(as, for example, the horse, rhinoceros, etc.), and gives attachment to the gluteus maximus. When it occurs in man, it is seen just below the great trochanter. According to Waldeyer,1 it occurs in man quite as often as the supracondyloid process of the humerus. Fürst? found that it occurred very frequently. In forty skeletons of Swedes examined by him in the Caroline Institute of Stockholm, fifteen had a trochanter tertius; and in six skeletons of Lap-



FIG. I. ABNORMALITIES OF THE DIGASTRIC AND OMO HYOID MUSCLES.

A, Anterior belly of the omo hyoid prolonged to the lower jaw; D, Double anterior belly of the digastric.

landers four possessed a trochanter tertius. I have only seen it twice in some two hundred subjects.

HYOGLOSSUS MUSCLE, ABSENCE OF MIDDLE PORTION.

The portion of this muscle arising from the lesser cornu was once seen wanting. Between the portion arising from

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fürst, Hygeia xlii. Quoted in Virchow-Hirsch Jahresbericht, 1882.