In connection with Mr. Molotov's co-Chairmanship of the Geneva Conference and Canada's membership in the International Supervisory Commission for Indo-China an occasion for discussion of problems of Indo-China was presented. It was agreed that in spite of difficulties, the object of implementation of the Geneva Agreements while maintaining the truce and avoiding further hostilities should be pursued.

Advantage was also taken of Mr. Pearson's visit to explore the possibility of concluding a trade agreement between Canada and the U.S.S.R. on a mutually beneficial basis with the most favoured nation principle being observed. The desirability of measures directed towards removal of barriers to international trade generally was recognized by both Ministers. There was a sufficient measure of a greement to warrant resumption of negotiations shortly in Ottawa which were started in Moscow/which will, it is hoped, produce positive results of benefit to both countries.

In the course of the discussions held, it was agreed that mistrust and misunderstanding could be to some measure dispelled by greater exchange of visits, both official and unofficial. It was agreed that every effort should be made to remove obstacles to the freer flow of information and views and to develop as much as possible cultural, scientific and technical contacts. It was agreed in the first place to consider means of scientific and technical co-operation between the U.S.S.R. and Canada in industry, transport, and agriculture and an exchange of information on scientific research in Arctic regions.

It was also agreed that visits by Parliamentary Delegations could contribute to better mutual understanding between the U.S.S.R. and Canada and strengthen the ties between them.

The Foreign Ministers recognized that their governments' differences of approach to political and economic problems should not be a hindrance to co-operation on many practical subjects on the basis of mutual interest and desire to promote peace and good neighbourly relations. Such co-operation would be based on the principle of noninterference by each country in the domestic affairs of the other and would be inspired by a desire by both to work together for the establishment of international peace and ensuring of security.

Before leaving the U.S.S.R. Mr. Pearson visited the Crimea where he was received by the Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the U.S.S.R., Mr. N. A. Bulganin, and by the member of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of U.S.S.R., Mr. N. S. Khruschev.

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