Sketch of the Famous Seat of Learning at Kingston.

The New Buildings. By Telegraph from Our Oron Correspondent. reiopment of the educational institutions of the country must at all times prove a subject of the deepest interest to those auxious for te progress, for there 'can be no genuine national development where ignorance pre-lominates. The record of the progress of ducation in Canada is one of the most attractive pages in the country's history; and in this particular direction the state of affairs at the present time presents a wonderful con-trast to that which prevailed in the "days of yore." The schoolmaster is now "abroad in the land;" while the facilities for obtaining such an education as an University curri-culum affords are unsurpassed. Opinions may differ regarding the advisability of having more than one University in this province; but one fact must be conceded—that what are sometimes known as the denominational universities have done as the denominational universities have done a good work in the past, not only in preparing young men for the work of the Christian ministry, but in qualifying hundreds for the better discharge of professional and public duties. Had such institutions as Queen's and Victoria Colleges never had an existence, many of those who have studied within their walls would not have obtained the education they possess, and, consequently, the number of liberally-trained men in the community would be much smaller than it is. Although the institutions named are under the control of ecolesiastical organizations, it has yet to be laid to their charge that they are schools of sectarian propagandism. The position attained by Queen's College among the higher educational institutions of the country was not reached without many a struggle against adverse circumstances. Its beginning was a "day of small things;" its growth was slow, but nevertheless sure; while to-day it has reached a new, and it is not too much to say, the most important era in its history. Early itutions named are under the control of the most important era in its history. Early dice and unmasked hostility; but it lived on surmounting difficulties, and prosecuting its important work in an unostentatious manner. The record of its trials and achievements is not unknown to readers of THE MAIL, therefore the recounting of them at this time is unnecessary. On previous occasions the facts connected with the endowment scheme, inaugurated after the withdrawal of the annual grant by the Provincial Government (when the late Mr. Sandfield Macdonald was Premier) and of the Rev. Dr. Snodgrass, the predecessor of Dr. Grant in the Principalship, were fully explained. When Dr. Grant arrived to assume the duties of the position which he so worthily fills, he found the college building worthly fills, he found the college building quite inadequate as regards convenience and accommodation. He resolved upon taking action at the earliest practicable moment. Only a few months had elapsed after his arrival in the city when he invited the attendance of those citizens of Kingston who felt an interest in the college at a public meeting in the City Hall to consider the advisability of taking action is the direction. of taking action in the direction of erecting a new edifice. The meeting was successful be-yond Dr. Grant's most sanguine anticipations. It was thoroughly catholic—every denomina-tion of Christians, Roman Catholic and Protestant, being represented on the occasion.

The large amount of money subscribed affords practical evidence of the value placed upon

awarded as follows.—Excavation, masonry, brick work, and plastering, R. Tossell & Son, Kingston, \$25,236; carpenters' and joiners' work, Wm. Irving & Son, Kingston, \$14,955; plumbing, gas fitting, planting, glazing, &c., Irving & Son, \$6,092; alaters' work, Geo. Duthie, Toronto, \$920 to Social \$7,022. The foundation stones were laid by the Governor-General and the Princess Louise on the 30th May, 1879.

The movement thus inaugurated resulted in asking for tenders for the erection of a new building. Several plans were submitted

asking for tenders for the execution of a building. Several plans were submitted, those of Messrs. Gordon & Helliwell, Toronto, being finally selected. Contracts were awarded as follows:—Excavation, masonry, and the several as a several several as a several seve

GRADUATES. The graduates of Queen's University are scattered all over the Dominion, and not a few of them hold prominent positions in the professions and in public life—men reflecting credit on their alma mater, and of whom she has no reason to be ashamed. To the credit of Queen's University be it said, the authorities have always been sparing in the credition. of Queen's University be it said, the authori-ties have always been sparing in the granting of honorary degrees. They are not conferred except in cases where merit justifies the act. The honorary list is composed of twelve LL.D.'s and thirty-two D.D.'s. The B.D.'s (after examination) number seven; B.Sc.'s, three; LL.B.'s, five; B.A.'s, 276; M.A.'s. three; LL.B.'s, five; B.A.'s, 276; M.A.'s, 76; M.D.'s, 312. Among the honorary LL.D.'s are the Governor-General, Sir John A. Macdonald, Hon. Oliver Mowat, Premier of Ontario; and Rev. Dr. Cook, Quebec; and In the list of D.D.'s are to be found the names of Rev. Dr. Nelles, President Victoria University, Cobourg; and Rev. Dr. Caven, Knox College, Toronto. The degree of M.A., according to the new regulations which came into operation this session, will not be conferred in future unless the candidates shall pass a satisfactory examination on subjects prescribed, in addition to writing a satisfactory thesis. Heretofore only a thesis was required. It will therefore be seen that the authorities are "elevating the standard."

STUDENTS. According to the University calendar for the academic year 1880-1881, the number of students in attendance in the different facul-ties last session was:—Theology, 14; Arts, 106; Medicine, 74. The matriculation ex-aminations have just concluded. The num-ber of candidates to be admitted to the University is about twenty-five. Latterly there has been a gradual increase in the number of students; and doubtless the changes which are reported will have the effect of making the college more attractive and more influen-tial in the future than it has been in the past. SOCIETIES.

The college has several societies, many of which are of recent origin. The oldest and most representative is the Alma Mater Society, to attain the presidency of which has been the object of not a few of Queen's ablest sons. The present president is Mr. Donald M. McIntyre, B.A., of this city. The other societies are:—Missionary Association—President, G. C. Patterson, M.A.; Young Men's Christian Association—President. D. Mc-Christian Association—President, D. McTavish, B.A.; Ossianic Society—Patrons, the Marquis of Lorne and Principal Grant; President, A. B. McCallum, B.A.; Athletic Association—Hon. President, the Principal; Glee Club—President, H. B. Rathbun; Football Club—Captain, J. O'Reilly; Snowshoe Club—President, W. E. D'Argent.

COLLEGE PAPER. Queen's College Journal is second to no college paper published in Canada. Its managers and editors are elected annually. Mesars. J. V. Anglin and John R. Lavell, B.A., of this city, have finished their work for the year in a satisfactory manner. The new volume, to be commenced with the session, will be under the management of Mr. Anglin and Mr. Herbert Mowat, with an efficient editorial committee, on which the different faculties will be represented.

The ceremouies connected with the opening

HAMILTON AFFAIRS

HAMILITON, Oct. 18.—Whether it is owing to the beneficial effects of the National Policy or to the return of universal prosperity, or to the recent good harvest, or to a combination of all three, certain it is that Hamilton is not only holding its own but is going ahead rapidly. The erection of new buildings, improvements on old buildings, and the operations in real estate, are usually, and quite properly, taken as a sure indication of the material prosperity of a place. In these respects Hamilton gives every indication of a prosperous time. The value of building done in this city during the season of 1880 will foot up to about three-quarters of a million dollars, while the erection of the buildings, some of which will be very costly and elegant structures, cannot fail to greatly enhance the value of real estate generally.

A portion of the extensive premises occu-

A portion of the extensive premises occupied years ago by Messrs. Beckett & Co., machinists, has been purchased by a company for the manufacture of cotton batting, a line of goods never made in Canada. It is said that other parties are negotiating for another portion of the same premises, with a view of stafting another factory. These extensive premises have been closed for some years, but under the fostering care of the present Gov. under the fostering care of the present Gov-ernment are now in a fair way of being again in full blast, giving employment to a number of hands, and disbursing a large amount of money for machinery. A large part of this machinery will be made in this city.

MONTREAL AFFAIRS.

MONTREAL, Oct. 19.—The following return gives the number and tonnage of seagoing vessels that arrived in port from the opening of navigation to the 1st October in the following years:—

Number of Total vessels, tonnage 365 281,367 402 312,021 465 384,649 518,567 569 518,564 tonnage, 268,367 312,021 384,649 518,564 ................................ Number of inland vessels :-Years. 1877 1878 1879 1880

Several co-operative stores are about to be established here on the same principle as in England. A gentleman from London who was one of the principal promoters of the Civil Service Supply Association there has the matter in hand and is interesting influential people in the undertaking.

A trade which is growing into very important dimensions in this city is the manufacture of almost every kind of woodwork by machinery for export to England. It has developed intovery large proportions lately, and if it continues, as there is every prospect at present, it will be one of the most extensive as well as profitable industries of the counas well as profitable industries of the country. The articles manufactured comprise

try. The articles manufactured comprise doors, sashes, and everything used in house-building as well as domestic use. It is said the demand in Great Britain and other European countries for such productions of our factories is practically unlimited.

A school of cookery is about to be established here, a lady from the famous South Kensington school in London, England, having been engaged to conduct it.

A large number of lumbermen passed through the city to-day, en route for the lumbering districts in Ontario. The wages paid this year are the highest on record, broad-axe men getting as much as \$50 per month.

month.

A proposal has been made by the Finance Committee of the City Council to employ the prisoners committed to gaol for petty offences, such as drunkenness and vagrancy, on the

streets.

Messrs. Gordon & Helliwell, Toeing finally selected. Contracts were as follows:—Excavation, masonry, ork, and plastering, R. Tossell & Son, ork, and plastering, R. Tossell & Son, in \$25,236; carpenters and joiners and interest of the finance of the debt and interest. Since that time the company has made two payments, amounting to \$200,000. No payment has been received since 1860, and the corporation has been lately demanding \$600,000 for the balance of the debt and interest. A meeting having lately taken place between the chairman of the Finance Committee and Mr. Hickson, the latter offered to settle the matter by giving the city \$400,000 in the ordinary stock of the railway in settlement in full. The Finance

latter offered to settle the matter by giving the city \$400,000 in the ordinary stock of the railway in settlement in full. The Finance Committee met to-day and recommended the Council to accept the compromise. The stock is worth twenty-three cents on the dollar, with a prospect of a future increase.

The greatest activity prevails here at present in the shipment of lumber to Great Britain and South America. The vast piles of lumber accumulated on the wharves at Hochelaga will be cleared off in a few days.

A despatch from London to-day says that the French shipping company that got a bonus from the Government has given an order for five new steamships for the trade between this port and Havre.

Sir A. T. Galt has arrived from New York. He states that the names of all the parties who comprise the Pacific railway syndicate will be made known in a few days, and further, that in twelve months seven hundred miles of the road will be built and in operation through the North-West.

Mr. Chapleau has intimated to the Mayor of this city, by letter, that it is his intention to propose the erection here of the workshops and repair shops of the Quebec, Montreal, Ottawa, and Occidental railway on the vacant land near the Montreal prison. He concludes his letter by saying:—"This site seems to me to be very convenient, inasmuch as it is in the centre of a large population of workingmen, who cannot but benefit largely by the establishment of these workshops."

The Roman Catholic school commissioners of this city have presented a petition to the City Council for a proper adjustment of the school tax between the Protestant and Catholic population of the city. The petition alleges that the distribution has not been legal for the past ten years, and the commissioners demand an investigation.

The South-Eastern Railway Company has purchased the new line of railway between

mand an investigation.

The South-Eastern Railway Company has

The South-Eastern Railway Company has purchased the new line of railway between Frelighsburg and West Farnham, in order to make a connection between their line and the Vermont division of the Portland and Ogdensburg railway.

A brutal murder is alleged to have been committed here by a man named Welsh, his victim being his own wife. They resided in Bronsden lane, near the heart of the city, and were only married twelve months. They have both been addicted to intemperance, and frequent quarrels have occurred between them, resulting in Welsh beating his wife last night. They were both indulging in liquor, when a dispute arose, and it is alleged that Welsh used such violence towards the unfortunate woman that she died soon after. A post-mortem examination is in progress, and post-mortem examination is in progress, and an inquest has been opened. The perpetrator of the crime is under arrest.

FIRE RECORD.

AYLMER, Oct. 16 .- A fire broke out about three o'clock this morning in the large steam mill owned by Mr. J. J. Clutton, by which the buildings, stock, machinery, &c., were totally destroyed. Loss \$4,000; insured in the Phonix Insurance Co. for \$1,000.

the Phoenix Insurance Co. for \$1,000.

St. John, N.B., Oct. 16.—On Thursday a fire originated in a barn belonging to J. Haley, gaoler of Sunbury county court, which destroyed 30 tons of hay, 150 bushels of cats, 100 bushels of buckwheat, and all his farming implements, and also a fine horse belonging to F. A. Hubbard, with some pigs. Two large barns belonging to the county were also destroyed. The Western Insurance Co. lost \$400 by the burning of the house at Woodstock belonging to the Connell estate.

QUEBEC, Oct. 16.—A fire at Levis early this morning caused \$300 damage to the tobacco store and stock of Mr. Rivet. The family were unable, owing to the fire, to escape by the stairs, and Mr. Rivet throwing out a number of beds dropped his children out upon them. One of them, aged four, broke an arm in the fall.

in the fall.

Mr. John Swinton's notes of travel have destroyed by fire. Insured for \$1,300 in the Rimouski Mutual.

HUSBANDS AND WIVES.

ment of a Gaoler's Worst-Half with a Good-Looking Prisoner.

AN ACTOR'S BRIDE MYSTERIOUSLY DISAPPEARS.

Brileville, Oct. 16.—A painful sensation has been created here by a statement published in an evening paper that Mrs. Meyers, wife of the gaoler, has eloped with George Newbold, alias Harry Howard, alias Proctor a notorious bigamist and confidence; man, who was at the spring assizes convicted of obtaining goods under false pretences and sent to gaol for six months. It is stated that Mrs. Meyers, a good-looking lady of forty, who was matron of the gaol, became infatuated with the prisoner, who is a fine looking fellow, during his imprisonment, and on his term expiring she deserted her husband and family, making pretence of a visit to friends in the United States. She returned to Brockville and wrote her daughter, who on joining her there at her request,

who on joining her there at her request, found her living with Newbold, and returned home despite her entreaties that they should join her. The parties are well connected, consequently the sensation created by the affair is all the greater. Previous to this unfortunate occurrence the conduct of Mrs. Meyers had been above reproach.

London, Oct. 17.—A letter from Aylmer gives particulars of a peculiar incident in that village. Mr. C. J. Myers, well known to the public from his connection with the Holman Opers troupe, was secretly married in August last at Niagara Falls to Miss Nettie Calvert, the charming niece of the proprietor of the Brown House in Alymer. The intention was to keep the matter quiet for a few months until Mr. Myers' affairs were better settled. He drove from London to the village on Sunday last to visit the lady, his bride, but the bird had flown mysteriously, and Myers could get no trace of her. It is stated that the bridegroom's lamentations over the matter were pitiable in the extreme.

A woman named McCormack, of Dorchester, sued her husband in Chancery for alimeny, having left him on the ground of alleged cruelty. In her cross-examination Mrs. McCormack fainted, and was carried from the room. The bill was dismissed. The trouble between the parties seemed to have arisen from the interference of the wife's relatives.

THE SOUTH AMERICAN WAR.

Chilians Bombarding Callao and Chorillos.

HELPLESSNESS OF THE DIPLOMATIC BODY.

Lima, Sept. 22.—The Chilians are carrying out their threat. The booms of their gans bombarding Chorillos and Callao can be distinctly heard here. A meeting of the diplomatic body last night came to nothing. All agreed they could do nothing to protect the threatened towns, and that the only course open to them was to simply acknowledge a despatch received from the Chilian admiral. The Chilian army is still ravaging the country in the north. Everything appears to indicate that the Chilian advance admiral. The Chilian army is still ravaging the country in the north. Everything appears to indicate that the Chilian advance towards Lima has been commenced, or that it will be within a very few days. A rapid concentration of their troops and vessels is being made at Arica. It is a noteworthy fact that the return of Christiancy, from whose visitgreatresults had been anticipated, has been the signal for greater activity on the part of the Chilians. Hardly had he returned from his mission, of the import of which the Chilian admiral was well aware, when the expedition was allowed to proceed north, and by its admiral was well aware, when the expedition was allowed to proceed north, and by its ravages effectually place the hopes of successful mediation at an end. The Cabinet at Santiago is charged with deliberate deceit. The war is rapidly assuming a character which will compel both sides to fight to the last unless the foreign powers prevent this mutual destruction. The late issue of 12 million in paper in Chill has been followed by the most disastrous results. The banks have ordered all depositors to withdraw their deposits, and the bankers are impending financial with a large of the control of the cont

CLIFTON, Oct. 18.—When the N. Y. L. E. & W. train, connecting with the G. W. R. Atlantic express, was leaving here for the east at one p.m. to-day, a feeble old man, about 70 years of age, was noticed to take suddenly ill, and after being taken into the Great Western waiting-roomexpired immeiately. He had on his person a railway ticket from Council Bluffs to New York, \$33 in gold and silver coin; also a receipt for six months' subscription to the San Francisco Chronicle, made out in favour of W. Markham, to be mailed to Atlanta, Ga. He also had a check for a piece of baggage which has gone forward. When the undertaker was dressing the remains of the old man he found \$245 in American bills, tied up in an old silk handkerchief, around his neck.

BUCKINGHAM, Que., Oct. 18.—Thos. Jackson and William Parker while out in a bark cance on one of the upper lakes of the River Du Lièvre, were capsized by a stump or some

obstacle, and the former tried to reach hore by swimming, and asked Parker to on to the cance. Jackson is supposed are taken cramps and was drowned. His tins arrived at Buckingham on Sunday KIDNAPPING AND

STABBED SEVEN TIMES.

evening.

Markdals, Oct. 18.—John, son of George Lamb, of the township of Glenelg, was instantly killed by a falling tree while driving past it on Saturday.

Niacara, Oct. 19.—An unknown man, who was an umbrella repairer, attempted to cross the river this morning in company with four other men who were the worse for liquor. They were out about one hundred and fifty yards when one of them began rocking the boat, which caused two of them to fall out. The beat continued to be rocked until it upset, and the three who were in last clung to the bost until picked up, and the other two, the unknown and T. Munro, tried to swim to shore. The unknown sunk. Munro managed to keep up until Jail and Masters, two fishermen, rescued him. Meantime some American soldiers who had, seen the accident started to the rescue, and saw a coat, as they shought, but on going to it found it to be the unknown, who was brought to shore, and the necessary efforts were put forth to restore him, but it was found too late. An inquest has been commenced, and the jury have adjourned till Friday night to examine more witnesses. Dutch Clerk

A DISASTROUS STORM.

The Worst Gale Ever Known in Easter Dakota and Southern Minnesota. MILWAUKEE, Wis, Oct. 17.—The wind torm here yesterday and last night was the everest ever known in this section. The storm.here yesterday and last night was the severest ever known in this section. The barometer was never known to be so low, and the wind from the south blowing between sixty to seventy miles an hour. A large fleet of vessels sought this harbour for safety and rode out the gale in the bay. The storm all along the Southern Minnesota railway was the severest known in years. Passengers and freight trains along the line are blockaded in a snowdrift ten to twelve feet deep, and teams with provisions have been despatched to their refreif from several points. A train which left Lacrosse on Friday has not been heard from since leaving Fulda that night. All the cuts west of Fairmount are filled with snow packed hard. Reports of cattle, horses, etc., having perished are constantly received, but no loss of human life is yet reported. It is the worst storm ever known in southern Minnesots and eastern Dakota, and is still raging. Nothing has been heard from the steamer Depre, which left Grand Haven on Friday night for this port, and all sorts of opinions are expressed concerning her safety. Many vessels caught outside were damaged in canvas and rigging, and lost their deck loads. The sohr. Reciprocity became water-logged, and drifted on the beach at Two Rivers. The barge Florence Lester broke adrift from her tow, and the gravest fears are entertained for her and a crew of six men. Seaman Nelson Hendricks, of this city, was lost from the schr. Willard at Manitowoc, and another seaman, name unknown, from one of a tag of barges in the same vicinity. A long list of disasters is expected with the reports from the east-shore ports.

GHICAGO, Oct. 17.—The wind continued throughout the day with somewhat less force

Chicago, Oct. 17.—The wind continued throughout the day with somewhat less force than yesterday. The storm was far less disastrons on the lake than might have been expected, because warning sufficient had been given to allow most of the craft to seek harbour. Beyond the loss of the schooner B. W. Wells with all hands many minor accidents are reported. The damage will in the aggregate be very heaven in this vicinity. The force of wind seems to have been most marked about the space included within a radius of 1,000 miles from Chicago, but the blow itself, according to telegrams received here, extended much farther, Omaha being about the westera huit, Michigan the eastern, central Illinois the southern, and Wisconsin the northern. The telegraph wires remain in a precarious condition, and many are entirely useless at present.

THE METHODIST CHURCH

less the foreign powers prevent this mutual destruction. The late issue of 12 million in diastrons wruths. The base issue of 12 million in diastrons wruths. The base issue of 12 million in diastrons wruths. The land is a many and as auxions to pay off their coin depositions and the bankers see impending financial ruin, and are auxions to pay off their coin depositions where the property of the coin depositions and as a street of the first under the plant of the decased and killed him on the head of the decased and killed hi Meeting of the Central Board of the Missionary Society.

Birmingham amounts to about £14,000.

No means have been taken by the many No means have been taken by the manufacturers to push the sale of their "Myrtle Navy" tobacco except giving from time to time a simple statement of the facts connected with it in the public press. The large and rapidly increasing demand for it has been the result of the experience of smokers which these statements suggested. Their advice to business men is to advertise largely if they have the right article to back up the advertisement with.

A Young Boy Stolen and Then Killed to Prevent Discovery

Confession of the Crime by a Poor

London, Oct. 12.—The particulars of a most atrocious crime, committed a short time ago, are published in the English papers this morning. It has an especial interest for those who have made the Charley Ross case a study, as the confession of murder, made a few days ago, shows that in this, as in the American case, the object of the criminals was to obtain a large amount of money as a ransom. MURDER CONFESSED.

William Marianus de Jongh, clerk to the Minister of the Colonies at the Hague, confesses to murdering a schoolboy named Marius Bogaardt, a son of a former Secretary-General, now living a retired life. The murderer laid his plans very cunningly, and before securing the boy, had written a letter to the father asking for 75,000 guilders, or \$30,000, for the surrender of his son, but how and where the ransom was to be paid was not clear, though it is supposed De Jongh had accomplices. The confession of how the murder was committed was told by the prisoner to his siater, to whom he was devotedly attached. De Jongh wept bitterly while giving the following account of the motives and circumstances under which the murder took place:

PLANNING TRE CRIME.

He said that on September 23rd, before he committed the crime, and before he had even possession of the boy, he wrote the letter referred to, demanding the ransom on a certain date. The letter was written in the Café St. Hubert, from which he went to William's Park, where Mr. Bogaardt resided. It was two o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Bogaardt had just left her house and driven in her carriage to Schevingen. De Jongh thereupon went to the Rhenish railway station, and, having directed a letter, put it into the post office letter box at the station. He then took a cab, but as the cabman was asfeep when De Jongh entered the vehicle he did not notice his face. De Jongh drove to the school and asked for young Marius Bogaardt, a fine looking boy, thirteen years of age.

THE KIDNAPPING.

"Do you know me?" he asked of the boy.
"To be sure," the latter replied, "I have often met you in the park."
"Now, my boy, your mamma saked me to fetch you from school," said De Jongh.
"Did she not, then, go to Schevingen?" inquired the lad.
"Yea," replied De Jongh, seeing that the boy knew his mother's intentions, "but she told me she would on her return wait for us at a peasant's house on the downs near the town." The bog then fetched his school articles, asked purmission to leave school, and accompanied De Jongh in a cab.

When they arrived on the downs the murderer sought a quiet place, where he threw the boy on the ground, bound his hands and feet with cord, which he had bought that morning. "Remain here," he said to Marius, "till I return with the money I have demanded from your father. Stop your crying if you do not want to be killed." He covered the youth with his coat and intended to go, but the boy cried so loudly that he returned. Fancying he heard footsteps, De Jongh took his sword out of his walking stick and killed the child, stabbing him seven times in the breast. In a very agitated state of mind the inhuman ruffian fied to Schevingen, washed his hands at the sea shore and returned to the Haque, after having thrown away his sword-stick in a little channel by the roadside. De Jongh was arrested on the downs, whither he returned early the following morning; but after being confronted with the coachman and other witnesses he was liberated. He was arrested afterward on his own confession. THE MURDER.

After his avowal of his crime his sister asked him what motives he had for the horrible deed. He answered:—
"I saw our father die in poverty. As for myself I could not make my way in India, but I had a place in the same office where father worked, with no better prospects than he had. What would be my mother's lot and yours? I wished to assure to her a comfortable old age, and when I heard from a family who are acquainted with his circumstances that Mr. Bogaardt was a very rich man, I was seized with a desire to constrain him to give me money by stealing away his only son. I did not intend to kill the child except in case he should possibly become my accuser. My only motive was my wish for money. Nobody assisted me either before or at the murder."

The accused maintains that he is the sole MOTIVES FOR THE CRIME.

delinquent. He will appear at the end of this month before the Criminal Court. Mus-queter, the sergeant who discovered the mur-der, receives daily a number of letters of thanks. The case has created an unparal-leled excitement in Holland.

HUNTING BURGLARS.

HUNTING BURGLARS.

An Exciting Chase After Two Thieres—Exchange of Pistol Shots.

GURLPH, Oct. 16.—About two clock this (Saturday) morning a daring hurghary was perpetrasted at the house of W. Markie, at Black's Corners, about seven miles from Hamilton. Mr. Markie was swakened by a support of the miles of the manual type of the miles of the

the ruse failed, as Mr. Markle detected the strangs voice and jumped up and went after the man, with the result stated. Their premises were searched last night, and several webs of red fiannel found in the well. All the drawers in the house were full of fiannels, gent's underclothing, and other goods. A keg of tea and sixty pounds of sugar were found in the house. A new buffalo robe that was stolen from the poetmaster at Eden Mills about a week ago was also found and identified as his property. No more arrests have been made, and the man who fired the two shots at Constable Ingram is still at large.

THE STELLARTON DISASTER.

Inquest on the Victims of the Nova Scot Mining Accident—Verdict of the Jury. Mining Accident—Verdict of the Jury.

HALIFAX, Oct. 44.—An inquest was held at Stellarton yesterday afternoon on the body of Charles Bowan, one of the victims of the colliery disaster of Tuesday. The jury returned the following verdict:—"That the said Charles Bowan came to his death on the 12th of October, 1880, at the Foord pit, Albion mines, from injuries received during a rush of water, which had broken through from the old mine into the bord where he was working; and that while it is to be recreated that

old mine into the bord where he was working; and that while it is to be regretted that the plans from which the old pit was worked appear to be unreliable, the jury are of opinion that the extra caution used, as shown by the evidence, exonerates the manager of the mines from any responsibility for the cause of the disaster."

Charles Doran, who was killed in the mining accident, was buried this morning, and Conway and Lecompte this afternoon, the latter at New Glasgow. The body of James Fraser has not been found. The manager, acting under the advice of the inspector, has decided to completely restore the ventilation of the pit before resuning the search for the body, in order that the searching parties may run no risk. A subscription is to be started for the widows and orphans.

A FATAL EXPERIMENT.

even Persons Killed and Four Injured by an Explosion in a Chicago Distillery. CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—A terrible explosion cocurred this evening at the Garden City Distillery Company's works, corner of Clybourn
avenue and Morgan streets, killing seven persons and severely injuring four others. An
experiment was being tried of a new steaming
process. The corn was placed whole into a
mammoth kettle sixteen feet in height and
steamed, then strong pressure of steam was
applied to force it through the pipes into the
mash tub. The pipe became choked up, stopping the passage of the swollen corn, and instantly increasing the pressure on the kettle.
A terrific explosion followed, blowing theroof
off and killing outright or burying beneath the
fallen timbers, the scalding corn and the debris,
ten men and one woman, who happened
to be in that part of the distillery. Andrew
Daly, Jacob Kakuska, and a man called
"Sandy," whose bodies have been recovered,
were killed outright. James Husock, Mrs.
Husock, Frank Trainer, and John Daly are
still buried in the ruins. George Schoffer
was taken out fatally injured about the head.
The others injured were: Edward Kinman,
scalded badly and bruised about the head;
Henry Fischer, scalded and cut, and Henry
Zumfelde, severely injured. The entire engine and boiler-room were completely torn to
pieces by the force of the explosion. Exhuming the baried victims will be the work of
some hours. CHICAGO, Oct. 15. - A terrible explosion oc-

FALL ASSIZES.

The Beamsville Manslaughter Case Ends in a Verdict of "Not Guilty." L'ORIGNAL, Oct. 14.—James Harrison was tried to-day for the murder of John Morrison in June. The trial lasted all day and a verdict of "not guilty" was returned. Chief Justice Hagarty presided; Mr. R. W. Scott, Q.C., acted for the Crown and Mr. A. Gibb, of Ottawa, defended the prisoner.

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Sr. Catharnes, Oct. 13.—This day was setting of the Gueen v. John Dunda; amandaighter. The prisoner was arraigned and pleaded not guilty. It will be remembered that the prisoner and Patrick Dooley had a drunken quarrel at Couse's hotel, Beamsville, in August last, shortly after which Dooley died from the effects of the injuries he received. The testimony of the following witness will give a pretty clear idea of the cocurrence:—

John Cule, sworn, said—I saw the men sitting in chairs on the stoop. The prisoner called the other man a — ——, and they both got up and clinched and scuffled round. Deceased fell down and prisoner fell with him sideways. No blows were struck while they were down. Both then got up together. Deceased got his back against the wall, and got his left arm around prisoner's neck, and was striking him with his right hand. Prisoner could not do much, but struck some upward blows on deceased's stomach. Prisoner could not have strack hard blows, as he had not much chance to use his arm. I think he was striking with his left hand. Prisoner jerked loose from the deceased as he was getting the worst of it. I think from the way the men acted that both were under the influence of liquor. The prisoner grabbed a chair when he broke loose. Deceased also grabbed the chair, and then let loose. After a souffle deceased fell, his head and side striking against the doorstep. He fell on him. The prisoner caught at the chair as he was going down. The deceased had the prisoner by the arms when falling, but the latter got one arm loose. As they fell one of the prisoner's knees struck the stoop. I think the other was on deceased's legs. They scuffled a little, when deceased said, "That'll do, Jack, you've given me enough." Mr. Rogers then came up and pulled the prisoner off. The prisoner grabbed a chair, and as he raised it it was taken from him. While trying to jerk himself away, the deceased s

CHARGED WITH HERESY.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Oct. 19.—The committee report in the case of Rev. H. W. Thomas, charged with hereey, that they disclaim certain views which Dr. Thomas put forth in his recent sermon as being those of the Methodist Church. They recognize the pure character and intellectual ability of Dr. Thomas, yet claim the Church has the right to exercise moral control over the utterances of its own pulpits, and find that some of his views are destructive of the integrity of Methodism, that he is out of harmony with the Church, and think the issue should be made at once,

LUNENBURG MURDER TRIAL

A Case of Shooting a Depredator—The Jury Considering their Verdict. Considering their Verdict.

Halifax, Oct. 14.—The Supreme Court opened at Lunenburg to-day, Judge James presiding. Four civil cases are set down for trial. The Grand Jury found a true bill against Robt. Smith for the murder of John Huey by shooting on the 10th of last month, and against four members of the Brown family for assaulting a deputy sheriff; against Jeremiah Taylor for assaulting a constable, and against a lad named Wilkie for breaking into a shop and stealing. The trial of Smith commenced to-day. Two witnesses for the prosecution were examined, Alzonas Cronz proving the admission of Smith to shooting Hay.

HALIPAX, Oct. 15 .- The trial of Robert Halifax, Oct. 15.—The trial of Robert Smith, for murder, was continued at Lunen. burg to-day. One witness for the prosecution proved that Smith, about sundown, took his gun and ammunition and went out of his house, saying he was going to watch the orchard; that on his return half an hour after he said he had shot Bub Huey—whom he found leading his (Smith's) horse by the mane—in the legs behind the knees; that he could walk home, but that he could not walk after to-morrow morning. Several witnesses could walk home, but that he could not walk after to-morrow morning. Several witnesses proved finding Huey in the pasture about dusk bleeding profusely, and unable to help himself; that he said he was dying, and that Robert Smith shot him; also, that he said he begged Smith not to take his life, but Smith swore, and said he had watched for him enough, he had got him, and was going to shoot; that they took him after some hours into a house, where he repeated his statements; that they sent to Bridgewater, thirteen miles, for a doctor, but none came, and that the boy died about noon next day.

The evidence for the defence was unimportant.

tant.

Mr. Owen, Q.C., addressed the jury for the defence, and Mr. Kaulback, Q.C., closed for the Crown.

Judge James charged the jury for upwards of an hour, reading the evidence and telling them that the only question for them was whether the prisoner shot the deceased intentionally.

A RUN OF TIMBER.

A New Brunswick River Hidden from Daylight.

A despatch sent the St. John Daily News describes a magnificent spectacle to be seen at Grand Falls: R. Comor's drive of fifteen million feet of lumber that was hung up all summer above St. Louard's has been let loose by the recent rains, and now completely fills the gorges below the falls for a half-mile to the apparent average depth of 200 feet above and below the surface of the river, above and below the surface of the river, forming one of the grandest sights possible to conceive. The great wedge-like mass of timber has formed itself into pyramids, deep gulches, and every imaginable shape, while the water forced from its original level rushes through the chaos of logs with a subdued roar mingling strangely with the noise of a cataract. Never before in the history of Grand Falls has the like been witnessed. On Friday night the jam formed at Lookout Point, half a mile below the cataract. Since then the drive has been in active operation, and the gorge has been in active operation, and the gorge has been steadily filling up by the run of logs till, at the time your correspondent writes, it has filled, the whole gorge and has reached the main pitch, and is now steadily covering up the falls themselves. The dm produced by the logs as they arrive at the brink, pitch over, for a long distance. Country people are flocking far and near to behold the sight, and their example will probably be followed by artists and pleasure seekers from all parts desirous of taking in the curiosity.

EXPORTING SALMON EGGS.

A Large Cargo from California sent to Europe. On the 2nd inst. there was shipped from Sacramento, Cal., an express car containing 5,000,000 salmon eggs, bound for Chicago, there to be distributed among the different Fisheries Commissions. The eggs had been taken from the United States Salmon-breeding ranch, which is situated on the McCloud river, and packed carefully in small boxes containing a swamp moss called sphagnum. ranch, which is situated on the McCloud river, and packed carefully in small boxes containing a swamp moss called sphagnum. The car arrived at Chicago on Sunday last, and 700,000 of the eggs were immediately reshipped to Mr. Frederick Mather, editor of the Forest and Stream and assistant to the United States Fish Commission. They were received yesterday, and upon opening the boxes the eggs were found to be in splendid condition, the loss on the journey from Sacramento not having exceeded 2 per cent. Mr. Mather went to work to repack them in refrigerating boxes, in which the eggs lie upon trays over which is a perforated ice-chamber so arranged that the water from the melting ice will continually drip upon the eggs. By this means the development of the embryo is retarded and hatching prevented during the voyages. Mr. Mather shipped yesterday by the steamship Canada 100,000 for the Societé d'Acclimation of Paris, France, and by the steamship P. Caland, for Rotterdam, 100,000 for the Government of the Netherlands, and 100,000 for Mr. C. J. Bottemann, Superintendent of Fisheries of Holland. On Saturday next the steamship Neckar, Bremen, will take out 300,000 for the Deutsche Fischerei Verein, 56,000 for Mr. Carl Schuster Freiberg, in Baden, and 50,000 for Mr. C. Busse Geestemunde, Germany, thus disposing of the whole 700,000 eggs received. Mr. Mather expects soon to receive another consignment of 50,000 from Chicago, which he will send to England. The salmon eggs are very nearly one-third of an inch in diameter, of a beautiful amber colour, very much resembling currants, and so transparent that the eyes and vertebræ can be very plainly seen. Mr. Mather is confident that in his refrigerating boxes the eggs will reach their destination without any appreciable loss.

Oriminal Negligence.

PRITISBURG, Pa., Oct. 19.—This morning the county authorities began the prosecution of the train men whom the coroner's jury charge with criminal negligence in causing the accident on the P. R. R. on October 9th. The charge is misdemeanour under Act of the Assembly. Routh, conductor, surrendered, and has been bailed in \$10,000. The others will surrender to-day. The Commonwealth will likely bring charges of murder. An Unorthodox Methodist.

ROCKFORD, Ill., Oct. 18.—Rev. Dr. Thomas ROCKFORD, Ill., Oct. 18.—Rev. Dr. Thomas will to-day present to the Conference his reply to the resolutions adopted yesterday asking him to withdraw from the Methodist Church. He declares he does not believe in a material hell, and many of his brethren neither believe nor teach these things, and yet he was charged with heresy for not believing what they themselves did not believe. He cannot see he is out of accord with the Church and will not leave it, especially with these censures hanging over him.

THE COMING DRINK-KAOKA.-Destined THE COMING DRINK—KAOKA.—Destined to entirely supersede tea and coffee. In addition to being an excellent table beverage, it is at the same time an infallable cure for dyspepsia, indigestion, nervousness, constipation, sick headache, sleeplessness, and all complaints arising from derangement of the stomach and digestive organs. Sold in half pound tinfoil packages at ten cents by all first-class grocers and druggists;

The Halifax Coal Company are St. John \$2,000 city deber three per cent. premium.

Somebody has been poisoning to dogs in Cannington.

ighteen bears have been kille rish this season.—Chatham (N.) Trouble in the Uxbridge Divingain, and a clerk has been put in Mr. Kelly McKay, of Upper Queen's county, N.B., recently los dren by diphtheria.

CANADIAN ITEM

Diphtheria is very prevalent in L hip, Perth. Three of Mr. Robert ly have succumbed to it w The Campbellford Herald says the number of manufacturers have late that village for the purpose of village for the purpose of village.

water-power, with a view to por Mr. W. M. Smith, of Walkerto typhoid fever at his residence on last. Deceased was an old resid

village of Paisley, and was well kn county of Bruce. Reports from Glenoak state that black tongue is very prevalent t fatal results. Mr. Wakam lost fo in a week, Mr. L. Hickson, P.M. Peter Ferguson one. The St. Catharines News says the

fishing at Niagara just now. A other day took 1,800 in an afternoor with two hooks on his line took t each draw for 21 times in successi Diphtheria, in its most virulen made its appearance in Bear River, churches and schools have been ord closed by the Board of Health, and are forbidden to enter infected hou The demise of Mrs. McCormic Capt. M. L. McCormick, for man the service of the Red River Tran Company, is announced as having t at Grand Forks, Dakota, on the 4t St. Thomas is the latest aspirant among the sisterhood of cities. It that if it could obtain an extens boundaries the 10,000 inhabitants to secure the passage of an Act of lature constituting it a city could be

Mr. John McTavish, of Palmyra possession a calf only 15 months milk. She has not had a calf. Mr. he noticed in the winter the ot sucked it, and seeing she had a ha and found she gave milk. Miss Florence M. Baker (daught Baker, Esq.), who has for the past been a student at the Ladies' Col tenham, England, recently passed Local Oxford examination, and has quence obtained the degree of Ar Arts.—Yarmouth Herald.

The Dunnville Reform Press s valuable team owned by Mr. John that village, was drowned in the car on Thursday last. They were frig a passing tug, and backed into the front of the vessel and were drown they could be reached. They wer

The Anchor steamer Caledonia hence yesterday for London, G. B. ton, Mass., took for the former cases canned lobsters, and 1,930 ples. The Hibernian also took her day for Liverpool, G. B., 231 cas lobsters and 1,248 barrels apples.

An exchange says a speedy cuepizootic now raging among the hor found in the following:—Ground gitwo (2) tablespoonfuls; German Powder, one (1) tablespoonful; pu mon sized teacup and fill up with and mix with the horses' oats or Give morning and evening until

The people of Wallaceburg and a agitating for the formation of a new to be composed of the Gore of Chat that part of the township of Chatl of the line between the 12th and cessions; also that part of the to Dover known as the Baldoon prope north of the Sydenham. A strong has been appointed to set the neo-chinery in motion.

A very curious and interesting A very curious and interesting the possession of the Rev. J. Ailsa Craig, viz., an old book boun ment, nearly 300 years old, be printer's date, A.D. 1592, just 151 printing was invented by Faust, in is printed in Italian, with Latin and is properly illustrated with quantity suggestive woodcuts. We doubt it an older book in the country.

Messrs, J. Eisenhauer & Co., a burg, received a cablegram about a relating to return cargo for their Anna, and presumed she had arrive Rico. Monday they received a from Porto Rico informing them Anna had not arrived. It is now time the Anna had not arrived. It is now since the Anna sailed from Lune Progress says that fears are entered her safety.

her safety.

Mr. S. Ashley, of Rat Portage, rich specimen of gold-bearing quartivicinity of Rat Portage. A vein of peared to be pure, flexible gold thick as a pipe stem protruded an an inch from one side of the block also visible where it was broken other side. Mr. Ashley says that no end of mineral riches in that prountry, but no extensive steps have taken for their development.

"The Lindsay Post," says the Banner, "wants two more agricult lege sfor Ontario—one at Lindsay, at Kingston. The Post man must headed. One agricultural college i province and the Reform Governs stand, as the history of the past cleacates." Correct you are, friend, unmore wealthy and thoughtful Me without legitimate heirs, and give Means the stand of the stand

without legitimate heirs, and give M a chance to grab a half million or into brick and mortar.—Brantford A few days ago as Conductor R coal train was approaching the Rock on the Salmon River a fair sized the road ahead of the engine, which ning quite fast at the time. The tained a good lead for a long time length the iron horse began to gain and it was only by the most desperat that he could keep clear of the cow After running a distance of four mi nard tumbled from the track quite ex

just in time to clear the wheels of hi pursuer.—Truro Sun. A counterfeit cent is the latest in t A counterfeit cent is the latest in terfeiting line. An employé of this of in his possession a counterfeit on a cent of the pattern issued in 183 counterfeit is complete, and the bacan only be detected by sounding, povery in this instance having been noticing the dull sound of the cechanced to drop on the floor. We profits of counterfeiting and dispossingle cent comes in to an extent counterfeiting for the risk run and the troubless. will puzzle most people, but the fact

-Moncton Times.

The English rabbit was acclim Australia much in the same way as lish sparrow was here, and they h numerous that canneries are now es in almost every township, just as t Should these goods take in this n regular trade may be opened up in for Canadian goods. The English revery delicate morsel. They are invalids, and are capital for shooting in the management of the montreal Heromann and the management of the montreal Heromann management of the montreal management of the montr ing purposes. The Montreal Here that a consignment has been rece merchant in that city.

A few days since a man fishing in a Sambro banks scooped up in his ha that is a habitant of southern, even waters. It is what is called an eleph Its head is shaped like that of an o