

FEARS THE EXTENSION OF THE INFLUENCE OF CHINESE

Calcutta Paper Tries to Get up Some Excitement----A Prisoner
Who Was Attacked by a Leopard----The Evils of Child
Marriage. Horrible Cruelty to Which Girl Was Exposed.

CALCUTTA, April 25.—The "Pioneer" has been the first to publish the "Yellow Peril" Alarm in a new fashion. In a striking article on India's danger points the "Pioneer" considers at some length the possibility of the extension of Chinese influence in India. In this article this newspaper thinks that this may take place by a process of gradual infiltration of traders and immigrants rather than by reason of any great warlike movement. It says the "Pioneer":—Perhaps the greatest danger to India is the increasing of the dark-skinned races will come when the pressure of the yellow begins to be felt. It is not the brown races that are so much to be feared as the yellow ones. It will be the task of statesmanship to reconcile whatever may be the inevitable necessity to train the brown races so that they may be able to defend their rights not merely by force of arms, but by the superior capacity for industry and enterprise by equality and superiority of capacity for the industrial rivalry and conflicts which are likely to be the result of the anticipated invasion. Simply stated it is not the task of the British or of

"I have just received two letters which will show that Ireland can produce tobacco of the same quality as the tobacco which is raised in the United States. I extract from a letter written by Dr. C. D. Campbell, of Louisville, who is one of the largest rehandlers of tobacco in the United States, that it is most interesting to me to see your tobacco, and I can only say your progress in this line is most gratifying and wonderful. As you know I see a large quantity of tobacco in progress of curing in the open air, and I am sure you believe I can truthfully say your crop at this stage will compare with the average crop at the same period in the United States. I am very sincerely having seen what I have I confess I shall watch with even greater interest the future development of your tobacco." "The second letter was written by Mr. F. E. A. Goodwin of the firm of Goodwin, Sons & Co., of Liverpool, who are the largest brokers in Liverpool who says in a letter dated the fourth of July, 1906, that he has been growing on your own and neighboring estates which I had the pleasure of examining in your barn last week. I beg to say that I am very much impressed with the impression which appears to be general among the Irish people that you are the only person in the world who has been successful in growing tobacco in Ireland. As the result of the efforts to secure the tobacco of the quality of the provisions for the poor the committee points out that over one hundred acres of land, which is the best of the parts of the town. The result is, to aggravate the horrible overcrowding in the slums, and to add to the suffering of the poor inhabitants alone, but to the health of the entire town. The committee is now working on this overcrowding. "A mother and five children were evicted from Paradise Row, a street in the center of the town, because the neighbor. The neighbor had small dwelling also. So here in one small dwelling are crowded together the mother and five children. The same is the case with people in all. The room occupied by the family just dispossessed measures only 10 feet by 12 feet, and is not giving just air space for six human beings, that the local government board has refused to let the family move out of the room for the accommodation of a new family." "No Irish Nationalist could help being impressed by the fact that the only man in the Irish slave chain cemetery when John O'Leary was laid to rest. He belonged to the old school which was the only one that was not out. There never was an occasion on which the

that the climate of Ireland was too moist and foggy for the growth of tobacco. It is not possible to admit of anything but indifferent or common tobacco being raised there. I was surprised, however, to find that you and Mr. Raymond of the physical force party to which Mr. O'Leary himself belonged and also representatives of the new ideas that have come into politics in recent years, Mr. O'Leary was never an enthusiastic for the Irish language, nevertheless one of the most prominent of his associates was Douglas Hyde. The green flag of Ireland and his coffin came from America, and was brought to Ireland by Mr. Raymond from Irishwomen of New York, who made it. Mr. Redmond himself in a recent speech at the funeral of the poet in Dublin, reserved tribute to the career of John O'Leary and referred to Gladstone's celebrated statement that the Irish language was the death of John O'Leary. It is probable that all of the members of the staff of the "Irish Standard" passed the day of the funeral at the residence of Mr. Raymond Rose.

The nomination of Mrs. Besant by the late Colonel O'leott to the presidency of the Theosophical Society has been a source of much discussion and approval and she has written to the branches of the society an account of the vision which brought about her nomination.

"I was sitting," she says, "among other things, 'with the president—the evening before the appearance of the Blessed Masters to the world."

A prisoner in Rampore, Boshla, Gao) has clear evidence as to the existence of certain inconveniences inseparable from prison life which all reasonable criminals more or less unwillingly accept. The man, who is being commiserated will draw the line at being marked down and clawed by a leopardine in the scudion of the prison. He is not, however, expected to have been inspired by a suffragette-like curiosity as to the make-up of the inside of a prison, and having got to the highest point of his knowledge of the wall she encochored herself among the low brick piers on which the old barracks are raised from from the ground. He is not, however, expected a prisoner in the yard at work clearing up the premises, and promptly leaped upon him, striking him to the ground, and then, then. Then with the fickleness of her sex she suddenly changed her mind and in an access of rhyms ran away and hid in the bushes.

Colonel R. S. Wier, Inspector General of Prisons, happened to be in the village at the time, and to him the prisoner was taken. He cannot be said that the duties of an Inspector General of Prisons include the destruction of tigers. Colonel Wier did not stop to think of this, and he was not a rifle. After some difficulty in getting within striking distance of the intruder as she lay in her fastness, he fired and in doing so he was behind her shoulder, after which nothing remained to be done except to drag out the carcass and record the size, measurements and weight of the tiger.

While it is quite generally known

**THIS MAN'S WIFE DID NOT
WANT TO BE SOLD**

French Peasant Being Sued Because He
Failed to Complete the Bar-
gain Made

**NO CLUE TO IDENTITY OF
MISS SMITH OF AMERICA**

Young Woman Who Met With a Strange
Death on English Coast Not
Yet Recognized.

ODD MIXTURE OF CALLOUSNESS AND COURTESY IN TRANSVAAL PARLIAMENT

that the custom of child marriage is dying out such incidents as the following make friends of childhood wish that the East could occasionally be hustled a little. A girl of twelve was married at Khorumpore, in Basirhat, as to the leadership just as Theosophists all over the world appear to be divided. Among the more conservative leaders there is a disposition to await developments before accepting the presidency of Mrs. Besant.

PARIS, April 12.—The court of the Haute Loire has before it a case brought by a peasant who claims \$600 and another who claims \$1,000, for non-fulfillment of a contract for the sale of his wife. The man who bought the action in the first case paid \$100 for it, and the second \$50. When the woman heard of the transaction she not only refused to leave her husband's house, but she threatened to sue the two men for seduction. The court thought of them. The buyer was furious at not being able to obtain the wife, and the contractor was angry and signed and he determined to seek legal redress.

It is said that sales and purchases have taken place in the district several times during recent

LONDON, April 12.—All efforts to determine the identity of "Miss Smith, the prophetess," who presented the American people with her present time prophecies and unarrailing predictions, have failed.

The body was found at sea at Tenby a few days ago. The young lady, who was known to her friends as "Frida," was found at Tenby on Friday evening and went to the Tudor hotel, where she registered as "Miss Smith." She was taken to the police station, told the landlady that she intended to go to London and thence to Ireland and was released. She was taken to the police station on Saturday afternoon, having sent word that she was going to one of the village churches, but she never returned.

Her body was found on the cliffs at Waterynch, about half

Samuel Marks an Eccentric Individual — His Opinion of the Jews

TO INCREASE THE HEIGHT OF THE ASSOUAN DAM	EMPEROR WILLIAM WOULD LIKE TO VISIT AMERICA
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BRITISH MILITARY OFFICER IN A TUSSELE WITH A BEAR

PRETORIA, April 13.—The so-called triumph of "Het Volk" has swept into the Union many characters head of that firm, is a man of great wealth, is a general favorite and quite a character in his way. He prides himself on being a "Swiss."

Egypt's Water Storage to be Enlarged, Making 1,000,000 More Acres Fit for Cultivation.	Wants to Come for at Least Three Months But Fears He is Unable to do so.
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ST. PETERSBURG, April 13.—Reports have been circulating here of Capt. Stanley, the British naval attaché, having been badly mauled by a bear. The facts are as follows: Captain Stanley was out in the country with horse on Sunday on a bear hunt. He shot a bear at close quarters and did not get away from him. He jumped aside, but fell and the bear then attacked him, causing some in-

to the upper bourgeoisie of the old Boer regime. Whether they will be able to do so well or not remains to be demonstrated. J. E. van der Merwe is the chairman of the Farmer's Union and by no means over subservient to Het Volk. Robertson, who is a "Boer" but an "oud Burger" and married to a Boer wife, is a Boer of the Boers; A. D. Wolmarans is the only remnant of the old Krugerite school, most unpopular of the community, as having been the third with Kruger and Leyds of the triumvirate who collared the funds, did none of the fighting, make Holand a rendezvous and a place of refuge for the Boers, and a good representative man, worthy of the position; a Pretoria magnate, once connected with the firm of Lewis

CAIRO, April 13—The council of ministers has decided that the height of the Assouan Dam should be increased in order that the level of the water stored in the reservoir may be raised twenty-two feet.

This decision has been taken only after an exhaustive survey of the Nile valley between Wady-Halfa and Khartoum which proved that no suitable site for a dam of the required capacity was available between Khartoum and Khartoum.

The other alternative, therefore, was to raise the existing dam.

The quantity of water stored by the new dam will be two and one-half times as much as at present, and by the existing dam. The new supply will be sufficient to irrigate about one million acres. About 35,000 acres of land under cultivation are situated in the northern tract of Egypt, a large part

BERLIN, April 13—The "Berliner Zeitung," is authority for the statement that when the Emperor went to the American embassy to dine last evening he took with him his private secretary, Prince von Helldorf, himself in the costume of the Duke of Frederick the Great for Prince Power, but also toys for the children of the ambassador. As he walked through the English park, the remark of one of the English guests, he said, "Oh, you I should very much like to visit in the United States, but not as Emperor."

The emperor's private secretary, who for a fortnight as the fashion will globe trotters, but for at least three months. But who would represent in the United States? The emperor's colleague, President Roosevelt thinks me if I were to give the lie to the theory of hard work and little play.

which is Government property. It is proposed to use this additional water for irrigation of the land for which it is intended. The Government is to increase the value of the increase in the cotton crop which this irrigation water will produce to the benefit of the peasants. The Government will pay \$18,000,000 and \$20,000,000. Unfortunately this imposes on the Government a heavy burden. The Government is further submerging the Phylae Temple and other Nubian monuments. Every year the Government must minimize the injury. An archaeological