

..The Planet..

S. STEPHENSON - Proprietor.

CONGRATULATIONS.

The Planet heartily congratulates Mr. John Sowerby and the members of his bowling rink upon their splendid success in London.

That in a competition embracing all the best clubs of the Province the Maple City representatives proved themselves the champions, is a fact of which we are all proud and grateful. That so many magnificent rinks fell before them is but a higher tribute to their skill and proficiency. The Maple City is exceedingly proud of your success, gentlemen. Congratulations!

MACHINISTS RETURNING TO WORK.

Early in May the machinists working for the Lehigh Valley Railroad company went out on a strike for shorter hours and the same pay. The company had always dealt liberally with its men, but labor agitators like President Shaffer, who wanted to show the great authority they had with the unions, ordered a strike and out the men went. They have had nearly three months of idleness in which to think over their folly, and many of the men who concluded to think for themselves went back to work. The union has finally declared the strike off, and the men will return to work. These strikers are educators, and the men who have had a few months of enforced idleness, or have lost their jobs altogether, will think twice before obeying the order of any so-called labor president to strike. If the wages paid were poor there might be good cause for revolt, but where a strike is ordered in order to show the power of labor over capital, it is very foolish and works great hardship to men who are satisfied and are willing to let well alone.

THE PRO-BOER MOVEMENT.

The disorganization of the Liberal party in Great Britain is another example of the pernicious effects of coquetting with veiled treason in an effort to make political capital, says the Ottawa Citizen. That is one thing the public all over the empire won't tolerate. The Liberal party has allowed itself to be compromised by a handful of irresponsible cranks. Even the Government was deceived into deference to the pro-Boers for a time and the campaign in South Africa has been much prolonged on the one hand by the encouragement given the Boers by these people and on the other by the paralyzing effect of the agitation in preventing the Government taking decisive measures to end the war. The revelations contained in President Steyn's papers will do, and no doubt have done, much to open the eyes of the British people. The prolonged resistance has not been so much a fight to a finish as a waiting game depending for success on some development to be brought about by the pro-Boer treason-mongers at home and political complications on the continent. The British people cannot remove the latter source of hope—it has practically removed itself—but it can remove the former. Repressive measures directed against those who "give aid and comfort to the enemy" at home may be considered a strong remedy, but a vigorous and decisive move in that direction would probably be as effective in removing one of the main props of the Boer resistance as vigorous war measures in the field. Documentary evidence was procured in Pretoria which convicts several of the British leaders in the pro-Boer movement of treasonable communication with the enemy and there is little doubt if the Government had foreseen the prolonged resistance which the movement in England would encourage it would have taken action. But it is not too late. The Liberal party has evidently awakened to the compromising result of playing into the hands of the pro-Boers and the fact should awaken the Government to the realization that public feeling will sustain strong measures in the national interest.

LORD ROSEBERRY'S ATTITUDE.

The London correspondent of the New York Tribune, who, unfortunately, dishes up the editorial synopsis of the week's news which Canadian papers publish, devotes space to a sarcastic attack upon the attitude of Lord Rosebery in connection with the split in the Liberal party at home. As a matter of fact, Lord Rosebery's position, while it may not meet with the approval of American newspapers, is one which will commend itself to every British subject as courageous and patriotic. He believes that when the empire is threatened by an enemy the opposition should support the government in every possible way, reserving criticism on the conduct of the war until the danger is past. This is exactly what the Liberal party in Great

Britain and its pro-Boer annex have not been doing. It may be urged that the danger to the empire is past; but war is like a conflagration the danger is never past until it is thoroughly ended. No person knows what moment a European complication might precipitate a first class war on England, in which contingency the chances are more than even that we would lose the whole of South Africa, or, at least have to reconquer it from the sea when the other war was over. Under such conditions, any British subjects who do or say anything calculated to prolong the present resistance of the Boers, are enemies to their country and might easily be responsible under imaginable circumstances for a series of disasters which would seriously affect the prestige of the Empire. Of such Lord Rosebery is not. He desires to remove himself from any suspicion of being connected with any such people or the section of the Liberal party which has allowed itself to be compromised by a home guard of reckless, notoriety-hunting irresponsibles. Free speech is a grand thing. But there is a time for everything, and the time for running down your country and slandering your soldiers is not when that country is still waging a long and difficult war with its army 7,000 miles away, and an armed Europe across the channel, almost any state of which would be only too glad to take advantage of the situation if enough of them could be got to act in concert to dare the experiment. Free speech is all right until it gets too free. Even in the British house of commons "the clutcher" has to be moved occasionally. It is about time the British nation moved the clutcher on the pro-Boers.

W. T. Goffe, recently connected with the Canadian Trade Review, of Montreal, now a resident of Grimsby, is planning to issue a daily paper for Grimsby and district. He will call it the Peninsular, and intends to have the first number out by July 25th, or August 1st.

The Deutschland, of the Hamburg-American line, has crossed the ocean from New York to Plymouth in five days and a half. It is estimated that the route travelled is seven hours longer than the route from New York to Liverpool. At the same rate of speed, says the Windsor Record, it is estimated that the passage from Sydney to Britain could be made in three and one-third days.

SHE AM.

Ottawa Citizen. The question is being asked, Has the shirt waist come to stay? In other words, is it a waist of time?

CHEAP ENOUGH, IF IT'S GOOD.

Kingston Whig. Boiled water, with just the tincture of tea, and cooled with ice, is the best drink in summer, and it is a drink anyone can have.

DANGEROUS BRILLIANCY.

Brantford Expositor. The Expositor tower was struck and damaged by lightning this morning. Thus we are reminded of the danger of being bright, for bright things attract the lightning.

WHEN RUBE TOOK IN THE MID-WAY.

Toronto Star. There would be a big business done in pink lemonade and ham sandwiches at the Buffalo fair on Saturday during the visit of the Hamilton newspaper men.

MUSEUMS.

New York Tribune. And now the sword, the lance and the bayonet are to be discarded as weapons, by an edict of the British war office. What is to become, if this process of elimination continues, of the traditional splendors of the military service, of the pomp, and panoply of glorious war?

IF.

Halifax Herald. If the Laurier government has an atom of sense, or can gain such atom from others, it will go in for the fastest Atlantic line that can possibly be obtained, and thus, with our shorter route, place the Dominion line easily and conspicuously first in trans-Atlantic passenger traffic.

TWO GREAT MEN.

Hamilton Spectator. After discussing Goldwin Smith's vegetarian rot, Brer Adolphe Smith, of the Bobcaygeon Independent, tells his readers that the food of the future will be prepared in chemical laboratories. Brer Smith has been experimenting with chemical food, in the back parlor of Mrs. Lane's hotel, for years, and with satisfying results. The favorite dish is purely vegetable, being made up of lemon, sugar, water, nutmeg and another ingredient the name of which has slipped our memory, but which is understood to be manufactured from corn. Smith is practical, while Smith is only a theorist.

DR. KOCH'S BIG DISCOVERY

Bovine and Human Tuberculosis not the Same—Doubts Mutual Infection.

Cattle Cannot be Infected With Human Tuberculosis and Vice-Versa—Proposition Follows.

London, July 23.—A feature of today's session of the British Congress on tuberculosis was Dr. Robt. Koch's paper, which was listened to with the deepest interest by a big gathering in St. James' Hall. Lord Lister, professor of surgery in the Glasgow and Edinburgh universities and one of the British vice-presidents of the congress, introduced the noted German professor to the assembly.

TWO VARIETIES OF TUBERCULOSIS.

During his address to the congress Dr. Koch said his experiments had satisfied him that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis were radically different diseases, and that he had amply demonstrated that cattle could not be infected with human tuberculosis. The counter-proposition, that human beings were not liable to infection from bovine tuberculosis, was harder to prove, the doctor said, owing to the difficulty of experimenting upon human subjects, but that personally he was satisfied such was the case. He then entered into a lengthy analysis of the best methods of preventing consumption.

NEW YORK SYSTEM ADVOCATED.

Dr. Koch also highly complimented Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, pathologist and director of the bacteriological laboratories of the New York City Health Department, upon the repressive measures concerning tuberculosis taken in New York City, where, he said, the mortality from tuberculosis had been reduced 35 per cent. since 1886, and recommended the system organized by Dr. Biggs in New York to study and imitation of all municipalities. Dr. Koch closed his remarks expressing his belief that the ultimate stamping out of tuberculosis was possible.

DR. KOCH INTERVIEWED.

In an interview Dr. Koch said:—"I arrived at the discovery through what I consider practically indisputable tests. These experiments lead me to believe that human tuberculosis and bovine tuberculosis are two entirely distinct species. I have found the human tubercle incapable of inoculation into the animal system. Proceeding from that premise, I am prepared to show that humanity's far-reaching precautions against infected cattle may once for all be abandoned."

STIRS ALL EXPERTS.

Dr. Koch's new theory has produced an effect like that of a lyddite shell. Dr. Allen F. Haight, of Chicago, official representative of the American Medical Association, said:—"If I had not heard Dr. Koch quietly announce his discovery in course of private conversation it would seem to me absolutely incredible. I can only say that Dr. Koch is too profound a student and has too much reputation at stake to promulgate such a proposition unless convinced of its soundness beyond a shadow of doubt. If he is able practically to demonstrate his claims the sanitary systems of the world will be shaken to the very roots. 'Revolution' but faintly expresses what the discovery will precipitate."

WHAT DR. REYNOLDS SAYS.

English experts talk of the theory with mingled astonishment and contempt. Health Commissioner Reynolds, on being advised of Dr. Koch's discovery, said:—"The discovery is certainly of the highest importance, especially as regards milk. As far as meat is concerned it has not been generally believed that it contained elements of danger when it had been cooled, therefore the announcement is of comparatively less significance to the civilized people of the world. 'Milk' taken in its natural state is a different proposition. While probably nobody is desirous of drinking the milk of tuberculosis infected cows, yet a great boon is assured if it can be consumed with impunity. The discovery will have a practical result in simplifying the work of milk inspection, although not rendering this unnecessary."

OF SPECIAL INTEREST

To Hay Fever Sufferers.

Sufferers from hay fever and summer catarrh will be interested to learn that there is a new, simple, inexpensive but effective home treatment for this obstinate and baffling disease, and that a booklet fully describing the treatment will be mailed free to anyone by addressing the F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

Doubtless this statement of a cure and positive preventive of hay fever will be received with skepticism by the thousands who have found the only relief every year was a change of climate during the summer months.

But whether skeptical or not it will cost nothing to investigate this new treatment. Simply send name and address on a postal card to F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., for the booklet which, besides describing the treatment contains a concise treatise on the cause and character of this peculiar disease.

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153 Curtain Ends (manufacturer's samples) choice range of patterns in white, cream, and ecru, 11-4 to 21-2 yards long, 45 to 60 in wide, Your pick, Friday.

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25 dozen children's fancy handkerchiefs, pretty borders, assorted styles, worth 30c each, Friday, each—

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70c.

15 dozen ladies' half sleeve vests, soft elastic weave, finished yokes, Friday each

50c.

8 only, Boys' Wash Suits—Neat patterns, American percale, prettily made, ages 3 years to 10 years, Friday each

48c.

Men's Cambric Shirts—Fine quality, neat hair-line stripes and pin-checks, soft bosoms, fast colors, sizes 14 to 17 in., regular 75c, Friday

48c.

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Now is the opportune time to place your order for a Spring Suit. Do not leave it until the rush—the first. We are now in a better position to serve you in every way. You will have first choice of our New Summer Goods of which we carry the largest and best selected stock of any in the City. Our Cutter, Mr. Williston, is a thorough mechanic and has more but first-class Men Coat makers under his directions. We guarantee to save you money on Ordered Clothing and make them first-class and up-to-date. We also carry a stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING. We have the best \$1.50 and \$2.00 Ready-Made Pants in Canada. Try us for a pair.

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Is the favorite of the strong and weak.

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Pleases the most refined customers and gives the best of satisfaction.

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Is known for its genuineness, and is made of pure malt only.

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Baddeck, June 11, 1897.
C. C. RICHARDS & CO.
Dear Sirs,—MINARD'S LINIMENT is my remedy for NEURALGIA. It relieves at once.
A. S. McDONALD.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

ARSENIC IN BEER.

London, July 24.—The commission appointed to inquire into the use of arsenic in beer, has made a preliminary report, in which the opinion is expressed that the access of arsenic in brewing is unavoidable with the use of certain ingredients. It admits that there is some force in the objection that it is hardly possible to produce

beer that is free from arsenic, but the committee will ultimately recommend that a standard test be established, defining the proportion of arsenic that is to be regarded as wholly inadmissible.

—If you are losing appetite, lying awake nights, take Hood's Sarsaparilla—it's just the tonic you need.