took place when the yacht was at some distance from Goa. In a coil of ropes on the deck of the Sunbeam was found a large packet of letters addressed to Lady Brassey. In a brief note he bade farewell to her ladyship, and asked her to forgive him for making this return for all her kindness to him, and asked her to throw all his things overboard, stating that he was so ill that he could not bear it any longer, that he was almost mad.

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TUESDAY, MAY 3, 1887.

HEROIC REFORMS.

It is said that Sir Charles Tupper, if he remains in office, intends introducing into dominion affairs some heroic reforms. This may be; but we are not so sure that Sir Charles does not intend, also, to introduce some heroic expenses. We had just as soon run the risk of the introduction of heroic reforms and see Sir Charles return to his London palace. Anyone who has watched Sir Charles' course in his several offices must have seen that he does nothing in a niggardly way, at all events in his official capacity, and that he is fully capable of introducing heroic expenses. Sir John and Sir Charles introduced an heroic reform in the shape of the office of Canadian High Commissioner. This high functionary was to look after Canada's interests in the mother country. There would be no necessity of ministerial trips to Britain, and the expenses connected with the office would not be large. In this reform Sir Charles was evidently determined that niggardliness should find no quarter. Lest Canadians or Londoners should think him small, he took care to have in his London palace everything that fancy could suggest or art could supply. Though a prohibitionist, he took care that there should be a wine bin in Canada's mansion lest Canada should be charged with smallness in this direction. Lest Sir Charles should be charged with taking no interest in Canadian affairs, he occasionally came across to see us, and lest the government should be thought narrow or discourteous, one or two of our ministers returned Sir Charles' visits, and thus the wheels of the reform moved round.

Sir Charles once undertook to introduce heroic reforms into the management of the Intercolonial railway, but just where the saving was effected we have never been able to determine. We remember that the beautiful and shining locomotives were daubed with black to save polish and labor, but we could never just see that the expenses of the road were lessened.

If Sir Charles will endeavor not to let the debt increase, but keep it stationary, we shall ask no further of him for a time at least. When he has shown the country that he can do that we shall be in a better position to have some one break to us the news of heroic reforms.

We do not know whether Sir John and Sir Charles intend the establishment of new portfolios, and the manufacture of further cabinet handles, as heroic reforms. It is just possible that the people, paradoxical as it may appear, may object, after a time, to heroic reforms. Let Sir Charles use his best efforts to effect an heroic reform in himself and Sir John politically, and the country will bless him, not only as the originator of heroic reforms, but as the hero of a much-needed Reformation.

THE COERCION BILL.

Though several important modifications may be expected in the coercion bill, it is very probable that it will be finally passed by a majority of about a hundred. The liberal-unionists continue to remain firm in their support of the government's Irish policy, notwithstanding that a storm of indignation has been raised against it. The reason of the liberal-unionist leaders continuing to support the government, has before been made known, and while they are such as could not well influence patriotic statesmen, they are sufficient to determine the course of many in whom self-interest occupies no inconsiderable place. It has been clearly shown that many of the liberal-unionists have not only interests in Ireland, but have great possessions, a fact which is the key-note of many of the unionists' action. It is all very well for them, interested as they are, to cry, "severing the empire," but until they have explained away the charge which has been laid at their door, independent thinking men will put but little confidence in this hollow cry. We would be sorry to see Gladstone yield an iota in his home rule measure. If it does not pass the house of commons during the great statesman's lifetime, it will certainly pass when his grave is still green, and though he will not enjoy the honor and pleasant satisfaction which such a wished-for event would give him, to him will be accorded the honor of freeing Ireland from a burden she has long groaned under, and from a system of bondage to which this coercion measure will subject her. "The measure of a master is his success in bringing all men round to his opinion twenty years later," says the great American thinker. Though the coercion bill will pass, it will be but a temporary measure, and though Gladstone's bill may stand aside for a time, we shall see "twenty years later the measure of the master."

STILL ANOTHER.

Minister of Justice Thompson gave notice in parliament last week of a bill to authorize the appointment, at a salary of $6,000 a year, of a solicitor general for Canada. The debt is evidently not increasing fast enough and the government have adopted this means of giving an impulse to it. When the Americans with nearly fifteen times our population can get along with seven ministers, why do Canadians need double that number. Sir John must have us always in the van—of extravagance.

Mr. Frederick Mowatt, son of the premier of Ontario has been appointed to the shrievalty of York, a position said to be worth fully $10,000 per annum. The appointment will be objected to on the ground of nepotism. We cannot endorse this view under the circumstances. A large and influential delegation waited upon the government to press the appointment. The premier was opposed to it and sought strenuously to resist it, but the delegation pressed the appointment upon the other members of the government, on the ground of his exceptional qualification for the position.

However much we may be opposed to nepotism, we cannot see that a man so fitted for the position, should be debarred from filling it because he happens to be the son of the premier or any other member of the government.

The Marquis of Lothian has been chosen by the conservative association of the University of Edinburgh as their candidate for the rectorship of the University, vacant through the death of Lord Iddesleigh. The date of the election is nearly six months distant. The association is evidently desirous of losing no time in placing its candidate before the constituency of undergraduates, and in conducting an active canvass in his behalf.

The Farmers' convention which lately met in Toronto has passed a resolution which goes to show that Ontario farmers are in favor of free trade the world over. The resolution declares it to be the opinion of the convention that the removal of "all restrictions upon trade between the United States and Canada is desirable, and that a commercial union between Great Britain and her colonies would also be to the advantage of all."

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

OTTAWA, May 2.—In the house of commons, this afternoon, Mr. Edgar introduced a bill amending the dominion elections act so as to prevent several abuses which appear to have crept in.

Hon. Mr. Pope introduced a bill to amend the railway act.

Hon. Mr. Carling, replying to Mr. Smith (South Ontario), said the government were considering the policy of prohibiting the importation of cattle from Great Britain and Ireland fearing the introduction of diseased cattle.

Sir John, replying to Mr. Mills, of Bothwell, said if the latter moved for copies of the government's communications with the clerk of the crown in chancery on the subject of gazetting members, the correspondence would be brought down, but the government did not propose to be cross-examined on the subject of instructions of a confidential character.

Sir Charles Tupper, replying to Mr. Perry, said that the government had not set aside $500,000 for P. E. Island, but it proposed in a few days to ask parliament to increase the annual subsidy to that province by $20,000.

Mr. Foster replying to Mr. Gillmor, said the government had caused a preliminary examination to be made with a view of erecting a fog horn and lighthouse on Murr ledges, near the southern head of Grand Manan, but he could not say whether the work will be done this year or not.

Mr. Mulock asked: Is it the intention of the government to pay the cost and expense of the election contest in Queens county, N. B. other than those of election by acclamation, in case it should be determined that the returning officer was right in returning G. F. Baird as elected by acclamation? Sir John said when the case was determined it would be time for the government to announce its intentions.

Hon. Mr. Foster, replying to Mr. Davies, said the department of marine was considering the question of supplementing the Northern Light by a new steamer in maintaining winter communication between New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island.

Several motions for returns were passed, two of which, by Mr. Perry, referred to winter passage across Northumberland straits and iceboats and mail service there.

Mr. Jones also moved for returns of supplies furnished to the Intercolonial railway at Halifax, Truro, etc., during the discussion upon which Peter Mitchell charged that one Edward Sinclair, of Newcastle, who had been a violent partizan in opposition to him during the last election, had been irregularly supplying lumber of an inferior grade to the public service, whereas his agreement called for superior grades.

The minister of railways promised to inquire into the matter,

Mr Edgar availed himself of his motion for correspondence respecting the colonial conference to adversely discuss the question of imperial federation.

Mr Ellis moved for a return of foreign vessels, fishing or other, boarded, ordered off, warned or interdicted in any way during the calendar year 1886 by the vessels employed in the fisheries protection service, or by any customs official, etc. In support of his motion, he referred to the large number of complaints made to Washington by American fishing vessels' owners against alleged unnecessary and improper interference with their vessels when in Canadian ports. These complaints showed that the regulations of the Canadian fisheries service have been enforced with a rigor and severity which had seriously imperilled Canada's relations with the United States. He then cited a large number of cases in point, based upon complaints of American fishermen, and concluded by saying that it was proper that the country should know the truth of these matters.

Mr. Foster said the papers would be brought down as special report.

Mr. Thompson claimed that the charges by American fishermen were mainly unfounded.

Mr. Mitchell said that the administration had done wrong in not allowing Americans to buy line bait as an article of commerce. The motion was then carried, and after passing a minor or so, the house adjourned at 9.30 p. m.

NEWS CONDENSED.

Canadian.

The Grand Trunk railway directors have decided to double track their road between Toronto and Montreal, and have devoted $500,000 toward commencing the work at once.

In the annual exhibition of the Royal Canadian academy—opened last week at Montreal—Mr. John C. Miles, A. R. C. A., is represented by two landscapes, Afternoon, St. John river; and Dulce Gatherers, St. John harbor; Mr. Fred H. Miles, by his Winter Twilight; and Mr. Miles' pupil, Miss Hattie G. Melvin, by her fine study of shells, which has heretofore been mentioned with approval in these columns.

Provincial.

Albert will celebrate the jubilee year by erecting a fine hall on the site of the Oulton hall, destroyed by fire last year.

The frame dwelling house owned and occupied by Mr. Patrick Lynott, at St. George, was totally destroyed by fire Thursday. It was insured for $400 in the British-American.

The people of Aroostook county are naturally up in arms over the new freight tariff as it must eventually kill their tremendous trade with Boston. The Aroostook Herald says that the net price which the Aroostook farmer receives from his potatoes has been reduced 4 cents a bushel and this makes a difference of between $80,000 and $90,000 a year to the whole county.

The funeral of the late Robert Moffat, M. P., took place Friday, at 11 o'clock, from the late residence of deceased on Renfrew street. The Rev. Messrs. Russell, Brown and Fisher performed the obsequies. The pall-bearers were Messrs. Wm. Draper, jr., John Barbarie, John Moffat, Andrew Wallace and Wm. Smith, of Dalhousie; Alexander Dickie, New Mills; Wm West, Campbellton. A special train was run from Campbellton, and a large number of public men were present from all sections of the county. The public schools were closed and business was at a stand-still, every person seeming to feel the great loss which the community has sustained.

MONDAY IN THE BRITISH COMMONS.

Debate on the Crimes Bill—Some Leading Lights Take Part.

LONDON, May 2.—In the house of commons to-night, Mr. Healy moved that the first clause of the crimes bill be so amended as to indicate clearly to what portions of Ireland the bill would be applicable. He suggested that the words "proclaimed districts" be omitted, and that "Kerry, Londonderry and Belfast" be inserted in their stead.

Mr. Balfour, chief secretary for Ireland, declined to accede to this proposal. He said the government intended to apply the clause to all parts of Ireland where the prevalence of crime justified such action.

Mr. Healy asked if bloodstained Belfast where troops had been shot and policemen murdered, was to go free while miserable rackrented districts in the southwest were to be punished.

Mr. Balfour replied that the government would exercise perfect impartiality in suppressing disorder everywhere.

Labouchere said the scope and aim of the bill was to crush out the Nationalists, leaving the Orangemen to do anything they liked. The administration of law was so bound up with Orange faction that it could not be impartial.

Gladstone suggested that the words "proclaimed districts" remain, but that the districts be defined under other clauses of the bill.

Mr. Healy replied that over 300 persons were maimed for life and some killed in the Belfast riots, and that only a few of the rioters had been punished. He said the statement was untrue that there had been no convictions in Kerry. There had been over 20.

Mr. Holmes said not a single "moonlighter" had ever been convicted. It was only by a change of venue that any conviction could be obtained.

Mr. Healy postponed his motion in deference to Gladstone's suggestion, and the amendment proposed by Healy that an inquiry be held only when evidence had been withheld on account of intimidation, was rejected by a vote of 206 to 110, after a discussion that lasted two hours and a half. Healy then moved that the high court, not the attorney general, be empowered to order inquiry.

Mr. Gibson, solicitor general for Ireland, replied that the government was unable to accept the amendment.

Haldane, home rule liberal, proposed to substitute "judge" for "high court," and Healy assented. The discussion being continued, W. H. Smith, first lord of the treasury, amid cries of "shame," moved to enforce the cloture rule. The motion was carried by a vote of 257 to 135. Gladstone and other opposition leaders walked slowly into the opposition lobby, while the parnellites and Gladstonians stood cheering wildly.

Healy's amendment was then rejected by a vote of 231 to 142.

Mr. Nolan moved to report progress on the bill. Mr. W. H. Smith said the government was unable to agree to this because only nine of the 140 amendments to the first clause had been disposed of. Later, however, progress was reported.

Persons who have been troubled all their lives with nervous Headache, Neuralgia and Sciatica have found relief from Tapley's Remedy. It acts directly upon the nervous System. For sale by all druggists.

FROM OTTAWA.

Queensect on Scandal Before Committee this Morning.

A Lively Discussion -- Sir John and Thompson Looking After Baird's Interests.

A Conservative Member Speaks Out Against the Outrage.

An Amendment to Gazette King Voted Down--13 to 16.

Special to Gleaner.

OTTAWA, May 3.—Before the comittee on privileges and elections in the house of commons this morning the Queen's county election scandal came up for investigation. The room was crowded, the party leaders on both sides being present. Baird was present, but Mr. King was not. Neither claimant had counsel.

Thompson, Minister of Justice, argued that it would be better for the committee first to decide whether this was a case in which the committee should appear, or leave the matter to the courts. His own opinion favored the latter view and he moved, therefore, that McCarthy, Weldon, Davies, Hall and Royal be a subcommittee to engage in and report upon precedents by Thursday next.

Blake said the motion reduced the practice of delay to a fine art, and that already, through the action of the returning officer in making an incomplete statement of facts and returns, the possibility of a speedy action by parliament in settling the case was rendered impossible.

Thompson contended that the object of his motion was to expedite the matter.

Weldon denied that this was a controverted election and there were facts before the committee showing that a returning officer had fraudulently deceived and elected a man having a minority of votes. There were no precedents obtainable, because the offence complained of were unique. He moved an amendment that the writ be amended by substituting King's name for that of Baird's, and that King's name be gazetted.

Thompson argued that to gazette King would be to prevent Baird from petitioning.

Mulock said the object of the committee was simply to discover precedents for perpetrating an outrage. There was no right whereby an officer of the people could defeat the will of the people and whatever rights Baird acquired had their sole foundation in fraud. The Minister of Justice was here defending a false entry made by Dunn, as clerk of the court of the people, when Davies challenged Baird to rise before the committee and state on what claim, either of law, or equity, or justice he claimed this seat.

McCarthy spoke against the amendment and Edgar and Mills in favor.

Sir John Macdonald then expressed the hope that the committee would not take the bull by the horns, as was done in the amendment, and incure disastrous consequences, and establish bad precedents.

Paterson, conservative member for Essex, said he should vote for the amendment because he did not think there was reason for delay, and that the case was one for summary decision. This was a question which involved self protection of present and future members. He thought that the Minister of Justice would have strengthened himself and his friends by moving an amendment in the house seating King.

The amendment was then put and lost by 13 yeas, 16 nays, majority against, 3, and the main motion carried.

The committee then adjourned till Thursday.

PLOT TO PREVENT A HANGING.

How it was Proposed to Save Robert Sproule on the Gallows.

A Spokane Falls, W. T. newspaper publishes a sensational story of a plan by which it was intended to save Robt. E. Sproule from death on the gallows. The paper says that the officals of the goal, including the physicans and a harness maker, were in the plot, and determined to arrange a harness in which to encase the prisoner which would bear the entire weight of his body, the same to be worn underneath his clothing, and which would relieve all strain from the neck and prevent strangulation. The contrivance was a singular one in its details, being so arranged that it would require extremely close observation to detect it. The prisoner was to be in possession of the plot and was to all appearance to be hung until dead. The physican's duty was to pronounce him dead, and he was to all appearance to be buried, but in reality it was to be a mock burial and Sproule was to be led outside the city and embark on a foreign vessel. Their plans were well arranged, and it seems that it would have been well carried out but for the faint-heartedness of the physician, who, at the last moment backed out and Robert E. Sproule was swung into eternity. The plot, the paper says, is only just coming out and there will likely soon be an immigration of British Columbia officials across our line into the States. It says the affair if successful would have met the approval of a large portion of the people, who, even yet feel that an innocent man has paid the penalty of some one else's crime, and the hanging is only mentioned in undertones."

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Never have a sink under a window if you can avoid it.

Keep lemons in a jar of water, to be renewed every few days.

Moisture is the greatest enemy of the piano, and it cannot be too carefully guarded against.

Hard soap should be kept in a dry place several weeks before using. It will last much longer.

Never have dark furniture for the kitchen; it shows dust much more than light and requires double the care.

Do not use cracked dishes; they absorb oils or fats from different kinds of food which render them unwholesome.

Ingrain carpets need to be shaken oftener than Brussels, as from their more open weave the dust percolates through them.

ORANGE PIE.—Take the juice and pulp of two large sour oranges and the grated rind of one, a cup of sugar, one egg, a coffee cup of water and two spoonfuls of rice flour; mix these ingredients and bake with two crusts, make the paste very rich.

LEMON PIE.—Express the juice from two lemons, then chop the peel and pulp fine, after removing the seed; beat an egg well, and two-thirds of a cup of flour stirred into three cups of water, two and one-half cups of sugar; mix all together, and fill three pies. Bake with two crusts.

EGGS IN SURPRISE.—Make a small hole in an egg and pierce the yolk with a large needle in order to empty it out of the shell; fill this by means of a small funnel with warm jelly and set to cool on ice; over the whole in the egg you can paste a motto or the name of a child or person.

MINT SAUCE.—Take some fine bunches of mint, wash all sand or grit from them in several clear waters; then remove the stems and chop the leaves fine in the best cider vinegar, adding sugar. The mint sauce, should be as thick as horseradish sauce, and it is the best to put it in little dishes by each plate.

LEMON CHEESE CAKES.—Put into a stewpan one-half a cup of butter, three quarters of a pound of loaf sugar, the yolks of six eggs whisked and strained, and whites of four, the juice of two lemons and the rind of one grated. Keep the whole stirred over a gentle fire until it is as thick as good cream; pour into small jars, and when cold cover with paper before putting on the lid. To be kept in a cool dry place.

A HAMILTON ITEM.—"My wife has been a sufferer from liver complaint for many years. I am glad to be able to testify to the benefit received from Burdock Blood Bitters, as well as in the case of my little boy, who had glandular swellings." J. S. Miller, 77 Victoria Ave. North, Hamilton, Ont. B. B. B. regulates the entire glandular system.

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LONDON, May 2.—During the past week 2,618 emigrants left Queenstown for America. The total for the month of April is 11,854, against 6,656 for April last year.

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The Science of Life is worth more to the young and middle-aged men of this generation than all the gold mines of California and the silver mines of Nevada combined.—S. F. Chronicle.

The Science of Life points out the rocks and quicksands on which the constitution and hopes of many a young man have been fatally wrecked.—Manchester Mirror.

The Science of Life is of greater value than all the medical works published in this country for the past 50 years.—Atlanta Constitution.

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Address the Peabody Medical Institute, or Dr. W. H. Parker, No 4 Bulfinch Street, Boston, Mass., who may be consulted on all diseases requiring skill and experience. Chronic and obstinate diseases that have baffled the skill of all other physicians a specialty. Such treated successfully without an instance of failure. Mention GLEANER, Fredericton, N. B. apr28

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March 31

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Apr 30

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Season 1886.

THE Subscriber, intending to pay greater attention to the RETAIL LUMBER BUSINESS than for the last few seasons, begs to inform the public generally that besides the usual stocks of SPRUCE, PINE, and HEMLOCK LUMBER on hand or sawn to order, will keep constantly on hand

DRY SPRUCE FLOORING and SHEATHING, PINE SHEATHING, DRY HEMLOCK, SPRUCE and PINE BOARDS, and PLANK PLANED on ONE SIDE.

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R. CHESTNUT & SONS.

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10,000 ROLLS ROOM PAPER

All New Designs, from 5 cts. to $1.00 per roll.

GILT AND BRONZE PAPERS, WITH BORDERS TO MATCH, WHOLESALE & RETAIL

—ALSO, A FULL LINE OF—

Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods.

W. T. H. FENETY,

286 Queen Street.

Fredericton, March 5, 1887.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that HENRY BRAITHWAITE, of the City of Fredericton, in the Province of New Brunswick, Lumberer and Trader, has this day made an Assignment of all his Estate and effects to William W. Street, of Fredericton aforesaid, Esquire, in trust, for such creditors as shall execute the said Assignment within sixty days from the date thereof, and that the said Trust Deed lies at the Office of the undersigned, in the said City, for inspection and executions.

Dated this 16th day of April, A. D. 1887.

HENRY B. RAINSFORD, Solicitor.

2m w

A Public Convenience.

American Express Co.

MONEY ORDERS

Are sold payable at over 10,000 places in Canada and the United States, and in the Principal Cities of Europe.

The CHEAPEST and SAFEST Way to Send Money.

RATES FOR ORDERS

PAYABLE IN Canada and in the United States:

Up to $ 5	- - - - -	5 cents
Over $ 5 to $ 10	- - - -	8 cents
" 10 to 20	- - - -	10 cents
" 20 to 40	- - - -	20 cents
" 40 to 60	- - - -	30 cents
" 60 to 80	- - - -	40 cents
" 80 to 100	- - - -	50 cents

PAYABLE IN EUROPE.

Up to $10	- - -	1 cents
Over 10 to 20	- - -	18 cents
" 20 to 30	- - -	25 cents
" 30 to 40	- - -	35 cents
" 40 to 50	- - -	45 cents
" 50 -	- - -	Proportionately.

apr 12—3m t

TO LET!

THE COTTAGE on Regent Street, known as the Woodford Cottage. Apply to

W. H. SCULLY, Corner King and Regent Streets

April 23

NOTICE.

THE SUBSCRIBERS having closed up their business in Fredericton, it becomes necessary to collect all outstanding accounts at once. All accounts not paid on or before the 10th May next will be placed in an attorney's hands for collection

Fredericton, 19th April, 1887.

BRODDERICK BROS.

FOUND.

A POCKET BOOK, containing a small sum of money. Can be had by applying at WILEY'S DRUG STORE.

Apr. 26

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN." LINIMENT

Cures PAINS—External and Internal.

Relieves SWELLINGS, Contractions of the Muscles, Stiffness of the Joints, Sprains, Strains.

Heals Bruises, Scalds, Burns, Cuts, Cracks and Scratches.

Best Stable Remedy in the World.

Cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Diphtheria and all kindred afflictions.

Large Bottle! POWERFUL REMEDY, Most Economical, AS IT COSTS BUT **25 CENTS.**

Druggists and Dealers pronounce it the best selling medicine they have.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

Of which there are several on the market. The genuine only prepared by and bearing the name of

C. C. RICHARDS & CO., Yarmouth, N. S.

TESTIMONIAL:

GENTS,—I have used your MINARD'S LINIMENT in my family for some years and believe it the best medicine made, as it does all it is recommended to do. Yours truly,

DANIEL T. KIERSTEAD.

Canaan Forks, N. B.

DR. SMITH,

CLAIRVOYANT PHYSICIAN,

ALBION HOTEL, FREDERICTON, N. B

Patients unable to attend personally, can have look of their Hair brought in or sent by letter (with fee) $2.00 and get an examination and prescription, or examination 50 cents. His description of the physical condition of a patient from a lock of hair is wonderfully correct.

His success in many cases in this city which baffled the best Physicians can be attested to by parties relieved under his treatment.

BRUSHES

Just Arrived: A Full Line of

PAINT AND WHITEWASH Brushes.

apr27 Z. R. EVERETT.

WANTED.

A GOOD BLACKSMITH & HELPER. One who is a first-class horse shoer. Apply to

ALEX. LEE, Westmorland St., Fredericton.

apr 16

Water-proof Coats.

EVERY COAT WARRANTED. You can get them Cheap at

C. H. THOMAS & CO.'S

Apr. 30

Spectacles on Scientific Principles

D. HARRIS, ENGLISH OPTICIAN.

OFFICE:

53 Germain Street,

St. JOHN, N. B. - - - near Market

Mr. Harris is enabled to suit perfectly even most difficult cases, and his stock being made up on purely Scientific Principles, he can with confidence submit them to his patrons.

Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Saturdays till 10 p. m. dec 4—1y tw w

'86 Dec. '86

Owen Sharkey

Thankful for past favors, wishing his patrons

MERRY CHRISTMAS & HAPPY NEW YEAR,

Begs to state that he has now on hand a Large Stock of Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, ETC.

Many lines of which will be sold at

Reduced Prices

with a view to a change in the business or a final wind-up at as early a day as practicable. The stock comprises in part

Ladies DRESS GOODS

IN

Cashmeres, Stuff Goods, Suitings, Tweeds, &c., all desirable Shades and Colors, Velveteens, Plushes, Mantle Cloths, Mantles, Wool Jerseys, Shawls, Sussaras, Scarfs, Corsets, Fur Caps, Fur Capes and Fur Trimmings, Cashmere and Kid Gloves, Kid Mitts, etc. Also: Prints, Cretonnes, Gray and White Cotton, Shirting, Sheeting, Table Linens, Towelings, Ducks, Denims, Swansdowns, Scarlet, Blue, Gray, White and Fancy Flannels, White and Colored Blankets, Table and Floor Oilcloths, Wool and Hemp Carpets, Cotton Warp.

MEN'S, YOUTHS', and BOYS'

Ulsters, Overcoats, Reefers, Coats, Pants and Vests, Shirts, Drawers, Scarfs, Collars, Ties, Fur Caps in Persian, Lamb', Astrican, Baltic Seal and Coney, Knitted Wool Gloves, Kid Gloves, Kid Mitts, Cardigan Jackets, etc., Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Worsted Coatings, Choice Patterns and Good Value.

TRUNKS, VALISES, and TRAVELLING BAGS, SLEIGH ROBES, SLEIGH BRODERICK BROS. HORSE BLANKETS, REMNANTS of all kinds always on hand.

dec 8 OWEN SHARKEY.

Manure Forks.

Garden Spades, Garden Rakes,

For sale low. apr27 Z. R. EVERETT.

FRED. B. EDGECOMBE.

ALL THE FASHIONABLE FABRICS FOR THE SEASON, WITH TRIMMINGS TO MATCH.

Please Call and Inspect.

NEW DRESS GOODS in great variety

-:- APRIL -:- 20 -:-

SWEET —AND— LOVELY!

61 Barrels of Molasses!

From 8 to 12 Gallons each.

New Crop "Pure Gold Molasses"

CLEAR AS AMBER.

My customers will please recollect this is New Crop, and will be sold very reasonable.

ELY PERKINS

At his Wholesale and Retail Flour Store.

P. S.—77 Boxes New Teas just received, put up in 31bs., 5lbs., 10lbs. and 20lbs. Boxes. Come and try it.

Fredericton, 26th April, 1887.

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to the estate of WHITTIER & HOOPER are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned, at the office of the late firm, or the office of J. A. & W. VanWart.

ARTHUR P. TIPPETT, JAS. A. VANWART, } Trustees.

Fredericton, April 19th, 1887.