

# TELEGRAPH NEWS.

LONDON, June 17.

Heavy thunder showers have prevailed here nearly all night. It is feared they came too late for the wheat on light lands.

The Pope has fixed July 22 as the utmost limit, which will be allowed the American (Americans?) to make their submission to the Holy See. It is by that time they have not received the message with Rome excommunication will be pronounced against them.

Princess Victoria, wife of the Crown Prince, has given birth to a daughter.

It is said the total value of Charles Dickens's estate will slightly exceed eighty thousand pounds sterling.

The memoranda for the completion of "The Mystery of Edwin Drood" are complete, and the duty of editing the conclusion of this story has been assumed by his son-in-law, Mr. Wilkie Collins.

It is reported that the Pope intends to make a compromise on the question of Italian unity, which he hopes will receive the unanimous support of the Council.

New York, June 13.

It is said that Riel can muster 300 fighting men, which could be increased to three times the number providing there is to be no fighting and plenty of plunder.

Washington, June 19.

Whoever may have written the recent message on Cuban affairs, or whatever may be thought of some of its assertions, it is certainly accomplished what it intended that it should.

We have not yet heard of a single failure in curing Blue Chills, when Felo's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites has been used, and feel satisfied that it is a specific remedy.

DR. LIVINGSTONE.—At a recent meeting of the Royal Geographical Society, Sir R. de la B. Murchison said there was no cause for despondency as to the safety of Dr. Livingstone. It has been for some time at Ujiji, on the Lake Tanganyika, whence he wrote home on the 30th of May last, though unable to make any movement for want of carriers and supplies. These were, indeed, forwarded to him from Zanzibar, when an outbreak of cholera stopped and paralyzed the relieving party. Recent intelligence, however, has reached the Foreign Office to the effect that the pestilence had subsided to so great an extent that we may presume the communication between the coast and Ujiji has been now reopened. The work which still lies before Livingstone has been often advanced to, and it is hoped that he will have to advance to the north end of the Tanganyika, and there ascertain if the waters flow into the Albert Nyanza of Baker. Sir Samuel Baker's great Egyptian expedition has been a good deal delayed, but he will no doubt push on as rapidly as possible, and his steam is once launched in the Nile, he will press on to the southern extremity of Lake Nyanza for the purpose of greeting and succoring Livingstone.

NEW ELECTION LAW.—We copy the following provisions from the new election law, the publication of these sections may save Candidates trouble, in case of a controverted election, which in future will be tried before the Judges:—

"Every person who shall, after the ordering of a writ for any election, either directly or indirectly, by himself, or by any other person on his behalf, whether specially authorized to act in procuring his election, give, allow, or offer, or promise to give, allow, or procure, to or for any Elector, any money, present, gift, loan, valuable consideration, reward, office, employment, or provision being other than in nature of refreshment, to or for the use of any person, in order to procure any elector to vote or refrain from voting at such election, or corruptly do any such act as afore said on account of an Elector having voted or refrained from voting at such election shall be deemed to have committed bribery, under this Act, so as that he shall be incapable, and is hereby declared incapable of sitting or voting in the House of Assembly at such election and Return shall be void and set aside."

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Lat. Upper Province papers show that the Ontario and Quebec people are much clearly of the opinion that the Imperial Government ought to make an earnest demand upon the United States Government for compensation on account of losses suffered by Canada through the Fenian raids. The feeling seems very strong and very general throughout the Upper Provinces that the conduct of the United States Government in permitting the Fenians to carry on their preparations for plundering and murdering the Canadian people has been simply disgraceful. The avowed intention of the Dominion Government to press these facts on

the consideration of the Imperial Government to press the facts on the consideration of the Imperial Government with all possible force, gives great satisfaction to the Canadian News.

—The following are among the noted arrivals at the M. P. M. House, Newport, Vt., June 17, 1870. They arrived in the beautiful pleasure yacht owned by the Hon. Hugh Allen of Montreal: His Royal Highness Prince Arthur, Sir John Young, G. Vernon General of Canada, Lady Young, Miss Storrie, Col. Elphinstone, Col. Earle, Mr. Richard, Mr. Touville, Hon. Hugh Allen and daughter.

## The Standard.

SAINT ANDREWS, JUNE 22, 1870.

### The Election.

The Cards of the Candidates have been before the electors for the last fortnight, and have probably been read with more or less attention. It will be noticed that they deal in generalities, some in fact contain nothing more than an announcement that the writers will be Candidates, and will look after the interests of their constituents if elected. This is well enough so far as it goes, but the people demand the enunciation of principles, which will in some measure guide them in their choice. The day has passed away, when men seeking Legislative honors, can issue non-committal cards; the grounds upon which they seek election should be plainly stated, in their cards and at the hustings.

The cost of maintaining the Government in this small Province is far beyond what is required. The number of members in the Assembly could be reduced one half, as well as the Executive Council; the heads of Departments might also be lessened by uniting two offices into one, such for instance as the Sur. Gen. and Commissioner of Public Works. The Legislative Council should be reduced, or better still abolished. These reforms would effect a saving of several thousand dollars, which are required for the Schools, Roads, and Bridges. The Press has shown that the Crown Lands have been poorly managed; and that no inducements have been held out to Emigrants, while other Provinces have given free grants of land, made roads to the blocks of land laid out for settlement, and even granted assistance for the purchase of seed for the first year, to the desirous of settling in the country.

The Province requires able and honest men to direct its affairs—men who understand its financial position—its wants and requirements. Men who will advocate and support a good educational measure including taxation for Schools, and bring the blessings of sound education to the families of all classes. Last, but not least, men who would advocate the abolition of duties which bear unjustly on the industries of the people, who would support liberal measures for the advancement of the manufacturer and mechanic, and who would urge an additional subsidy to this Province. Out of the reported nine Candidates, such men can be selected.

We extend to others the rights which we claim for ourselves, viz:—of expressing their opinions as they see fit; at the same time it sometimes happens that correspondents entertain different ideas to the editor of a paper, but this should not be an objection to publishing their letters. "Hear both sides" is a safe guide in forming an opinion.

The Steamer "City of St. John" made her first trip to the town of St. George on Friday last, arriving there about noon. The inhabitants with the Band, turned out, and gave the Steamer a hearty reception which was seconded by a Salute from the Battery in honor of her arrival. After a stay of nearly two hours, she proceeded on her trip and arrived here about 3 o'clock.

The St. Andrews Battery were inspected on Wednesday last by the D. A. General, accompanied by Lt. Col. Innes, District Major. The Battery acquitted themselves to the satisfaction of the D. A. G. The same officers inspected the St. George Battery on Thursday. Capt. Bolger's men presented a good appearance, and performed the drill creditably.

EXCURSION.—The "City of St. John" will make an Excursion to Grand Manan touching at Eastport and Campbellton, on Saturday next, accompanied by a Brass Band. Excursionists will have time to land at Grand Manan and view its picturesque scenery. The fare is \$1 U. S. currency.

NEW VESSEL.—We are happy to learn that Mr. Starkey, the builder of the "Nettie," is laying the keel of a new vessel of upwards of 300 tons, at the building yard, near the Railway. It is to be hoped that every encouragement will be extended to our young friend in his efforts to establish shipbuilding at this Port, where so many large and fine vessels were built formerly.

We understand that the Steamer "City of St. John" has increased the traffic on the Railway by the large quantities of freight which she brings weekly for the Upper Country, and that arrangements are being made and will be entered into this week, whereby goods can be shipped from St. John to Woodstock direct, without being entered at the Customs here. The increase in the freighting business, and traffic over the Railway are due to the enterprize of the Messrs. Lunt in running their Steamer direct to this Port; this may be taken as an indication of what the trade will be, before the expiration of the four years for which the Steamer has contracted to run to this County.

"We stand at present as a County without party politics." So says the "Courier," and from the whole tenor of its article on "The Election," it seems to believe, or at least it assumes that it believes as a County, without party politics. The perception of the "Courier" must be duller than the dagger of his St. Andrews friend, if he really believes what he says. His means of collecting information must be very limited indeed, if he does believe it. Let him ask the electors of St. Stephens, St. Andrews, and St. Patrick, if they think as he does. Perhaps the Editor did not pen that article. May be it is the production of his clerical copywriter, who so frequently of late from pulpit and press has exhorted "brethren to dwell together in unity," and who, perhaps, may believe that is exhortations have taken effect, and that the lion and the lamb have lain down in peace together. If such be the case he had better stick to his text, and continue to preach political holiness a little longer, for both his candidates and their backers still stand sorely in need of it.

The "Courier" has very little to say on the coming election, and when it does condescend to mention the subject, it deals altogether in vague generalities, which mean nothing or anything you like. Its policy is good, for we all know, the less dirty water is stirred, the less unpleasant odor. "No Party Politics." The Editor must have been asleep and come to his senses in 1880, when the St. Stephens Bank would appear a thing of the past, and the Holy Alliance no longer rule the roost. There have been a few nice parties held in Saint Stephens of late years, whereas other matters than the good things of this life have been discussed, and disposed of. Coy little parties of three or four, or half a dozen at most; and the politics of these of the most unbecoming kind; their notions of meum and tuum being very peculiar indeed. Can it be possible that friend "Courier" didn't have an invite? strange but true from such insignificant beginnings have come great endings, the politics of these select parties have originated "the party politics" on which the present canvass is based.

### THE CHARLOTTE DERBY.

As the eventful day approaches new combinations appear, and the chances of candidates can be calculated with more certainty. To point out the winners however ere the race is run, has always proved a very difficult operation, and the last favorites of every best judges, have oftener lost than won. So it often happens in the race celestial that those whom the turf men of politics deem sure of a place, never reach the happy goal; they labour so much in the slough that their lighter weighted competitors having better wind, pass them on the hill.

At the opening of the present canvass, there seemed to be a great chance of this occurring. An old horse of good bottom and a capital fence was overladen; when he was tasked for a place the judges were either mum or with a shake of the head, and sorrowful countenance, declared that he carried too much weight, he could never get over the ground with it. That young blood of cool temper and great nerve and will up to his work for a first entry will be bound to lead him, especially as his jockey knows as well as any other man how to have him well up at the start. Great sorrow seems to prevail throughout the whole ring, sports, jockeys, and all at the probable defeat of this old singer, who has carried off many a cup and purse, and is acknowledged by all to be the best fence that has hitherto appeared on the turf.

Such was the position of affairs up till the 15th of this month, when the backers of Non-est Jean beginning to feel shaky about the event, began to hedge, the young blood soon ran ahead till 2 to 1 was hard to get against him, while many of the backers of both horses declared that his style of riding is contrary to the rules of the turf, they decline to stand to their engagements and indeed entering written protests against it on the 5th of July next.

Note. Non-est Jean, literally translated means, "Evil is John, or Evil John."

The main object of the MacAdam ticket is to catch the Catholic and Island vote, and the question is will be succeeded in doing it; we think not. The only possible result of the combination will be this, Mr. MacAdam will get enough votes from the interest and efforts of Messrs. Lynott and McLaughlin, which when added to those of his own immediate supporters, will put him in and leave them out. No one who has had any experience in election matters can for a moment imagine that it is possible to reckon on these votes as a unit going the one way and voting the ticket right straight through; were this among the things that might be, then Messrs. Lynott and McLaughlin with the aid of the MacAdam vote might possibly be among the winners. The majority of the voters of Charlotte

County however, don't do as they are bid—but just as they please, and when no question of importance is involved in an election, they commonly choose the men they like best. One thing this ticket can't do, i. e., it cannot prevent the return of Messrs. Hibbard and Stevenson—we do not include Mr. Donald; but the least that can be said about him certainly is this, that he is as strong a man as Lynott and McLaughlin put together. If any one of the four on the "Ticket" is returned, that one must certainly be MacAdam. Now then, what are the chances of Lynott and McLaughlin at present. Nil. O. J.

A California letter received here, announces the death of two sons of the late Mr. James Lemmon. Capt. Geo. Lemmon was knocked overboard from his vessel and drowned; his brother William was killed by the upsetting of a coach a few weeks previous. Another brother, Capt. Frederick, has not been heard of since he sailed on a trading voyage about two years ago. These young men resided in St. Andrews some years ago, and have left a mother here, with whom we sympathize in her affliction.

"Livingstone's Guide Book for St. John," for 1870, has been received. It is neatly printed and contains a Plan of the City, a large amount of information relative to the Province, its institutions, and other interesting facts. It has also a well written historical sketch of St. John, and short descriptions of the salmon and trout streams in New Brunswick. Every family should have a copy, and visitors to the Province will find the "Guide" a most useful hand-book, containing information of service to them. Price 12 cents.

A correspondent of the St. John "Telegraph" states that hidden treasure was found in a field owned by the late E. J. Sprague, at St. John, Kings Co. a few nights ago, in an eastern pot, which contained gold and silver to the value of \$1,200.

London, June 20.

Dean Stanley, of Westminster Abbey, preached a sermon yesterday on Charles Dickens. Part of the last will of Dickens was read in that he declines a monument but erects his children to practice Christianity in a broad spirit not accepting a narrow construction of any man or sect. The Dean closed with a glowing tribute to the illustrious dead.

New York, June 20.

Havana, June 20.

The English steamship Dacia with the new West India cable has arrived at P. P. Rico after a pleasant passage.

Sir Charles Bright one of the originators of the new enterprise was a passenger. The laying of the cable between St. Thomas, Porto Rico and Jamaica will begin immediately.

### ITEMS.

WANTED.—At the "Courier" office, a Grand stone suitable for grinding editorial wit. A small one of fine grit preferred as the instrument to be sharpened is of microscopic dimension—and very so.

The Baptist Association will meet at Springfield, Kings Co., on the 14th July.

The Wesleyan Conference commences its Session at Yarmouth, N. S., to day.

It is reported that Mr. Dickens, a long time before his death, desired his remains to be interred in the old burial ground at Rochester, which has since been closed, and that negotiations for permission are now pending.

The Japanese are getting up a navy in European style, and an English naval officer of celebrity is to organize an admiralty department for them.

The Bath "Times" says that the town of Westport, Me., containing over 1200 inhabitants, has neither a grocer-shop, lawyer, minister, nor doctor.

Prince Pierre Napoleon is said to intend to spend next fall among the Rocky Mountains.

The Italian Government has withdrawn its Minister from Lisbon, but, as yet, no disastrous results have followed.

There are said to be a very large number of American families in Paris at present.

The iron trade of England just now is extremely active.

The recent message by the President on Cuban affairs was very similar in its tone to Senator Sumner's remarks before the Republican Convention at Worcester last year.

Mrs. Julia Ward Howe has written a fine first hymn for the installation of woman as a pastor of a church.

A Philadelphia woman refused to permit her husband to go on a fishing excursion because he was very apt to be drowned when he went upon the water, and moreover, did not know how to swim any more than a goose.

How few there are who are not subject to some affection of the respiratory organs who, by neglecting premonitory symptoms, aggravate the complaints, until disease strikes its shafts, causing inexpressible torture to the patient, and anxiety and distress to friends. Dr. Wilson's Pulmonary Cherry Balsam has, over and over again, proved the best friend to persons afflicted with these complaints, and cures all such disorders without interfering with the regular diet of the patient, nauseating his stomach, or withdrawing from him the nutritious diet so imperatively demanded when weakened by disease.

Old cases of lameness in horses, generally caused by contracted tendons, &c., of long standing, that have pertinaciously refused to yield to any other remedy, have invariably suc-

cumbed when thoroughly treated with Dr. Dow's Sturgeon Oil Liniment.

While many of the so called Condition Powders before the community failed, and been discarded, Clark's Derby Condition powder, from their merits and intrinsic value, are growing in public confidence and every where taking the lead.

The aperient and mild laxative properties of Dr. Wilson's Family Anti-Bilious Pills are the best safeguard in all cases of eruptions and fever. Their Balsamic, tonic, and healing properties protect the crisis of the alimentary passage against the irritant and acrid humor of the bile.

## Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

June 11, Schr. Daisy, Waycott, Portland, Molasses, Flour &c.  
Matilda, Sisson, St. Stephen, Meal.  
Bell, Copp, Eastport, ballast.  
17, Calvin, Clark, Boston, ballast.  
20, Antelope, Tutton, Boston, ballast, J. Russell.  
Brig Florence, Clark, Bath, ballast, R. Ross.  
Elizabeth Bowley, Galscomb, Portland Flour, R. Ross.  
Delta, Fuller, Red Bank, Plaster, Goodnow.

CLEARED.

June 13, Schr. Harrie, Ross, Portland, 2,290 Sleepers, R. Ross.  
Harriet, Britt, Portland, 2,150, sleepers, R. Ross.  
14, Daisy, Waycott, Portland, 2,250, sleepers, R. Ross.  
Bell, Copp, Portland, 1,250, sleepers, R. Ross.  
20, Calvin, Clark, Calais, ballast.  
22, Alma, Jackson, Boston, Lumber, J. Campbell.  
Antelope, Tutton, Boston, Lumber, J. Campbell.  
Flying Cloud, Carson, Bangor, Shooks, S. M. Todd.  
Boston, June 20, arrived—Brig B. Cholor, Carlow, Sagus Le Grand.

### PASSAMAQUODDY HOUSE.

THE Subscriber begs respectfully to announce to her friends and the public generally that she has rented the house recently occupied by Col. Boyd, which she has fitted up with new furniture, and is prepared to receive transient and permanent boarders, and trusts by attention and efforts to give satisfaction, to receive a share of patronage. The larder is well supplied, and cooks and obliging waiters engaged.

The house is centrally situated, its proximity to the public offices, Railway and Steamboat Landing, render it convenient for visitors. A good stable and hostler also are at the premises.

St. Andrews, June 15, 1870.

### Election Cards.

To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN.—The General Assembly of this Province having been dissolved, I shall, in the approaching election of members for this County, be a candidate for your suffrages. Should I be again honored by election as one of your representatives, I will in every respect faithfully and industriously endeavor to discharge my duty as a legislator to your satisfaction.

Yours very respectfully,  
HENRY K. STEVENSON.

St. Andrews, 15th June, 1870.

To the Electors of Charlotte County.

GENTLEMEN.—Having been induced to offer as a candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing election of representatives to the House of Assembly, and being a young man with no past political career to point you to as a guarantee for future acts, it behooves me essential that I should define my position.

I am in favor of a progressive revenue as that the finances of the Province will permit of undertaking and carrying out.

I am in favor of the rail aid to all necessary railways and steam navigation, that speedy and permanent communication may be established with all points of importance.

I am in favor of any good scheme that will secure to this Province a class of useful immigrants who will aid in developing the resources of this part of the Dominion.

I am in favor of a better educational system—one that will diffuse the greatest amount of useful knowledge at the least expense, and secure to the child of the poor man equal privileges and advantages with the child of the rich man.

I am also in favor of a better and more economical system of managing the public domain.

I would go for more stringent laws and regulations regarding the use and sale of intoxicating liquors, firmly believing that if the money which is now worse than thrown away for these stimulants, was invested in legitimate enterprises of the people of this Province would reap a rich reward.

And as I aspire to become the representative of the laboring class, I would go far giving to the different branches of industry that encouragement and protection that the Local Legislature has power to grant—particularly to Agriculture and the Fisheries. And since the Act of Union has so materially lessened the duties of the Local Legislature, I believe that there should be a reduction of representation, also a reduction in the salaries of departmental officers.

Should you endorse the above views, and deem it expedient to entrust your political interests to my keeping, I hope you will honor me with your confidence and votes, and if elected I shall serve you to the best of my judgment and ability.

I am, gentlemen, your ob't. servant,  
JAMES MCKAY.

Penfield, May 14, 1870.

To the Electors of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—I shall again be a candidate for your suffrages at the coming Election. I have no promises to make; if elected shall look after the best interests of this county and the Province generally.

Yours very truly,  
JOHN MACADAM.

St. Stephen, June 14, 1870.

To the Electors of the

GENTLEMEN.—At all of Members to serve in the Province, I shall again for your suffrages. My election, shall be as a Representative for the Province, and I shall hope the confidence not at all been weakened.

St. George, June 14, 1870.

To the Electors of

GENTLEMEN.—In connection with the approaching Election, I am in favor of a change in the constitution of the Legislature, so that the members shall be elected by the people, and not by the Assembly of this Province.

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