

REBELS REFUSE TO LAY DOWN ARMS

Reported to Have Taken Town in Mexico—Insurgents at Mazatlan Restless

Mexico City, June 16.—From four widely separated points in the republic news has been received of disturbances of a revolutionary character. This information has served to embarrass the federal government. At the National Palace the importance of the events was minimized, but there appeared to be no doubt that the disturbances reflect a spirit of unrest and the return of Madero will be welcomed. It is thought that he will be able to assist materially in pacifying the disaffected elements.

The disorders reported were in the states of Tabasco, Jalisco, Vera Cruz and Mexico. There appears to be no connection between them whatever. The trouble in the state of Jalisco was due to dissatisfaction on the part of the Indians living near Lake Chapala. It is a minor anti-foreign movement directed against German and American farmers. The Indians in 1910 threatened to expel the foreigners and resume control of the lands held by their forebears before being subdued by the Spaniards. Certain of the foreigners were notified Tuesday by a body of fifty armed men that they were given three days to vacate their property, and that if they remained at the end of that time they would be driven by force. Alarmed by this threat, a few of the farmers have sent their families to Ocotlán, where they will remain pending developments.

The disturbance in the state of Vera Cruz was occasioned by a small body of insurgents who declined to give up their arms and return to their homes. They are reported to have taken possession of Acapulcan, a small village in the southern border. No casualties are reported. The federal government has issued orders to the former rebel leader Tapia to proceed against them. In the state of Tabasco, no active revolutionary character was discovered in the town of Comalcalco. Prisoners declared that they had been asked to join in a new movement against the government. The local authorities are in control of the situation. Declaring that neither he nor his men were satisfied with the choice of governor in the state of Tabasco, a rebel leader who is said to have in his command more than 1,000 men, has boasted that he will lead his force upon the state capital, and reorganize the state government to his own liking.

It also represented that 500 insurgents who were recently paid off in Mazatlan have assumed a hostile attitude toward the established authorities and are preparing to continue fighting. Copies of the official call for the holding of primaries on October 1 for a general presidential election were posted in the federal districts yesterday.

With a view to abolishing the system of patronage existing in the state of Yucatán, a committee of planters arrived here to discuss conditions with officials of the interior department.

Two Americans Killed. Washington, D. C., June 16.—Two Americans, Dr. Foster and Patrick Glennon, have been killed in Alamo, Mexico, and Mr. Sawdatt, the American consul at Ensenada, in reporting the fact to the state department, adds that there is dangerous turbulence at Ensenada.

The vice-consul says the Mexicans causing the trouble were to a great extent recruited in the United States, some being reported to be naturalized American citizens. The state department has reminded the Mexican government that some time ago it gave permission for Mexican troops to cross American territory with a view to the restoration of peace and order in Lower California and that it is now depending on Mexico to make these advances impossible. The state department announced yesterday that it has been ascertained that the Chinese government never contemplated the dispatch of a warship to Mexico to subvert the constitution of indemnity for the killing of several hundred Chinese by Mexican insurgents during the revolution. It is stated that possibly a Chinese warship participating in the coronation celebration at London may pay a ceremonial visit to Mexican and American waters on the return voyage, but this would be entirely disconnected from the preference of any indemnity claims.

TO FIGHT WHITE PLAGUE.

New Westminster, June 15.—The campaign against tuberculosis occupied principal attention at the meeting of the Local Council of Women. The committee, who had called attention to certain moral reforms before the city council, reported the result of their efforts, and a further duty was entrusted to them of urging before the city fathers the necessity of enforcing the civic by-law against extortion on the streets.

The Ministerial Association will also be approached with a view to an annual sermon being preached on the subject of prevention of the white plague, while steps will be taken to get a physician to lecture on the subject here.

Another matter taken up by the council was the pure milk supply, and ladies came out strongly for the principle of sealed bottles, hoping the city fathers will come to this solution of the problem.

The various associations in the city working for the betterment of the city, the Y. M. C. A. sent in reports, and the matter will have further consideration.

Miss Jay, provincial vice-president, will be with reference to the provincial conference, which will be held in this city on September 12 and 13, for which arrangements are now in hand.

LORD ROBERTS INSPECTS CANADIANS

Lord Kitchener Will Review Troops on Monday—Outings for Coronation Contingent

London, June 16.—Lord Roberts inspected the Canadian coronation contingent to-day. Lord Kitchener will inspect them on Monday.

The Canadians are camped in a close company with 1,500 odd soldiers from all parts of the Empire, from the back blocks of Australia, the wilds of Rhodesia, the sweet-scented island of Ceylon, Hong Kong, British Guiana, Barbados, Trinidad and Malacca.

The men live under military rule, but with a kindly latitude which the time of festivity and the overwhelming London hospitality demands. Revelle sounds at 6 o'clock, two hours later breakfast is served of fish, bacon and eggs, ham, bread and butter, tea and coffee. Dinner with a pint of beer to every man who likes, comparatively few of the Canadians seem to be served at 1 o'clock, and comprises various joints and many vegetables, cheese, bread and butter. For tea at 5 o'clock the men have supplies similar to those at breakfast. The food is brought in fresh every day and cooked in camp.

The troops undergo a course of drill every day, and on Sunday they march through the streets to service at St. Paul's cathedral, Westminster Roman Catholic cathedral, and at places of worship belonging to other denominations. During the day there are brake rides to the eight exhibition grounds, journeys at single fares on the railways and free tickets to theatres and places of entertainment in abundance.

Saturday's programme includes a trip to Windsor and the great aviation grounds at Brooklands. On Monday the Crystal Palace will be visited and Newbury races are to be taken in on Tuesday. There is a river trip to Gravesend on Wednesday and a visit to Woolwich, and Thursday the coronation.

A number of the officers can be accommodated in Westminster Abbey, but the whole contingent are delighted to learn that they are expected to leave in the King's progress through the metropolis.

TRAIL BASEBALL CLUB.

Trail, June 15.—Baseball was played on an organized basis in Trail at a meeting held in the city hall. The following officers were elected for the season: Hon. president, S. G. Haylock; hon. vice-president, J. H. Schofield, M. P. P.; Mayor, W. P. Stewart; hon. president, J. H. Schofield; hon. vice-president, S. Butler; secretary, R. Swartz; manager, J. A. MacKinnon.

NEW WESTMINSTER ESTIMATES FOR YEAR

Amount to \$403,402 for 1911—Moses B. Cotsworth Submits Another Report

New Westminster, June 15.—The estimates for 1911 were finally passed at the last meeting of the city council. The estimated total \$403,402.50. The largest items in the receipts are: Taxes \$186,582.50; light, \$85,000; water, \$65,000; Government grant to schools, \$19,320; licences, \$15,000; road tax, \$2,000; market, \$5,500; rent, \$5,000; Lulu Island bridge refund, \$10,000. The balance is made up of receipts from building permits, police and pound, postage fees and sundries. The main items in the expenditure are: Finance charges, \$159,891.74; Board of Works, \$26,231.57; light department \$44,269.18, and schools, \$68,269.

Moses B. Cotsworth gave the council his annual report. He says he has sent out purchase notices totaling \$42,053.27 for tax sale balances. There are 89 cases in which he cannot find addresses of defaulters. He said he was unable to find the power to help the city "without further charge than your ordinary accruing audit expenses," and said he was prepared to collect accounts he had surcharged.

After some discussion by the council, the report was laid over for a week. An interesting discussion took place when Sheriff Armstrong addressed the council on behalf of the committee appointed by the R. A. and I. Society. Mr. Armstrong asked for an apology from the council for their failure to attend at the special meeting called by the council to meet the committee. Two alternative explanations were forthcoming from the others. The interesting part of it came when the mayor asked the representative of the R. A. and I. Society why the aldermen on the board of control were not notified of the meeting which appointed the committee. Mr. Armstrong said he was under the impression that the aldermen had refused to act and promised to bring a letter to this effect. No knowledge of this letter was obtainable in the council, however.

APPEAL PROBABLE.

New Westminster, June 15.—The test case, City of Westminster vs. Ruddick, was set out for the police court by Magistrate Edmonds in favor of the corporation, Ruddick being mulcted in \$25 and costs of the prosecution. The case was one taken under the city's trade regulations by the by-laws, which make it compulsory for a hawker to pay a permit fee when selling goods from door to door. Ruddick had been selling a patent vacuum carpet cleaner, and his defense was that without a license was decided to be contrary to the by-laws which regulate such trading. An appeal may possibly follow.

COMPETITION MUST NOT BE STIFLED

Judgment Against Three Subsidiary Companies of the Standard Oil

Topoka, Kan., June 16.—The Kansas supreme court yesterday afternoon handed down a decision in the state's suit against three subsidiary companies of the parent Standard Oil Co., prohibiting them from combining to stifle competition.

Three companies against which the suit was brought are the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana, the Standard Oil Co. of Kansas, and the Prairie Oil and Gas Co., all subsidiary to the Standard Oil Co. of New Jersey. Each of these companies is chartered in Kansas to produce, purchase and otherwise procure crude oil, to refine it and to market it. None of the companies have been doing this, according to the findings, but each has been working as part of a system.

It is brought out in the evidence that the Prairie Oil and Gas is the transportation company purchasing the crude oil and transporting it to the Standard Oil Co. of Kansas, which is the refining company. The latter turns the refined product over to the Standard Oil company of Indiana, which is the marketing standard of the enterprise. The state asserts that this division of labor showed an illegal agreement between the three.

The defendant companies are enjoined from owning stock in each other; they are enjoined from selling petroleum or petroleum products cheaper in one part of the state than in another for the purpose of driving out competition; and from making agreements with any person or firm to cause the latter to refrain from handling or selling oil in Kansas.

Standard Oil company of Indiana, the selling company, is also enjoined from selling under different brands or trade names oil of the same quality.

Urges Prosecution. Washington, D. C., June 16.—Senator Pomeroy in a speech yesterday, called on the attorney-general to undertake the criminal prosecution of the officers of the Standard Oil and American Tobacco companies under the recent decision of the United States supreme court in the case of the two corporations.

He did not ask for action on his resolutions instructing the attorney-general to begin the suits, giving way to Senator Nelson, who desired to speak on Canadian reciprocity, but he will press for a vote in the immediate future. Taking up the cudgels in behalf of Attorney-General Wickersham, whom Mr. Pomeroy had criticized, Senator Kenyon declared that the political head of the department of justice had achieved more results in his prosecution of trusts than any of his predecessors. He said Mr. Wickersham did not ignore instructions from congress to do his duty.

Senator Nelson created a diversion when, in applauding Mr. Wickersham's work, he declared that the present governor of Ohio, Jackson T. Landon, whom attorney-general in President Cleveland's cabinet, had said the Sherman anti-trust law was a dead letter. Both Senators Pomeroy and Hitchcock were immediately on their feet to reply. "That is mere imagination," said the Nebraska senator, "Mr. Harmon was the official who first breathed any life into the law."

EMBEZZLER ANXIOUS TO GIVE HIMSELF UP

Desire of Fugitive to See Wife and Children Causes Him to Surrender

Detroit, Mich., June 16.—After calling up the police department three times to learn whether a warrant for his arrest on an embezzlement charge had been issued at Walla Walla, Wash., Reuben Kreatz, 27 years old, was informed last yesterday that he was wanted and promptly came to the police headquarters, where he was well embezzled \$1,200 from the Pacific Light and Power Co., of Walla Walla, while he was auditor.

Anxiety to see his wife and children caused him to surrender himself, he said. Kreatz says he left Walla Walla a month ago, having lost the company's money in unsuccessful investments. He refused to inform the Detroit police of his whereabouts until informed that he was wanted.

CASE DISMISSED.

Vancouver, June 15.—That one isolated act does not constitute a man a vagrant was the decision of Magistrate Shaw in dismissing the case against Wm. McKay, a striking carpenter, charged with tearing down a fence at the Corner of Cordova Street and Columbia avenue a week ago. McKay was charged under section "H" of the Vagrancy Act as a loose, idle, disorderly person who tore down the fence in question.

W. DeB. Farris, who appeared for the accused, argued that his client, a workingman of good character, could not be convicted under the vagrancy act for a solitary offence; vagrancy was a term that indicated a repetition of offences.

Magistrate Shaw said he had gone carefully into the matter, and having in mind that the Criminal Code provided punishment for a mischief, he decided to dismiss the action as it was laid.

J. K. Kennedy, city prosecutor, asked for a stated case for argument in the Court of Appeal on the point of law involved. The request was granted.

INJURED WHILE MIXING CHEMICALS

Drug Clerk May Lose His Sight as the Result of an Explosion

Middletown, Conn., June 16.—Harold Parmelee, a drug clerk here, is in a hospital to-day and may lose his sight as the result of an explosion of chemicals which he was compounding in accordance with a prescription for a patient.

The prescription called for a mixture of quicksilver and nitric acid. It seemed an unusual compound and the drug clerk asked the customer if he was sure it was right. The customer assured him that he had used it many times before. Parmelee went back to the prescription counter and poured the two chemicals together. Instantly a deafening explosion shook the building. Parmelee, blinded and injured, staggered from behind the counter in a fury of pain and attacked the young man who had given the order. The fellow took to his heels and Parmelee collapsed. Globules of the mixture had wounded his body as if they were small shot and his eyes were terribly burned.

SCHEME TO FRAUD STREET CAR COMPANY

Counterfeit Tickets Alleged to Have Been Sold Wholesale to Conductors

Chicago, June 16.—A wholesale mail order business in alleged counterfeit street car tickets was uncovered Wednesday in two raids on the south side residence districts. As a result of the raids J. G. Farris, conductor on the Illinois Central Railroad, is under arrest and his brother William L. Farris, another employee of the road, is a fugitive.

They are charged with being the leaders of the scheme. Officials of a detective agency, who led the raids, say they have evidence that the men maintained a printing establishment in the outskirts of Alton, Ohio, printed the tickets there, brought them to Chicago headquarters and sold them to street car conductors on the Cleveland, Ohio Railway. In the course of the year it is charged fully 1,000,000 tickets on the Cleveland lines were sold.

PREDICTS PASSAGE OF RECIPROCITY BILL

Chairman of Finance Committee Says Sixty Senators Will Vote for Measure

Washington, D. C., June 16.—Chairman Penrose of the senate committee in conference with President Taft to-day confirmed the report that sixty senators are expected to vote for reciprocity and predicted that within two weeks a day for a vote would be given. He gave the president a detailed report of the situation. The senate and declared the bill would be passed without amendment. Later Mr. Penrose issued a formal statement in which he said:

A careful canvass of the senate shows that sixty members or substantially two-thirds of the senate are in favor of the reciprocity bill and more than that number will be opposed to the Root amendment. The senate will hold daily sessions from now on, and during the next two weeks great progress ought to be made toward reaching a final vote on the measure. The bill will be passed at an early date without amendment. It would be well if it could be passed before the Canadian parliament re-assembles in the latter part of July.

The free list bill opens up a wide range of tariff discussion and the finance committee is in receipt of numerous requests from all over the country asking for hearings on the numerous schedules of that bill. As no hearings on the bill were given by the house committee, it is only reasonable that opportunity should be permitted the various manufacturing interests concerned to present their statements to the senate committee and at an early date as possible the committee will hold such hearings so far as will be practicable between the long and continuous sessions of the senate to be devoted to the reciprocity bill, the early passage of which is the first consideration of the present session.

Canadian reciprocity passed into its second stage before the senate to-day, when the bill was formally taken up for adoption. The only committee amendment is the one offered by Senator Root. Chairman Penrose said the friends of reciprocity would be willing to vote for the bill. The senate adjourned till Monday without a further debate on the bill.

BOY DROWNED.

Vancouver, June 15.—A drowning accident occurred at Eburne when Peter Craig, the 15-year-old son of Mr. Craig, a sawyer employed by the Eburne Lumber Company, met his death. He with a number of other lads were playing about on the logs in the river when he fell into the stream and was swept away.

HUNTERS RETURN FROM THE NORTH

Two Austrian Noblemen Regard British Columbia as Sportsman's Paradise

Vancouver, June 16.—Bronzed and weatherbeaten after a six weeks' hunting trip in the wilds adjacent to the Stikine river and its tributary, the Iskut, in northern British Columbia, two Austrian noblemen, Count Wilczek and Count Hoyos, returned to this city yesterday. They are delighted with their experiences and regard this province as a sportsman's paradise.

The hunters shot eight bears, including three grizzlies, but had no thrilling adventures. At Wrangell, Alaska, they secured an Indian guide and accompanied the river in a canoe.

"We hunted on the Stikine and the Iskut rivers and on returning to Vancouver will advertise it to the world as one of the best big game districts in the world," said Count Hoyos.

"It is almost impossible to stalk bear owing to the dense underbrush, so we contented ourselves with watching for game from our boat. In all we saw forty-nine, including a dozen grizzlies, but in most instances they were out of rifle range. Whenever we spotted an animal near shore we landed and went in pursuit."

"These we killed fortunately offered a good target when they started to cross barren hillsides. We kept close together in case of an attack. We, however, had no thrilling experiences owing to the deadly character of the modern express rifle. We each secured four or five game, and also as the souvenirs of our pleasant trip."

The visitors left in the afternoon for New York, whence they will sail for Europe. They may return next September with a party of friends. Count Hoyos was a personal friend of Phil Oberlander, a Bohemian big game hunter who formerly visited British Columbia and who was killed in South Africa by a wild buffalo which he had wounded. The animal gored Mr. Oberlander to death.

MERGER OF BAKERIES.

New York, June 16.—Twenty-one big baking companies in cities dotting the east and south from Boston to St. Louis and New Orleans, threw in their lot together yesterday, merging under the name of the General Baking Company, with a total capital of \$20,000,000 in stocks and \$5,000,000 in bonds. The new chain of bakeries will be operated in fifteen cities. "In the formation of the General Baking Company," the announcement reads, "there is no thought or purpose of the establishment of a monopoly in the manufacture or sale of bread."

MUST NOT CARRY FIREARMS.

Seattle, Wash., June 16.—The first arrests and convictions under the new state law forbidding aliens to carry firearms unless provided with a permit from the state and a county license, took place on Vancouver Island on their feet to reply. Both Senators Pomeroy and Hitchcock were immediately on their feet to reply. "That is mere imagination," said the Nebraska senator, "Mr. Harmon was the official who first breathed any life into the law."

PORTLAND MURDERER STILL AT LARGE

Condition Bordering on Panic Exists in Suburb Where Man and Family Were Killed

Portland, Ore., June 16.—This city, especially the district surrounding Ardenwald, is worked up to a condition of nervous excitement that increases to a condition bordering on panic in the vicinity of Ardenwald, the suburb where occurred the murder of Wm. H. Hill and his family.

In the Ardenwald district a dozen or more families have left their homes to take up at least temporary residence in more thickly settled portions of the city, and those that remain are hysterically apprehensive.

Following an attack on John Dysie, the milkman, early yesterday morning, it was ascertained that for several days a man has been hanging around Dysie's barn, but the milk man seems to have been without suspicions that this fellow could have had anything to do with his neighbor's murder until he himself was attacked.

Search maintained all day yesterday and kept up all last night failed to bring forth any development in the case.

TO SAFEGUARD THE FORESTS.

Nelson, June 15.—W. H. McGregor, one of the three fire commissioners appointed under the recent provincial Act, is now in Nelson and will open an office here. A hundred and twenty men are now on the forest fire patrol service.

FATAL QUARREL OVER MONEY.

Stockton, Cal., June 16.—Difficulties over money resulted in the murder here of K. Ida, a Japanese laborer, and the probable fatal injury of K. Taniguchi, the murderer, who, after shooting Ida through the intestines, turned the gun on himself. Ida was shot through the small of the back, the bullet lodging beneath the skin covering of the stomach. He died within an hour. Taniguchi shot himself in the chest, entering his left side, and the second arrow the heart coming out at the back.

FEDERALS HAD POOR AMMUNITION

Examination of Cartridges Reveals Defects—Navarro May Be Vindicated

Mexico City, June 16.—When General Navarro is placed on trial before a military tribunal and asked to explain why he surrendered Juarez, it is not improbable that evidence may show a lamentable weakness in the Diaz military machine.

In almost all of the engagements during the late revolution it was notable that the casualties in the ranks of the rebels was small in proportion to the number of shots fired. Ordinarily this was accounted to poor marksmanship on the part of the federalists, but according to Manuel Urquidí, one of the advisers of Madero at Juarez, they captured ammunition, and that point goes far to explain the apparent weakness of the federal defense.

Urquidí said that when an inventory was taken of the ammunition used by Navarro it was found that five boxes containing 150,000 rounds of ammunition showed that these cartridges carried not more than 20 meters. "What appear to be boxes of this same consignment are in Chihuahua as well as in Juarez, and the number of cartridges is estimated at half a million. The ammunition was manufactured at the government cartridge factory. Among the three Urquidí, were 200 shells of 30 millimeters, which were absolutely useless as far as Navarro was concerned, because the mortars with which he was supplied were of 70 millimeters caliber.

If these statements are substantiated in the trial of Gen. Navarro it is as consistent as military men that the honor of the general will be vindicated. He may also be assumed that none will be punished for the apparent conspiracy in stocking the garrison of Juarez with useless ammunition since the party benefited is that now in power.

FIRE CAUSES DAMAGE.

Vernon, June 15.—Fire destroyed the home of Thomas Mann, corner Schubert and Twelfth streets. All the furniture was lost including a sum of cash. There was some difficulty in securing the three children of Mr. Mann. The damage amounted to about two thousand dollars.

INTERNATIONAL HORSE SHOW.

London, June 16.—At the horse show at Olympia the first prize in the pace class for horses of any age was captured by Blue Bell, bred by H. W. Monk, of the General Farm, California. D. Cravath's Hero was awarded the first prize in the second contest in jumping over the course.

PROPOSED MINING SCHOOL AT NELSON

Joint Committee of Board of Trade and School Trustees to Prepare Memorial

Nelson, June 15.—Marked progress was made by the joint committee of the board of trade on the question of a mining school, at its first session, and after a lengthy inquiry into the facts before the committee, it was decided to send a memorial to Hon. H. E. Young, minister of education, on the subject. The memorial will set forth that a joint committee of the two bodies named is now working on the problem of instituting a mining department in connection with the Nelson High school, with a dual object in view of giving the youth a technical training that will shorten the engineering course necessary if they take up the profession of mining, and for the benefit of the country in practical mining subjects for the benefit of miners, mill men, and prospectors. It will also state that a preliminary survey of the ground leads to the conclusion that the necessary building and equipment, beyond high school requirements, would cost at a minimum \$20,000, and that the annual upkeep of the mining department would be about \$4,000.

Principal Smillie was able to indicate a considerable list of the subjects in the probable curriculum of the mining department that could be covered by an ordinary high school staff, but he said if special classes were held in some of these subjects it would be necessary for the instructors to be relieved of some of their present work.

A letter was read from Prof. Milnor Roberts, dean of the mining department of the state university of Washington, which outlined the ground covered by his department. A grant of \$700,000 is made for the department by the state legislature at each biennial session.

It was decided to procure still more information respecting the Sudbury mining school, conducted in connection with the Sudbury high school, with one special instructor in mining, which is supported partly by the school board of Sudbury and partly by the government.

The committee will continue to gather information, and particularly go into the matter of cost in detail, both in respect to building, equipment and maintenance. A new high school building will be required at an early date, according to the school board members of the committee, this giving the opportunity to follow the Sudbury plan, and combine the high school and mining school in one.

The members of the committee favor approaching the provincial government at the proper time with a request for assistance.

SAANICH TO LIGHT MONSTER BONFIRE

People Will Testify Their Loyalty on June 22 From Mount Douglas

A bonfire on Mt. Douglas heights is the manner in which the loyal Saanich council intends to celebrate the coronation of King George, Councillor Sewell, who is partial to this style of celebration, has no thought that he will be knighted on this occasion. His zeal is national, not personal, and as it is a long time between coronations this ancient custom of watch fires, he thinks, will be more impressive than rockets, squibs and firecrackers.

Councillor Haddon, who has an eye to business, volunteered to set ablaze 20 acres of slashed timber on that night. The council agree to this, but stipulated that he haul all the top of the mountain and so the worthy representative of Ward 6 is seriously considering whether the game is worth the candle.

Another subject of a vastly different nature varied the council's proceedings at last meeting. The Chinese pigsties are strongly objected to by resident ratepayers, and two new concerns which applied for permits to erect such buildings on five-acre lots were refused on two counts. First, because it is contrary to the by-law regulating pigsties, and second, because it is an offence against the Health Act. The district is being settled so rapidly along the Carey and Glenford avenues that the council intend at a near date to prohibit the keeping of pigs within certain bounds to be determined.

C. M. Roberts submitted a subdivision plan of a section near Mount Tolmie park. This was returned to have plan of adjoining property included. E. Wilkinson, on behalf of Tolmie, submitted a plan of a proposed subdivision between Cedar Hill cross roads and Hienkensop road, being part of the "Beechfoot" farm. This was found in order and accepted.

Mr. Sorenson addressed the council on the need of water supply on Alder street. The present main is not far distant from his property, but as it is laid under the local improvement plan and as the property owners who are paying the cost object to a prospective diminution in their supply, the council finds itself powerless to help him. He was advised to petition for a larger main.

Mason & Mann were offering 10 feet to widen the Wilkinson road on part of lot 15. This letter was received and filed, and the writers notified that the offer is accepted.

J. Primrose offered to grade the proposed continuation of Wellington road, not including road work for \$350. It is \$100 under the road foreman's estimate for the same work. The letter was laid on the table to be considered when plan of the subdivision is submitted to the council.

Thomas Sorby, secretary of the Ratepayers' Association of Victoria, asked the Saanich council to co-operate with the city in publishing its assessment roll, and offered to contribute towards the cost of same.

Councillor Sewell moved that the scheme be not entertained, and the motion carried. Horace Johnson wrote re an intended subdivision, and asked what the council's intentions were respecting streets. He will be informed that all streets must be 66-feet wide and lots must not be less than 50x120 feet.

Herbert Cuthbert, secretary of the coronation celebration committee, asked the council to provide a bonfire to celebrate coronation night. The invitation was accepted and \$100 set aside for this purpose.

W. F. Loveland sent in his resignation as license commissioner owing to his absence from the district. The resignation was accepted, and F. G. Quick, J. P., was appointed to the vacant position.

R. McMoran and eight others petitioned for a road between secs. 31 and 32, Lake district, near Cordova Bay. The prayer of the petitioner was not entertained because residents were not being inconvenienced at present.

The finance committee reported bills to the extent of \$600 in order, and their report was adopted. The constable's report on the Gorge district, was reconsidered and finally passed.

The report reported that he had examined the B. C. electric line where it touched the public highways, and a plan is being prepared for the council's plan of action. The report also reported that proceedings have been begun against the Worswick Paving Company for blasting without a permit at Mount Tolmie.

Jane Pim, road superintendent, is convalescent, and soon will be able to resume his duties.

FROM PRISON TO CHURCH.

Shoplifter Weds and is Released From Jail. Canon City, Colo., June 15.—On Wednesday pretty Mabel Manning was convicted 780 in the Colorado State prison here. Yesterday she became Mrs. George A. Reid, the wife of a government forest ranger, and at once left with her husband for their home among the Arizona pines. Never was there more convincing proof that "Love laughs at locksmiths" than this wedding that took place here yesterday. Reid's unwavering faith in the woman he loved opened the prison gates for her. She was convicted of shoplifting in Denver and sentenced to from two to three years in the penitentiary on January 22 of this year. Reid, to whom she was engaged, came from Arizona at the time of her arrest, and after her conviction worked steadfastly for her release. At a hearing before the board of pardons Reid promised to marry the girl if her sentence were commuted so that she could be paroled, and secured favorable action. Warden Tynan gave his consent to her leaving the state after she had become Mrs. Reid, and yesterday she stepped from the prison to the church.