copal Church in all the conferences now stands, 164. In favour, 135; against, 22; The Bishop of Gloucester, who is editing the "Old Testament Commentary," has asked the Rev. W. B. Pope, D.D., to write upon

The total union vote in the Methodist Epis-

Ezra and Nehemiah. A union camp meeting, embracing all the branches of the Methodist Church in Canada, is to be held at Elsmore, between Unionville and Agincourt, September 14th. A Free Church minister, Rev. Alex. Bisset,

has left the Free Church and become a Bar He was immersed at Aberdeen recently in the presence of a large number of people.

1Rev. Father P. J. Riordall of Chicago ight has just been appointed coadjutor to the Bisbop of California, is said to be the youngest Roman Catholic Bishop in the world. He is 38 years old.

The Detroit Ministerial Union, composed of ministers of all denominations, has decided by a vote of 23 to 1 that belief in the Apostles' Creed is not sufficient as a declaration of faith upon which to admit members. The new scheme for providing high-class Church of England schools is being warmly supported. Shares to the extent of \$21,500 have been taken up, the Arbhbishop of Canterbury's name being down for £1,000.

Bishop Kavanaugh, of the Methodist Church South, aged eighty-two, and his prother, aged eighty years, were in a pulpit ogether in Kentucky on a recent Sunday. The bishop preached in the morning, and the

At the Free Thinkers' convention to be held at Rochester, N.Y., Evangelical Christianity will be represented by the Rev. Thomas Mitchell, of Brooklyn, who is indorsed by the Rev. Dr. Burchard and the Rev. J. O. Peck. There has been a decrease in the income of

all the funds of the Scottish Episcopal Church in the financial year just ended—nearly £300 less for the clergy, nearly £200 less for the Theological hall, and upwards of £600 less for The conference of the Methodist Free

Church meets this year at Rochdale. It is proposed to raise £25,000 by way of comnemorating the twenty-fifth anniversary of he Wesleyan Methodist Association and the Weslevan Reformers. Rev. Mr. Pascoe, ex-president of the Bible Christian Conference, has gone to England to

attend the Bible Christian Conference, which opened on the 25th ult., at Exeter. His special mission is to complete the negotiations grant-ing the Canadian B. C. Church permission to enter the Union. Mr. T. B. Smithies, the originator, pro-prietor, and editor of the British Workman and the Band of Hope Keview, and some other

illustrated periodicals, recently died. He was a member of the Wesleyan Church, but was greatly beloved by members of all denominations of Christians. The list of ministerial resignations in the English Wesleyan Conference is unusually large. One has been influenced by the ra ionalism of the day, and two others have been touched by High Church views. Several young men have resigned because the pros-

pect of employment is uncertain. The memorial tablet to Rev. George Mac-The memorial tablet to Nev. George Mac-dougall was placed in position in the Metho-distributed at Edmonton lately. It is plain, of white marble, set on black slate. The in-scription is in English and Cree. It reads: "Let not your hearts be troubled." In memory of Reverend George McDougall. 'I am the resurrection and the life.'"

Rev. LeRoy Hooker, of Kingston, in a readers of the Guardian will be glad to learn that a wealthy member of my church, whose name I am not at liberty to mention, has just provided in his will that a legacy of \$10,000 shall be paid to the Superannuation Fund of our Church upon his decease,'

At a meeting of the convention of the Protestant Episcopal church, at Swanee, Tenn., last week, thirteen Southern States being represented, it was resolved that the general convention of the Church be memoialized to establish schools for the education of coloured men desiring to enter the ministry of this Church, and that all coloured nisters of the Church have equal powers in all Church councils.

The Rev. W. P. Paxton, superintendent of the South-west Department of the American Sunday School Union, has prepared a report of seventeen years' work. Schools organized in that time. 4,320 : schools aided, 7,493. with over 400,000 pupils. These schools have received 34,533 Bibles and Testaments, and have purchased books and papers to the value of \$52,485. The expenses of the department for the entire period of seventeen

years have been \$118,813. Professor Philip Schaff says that the Old Testament is still in the hands of the American revisers, who are preparing the American appendix; that is, selecting from all their readings and renderings which the British worth laying before the pub ic for final de-The Revised Old Testament will probably be published before next spring. Then the convocation of Canterbury, which originated the movement, will subject it to official

From the report of the Synod of the Diocese of Saskatchewan it appears that there are sixteen clergy on the list in the Diocese, besides the Bishop. There are also ten cate-chists and school masters employed, the total number of mission stations being twenty nine. Of the clergy six are maintained by the Society for Propagating the Gospel, eight by the Church Missionary Society, and two by private contributions. The investment for the Bishopric fund is \$50,000. For Emmanuel College there has been raised \$20,000, of which \$12,500 was spent on the College buildings, \$2,500 invested for the endowment of a Professorship of Divinity, leaving the balance to be applied to carrying on the

Among the students of Durham University (England) who recently obtained their M.A. degree was a young Welshman, whose sucfound in Wales for higher education. Five years ago a young quarryman at Bethesda, who hardly knew a word of English, and had not even received the rudiments of learning. left the quarry for the study. Aided by a sister and brother, he qualified himself in six months to enter the Grammar School at six months to enter the Clynog, where he stayed a year, thence passing to St. Bee's College. Eighteen months ago he was ordained a deacon by the Archbishop of York, and last Christmas he took priest's orders. In five short years an unlettered Welch quarryman has been transformed into an Episcopal elergyman and a University

For many years the late Mr. Edward Miall, of the Nonconformiat, as the mouth-piece of the Liberation Society, brought forward annually in Parliament a motion for the dis-establishment of the Church of England. Since his death the matter has not been Since his death the matter has not been pressed upon Parliament either so regularly or so persistently as before. At a recent meeting of the Executive Committee of the Liberation Society it was agreed that a motion for disestablishment be submitted to the House of Commons next session, and that Mr. Henry Richard, the member for Merthyr, assume the responsibility of doing so. Mr. Mr. Henry Richard, the member for Merthyr, assume the responsibility of doing so. Mr. Richard has consented. There will thus be three motions for future consideration—that of Mr. Dick Peddie, which deals with the question for Scotland; that of Mr. Dilwyn, which deals wifh the Church Establishment in Wales, and that of Mr. Richard. Arrangements are being made to make a vigorous agitation during the recess all over the two kingdow.

FROM RAT PORTAGE. cording. The men who are representing On-tario in this part of the disputed territory are cordially disliked, and their tactics are only inciting the feelings of the community against the province, which stabborely refuses to consent to the only legal way of settling the much vexed boundary dispute, and relieve them from the incubus which hange so heavily apon their efforts to develop the won-derful resources of the country. Mowat's Organizers Secretly at Work on Their Plans. Citizens Kept in Profound Ignorance-Pro-posal for Incorporation Carried Amidst Disorder,

From Our Own Correspondent.

A PROMPT REFUSAL

morning, calling a meeting for the same even ing at half-past seven o'clock, in the Ontario Court-house. The Winnipeg Free Press was informed of the time and place of meeting two days before, though the citizens, who

erk of the Ontario Division Court, to pre-

lic meeting had not the right to appoint its

sent or had left in disgust. It was then claimed that there was no motion, as the mover and seconder were not present. Mr. Lyon explained that if thirty resident free-holders or householders voted for the motion that it would be sufficient to go on and organize as proposed after which

organize as proposed, after which an attempt was made by the chairman to shut off discus-

with. Another attempt was made to shut off

discussion amidst much confusion, when Mr. Jas. Weidman, Registrar of Deeds for Manitoba,

claimed the floor, and would not be put down. He asked what guarantee the citizens had

THE INJUSTICE AND THE WRONG

the friends of the project tried to get thirty resident freeholders and householders quietly to the front, but failed, scarcely half the num-

one in opposition to the adjournment. The shairman declared the motion lost, but the

aext moment it was whispered in his ear "ad-

to the commands of his superiors. When he left the chair there were cries of "decide it tonight," "another chairman," "ontinue the meeting," etc.

RAT PORTAGE, Aug. 9.—Since the Manitoba authorities arrested the ringleaders of the mob which broke open their gaol, and showed that she was determined to maintain her authority in this place, the town has again been very orderly. Mewat's organizers have, however, busied themselves in an attempt to form Rat Portage into a municipality under the Outario statutes. The Stipendiary Magistrate for that province, Mr. W. D. Lyon, a brother of the Grit candidate in Algoma, prepared a petition asking himself in his official capacity to call a public meeting of the citizens of the town to consider the advisability of erecting the locality into a municipality. Capt. Burden, of Mowat's fusiliers, peddled the petition cound, and the haadful of the faithful here signed it, its object heimskept a secret until within the last few days. When all the available Ontario forces took each a copy of the petition, and every man or

when all the available Ontario forces tookeach a copy of the petition, and every man or
boy in the town that they thought might sign
it was approached. It is claimed that it had
one hundred and sixty-two names appended
to it when handed to the Stipendiary Magistrate. It is certain, however, that many of
the townspeople who have the largest interests at stake were never asked to sign it, because the gang well knew that they would be
met with

A large proportion of the petitioners have not a dollar invested in the town, are not even householders or residents; others, though not favouring Mowat's pretensions, wished the subject discussed at a public meeting. The petition was presented to Mr. Lyon, who issued a few small handbills at minutes after eleven o'clock yesterday

were the most concerned, were to be kept in ignorance of it if possible. Fortunately they are fully alive to the methods of Mowat's carpet-baggers, and the supporters of order were quickly apprised of the affair between were quickly apprised of the affair between the time of issuing the notices und the meeting. At the hour appointed the court-room was filled to the door, there being about three hundred present. The statutes give the stipendiary magistrate calling such a meeting the power to name the chairman. Mr. Lyon selected Mr. Frank J. Apjohn, Clerk of the (Intario, Ilivision Court to the Court of the Co

side, and then explained his object in calling the citizens together. He had no sooner sat down than Mr. Malcolm McKenzie, Rat tage Chief of Police, asked whether a pubthe meeting had not the right to appoint its own chairman, and there were cries through the room for a chairman. This was refused. Mr. McKenzie then challenged the signatures to the petition as not bona fide householders.

Cady says the serpent was about thirty fee in length and two feet in diameter. Manitoba. Calls for the motion came from mailtona. Calls for the motion came from all parts of the room, still the chairman refused to put it, and it was withdrawn. A motion was read from the chair made by Mr. W. H. Menzies, seconded by Mr. T. H. Findlay, that the locality be exceeded into a municipality. The mover and seconder were repeatedly called for, but were either not presented.

Wm. Riffert, telegraph operator at Dau-phin, Pa., says a four foot black snake came down off the mountains the other day, strag-gled into the office, and coolly coiled itself up on his table while he was out. On his return it began darting out its tongue, but showed no disposition to move. He got a piece of copper wire, fastened one end to the battery, then stretched it across the snake's tail. Another wire was stretched in front of the snake in such a way as to annoy it. The next time it darted out its tongue it touched the wire, receiving a terrible shock. This made it so mad that it grabbed the wire in its mouth, and that it grabbed the wire in its mouth, and could not let go. The battery was shaken up, and the snake began a series of gyrations never before witnessed on any stage. When killed its body was so highly magnetized that nails and pieces of railroad iron stuck to it.

was made by the chairman to shut off discussion by putting the motion and calling upon those in favour of it to come forward to the platform on the right. Mr. E. M. Rideout, Justice of the Peace for Manitobs, had taken the floor immediately after Mr. Lyon, and insisted upon being heard in opposition to the motion. He referred to an attempt that had been made nearly three years previously to incorporate under the Ontario statutes, when the matter had been carried through with but On Sunday, July 15th, Charles Comstock. a boy of ten years, son of Judge J. D. Com-stock, of Colesville, Ohio, told his parents that he had been writing about something rethe matter had been carried through with but little opposition, and the boundaries of Mani-toba had not been extended to include this markable which would soon take place. He was in perfect health, there was nothing to snggest anxiety, and nothing more was thought of his remark until, the boy having died suddenly, and his funeral having been appointed for Friday, July 27th, at 3 p.m., a paper was found container the faller. place, and then the Mowat Government had refused to recognize the reeve and council elected. He asked why there appeared to be so much anxiety now to incorporate the place when it was well known that such a course paper was found containing the following memorandum in his handwriting? "Within tweive days after to-day, on Friday, at three would cause disturbance, as the town was already formed into a municipality under Manitoba, which was doing good work considering the difficulties it had to contend with Arabtes the difficulties it had to contend with Arabtes the statement of the town was already formed in the following remarkable will happen."

A railroad ghost torments the people of

A railroad ghost torments the people of Sanajoharie, N.Y. On dark nights just before the arrival of the first mail train on the New York Central railroad, a red and a white light are seen to move slowly eastward, and as if carried by human hands. After coming that if the municipality were formed it would be carried out, and dwelt strongly on a short distance to the river bridge, both lights ascend and suddenly disappear. Engineers on westward bound trains, while the injustice and the woond gineers on westward bound trains, while taking a water supply, have noticed the lights and waited for them to disappear before moving on. Night watchmea and chronically which would meet with the strongest kind of opposition. The discussion was continued by Capt. H. H. Bailey, justice of the Peace for Maritche Messey W. Olivon was stated for them to disappear before moving on. Night watchmea and chronically sober men assert that this apparition can be frequently seen, but the cause is a mystery, as the effect is produced apparently without human agency.

holders to force upon the town an institution which would meet with the strongest kind of opposition. The discussion was continued by Capt. H. H. Bailey, justice of the Peace for Manitoba, Mesara. W. Oliver, mayor of the town, W. Matheson, and others. Not a man in the meeting had a word to say in favour of the motion to incorporate except Stipendiary Lyon, and the chairman of his own creation. The discussion was otherwise wholly one-sided. An amendment was proposed to the motion to the effect that the meeting pledge its support to the town corporation under Manitoba, and that the proposed to the motion to the effect that the meeting pledge its support to the town corporation under Manitoba, and that the proposed municipality be not organized. Amidst the confusion which arose during the meeting the confusion which arose during the meeting was placed in a quart bottle, set in hot water, and steeped for some time. The conductive taken was a wineglassful every four conductive taken was a wineglassful every four hours. She was to have a teaspoonful of tobacco snuff blowed up her nose with a pipe nothing but raw salt mackerel fresh from the brine and unwashed. She took several doses of the mixture, which stirred the devils n to such an extent that she had to send for

ber coming forward. Mowat's men. find-ing themselves beaten, prompted by Brigadier-Generals Patullo and Burden One-per-cent Rankin made a motion to adjourn until next Monday evening. On being put the show of hands was two to another doctor to settle them. A coloured man and his wife appealed for protection from witches to the Jefferson Market Police Court, in New York yesterday. A young man with an evil eye, they declared, had waved his left hand three times left the chair there were cries of "decide it to night," another chairman," "continue the meeting," ste.

AMIDST THE EXCITEMENT

AMIDST THE EXCITEMENT

three cheers for the Queen were proposed and responded to heartily, when a rush was made for the door. Some one then called for three cheers for Manitoba, when the walls of that Ontario court-room were made to re-echo with a rousing response. One solitary Grit had the temerity to shout there cheers for the queen with a rousing response. One solitary Grit had the temerity to shout three cheers for the queen was promptly answered by a tremendous volley of groans and hisses, bug as the most acheer. The meeting was one of intense of celling shown in favour of Manitoba, when the very greatpreponderance of feeling shown in favour of Manitoba, proved condusively that the people here are determined to cleave to the spirited young province that has done so much in giving them of youth whofell in love with a damsel, and crief government in the past, when they had civil government in the past, when they had received the cold shoulder of her eastern sister.

ueste assembled. The parson was on hand and the bride ready, but the groom did not materialize. The friend who had done the courtung went out, and, after looking around, found him sitting or lying in a horse trough. On asking him why he did not go to the house to be matried, he said: "Oh, I can't go that and atand before them folks." "Oh, yes, you can; everybody in there is married but your girl. Come on." "Get her to come out doors, and we'll marry under the shed, but let the old folks stay in the house." The friend went back, got the girl and the parson ont without exuiting suspicion, and they were more introduced to the bride and groom. They became so indignant that all left without partaking of the supper.

"Several years afterwards," adds the "winder and temple more, engaged in barracek duties and in good health." But for "the doctor kind-ness," he said that "he must have died." This incident recalls the fact that soldiers almost invariably refer to the kindness goes a great way, and, as we have frequently observed, the regimental doct r who aympatiness with the men is a powerful factor in the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He never was a mere "administrative drag machine;" hence his popularity and anest of the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He never was a mere "administrative drag machine;" hence his popularity and anest didness of the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He never was a mere "administrative drag machine;" hence his popularity and anest didness of the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He never was a mere "administrative drag machine;" hence his popularity and anest didness of the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He never was a mere "administrative drag machine;" hence his popularity and anest didness with the men is a powerful factor in the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He never was a mere "administrative drag sult on B. then went to a magistrate, and had a fined the second of the harmony and good feeling of a corps. He harmony and good feeling of a corps. He harm

out twenty-seven young canaries. She now has a family of eight or ten able to take care of themselves, while she sits with queenly pleasure on another nest of eggs.

Thirteen hogs were bitten by a mad dog near Columbus, Ga., and they all died. The crows and buzzards ate the hogs, and now they are gone mad. They get to fighting while high in the air, and come tumbling down to the ground, where they fight to the death. Feathers are floating through the air the time, and are becoming a positive nuisance.

Some Bellefonte boys recently tied a dishpan to a dog's tail by a long rope, and the dog picked the pan up in his teeth and ran quietly down behind a barn, crawled under it, and went to sleep in the pan. The dog just openied in the concavity of the character. This was inferred to represent the man in

gether she was a strange hen.

On that night the morals and manners of the village of Ericaville were excellent beyond parallel. New resolutions were formed and bad habits were sworn off. Husbands and wives no longer exchanged DOUBTFUL COMPLIMENTS AND FLAT-IBONS, but tenderly embraced each other and agreed to await the coming of the Lord in a commendable manner. Mrs. Whitnel's house-hold were too excited to sleep. Her daugh-ter, Sarah, was very ill, and it was seared ter, Sarah, was very ill, and it was leaded that the sacred egg would tend greatly to shorten her life. Alarmed at this, Frank Richardson, a clerk in the post-office, acknowledged that the miracle had been personnel through his instrumentality. He knowledged that the miracle had been performed through his instrumentality. He explained that to get even with one of Mr. Whitnal's sons he traced the characters on the egg with tallow, and then placed it in vinegar. After the acid had sufficiently eaten the shell as to allow the parts traced with tallow to become prominent, he visited the Whitnal barn, deposited the egg in a nest, seared an innocent hen and decompand. scared an innocent hen, and decamped. Mr. Richardson's expose has had the unfortunate effect of dispelling the moral influence ex-erted by the egg. The villagers have re-turned to their former ways.

# MILITARY MATTERS.

A telegram from Berlin states that the Marines, as well as the army, have been armed with the revolving gun, in order to

According to the Metz papers several English officers from the Royal Military Academy have passed some time there in studying the great-batile-fields near that fortress. These visits, it is stated, have occurred annually

visits, it is stated, have occurred annually for several years past.

It is stated by the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times that during the firing of the artillery salute from the Cronstadt forts and ships, at the recent Imperial inspection of the Russian squadron returned from the Paeifice, one of the largest guns in Fort Milutin—a 13-inch Krupp—burst.

The French military journals are strongly advocating the adoption of a helmet for the French infantry, in lieu of the képi. The Avenir Militaire, in a lengthy article, points out that a helmet will be no novelty in the French army, as its infantry wore this headpiece under the Minister of War, St. Germain, in 1790, when the four-cornered hat had to give way to the helmet.

main, in 1790, when the four-cornered hat had to give way to the helmet.

The anniversary of the battle of Salamanca (which was fought in 1812, when the British, under Wellington, defeated the French) has been observed in the customary manner. The ceremony of decking the colours with laurel was duly observed in every regiment throughout the British army which tok part in the engagement, and the subsistern doing duty with the detachment of the 1st Battalion Grenadier Guards, which mounted the "Queen's Guard" in London, in the morning carried the laurel-decked colours from Cheisea Barracks to the guard-room at St. James' Barracks to the guard-room at St. James

Barracks to the guard-room at St. James' Palace.

A correspondent of the Morning Post has just given a comparative list of thirty-six first-class English and thirty-six French ships of war, the merits of which are based upon, "first, their heaviest guns, and then the thickness of their armour." The result is, that in point of offensive power, England has the alwantage in twelve cases while the

ALEX.

THE CORD ALE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

the ordinary being quite an attractive investment from the standpoint of Canadian investors, while the preference appears equally well adapted to meet the views of British capitalists.—London Free Rress.

dent of the Wesleyan Conference at Hull for the present year. He is the sixth native of Ireland who has filled that honourable posi-

There have been offered two prizes of \$125 and \$75 for the best treaties on coses and its manufacture, etc., by the German Pharma-centical Society of Analytical Chemists. Ap-

plication must be made at once.

The Lancet stoutly opposes the practice of putting blinkers on horses. It says :--"It seems to us that they are useless, ugly, and to some extent injurious to the eyesight. The most beautiful feature of the horse is the eye. If it were not 'hid from our gaze' it would serve to denote sickness, pain, or pleasure. Many a time would the driver snare the whip on seeing the animal's imploring eye."

Pro: Huxley maintains that in fishing districts an acre of sea was more profuse in food production than an acre of land. Sal-

mon rive s required protection. But in the case of the great sea the circumstances were entirely different. He believed that the cod, herring, pilchard, mackerel, and similar fisheries were inexhaustible, and were entirely beyond the control of man either to diminish the number of the control of man either to diminish the number of fish or to increase

them by oultivation.

This is a description in Le Genie Civil, of July 1, of a floating grain elevator. The structure was made at Bordeaux, and placed in the harbour to unload the vessels arriving with cargoes of grain. It contains apparatus for weighing, cleaning, and sacking the grain. From the ship's hold it can unload, weigh, clean, weigh again, put into sacks, and reload into trucks 150 tone of grain per hour. The elevator is mounted on a barge, which is propelled by a screw worked by a compound surface-condensing steam engine that furnishes the motive power for all of these operations. Luther left three sons, and it has often been said that their male line was extinguish ed early in the last century. But the report is confirmed that there are at Cloister Allendorff, on the Werr, in Meiningen, two brothers, Heinrich and Carl Luther, who can prove descent from the great reformer by a genealogical tree, which has been deposited for safety with a Leipsic insurance company. Henrich, the elder, is a journeyman carpenter, while Carl is studying theology. Their mother is said to have been the daughter of a high official at Berlin. Their father was working at his technical to the control of th working at his trade as a mason in the capital, when the girl fell madly in love with him, as much through enthusiastic admira-tion of all that related to Martin Luther as from appreciation of the good-looking young journeyman. But the marriage ended unhappily, for the mason's wife was disinherited by her family, and is said to have died in

of all the queer and sensational announcements made by the Salvation Army, those recently issued at Port Arielaids, Australia, take the lead. The hall occupied by the South take the lead. The hall occupied by the South Australian branch of the army is spoken of as a glory shop. A "monster hosannah meeting" held in this glory shop is addressed by Happy George, Zulu Jim, and the Boy with Hair Like Heaven. One of the attractions is "the struggle with pies, tarts, cheesecakes, ham and tongue sandwickes, bread and butter, tea, sugar, mik, eth., of which you can have a full supply by naving one shilling ter, tea, sugar, milk, etc., of which you can have a full supply by paying one shilling each." In the evening a "Merry-go-round" is held at the glory shop, where "come hot bomb-shells will be poured into Satan's territories." A monster salvation meeting is harrangued by "a host of hallelujah lasses in their Timbuctoo bonnets." The aunouncement begins with the atarting heading, "Hallo! Hallo! Jack! What's up! Look Here!" and winds up by saving. "Come

with him and left his employment after two months service; can I collect my wages for the two months. Ans. No; you were not disconstant in the contract left in two months. Ans. No; you were not disconstant in the contract left which a sufficient legal excuse; you must perform your contract before you can claim your wages.

S. S. Caledon.—Qu.—"A committed an assume that the first magistrate and had a here another magistrate, and had A fined with costs; which conviction is legal or are both legal?" Ans.—If the case had been properly before the first magistrate, his adjudication upon it would be a bar to any subsequent proceedings; but the case was not properly before the first magistrate; a magistrate has no unisdiction summarily to try an assault except under one Statute; and the Statute says the complaint must be made by or on behalf of the party aggreeved; see cap. 30 Dominion Statutes of libm, sec. 13.

Townsend, Rockford.—On.—" Here may

recover them, but the party who purchased the cattle would probably restore them on being repaid his money.

E.E., Bayfield,—Qu.—"Can I be imprisoned in default of payment of a fine tor selling liquor without a license?" Ans.—Sec. 51 of Cap. 181, R.S.O., applies to the case in question—or if the "Canada Temperance Act" is in force—see 100 of Cap. 16, Dominion Statutes of 1878, governs. In either case there may be imprisonment in default of payment and sufficient distress to pay the fine and costs.

R. J., Turnberry.—Qu.—" I bought turnip seed represented to me as Swedish turnip seed and sowed it. The turnips are now growing and are white turnips. Can I claim damages ? Ans.—The person who sold you the seed very likely made a mistake. You cannot claim damages unless you were wilfully or negligently deceived, to the happens that mistakes are made in putting the seeds in the packages, and no person is liable for the resulting damage.

W. F. Y., Shelburne...Qu..." Can I compel the village Council to remove a fence which crosses a street at the side of my lot!" Ans...The Council, on petition being properly presented in the manner directed by the Municipal Act, will cause the obstruction to be removed; if not, then petition the County Council who have power to compel its removal, at the expense of the village. You cannot compel either Council to open the street; it is discretionary in the Council to act on the petition or not. J.C., Sturgeon Falls.—Qu.—"Is it legal to allow saw mill owners to allow sawdust to go into the rivers?" Ans.—No. The Fisheries Inspector may prosecute for destruction of the figh.

GENERAL.

METS. Ottaws.—No.
HORTON HOUSE.—M. wins.
C. R. L. Chesley.—Two wides should be W. C.—Hanlan was not at Ogdensburg Saturday before last. W. F. B., Niagara Falls.—Renforth died in his boat August 23, 1871. EAGLE.—Apply to the secretary of the Civil Service Board of Examiners, Ottawa. W. G., City.—We believe Gooderham & Worts listillery to be the largest in the world. C. A. M.—Do not know what hotel is the best in America. We have two or three to try yet. in America. We have two or three to try yet.

A. M., Flesherton.—Valentine was entered in the 2.37 class only at the meeting you mention, and took fourth money in the event.

C. K., Ancester.—(1) Cannot give you any advice in the matter, (2) There is no "usual salary." Like clerks or book-keepers, they are paid according to situations and circumstances.

R. S., Belleville.—Don't know what you mean by "Canadian coal oil" and "American coal oil," and anyway have no time to waste in investigating such big questions to settle paltry disputes.

N. H. DOWNS' VEGETABLE BALSANTO Has stood the test for FIFTY THREE YEARS, and has proved itself the best remedy known for the cure of Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough and all Lung Diseases in young or old. SOLD EVERYWHERE. Price 25c. and \$1.00 per Bottle. DOWNS' ELIXIR

WILLIAMS-On Monday, Aug. 13th, at 2 Prosect street, Mrs. T. P. Williams, of a daughter. MCCLAIN-At Parkdale, on the 13th inst., the rife of Robert McClain, of a daughter. WARD-On the 6th inst., at No 12 Rebinson street, the wife of F. C. Ward, of a son. PORTEOUS-On the 8th inst, at the "Bec-hive," Sturgeon Lake, the wife of C. E. L. Porteous, manager Bank of Montreal, Lindsay, of a son. MACKENZIE—At No. 52 Maple street, city, on the 13th inst. the wife of C. Mackenzie, of a son. Bowman—At Barrie, on Tuesday, 7th inst., the wife of J. M. Bowman, of a son. SANGSTER—At Beechenhurst, Port Perry, on Friday, 10th inst., the wife of Dr. J. H. Sangster, of a son.

BIRTHS. RYVES.—On the 5th inst., at Queen's park, the wife of Thomas G. Ryves, of a daughter.

DICRSON—At Niagars, on Wednesday, the 5th ast, the wife of J. Geale Dickson, Esq., of a supplied of the control of

aged 2 months and 15 days.

Patterson—Drowned in the Don, on Tuesday, August 14th, John Albert Patterson, aged II years and 7 months, second son of William and Mary Patterson.

McKenzie—At the residence of her son-in-law, U. J. Tracie, 11t Church street. Mrs. Hannah McKenzie, in the 8th year of her age.

FURRST—On the morning of the 14th inst. Simon Fuerst aged 61 years. Anne.

Sime Belleforth boys recently tief a dish for you for the room for a chairman. This was returned for the pentions are of a degree and by a long roop, and the dight of the business men of the place. Mr. Lyon, which some the pentions are the control of the business men of the place. Mr. Lyon, which some the pentions are the pentions of the place. Mr. Lyon, which some the pentions are the pentions of the place. Mr. Lyon, which some the pentions are the pent DUDLEY-On Saturday, August 11th, at 135 Seaton street, Ann, wife of Thomas Dudley, sr., in the 75th year of her age. KERR-At. "The Ceders." Brantford, on the 10th inst., Ella, aged 17 years, eldest daughter of William H. C. Kerr, Esq., barrister.

WRIGHT-At 17 Grosvenor avenue, Joseph, beloved son of Charles and Isabella Wright, aged 3 years and 6 months.

WRIGHT—At 165 James street south, Hamilton, on Thursday, Aug. 9th, Mary Jane, beloved wife of James V. Wright, Esq.

LISTER—On the 10th inst., at her father's residence. 195 John street north, Hamilton, suddenly of heart disease. Elizabeth, youngest daughter of James and Elizabeth Lister. MORONEY—Shot on the night of the 7th inst. lames Moroney, eldest son of the late John Moroney, aged 24 years and 1 month. DENT-On the 8th, at rear of 33 Dalhousie street, Garnet, youngest son of James and Alice Dent, Toronto. Dent, Toronto.

FARRELL—On the 7th inst., the wife of Geo. FARRELL—On the 7th inst., the wife of Geo. FARRELL—2 Brant street, aged 55 years.

MARKLE—At Middleport, on the 17th day of July, 1823, Robert Markle, in the 73rd year of his age. son of the late Henry Markle, who was killed at the battle of Queenston in 1812.

CLARKSON—On the 3th inst. at 121 Boverley street, Helen Victoria, infant daughter of B. H. Clarkson, aged two months and four days.

WILSON—On Tuesday, August 7. at her soninlaw's residence, Thomas Holmes. 727 Yonge street, Jane, late widow of Hugh Wilson, in her 7th year. RAWSON-At Barrie, on July 31st, after a long and painful illness, Libbie A., youngest daughter of the late Edward Rawson. PETROE—In this city, on Aug. 1st, 1883, of hear disease, Kathleen, only surviving daughter of the late John T. C. Peirce, aged 2 months and

7 days.
WRIGHT—At 105 James street south. Hamilton.
Thursday, August 9th, Mary Jane, beloved wife
of James V. Wright, Esq.
SEARING—On the 9th inst., James Davis Searing, aged 15 months and 21 days, only child of
Samuel and Minnie Searing.

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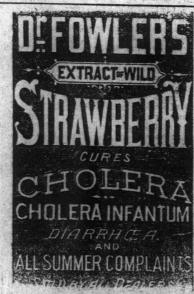
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