Treasury, and the first lady of the Cabinet, is a quiet cultivated lady, with retiring and gracious manners, one whom it will be a pleasure to regard as a leader. She is a niece of the late Governor Seymour, of New York, and the family, being in mourning, have not gone much into society since they came here. They live in a rather modest house in the fashionable West End, and Mrs Fairchild remarked that it was not until recently that they decided to keep it, not knowing but that they would go out of office with Secretary Manning.

Notwithstanding the fact that the marble halls and corridors of the Capitol have been deserted by our lawmakers for a month, the guides about the building are doing a flourishing business. Visitors from all parts of the United States flock there every day by the hundred. Before the Fiftieth Congress begins its executive life the Capitol and grounds will present a much grander appearance than they have ever before possessed. Great changes for the better are in progress. The amount asked for this purpose was $125,000, but Congress decided that the present condition of the Capitol approaches should be remedied as quickly as possible, and doubled the amount. The $250,000 thus placed at the disposal of the architect will enable him to have the work entirely completed during the summer.

Just beyond the beautiful plaza which stretches eastward from the Capitol, excavations and preparations are being made for the erection of the new Congressional Library, where the largest and most valuable collection of books in the United States are to be stowed away.

There are over 600,000 volumes, and it is commonly said that Mr Spofford, the librarian of Congress, knows something about the contents of every volume in the library. A Congressman recently said, facetiously, "I don't read books. I read Spofford." If a Senator or member wants a quotation that is difficult to find or is of obscure origin he goes to Mr Spofford. If he wants the best authority on any subject, or indeed, if he wants to learn anything that may be found in any of those thousands of volumes he goes to the same source.

Enjoy Life.

What a truly beautiful world we live in! Nature gives us grandeur of mountains, glens and oceans, and thousands of means of enjoyment. We can desire no better when in perfect health; but how often do the majority of people feel like giving it up disheartened, discouraged and worn out with disease, when there is no occasion for this feeling, as every sufferer can easily obtain satisfactory proof, Green's August Flower, will make them free from disease, as when born. Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint are the direct cause of seventy-five per cent, of such maladies as Biliousness, Indigestion, sick headache, costiveness, nervous prostration, dizziness of the head, palpitations of the heart, and other distressing symptoms. Three doses of August Flower will prove its wonderful effect. Sample bottles, 10 cents. Try it. yeow

Mrs Pendergast—I've been in luck again. I bought a Rembrandt for $3000. Mrs Tan Dusen (illiterate and slightly deaf)—Three thousan dollars for a remnant! Why, bless my soul, what sort of goods, was it? You should have bought the whole piece for that.

GOT THEIR IRISH UP.

The Coercion Debaters Have a Very Lively Session.

A Libeller of Home Rulers Shown Up—T. Healy, M.P., "Named" by the Speaker—Thos. Sexton, M.P., Sits Upon Major Saunderson.

LONDON, April 15.—Sir William Vernon Harcourt, resuming the debate on the Coercion Bill in the House of Commons this afternoon, said the present alliance between the Liberals and Parnellites was based on the Liberal recognition of the fact that the wisest policy in Irish affairs lay in the acceptance of some form of Irish government which would tend to satisfy the Irish people. He twitted Lord Randolph Churchill and Mr Chamberlain with having secretly consulted Mr Parnell, seeking to make an alliance with him for their own purposes. Referring to the conspiracy and White Boy clauses of the proposed act, Sir William declared that they sapped the foundation of all personal liberty and would even debar Irishmen from forming business combinations to defend their existing rights. The spirit in which the Government would administer the Coercion Act, if it were passed, was sufficiently shown in the appointment of Col. King Harman to the Parliamentary Undersecretaryship for Ireland. By this appointment the Government had declared themselves to be the partisans of the landlords, and determined to administer the bill as the agents of the land owners in Ireland, thus becoming instruments to stimulate the worst passions of the people and their bitterest religious prejudices. The bill would fail to suppress the Irish National League, because the people of Ireland believed in the league and trusted it. The effect of the enforcement of the bill would be to make the Government more detested and the League more popular than ever. As to the Tory and Liberal-Union taunts about American gold fostering Irish discontent. Harcourt said: "There are none who have less reason to complain of American gold than the Irish landlords, for none get more of it. They get it through their poor tenants' rents." The proposal to make the bill permanent, Sir William characterized as a breach of the fundamental conditions of the union between Ireland and Great Britain. The Government professed to reverence this union, but were doing their best to violate it. If the Government earnestly desired to maintain the union let them abandon the policy of exasperating the Irish people and adopt the policy of justice and conciliation. (Cheers.)

Major Saunderson (Conservative) said the National League was supported mainly by criminals, dynamiters and murderers across the Atlantic. He did not charge the gentlemen opposite with imbruing their hands in blood, but he did charge them with associating with men whom they knew to be murderers.

Mr Healy rose to a point of order.

The Speaker replied that Major Saunderson had made the gravest charges, but that these could be met in debate. He himself was unable to interfere.

Mr Healy responded that he would say what he thought of Saunderson, regardless of the consequences. If Major Saunderson referred to him he had no hesitation in saying that Saunderson was a liar.

This remark was greeted with rousing Parnellite cheeers.

The Speaker called upon Mr Healy to withdraw his expression.

Mr Healy replied: "I am not entitled to rise until you sit down," when the cheering was renewed.

The Speaker then resumed his chair and Mr. Healy again took the floor. He said: "I am only able to meet the charge in one way. If you rule that Major Saunderson was in order my expression was equally in order. If you rule him out of order, I shall withdraw my expression."

The speaker: "That is not so. Mr. Saunderson made a charge of the gravest nature. The responsibility rests entirely with himself. It is his duty to prove it if he can (cheers). But I cannot allow the expression you used."

Mr. Healy repeated that Saunderson was a liar, and a great uproar arose.

The Speaker again called upon Mr. Healy to withdraw.

Mr. Healy refused.

The Speaker thereupon named him and W. H. Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, moved that Mr. Healy be suspended.

Mr Redmond jumped up and shouted: "I say he is a liar, too!"

The House divided on the motion to suspend Mr. Healy, and the motion was carried by a vote of 118 to 52.

When the vote was announced Mr. Healy walked out of the House, applauded by all the Parnellites, who stood up waving hats and raising cheer after cheer.

Mr. Saunderson, upon attempting to resume his speech was interrupted by loud cries of "withdraw!" "withdraw!"

Mr. Sexton, interrupting, asked Maj. Saunderson whether he (Saunderson) persisted in his statement or would withdraw.

Maj. Saunderson replied that Sheridan was a member of the Executive Committee, of which the member for West Belfast (Sexton) was also a member. [Loud cries of "withdraw!"

Mr. Sexton: "Did I know him to be a murderer? Did I ever associate with a man whom I knew to be a murderer?" [Cheers and a voice, "Withdraw your 'murderer!'"]

Maj. Saunderson: "I said that Sheridan was on the committee and against him a true bill was found for complicity in the Phœnix Park murders. The committee must have known what kind of a man he was."

"Here Mr. Sexton, springing to his feet, shouted, "I say you are a wilful, cowardly liar!"

Then there was another uproar. The Parnellites all rose and cheered frantically, waving their hats in the air.

As soon as there was a chance to be heard Mr. Sexton, again addressing Maj. Saunderson, exclaimed, "If I only met you outside the door of this house I would thrash you within an inch of your life."

The excitement was again renewed.

The Speaker arose and addressed the House, but his voice was inaudible above the din. When quiet had been somewhat restored the Speaker said that unless Mr Sexton withdrew his expression he would be compelled to name him. He appealed to the House to assist him in his duty, adding that he was willing to do anything in his power to allay bad feelings. (Cheers.) The Speaker then pointedly asked Major Sanderson whether he charged Mr Sexton with associating with murderers. Mr Sanderson, after several evasive answers, which were interrupted by loud cries of "answer," "answer," "the Speaker's question." etc., then withdrew the words he had used.

The Speaker then asked Sexton to withdraw his expression; at the same time adding: "I cannot conceal from myself the fact that the provocation has been very great." (Loud cheers.)

Mr Sexton then formally withdrew his expression.

Mr Leake, member for Lancashire, suggested that Mr Healy be recalled.

The Speaker said that nothing could be done in the matter until the next sitting.

Mr Sexton thereupon gave notice that at the next sitting of the House he would move that the suspension of Mr Healy be revoked. (Cheers.)

Mr Sanderson then resumed his speech. He said that Mr Sexton was present at the meeting at which Mr Egan was made Secretary of the Clan Na Gael, which was a murder society of America.

Mr Sexton rose to a point of order and the Speaker advised Mr Sanderson to withdraw the offensive expression.

Another scene of confusion ensued, Mr Sanderson repeating the words, whereupon, Mr Sexton shouted: "The hon. gentleman is again a liar."

The Speaker called upon both members to withdraw their offensive remarks, which they did.

Mr Sanderson again resumed his speech, and charged the Parnellites with various connections with Egan, Ford and toher advocates of murder. At the conclusion of his speech Mr Sanderson was greeted with cheers from the Conservative benches. The debate was then adjourned.

His Generosity.

Some time since the wife of a prominent citizen of New York city was trying to instill in the mind of her five year old son what it meant to be generous, thus:

"Now, Willie dear, suppose mamma should give you a cake and tell you to give part of it to Harry, and when you divided it one piece was larger than the other; if you gave it to him that would be generous, but if you kept it for yourself that would be selfish. Do you understand?"

The little fellow thought he did.

The next afternoon, wishing to test the effect of her teaching, she gave Willie a large, juicy orange, saying:

"Now, Willie, take this orange and divide it generously with Harry."

When to her surprise the child (who was passionately fond of oranges) gave it back to her, saying with a roguish twinkle in his bonny blue eye:

"Here, mamma! won't you please give it to Harry and tell him to divide it generously with me:—Judge.

A REWARD—Of one dozen "TEABERRY" to any one sending the best four linrhyme on "TEABERRY," the remarkable little gem for the Teeth and Bath. Ask your druggest or address

A Teutonic coroner in an Ohio town was called upon the other day to "sit on" the case of a man who had been killed in an iron mill. In order to impress the jury with his honesty, he began his address as follows: "Schentleman, I hef no personal interest in dis case. I hef been approached neder by der manufacturers ner der deceased."

Merchants can get their Bill Heads, Letter Heads, &c., &c. printed at this office for very little more than they generally pay for the paper, and it helps to advertise their business. Call and see samples and get prices.

Sketch of the qualities wanted in a Wife.

Wanted, a woman: Healthy and well-proportioned, with a face that will wear—pleasant rather than pretty; eyes of any color, or all colors, if they have never told a lie, and if, instead of seeking, they have to be sought. Arms strong enough to carry a two-year old baby with pleasure as well as pride; hands large enough to polish a grate and small enough to play a piano, light enough to make puff paste or arrange the sick one's pillow, and heavy enough to wield the broom or guide a wayward son. Feet nimble on errands of mercy, and limbs sturdy enough to withstand life's current. An ear quick to hear a mother's counsel, a husband's wish, an infant's cry, but deaf to Mr Pointon's flattery and to Mrs Jones' method of managing husbands; a tongue less quick than the ear, that can praise without wounding, and comfort without hypocrisy.

A woman emphatically, having a girl's innocence without her ignorance and affectation, a man's firmness without his obstinacy, and a woman's gentleness and endurance without a woman's artfulness.

"The reason firm, the temperate will,
Endurance, foresight, strenght and skill;
A perfect woman, nobly planned,
To warn, to comfort, and command,
And yet a spirit, still and bright
With something of an angel light."

Wanted: A clever woman.—Not a blue-stocking, not a Woman's Rights' Lecturer, but clever in her kingdom "Home." A woman who can make a 50 cents go as far as another woman's dollar; who can wear two dresses whilst Mrs Snob wears three, and look neater and more lady-like as well; who knows to a nicety how long to boil a potato, rather than sketch a microscopical section of one, or gives it a botanic name; who can arrange a table well, rather than make a good herbarium; who can dress in fifteen minutes and nurse as many hours, and who can make a dinner for two, on an emergency, do for four, without letting her husband hear of it afterwards.

Wanted: A good woman.—Not a hypocrite, nor yet an angel:

"A creature not too bright and good.
For human nature's daily food."

A woman who chooses the right at any cost, whose influence leavens her surroundings, who will be able to say to her daughters, "Do as I do," and whose memory will keep her boys from wrong; consistent and well-principled, not good merely to be in fashion, but equally good in a spring cleaning as under a new spring bonnett.

A woman of tact, knowing when to rule and when to obey, and how to do both; of adaption; who will cheerfully walk to town in adversity, and gracefully yet simply recline in a landau in prosperity.

Wanted, a wife who
"Looketh well to the ways of her household.
And eateth not the bread of idleness.
Her children arise up, and call her blessed;
Her husband also, and he praiseth her."

Personal.

George Legault, of Tayside, Ont, says he can heartily recommend Yellow Oil as the best reliever of rheumatic pain, his father and mother having suffered for years with rheumatism, and all remedies failed except Yellow Oil. 2

Regularity in Eating.

If there is one table-law about which all persons are agreed, it is, that our meals should be taken at stated and regular periods. People may differ about vegetarianism, about sweets, about pies and cakes, about tea and coffee; but I have never met a person who would insist that regularity was of no consequence—that it was just as well to take two meals today and five tomorrow, to take dinner at one o'clock today, three tomorrow, and five next day. Without understanding the physiological law, all are agreed that regularity is important.

A long journey by rail does not derange the stomach because of sitting in an unventilated car, for the traveller, may occupy a still worse place in the pursuit of his business at home; neither is it because of the character of the food at the railway lunch rooms, for the food at home is often worse; but the stomach derangement which nearly always comes with the long railway trip is, in great part, to be traced to irregularity in the times of eating. In a recent trip, we took breakfast the first morning just after daylight, next morning at half-past nine o'clock, the next at seven, and so with the other meals; only one day we had no dinner at all. When we reached our destination we were all suffering from indigestion; some were conscious of no discomfort in the stomach, but not one of us escaped the dullness and depression of spirits which comes of imperfect digestion. Among the table laws this one of regularity is pre-eminently important

Important News from Goderich.

COOKSTOWN.—Mrs Campbell has been troubled for a number of years with Indigestion and Constipation, and was induced to try McGregor's Speedy Cure and found it all that was needed, and would recommend its use to any person similarly troubled. This invaluable remedy is sold in every part of Canada at 50c. and $1 per bottle. Sold at George Rhynas' drug store. (4)

A Simple Baby-Basket.

Among the mysteries of preparation for a little new comer, nothing is dainter than the baby-basket, with its contents, ready for the first toilette. Very little expense will serve to dress a common willow, reed or shaker basket, so that it will be as beautiful as need be. The material of the basket is of very little, indeed, no importance, as it is entirely covered by a cambric of pale pink or blue, over which a sheet of white muslin, dotted or plain, is drawn in folds or puffs on the inside, and let fall in a full ruffle on the outside, the upper edge of the basket being finished by a quilling of ribbon in color, "blue for a girl" and 'pink for a boy," and carry it into all preparatory wardroce. A basket lined with blue would have a small blue pin cushion, a blue and a white powder box, though a pretty white one is babyish The basket being covered and furnished with two inside pockets should then be filled with all the articles necessary for the first dressing. A piece of narrow bobbin, a small bottle or box of vaseline, a number of small squares of soft linen, or the mouth cleansing, a piece of very soft sponge, square of pure castile soap. These articles will all be required before the cloths, and should have a prominent place in the basket, for the dressing on top is found a strip of soft flannel, torn from a piece, and turned over only on the edges for the band; the little shirt of hand-knit wool, two diapers of old soft linen, the pining blanket, flannel petticoat and the slip, and a square of flannel or a knit blanket to wrap around the little one when it is carried about.

The baby-basket will be found every morning with baby's toilette articles all ready, and there will not arise confusion in the search for baby's *own* soap, sponge, etc. For a baby powder, the scented rice powder is not as good as cornstarch, to which a small quantity of pulverized orris root is added; this is the purest and best.

In addition, we should also suggest that a cotton flannel apron, furry side out, is a valuable possession for nurse and mother, as the little one can be taken from the bath on to the lap and rolled up in the apron, which answers at the same time the purpose of a soft towel. For wiping of head and face, an old white silk handkerchief is a good thing to use at the bath. A dainty wrapper, which is very inexpensive, can be made princess in shape, of cheese cloth and cotton wadding. A layer of wadding should be tacked between two of cheese cloth, and fastened at intervals of a few inches by knots of worsted, as in a comfortable, the worsted pale blue or pink. The princess pattern is then laid on and the wrapper cut out, the seams felled on the inside and the edges finished by a buttonhole stitch of blue or pink worsted. These little wrappers can be worn after the bath during the morning, and add warmth as well as save the freshness of the slip for afternoon.

Sure to Satisfy.

There are many remedies for coughs and colds, but there are few that prove so satisfactory as Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, which is a pleasant and reliable cure for all throat and lung troubles including branchitis, asthma, croup, whooping cough and the pulmonary complaints of young or old. 2

"I wish I were yon star," he said, dreamily. "So do I," she returned promptly, heroically swallowing a yawn. "And why, dear one?" he asked impulsively; "why do you wish I were yon brilliant orb?" "Because," she replied, in cold, matter-of-fact Bostonese tones; "because yon brilliant orb is just 11,760,971 miles away." And he faded silently out like a mist before a summer sun.

Montaigne speaks of "reposing upon the pillow of a doubt," Better repose upon the certainly that Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" will cure all chronic female diseases with their attendant pains and weakness.

DEAR SIR—Your "Favorite Prescription" has worked wonders in my case. It gave immediate relief.

MRS M. GLEASON,
2 Nunica, Ottawa Co., Mich.

McGregor's Lung Compound.

Have you a bad Cough, a Chronic Hoarseness, a feeling of Tightness in the Chest, Weak Lungs, or any similar complaint? If so, buy at once a bottle of McGregor's Lung Compound "It will cure you." It contains entirely new specifics, of which one dose is more effectual than a whole bottle of the old time remedies. It is put up in 50c and $1 bottles. Sold by G. Rhynas, druggist. Try it, and you will never have reason to complain. (4)

There are lots of stories told of queer witnesses and how they take the oath. The other day a bright young boy appeared upon a Denver witness stand, and one of the lawyers thought him rather young to understand the nature of an oath. So he began to question him. Said he: "Do you understand the nature of an oath?" The boy replied that he did. "Do you know what will be the consequences, if, after taking the oath, you tell a lie?" "Yes, sir." "What will happen if you tell a lie after taking the oath?" "I'll have to pay the costs, I suppose," said the boy.—Denver Tribune.

A Common Occurrance.

Many had joints, by which people are crippled for life, are made by neglected or badly treated rheumatism. Ida Plank, of Strathroy, was afflicted with rheumatism in her fingers so that she could not bend them. Yellow Oil cured her, and is a prompt cure for all painful complaints. 2

"They have a larger sale in my district," says a well known druggist, "than any other pill on the market, and give the best satisfaction for sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, etc., and when combined with Johnston's Tonic Bitters, Johnston's Tonic Liver Pills will perform what no other medicine has done before for suffering humanity." Pills 25 cents per bottle. Bitters 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold by Goode, Druggist, Albion block, Goderich, sole agent. [c]

Salt Rheum Cured.

McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate has been tried and found to be the only positive cure for Salt Rheum, Pimples, Blotches on the face or hand, Cuts, Burns, Bruises, or any Sore that nothing else will heal. Try McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate. 25c per box at Geo Rhynas' drug store (4)

How to Become Happy.

Some good things are heard now and then in the railroad cars, and the advice of a noted physician to a young man who complained of nervousness, loss of vision, night sweats and a poor appetite, the other morning, which was overheard by a reporter, is one of them:

"Throw away your cigarettes and eat a good bowl of mush and milk for your breakfast," said the learned doctor, "and you will not need any medicine. Indian corn is essentially an American institution. As the staple food your daddies' it can really be said to have helped to lay the foundation of this great republic. With its product the hog, it was in the not very remote past almost the sole food supply of rural districts, and the dishes that are prepared from its various forms are much greater variety than can be prepared from wheat. Like Sambo's rabbit good to roast, to bake or to boil, and when fermented and turned into whiskey it retains its stimulating qualities and is procured by making it into a mash. It contains a large amount of starch, has qualities anti constipating, easily assimilated. Though once the poor man's food, it has come to be the rich man's luxury. It is cheap, has great nutritive properties. Course of Indian meal in the shape of johnny-cake hoe-cake, corn or pone and mush, relieved by copious draughts of pure cows' milk, to which, if inclined to dyspepsia, a little lime water may be added, will make a life now a burden well worth living, and you need no other treatment to correct your nervousness, brighten your vision and give you a good and peaceful sleep.

A Wonderful Organ.

The largest organ in the body, one that plays a controlling part in the health of the body is the liver. If it be torpid or inactive the whole system becomes diseased. Dr. Chase's Liver Cure is made specially for Liver and Kidney diseases, and is guaranteed to cure. Recipe book and medicine $1. Sold by druggists.

A REMARKABLE PEN.—Fifteen Wirt fountain pens have been in use in Goderich during the past seven months, and all of them have given satisfaction to the owners. In using shorthand or longhand; in the registry office, the sheriff's office and in law offices; in the pastor's study, the book-keeper's desk and at the druggist's prescription counter; in the lady's boudoir, and by the travelling officials; the Wirt fountain pen has been used in Goderich in all these ways and has been found reliable. All pens guaranteed to do perfect work, and not to go back on the writer. Sole agent THOS. MCGILLICUDDY.

For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, consumption, night sweats and all lingering coughs, Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" is a sovereign remedy. Superior to cod liver oil By druggists.

A Common Cold

Is often the beginning of serious affections of the Throat, Bronchial Tubes, and Lungs. Therefore, the importance of early and effective treatment cannot be overestimated. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral may always be relied upon for the speedy cure of a Cold or Cough.

Last January I was attacked with a severe Cold, which, by neglect and frequent exposures, became worse, finally settling on my lungs. A terrible cough soon followed, accompanied by pains in the chest, from which I suffered intensely. After trying various remedies, without obtaining relief, I commenced taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and was

Speedily Cured.

I am satisfied that this remedy saved my life.—Jno. Webster, Pawtucket, R. I.

I contracted a severe cold, which suddenly developed into Pneumonia, presenting dangerous and obstinate symptoms. My physician at once ordered the use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. His instructions were followed, and the result was a rapid and permanent cure.—H. E. Simpson, Rogers Prairie, Texas.

Two years ago I suffered from a severe Cold which settled on my Lungs. I consulted various physicians, and took the medicines they prescribed, but received only temporary relief. A friend induced me to try Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. After taking two bottles of this medicine I was cured. Since then I have given the Pectoral to my children, and consider it

The Best Remedy

for Colds, Coughs, and all Throat and Lung diseases, ever used in my family.—Robert Vanderpool, Meadville, Pa.

Some time ago I took a slight Cold, which, being neglected, grew worse, and settled on my lungs. I had a hacking cough, and was very weak. Those who knew me best considered my life to be in great danger. I continued to suffer until I commenced using Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Less than one bottle of this valuable medicine cured me, and I feel that I owe the preservation of my life to its curative powers.—Mrs. Ann Lockwood, Akron, New York.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is considered, here, the one great remedy for all diseases of the throat and lungs, and is more in demand than any other medicine of its class.—J. F. Roberts, Magnolia, Ark.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

HAGYARD'S
YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S
WORM POWDERS.

Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Tasteless, safe, sure, and effectual destroyer of Worms in Children or Adults.