

(3) Any person who acts or professes to act as an officer of any such unlawful association, and who shall sell, speak, write or publish anything as the representative or professed representative of any such unlawful association, or become and continue to be a member thereof, or wear, carry or cause to be displayed upon or about his person or elsewhere, any badge, insignia, emblem, banner, motto, pennant, card, button or other device whatsoever, indicating or intended to show or suggest that he is a member of or in anywise associated with any such unlawful association, or who shall contribute anything as dues or otherwise, to it or to any one for it, or who shall solicit subscriptions or contributions thereof, shall be guilty of an offence and liable to imprisonment for not less than one year and not more than twenty years.

(4) In any prosecution under this section, if it be proved that the person charged has

(a) attended meetings of an unlawful association; or

(b) spoken publicly in advocacy of an unlawful association; or

(c) distributed literature of an unlawful association by circulation

through the Post Office mails of Canada, or otherwise,

it shall be presumed, in the absence of proof to the contrary, that he is a member of such unlawful association.

(5) Any owner, lessee, agent or superintendent of any building, room, premises or place, who knowingly permits therein any meeting of an unlawful association or any subsidiary association or branch or committee thereof, or any assemblage of persons who teach, advocate, advise or defend the use, without authority of the law, of force, violence or physical injury to person or property, or threats of such injury, shall be guilty of an offence under this section and shall be liable to a fine of not more than five thousand dollars or to imprisonment for not more than five years, or to both fine and imprisonment.

(6) If any judge of any superior or county court, police or stipendiary magistrate, or any two justices of the peace, is or are satisfied by information on oath that there is reasonable ground for suspecting that any contravention of this section has been or is about to be committed, he or they may issue a search warrant under his or their hands, authorizing any peace officer, police officer, or constable, with such assistance as he may require, to enter at any time any premises or place mentioned in the warrant, and to search such premises or place, and every person found therein, and to seize and carry away any books, periodicals, pamphlets, pictures, papers, circulars, cards, letters, writings, prints, handbills, posters, publications or documents which are found on or in such premises or place, or in the possession of any person therein at the time of such search, and the same, when so seized may be carried away and may be forfeited to His Majesty.

(7) Where, by this section, it is provided that any property may be forfeited to His Majesty, the forfeiture may be adjudged or declared by any judge of any superior or county court, or by any police or stipendiary magistrate, or by any two justices of the peace, in summary manner, and by the procedure provided by Part XV of this Act, in so far as applicable, or subject to such adaptations as may be necessary to meet the circumstances of the case."

(2) That Section 133 of the Criminal Code be repealed.

(3) That Section 134 of the Criminal Code be amended by striking out the words "two years" before the word "imprisonment" in the second line of the said section, and by inserting the words "for a term of not less than one year and not more than twenty years" after the said word "imprisonment."

(4) That the following paragraph be inserted in the said Code as paragraph 97B: