NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hawker's Tolu	Hawker
J. B. Macdonald & Co.	Fancy Wares
Wright & Co.	Furniture
Johnson & Johnson	Drugs

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

The steamer Fastnet will leave Halifax for Charlottetown Wednesday, May 2nd.

THOMAS BOUTILIER, a boy aged 14, was killed at Halifax on Thursday, by being run over by a train near the dockyard.

MR. Benjamin Rogers sold his private residence on Hillsborough Street by auction on Monday for $[illegible] to W. W. Chase, Barrister, Halifax.

The general militia orders published Saturday, direct the Charlottetown Engineer Company and the 82nd Battalion to be in readiness for camp drill at Charlottetown.

DR. J. P. MURRAY intends moving his dental parlors from their present location in the Stamper Block, Victoria Row, to the Rooms formerly occupied by him over J. B. Macdonald & Co's old boot and shoe store.

LECTURES in St. Patrick's Hall—Mr. James Lee will lecture under the auspices of the St. Vincent de Paul Society in the above hall next evening on Monday evening, subject, "Mr. Sinner—Frederic Ozanam and his Times." Proceeds for the benefit of the poor. Doors open at 7.30. Lecture commences at 8.

THE engine of the train from Tignish for Charlottetown went off the track at the King's Road Hill Friday. The Summerside train went out to Fort Hill, and took the freight and passengers for Charlottetown from the disabled train. The Summerside train was nearly three hours late in reaching Charlottetown on account of the accident.

It is announced that the purchasers of the St. John, N. B. Street Railway are arranging for the erection next of a first-class hotel to cost $500,000. The new hotel will probably occupy the site which the Dufferin House now covers in part.

SATISFACTORY arrangements having been made between the Ch'town Steam Navigation Co. and the Dominion Government, it is the Company's intention to run their steamers this season. On Friday the Northumberland sailed for Summerside but was unable to enter that harbor. She then proceeded to Point du Chene where she arrived shortly after one. She returned to Summerside next day.

THE steamer Worcester was so badly strained by the recent storm during her last trip to Halifax, that it was found necessary the other day, when preparing to make the return trip from Boston, to remove her cargo and charter another steamer to replace her, as she looked so badly. It is thought the vessel will be condemned by the U. S. steamboat inspectors. She was built in 1862.

AT a meeting of the executive committee of the Prince County Teachers Institute, on the 14th inst., it was decided to hold the annual meeting of the convention at Summerside, on Thursday and Friday, 28th and 29th June. The following have consented to read papers on the occasion: W. D McIntyre, "Our School System"; Theo. McLeod, "New System of Teaching"; E. Stewart, "Science in our Schools"; School Inspector Campbell, Prof. H. Shaw, Terrence Campbell, Thos. Crafer.

A despatch from Sussex, N. B., of the 9th says: On Monday night, Thomas Byrne came home from New York with the degree of E.E.X. and honors, and also with a case of smallpox. He had many friends on the train, and was met by many at the Sussex station, where the friends shook hands and congratulated him. Then he went home and became ill. Until yesterday morning he was visited by the people of the town. However, Dr. White, chairman of the board of health, procured the arrest with the information that it contained a case of small-pox. Dr. Byrne was in attendance at the contagious disease hospital in Charlottetown, he having attended St. Dunstan's College about three years ago.

MRS. KATE MCNEIL, of Clyburn Intervale, C. B., narrowly escaped drowning last week. While crossing the creek to the harbor ice she suddenly fell through. Her cries attracted the attention of Mr. Baker's dog "Bingo," and he ran to the scene of the accident. Unable to reach the woman, who held on to the ice with her bare hands Bingo began howling, barking and running around the hole, vainly trying to reach the woman. She succeeded in catching one of the hind legs of the dog, and he bravely pulled her out of the jaws of death. Bingo is about two years old and is a general favorite in the community.—Sydney Herald

A LARGE and enthusiastic meeting in aid of the scheme for a dry and wet dock at Moncton was held under the auspices of the board of trade there Wednesday afternoon. The commercial and industrial life of the city was fully represented. After the enterprise had been explained by John L. Harris, the city promoter, and speeches encouraging it by shippers, ship captains and others, resolutions were unanimously passed urging the importance of the scheme upon the Dominion Government and also requesting the city council to send a deputation to Ottawa to ask for aid. As Moncton is an important railway centre, it is thought the government should build the dock as a public work, or, if not, give aid to the company now formed under the name of the Moncton harbor improvement company. The city council at its meeting Wednesday night appointed a delegation to go to Ottawa to press the matter upon the government.

Our Advertisements Are Reliable.

WHAT WE PROMISE WE ALWAYS FULFIL!

Immense quantities of new goods are arriving for us from London, New York and the other great business cities.

We are showing many of the greatest bargains ever seen in Charlottetown. Especially will you find marvellous lines in

LADIES JACKETS,
LADIES CAPES,
AND
Ladies Dress Goods.

In addition, however, to these we show Rubber Cloaks, at $2 25 well worth $3.50 and over $3.00, and the prettiest styles in Hats and Bonnets to be found anywhere.

Call early—you will be better pleased than ever before.

BEER BROS.

THE POPULAR STORE.

TO SWAP HORSES

is to exchange not considered good judgment, neither is it a good thing to allow your horses to get out of trim for the lack of a condition powder. We have Pratt's Compound Condition Powder, which horses must used by numbers of our best known horsemen here with most excellent results. It is done up in bags containing 12½ lbs., which will cost you $1.00, making it the cheapest as well as the best Condition Powder in the market. Circular with with full particulars sent to any address on receipt of post card.

JOHNSON & JOHNSON,
THE RELIABLE DRUGGISTS.
(Cor. Kent & Prince Streets. Cor. Queen & Richmond Streets.

Dismissed Christianity.

REV. DR. MORRISON'S NINTH LETTER.

SIR,—From what has been written on the early British Church there is no lack of certainty that it was subject to the See of Rome. Besides the positive arguments adduced in support of our contention, we have seen that the fact of the British bishops refusing to co-operate with St. Augustine, does not show that they denied the supremacy of the Roman Pontiff. Indeed, if it proves anything, it militates against the present Anglican Church. For if they did really refuse to co-operate with St. Augustine in founding the Saxon Church, which from 596 was the Church in England proper, it proves that the Church in England owes nothing to the ancient British Church, that it was founded solely by St. Augustine and his companions under the authority of Pope Gregory, as is affirmed by every English historian. Consequently, whatever may be said about the ancient Church in Britain, for the Ecclesia Anglicana there is no escape from the jurisdiction of the See of Rome. But, as we have seen, not only was the Saxon Church subject to Rome, but also equally so was the primitive Church of that country. Infallible over and above the direct testimonies given, it may be remarked that on various occasions *after the coming of Augustine* the ancient British ecclesiastics themselves openly acknowledged their subjection to the See of Rome. Among others may be quoted Dinoth, a Welsh monk and Abbot of Bangor, who after the meeting with Augustine, wrote to the latter the following declaration: "Be it known and without doubt to you that we are all and every one (i. e. British Christians) of us subject to the Church of God and the Pope of Rome," while in the ancient register of the Church of Llandaff (in Wales), rescued from the dust by Sir Henry Spelman, we read the "privileges of that Church were confirmed by the Popes of Rome," all of which speak in unmistakable terms of its subjection to the Roman See.

Having disposed of this point, I shall now give a passing glance at some other statements advanced by Rev. Mr. Simpson. He tells us that in the 16th century the Church of England, while quite willing to acknowledge the primacy of the Bishop of Rome *as Patriarch of the West*, repudiated his authority as supreme head of the Church; and then with great kindness goes on to honor him with such titles as usurper, &c. He further states that in revolting against the authority of the Roman Pontiff, the Anglican Church simply returned to the primitive form of Church government. For his kind expressions towards the head of the Catholic Church we must return due thanks, for surely they will assist much in accomplishing the reunion of Christendom. But to the point. I have already stated, and from incontrovertible facts of history have proved in what the real primitive government of the Church consisted—that the primitive Christians, not only of Britain but throughout the domain of Christendom, recognized in St. Peter and his successors, the Roman Pontiffs, the full primacy of jurisdiction over the whole Church, and this disposes of the bold assertion that the Anglican Church returned to the primitive form of Church government. Again, Mr. Simpson grants that the Anglicans were willing to recognize the Bishop of Rome as "Patriarch of the West," and consequently acknowledged his patriarchal jurisdiction over the Anglican Church as well as over all other Churches of the West. Let us for the moment suppose, without granting, his idea of Church government. Now, the patriarchal jurisdiction, as acknowledged by the Church and exercised by the three ancient patriarchates of Rome, Alexandria and Antioch, empowered the patriarchs of these respective sees to consecrate metropolitan bishops, and to confer on them the pallium or symbol of authority and jurisdiction. It must be noted, however, that the patriarchs of Alexandria and Antioch were themselves obliged to receive the pallium from the Bishop of Rome before performing those acts of jurisdiction. By virtue of their office they were moreover empowered to even depose metropolitans for just reasons. This power not only was recognized by the Church as is set down in the Council *of Nice*, but was also exercised on more than one occasion, as for example the Patriarch of Alexandria in the case of Meletius, because the latter had outstepped the limits of his jurisdiction. Now, as Rev. Mr. Simpson acknowledges no visible authority higher than the patriarchal, he must likewise grant that from the decision of that tribunal there was no appeal to any higher visible authority. But according to Mr. Simpson the Anglicans acknowledged the Bishop of Rome as Patriarch of the West, under which Christian England is included. Therefore to be consistent they must acknowledge in him patriarchal jurisdiction over the West, which as has been said, included jurisdiction over primates, metropolitans, and bishops of the whole Western Church, and consequently over those of England. So that even without recurring to the supreme power of the Roman Pontiff as head of the entire Church, his patriarchal authority was sufficient to command the submission of the Church in England. Consequently, even on these lines the refusal of the Anglicans to obey the Bishop of Rome cannot be construed into a justifiable act.

Having enumerated the principal points of doctrine on which the Anglicans differ from the Catholic Church, Mr. Simpson ventures the statement that the Roman Pontiff Pius IV. did not consider them sufficient for cutting off the Anglicans from the Roman Communion, and by way of supporting this venture, he closes in with inverted commas a statement that if Elizabeth would acknowledge to receive the Anglican prayer book from the Pope, he would allow its use. My answer to this foul charge is: SLANDER! For his own sake I hope Mr. Simpson has made this base charge under how *fide* circumstances, though it is difficult to see how any one claiming a knowledge of history could have done so. In the first place he publishes a quotation but takes very good care not to mention the source from which he derives this information—a course that does not bespeak impartial observation. The files of the Roman Catholic Church approving the rejection of some of her most essential doctrines! A Burnett or a Heylin gladly would have spread such a rumor, but they likewise would be very careful not to appeal to any documentary evidence, for they knew right well that by doing so they would be convicted of being public slanderers. Mr. Simpson has pretended to apologize for any offence he may have offered to Catholics. I may say the Church does not need apologies. The net the first time she has been calumniated, as was her Divine Founder, nor will it be the last. She has stood the storm of slander and persecution for nearly nineteen hundred years, and I am sure she will not be much affected by whatever additions may be made thereto in this corner of the world.

Regarding the contents of the charge I repeat: it is a slander. While the burden of proof rests with Mr. Simpson, I may remark that there is not the slightest evidence to substantiate such a charge. In referring to this matter we may be safe in following the authority of the historian Camden, who was a living witness to the events, ecclesiastical and civil, that transpired during the reign of Elizabeth. He was born in 1551 and died 1623, so that as an historian he was in a position to know the truth of the events connected with the reign of Elizabeth; and being a Protestant he cannot be accused of partiality towards Pope Pius IV. This annalist ridicules the idea of such a false rumor (See Camd 72., 73.), and Fuller (1656-18.), who wrote shortly afterwards, says (B. IX. 68.) that such a report originated with "some who love to feign what they cannot find, that they may never appear to be at a loss." It well knows that no formal negotiations for a reconciliation were opened between Pius IV. and Elizabeth. In the first year of his pontificate he addressed to Elizabeth a letter, a copy of which, say he said in Fuller's History (Bk. IX. 68), and in which he admonished her of the necessity of avoiding heresy or schism. In doing so, he did nothing more than his duty required of him, for, in his office of Supreme Pastor, he was obliged to do all in his power to correct the erring. But his letter does not contain one word that would indicate any such concession as is pretended by Mr. Simpson. In his desire to maintain the unity of the Church he conveyed the information to Elizabeth that he was sending a nuncio to her court, for the purpose of re-establishing harmony between England and the Holy See. But neither Elizabeth nor her counsellors would permit the nuncio to enter England under any condition whatever, nor would they hold any negotiations with him. On the following year (1561) a similar course was pursued by the Roman Pontiff and with similar results. From a manuscript in the State Paper Office we learn the result of a consultation held at Greenwich May 1st 1561, whereby "it was devised and fully accorded by all and every of the privy counsellors without any matter of contradiction or doubt moved by any, that the nuncio should not come into any of Her Majesty's dominions etc." Now as neither Elizabeth nor her counsellors would have any intercourse whatever with the Pope's messenger nor even allow him to enter England, it is not clear that no such negotiations could have taken place, nor could any such concessions ever have been made. In confirmation of this we have the contemporary historians Camden and Fuller already quoted. We may therefore dismiss such a statement as a base calumny.

Regarding the doctrine of indulgences, and indeed every doctrine of the Church, I would remind Mr Simpson that the Church does not build her faith on *theories*. She has too much respect for revealed religion to cater to the demands of empty theories. Again, if individual persons may have given rise to abuses in the dispensing of indulgences, I say it is most unfair to impute such a fault to the Church herself. Because abuses are committed by individual subjects within the limits of British civil jurisdiction, is it just to attribute their committal to the spirit of the British nation, and if not, why attempt to saddle the Church with the faults of individuals who act not according to the spirit of the Church? In the council of Trent (Sess. XXI, chap. 29.) there is a brief instruction on indulgences, the conclusion of which is, that "all men may at length understand that these heavenly treasures of the Church (indulgences) are administered, not *for pain, but for Godliness*." From this short declaration we may see at a glance that the imputations cast against the Church by Rev. Mr. Simpson are most unjust and illfounded. The same may be said with regard to the other doctrines mentioned in his letter. Because the doctrine of Purgatory was defined by the council of Florence, he would have us believe that it was never a doctrine of the Church until the period of that Council. He might with equal propriety have said that the *existence of God* was not a doctrine of the Church until 1870, when for the first time it was solemnly defined in the Vatican Council; and that the Church, in making this solemn definition that "God exists," has "*added* to the faith once for all delivered to the saints." But as I have already spoken on these absurdities, I need not revert to them any more.

Mr. Simpson offers no comments upon the remaining doctrinal difference between the Anglican and Catholic Churches. I will therefore pass them over, unless perhaps a word be said on the Catholic devotion to the Blessed Virgin, which he has been pleased to call the adoration of the Blessed Virgin. I would ask the Rev. gentleman if he be really persuaded that Catholics adore the Virgin Mother, as they would adore God, or rather that they honor her more than they do the others of God's saints. As an affectionate child honors his own mother more than he would any other person, so Catholics honor the Blessed Virgin as the mother of Our Redeemer. No Catholic dreams of giving to the Blessed Virgin the supreme honor that belongs to God alone. This has been proclaimed by Catholics so often and so clearly, that I wonder how it is that others cannot divest themselves of the prejudicial notions they have imbibed concerning the Catholic belief in this, as well as many other doctrines of the Church. Why not examine into her doctrines as they really are, and not as her enemies represent them to be? She has no secrets to keep back from any one, be he friend or foe; and indeed if her history and doctrines were better known or as intelligently studied, she would not be so assailed so frequently as she is by those who should know better. It is very well to say we speak from this or that standpoint. There is one standpoint which should be common to us all, viz., the standpoint of truth in our own convictions, and impartiality in representing the convictions of others. For the present, then, I will take leave of the subject, assuring your readers that whatever has been said, was written not to cause any ill-feeling to any person, but merely in defence of Catholic truth. From the nature of the correspondence I was obliged to be somewhat brief in my explanations; but I think I might justify. Should a further exposition be required on any point, I will have much pleasure in offering an explanation. In conclusion I must thank you, Mr. Editor, for your kind forbearance in publishing those letters.

JAMES MORRISON.

Clermont Notes.

Mr. Patrick Brennan has sold his property known as the Hickey place to Mr. Cullen, a young man from Hope River. I understand that Mr. Cullen has been busily engaged in fencing during the past week. No doubt he will be anxiously watched by the fair sex of this and surrounding districts.

Great improvements have been made in our school under the management of the present teacher, Mr. Clement Flood who never fails to do his duty no matter in what circumstances he may be placed.

Our genial and obliging mail carrier, Mr. Joseph McMillan never fails, whether the weather be favorable or otherwise, in bringing our mails with regularity, in which the Herald is eagerly sought for.

Mr. John Gillis has commenced work on his new residence which when completed will be second to none in this part of the country.

D. H. McDonald, Esq, of Point Pleasant, Bedeque, has purchased for his son Hubert, the farm and residence of Mr. Angus McIsaac. Mr McIsaac has bought a fine large farm in Bras, Lot 7, where he intends soon to move. The people of Brae will have in the persons of Mr. and Mrs. McIsaac excellent neighbors with whom the people of Clermont part with regret.

As usual the hum of industry prevails in Clermont.—Com.

THE present Sheriffs of Prince, King's and Queen's counties have been reappointed for another term.

THE steamer Stanley which left Georgetown on Monday April 9 h, reached Pictou Wednesday evening shortly after two. She left on return for Georgetown Friday morning at six o'clock and arrived there at noon. She had on board ten carloads of freight, seventy passengers, a mail and the U. S. flag and the flag of Georgetown. The Georgetown for Pictou Monday morning and came to Charlottetown that evening.

Sparks from Exchanges.

The Pictou Advocate [illegible] opened Thursday.

Gunpowder Tobacco is now in England, exhibiting with a number of other physicians, the medical of the army, and in his opinion possesses tobacco, with superior.

The [illegible] Algerian has been purchased by Joseph Gould and his brother Howard. The price paid was $[illegible]. The new owners are confident of success if opportunity offers.

John Hackett and Willie Dolman take part in the regatta, at Austin, Texas, next month. They will row together in the double events and also participate in the single scull races.

Messrs. J. L. Bentzwick, Jas. Wright, of the Valley Spelling Team, have sailed for England where both row in the Henley regatta. Ryan is the amateur champion oarsman of America.

About People Here and Everywhere.

W. W. Hall, of Bear River, and wife have arrived home from their wedding tour to Egypt.

Mr. Charles McLean, son of William McLean, Esq., Cashier of the Merchants Bank of P. E. Island, left Friday morning for the United States. His mother accompanied him as far as Montreal.

Captain Donovan, one of the new whips of the Irish Nationalist party, is to the Tory mind an anomaly, says the Morning Leader. Tories cannot understand a man who is at once a soldier, a strong Protestant, and a member of an old landlord family, being a House Ruler. Yet there is no man of St. Stephen's who holds his Home Rule faith with more ardor than does the gallant member for East Cork. The captain is in the prime of his physical manhood—he is just forty-seven.

Sir Charles Russell, Attorney-general of Great Britain, has accepted the position of lord justice of appeal in ordinary. The four lords of appeal hold positions of great dignity and enjoy salaries of $6,000 annually, or the same as that of the Master of the Rolls. Sir Charles accepts the position even with that increase of personal sacrifice. His income as a law officer of the crown is more than double that which he will enjoy as judge, and is probably much less than he has received from his magnificent private practice. Sir Charles Russell was leading counsel for Mr. Parnell in the famous commission, and was counsel for Great Britain in the Behring sea arbitration. The next in succession to him in his present position is Solicitor General Sir Charles Bigby, a lawyer almost equally eminent in his profession.

DIED.

At Point Deloche, April 12th, after a short illness, Angus McCormack, son of John and Marcilla McCormack, aged 22 years. May his soul rest in peace.

At the residence of her son-in-law, James Dickieson, of New Glasgow, on the 15th inst., aged 72 years, Elizabeth, relict of the late Alexander McGregor, of Lot 48.

Local and Special News.

Minard's Liniment for Rheumatism.

K. D. C. restores the stomach to healthy action.

Minard's Liniment, Lumberman's Friend

Nine-tenths of the cases of headache are caused by a disordered stomach. K D C relieves headache instantly, and cures indigestion.

The Popularity of Minard's Liniment

C. C. RICHARDS & CO.—

Ship April 1st 120 Gross Minard's Liniment, value $2,000.00, and draw as usual.

St. John's. F. J. BARNES,

If there is a streak of rank vulgarity in our society, it is glaringly shown by the display of the money cost of things.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS.

Dear sirs,—I can highly praise B B B because it had a fair trial in my case with wonderful success. My symptoms were dropsy, backache and sleeplessness and all these disappeared after using two bottles of B. B. B. I cannot praise its healing powers too highly.

Georgina Holmes,
Wood Point, Sackville, N. B.

DO YOU FEEL WELL?

You have no appetite, you don't sleep well, you feel tired or perhaps lazy. Then take Burdock Blood Bitters and obtain a keen appetite, restful sleep and vigorous health.

Burdock Blood Bitters cures dyspepsia
Burdock Blood Bitters cures constipation.
Burdock Blood Bitters cures bad blood.

Hepparchion, 100 years B. C. counted 1,012 stars with the naked eye and Holemaus 1,022. The telescope now counts 100,000,000.

THAT PALE FACE.

For nervous prostration and anæmia there is no medicine that will so promptly and infallibly restore vigor and strength as Scott's Emulsion.

PREVAILING SICKNESS.

The most prevalent complaints at this season are rheumatism, neuralgia, sore throat, inflammations and congestions. For all these and other painful troubles Hagyards Yellow Oil is the best internal and external remedy.

The park policemen of San Francisco use the lariat to stop runaway horses, and all are experts with the rope.

Don't physic and physic to cure indigestion. K. D. C. is not a physic. It cleanses and strengthens the stomach without weakening and destroying the tissues. Try K. D. C.

Can dyspepsia be cured? Yes! H D C is a positive cure, "a safe cure," "a complete cure," "a marvelous cure," "the best cure," "a thorough cure," and a guaranteed cure. See testimonials.

BRIGHT SPRING DAYS

The spring should be pre-eminently a season of contentment, happiness and hope. In these bright and pleasant months the country should enjoy its highest degree of tranquility and prosperity.

Richmond makes 600,000,000 cigarettes a year.

Hood's Pills cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

Headache is the cry of nature for relief. Relief is quickly obtained when K. D. C is taken. Try it and you will sound its praise. K. D. C. Co., Ltd., New Glasgow, N. S., Canada, or 127 State St. Boston Mass.

Minneapolis makes 7,000,000 barrels of flour a year.

A HORSE TESTIMONY.

Gentlemen—Two years ago my husband suffered from severe indigestion but was completely cured by two bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters. I can truly recommend it to all sufferers from this disease.

Mrs. John Hurd,

PECULIAR TO itself.

So eminently successful has Hood's Sarsaparilla been that many leading citizens from all over the United States furnish testimonials of cures which seem almost miraculous. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not an accident, but the ripe fruit of industry and study. It possesses merit "peculiar to itself."

THE New Brunswick legislature was prorogued Saturday.

A CASE of scarlet fever, of a malignant type, has been reported to the Board of Health as existing in the house of James Gillen, Grafton Street, East. Gillen's wife is the victim.

A FORTUNE FOR YOU.

The following letter from E. S. Stetson, of Bangor, Me., The Hawker Medicine Co., Gentlemen: "About three years ago I was suffering from a very severe cold, accompanied with a terrible cough. I was so hoarse I could not speak a word. I was advised to try a bottle of Hawker's Balsam of Tolu and Wild Cherry and to consult me in two days. I feel that every person should know of the remarkable virtues of this remedy. Friends, have you tried the remedy referred to for that cold or sore cough?

Dr. Gates' Tonic and Cable pills ready to Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam.

Cure that Cough with Hawker's Tolu and Wild Cherry Balsam.

The marvelous success of Hood Sarsaparilla is based upon the corner stone of absolute merit. Take Hood's throughout the spring months.

CHTOWN PRICES, APRIL 24.

Beef (quarter) per lb	$0.05 to $0.06
Beef (small) per lb	0.05 to 0.10
Butter, (fresh)	0.23 to 0.25
Butter (tub)	0.20 to 0.21
Celery, per bunch	0.35 to 0.40
Chickens	0.60 to 0.65
Cabbage, per head	0.25 to 0.30
Carrots	0.06 to 0.00
Calf skins (trimmed)	0.50 to 0.60
Ducks, per pair	0.10 to 0.12
Eggs, per doz	1.00 to 0.05
Flour, per cwt	0.50 to 0.55
Fowls, per pair	0.15 to 0.16
Ham, per lb	0.65 to 0.75
Hay, per 100 lbs	0.1½ to 0.2
Hides	0.14 to 0.16
Lard	0.25 to 0.30
Lamb skins	0.06 to 0.08
Mutton, per lb	0.05 to 0.06
Mutton, carcass	0.06 to 0.07
Mangles	2.00 to 0.00
Oatmeal (black oats) per cwt	2.50 to 2.60
Oatmeal (white oats) per cwt	3.00 to 0.00
Oats	0.35 to 0.36
Pork, carcass	0.5½ to 0.5½
Potatoes	0.25 to 0.30
Sheep pelts	0.40 to 0.45
Straw (per load)	1.50 to 2.00
Turnips	0.13 to 0.14

Prize History of the Fair.

We are pleased to learn that the World's Columbian Exposition Illustrated received the Highest and Only Award as the most Authentic and complete Illustrated History of the Great World's Fair.

This valuable work contains full descriptions of the Fair with 3,000 large, copper-plate half-tone, photographic illustrations of the Grounds, Buildings, Exhibits and attractions of the Exposition. The illustrations are from photographs, showing the labors as they turned the first shovel full of earth when the great Fair was begun, and the progress of the Exposition Grounds and Buildings in all stages of construction from the swamp covered with brush and trees, to the world-famed "White City," filled with treasures of Art and works of Genius from the store-houses of the world, and adorned with its Spires, Turrets and Gilded Domes.

In all it is the richest and most valuable work ever published. It is the World's Fair on paper. By perusing its pages the great exposition can be REVISITED in years to come. It should be in every library and home in the civilized world. Send 25 cents for sample number and full particulars. Reliable agents wanted. Address

J. B. CAMPBELL, President,
cf. 159 Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale cheap, a peddling wagon, nearly new. Apply to

JOHN W. HIGGINS,
Emyvale.

April 25—3i. pd.

P. E. ISLAND RAILWAY

ON and after FRIDAY, 15th Dec., 1893, the trains of this Railway will run daily (Sundays excepted) as follows:

Read down. A. M Leave.		Read up. Arrive P. M.
7 15	Charlottetown	3 10
7 34	Royalty Junction	2 50
8 17	North Wiltshire	1 39
8 30	Hunter River	1 43
9 00	Kensalloch	1 07
9 09	Emerald Junction	12 58
9 24	Freetown	12 42
9 46	Kensington	12 20
10 20 Ar	Summerside	Lv 11 45
P. M.		A. M.
12 40 Lv	Summerside	Ar 0 50
1 00	Miscouche	10 29
1 27	Wellington	10 00
2 10	Port Hill	10 03
3 30	O'Leary	8 20
5 05	Bloomfield	7 00
4 35	Alberton	6 55
5 25 Ar	Tignish	Lv 6 34
		A. M.
P. M.		
2 30 Lv	Charlottetown	Ar 10 30
2 50	Royalty Junction	10 10
3 55 Ar	Mount Stewart	Lv 8 50
4 10 Lv	Mount Stewart	Ar 9 05
5 23	Cardigan	7 35
4 45 Ar	Georgetown	Lv 7 10
		A. M.
P. M.		
4 05 Lv	Mount Stewart	Ar 8 55
4 43	Morell	8 17
5 12	St. Peter's	7 48
6 40 Ar	Souris	Lv 6 20
		A. M.
P. M.		
1 00 Lv	Emerald Junction	Ar 8 20
1 50 Ar	Cape Traverse	Lv 7 30

D. POTTINGER,
Gen. Man. Gen. Govt Railways.
Ch'town, Jan. 17, 1894.

Children of Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Soller Altoona, Pa.

Both Had Eczema in its Worst Form

After Physicians Failed, Hood's Sarsaparilla Perfectly Cured.

Great mental agony is endured by parents who see their children suffering from diseases caused by impure blood, and for which there seems no cure. This is turned to joy when Hood's Sarsaparilla is resorted to, for it expels the foul humors from the blood, and restores the diseased skin to fresh, healthy brightness. Read the following from grateful parents:

"To C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"We think Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most valuable medicine on the market for blood and skin diseases. Our two children suffered terribly with the

Worst Form of Eczema

for two years. We had three physicians in that time, and neither of them gave us any relief. At last we tried Hood's Sarsaparilla and in a month both children were perfectly cured. We recommend

Hood's Sarsaparilla

as a standard family medicine, and would not be without it." Mrs. ADDIE WILL, Sec. Mutual Aid Assoc., 1412 and 1414 Penna. Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

GREAT REMOVAL SALE

WILL COMMENCE ON

WEDNESDAY, 11th APRIL,

and continue until we move into our new premises, Market Square.

All our stock of Dry Goods, Readymade Clothing, Boots and Shoes, at the following discounts for cash only.

Black and Colored Dress Goods,	33	per	cent	off.
Mantle Cloths, Tweeds and Worsteds,	33	"	"	"
Lace Curtains and Muslins,	33	"	"	"
Corsets, Gloves and Hosiery,	33	"	"	"
Ribbons and Small Wares,	33	"	"	"
Flannelettes and Ginghams,	25	"	"	"
Pillow Cottons and Sheetings,	25	"	"	"
Table Damasks, Towels & Towellings,	25	"	"	"
Print Cottons and Tickings,	25	"	"	"
Shirts, Collars, Ties and Underclothing,	33	"	"	"
Umbrellas, Braces,	33	"	"	"
Men's Readymade Clothing,	33	"	"	"
Boys Readymade Clothing,	25	"	"	"
Rubber Coats,	33		"	"
Trunks and Valises,	25	"	"	"
All our stock of Boots and Shoes,	33	"	"	"

Special prices on Cotton Spools & Cotton Warps.

No goods to be delivered until paid for.

Goods not exchanged once sold.

J. B. Macdonald & Co.

April 11, 1894—1m

APRIL.

DURING this month we will be in daily receipt of New Goods for our various departments Our buyer has just returned from London and Paris where he has spent the past six weeks in buying the Spring stock.

IN A FEW DAYS

our Spring show of new Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Silks, Ribbons, Laces Flowers, Gloves, Corsets, Prints, Cambrics, and such goods will be open.

FOR GENTLEMEN we have a full stock of NEW Furnishing Goods—Hats, Caps, Collars, Ties, Braces, Shirts Gloves, Hosiery, Umbrellas.

NOTE.—All goods sold by us, are warranted as represented and we will refund the money if not satisfactory. Our motto is "Honest Goods at Honest Prices." We want your custom and will do all in our power to please you.

W. A. Weeks & Co

Wholesale & Retail.

Next to Beer & Goff's

B.B.B.

CURES CONSTIPATION AND SICK HEADACHE.

MRS. FISHER.

A Splendid Remedy.

GENTS,—I think it my duty to make known the great benefit I received from B. B. B. I was troubled with constipation and debility, and used three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters which relieved me from suffering. I recommend it as a splendid remedy. Yours truly, MRS. E. FISHER, Brussels, Ont.

Take B. B. B.

McKAY WOOLEN CO.

SPRING, 1894.

Readymade Clothing, Hats, Gents Furnishings.

You can save money by inspecting our clothing before going anywhere else. We have a very large assortment which we are bound to sell. We are selling at a small advance on cost. The clothing made from our own Island Tweed for durability and cheapness cannot be equalled, and we have the largest stock of imported clothing in the city.

100 odd suits now offered at less than cost. New patterns of Island Tweed coming from our own Mills every day.

Hundreds of dozens of Hats to select from. It will pay you to see our display,

A new line of Gents Furnishings just in.

HIGHEST PRICE for Wool—Cash or Trade.

Fire Insurance.

Your patronage of the following great Fire Companies is respectfully solicited.

The Royal Ins. Co. of Liverpool,
The London & Lancashire Ins. Co. of Liverpool.
The United Fire Ins. Co. of Manchester,
The Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn.

These Companies command enormous monetary strength and are noted for their prompt and liberal settlement of losses.

JOHN MACEACHERN,

March 7, 1894—tf Agent for P. E. I.

With the Opposition

to heavy taxes and high prices we will sell

Farmers Hardware, Painters Supplies, Household Outfits,

—AND—

Celebrated Jewel Stoves,

at the lowest possible prices.

R. B. NORTON & CO.

CITY HARDWARE STORE.

NO, SIR!

We are not here to make money out of you, but merely to get a living, and a living *only* we will have, for we are determined that our customers shall get Bargains. If you are not already convinced that

JOHN T. MACKENZIE

will give you a handsome New Suit at a *very low figure* come in and see for yourself. We have an unusually nice line of Suitings that we are making up at a remarkably *low price*—so low that whenever you see the goods you will want a New Suit. The Star Merchant Tailor

GIVES GOOD FITS.