The genera of the Megalopygidae at present are as follows:

Aidos Hübn., Carama Walk., Mesocia Hübn., Podalia Walk., Ochrosoma H.-S., Sciathos Walk., Alimera Moschl., Megalopyge Hübn.. Lagoa Harr., Sombrachys Kirb. (?) and Psycharium H.-S. (?)

## The larva of Eupocya.

The larva of *E. Slossoniae* is flattened, green, with four dorsal red dots and fringed with a row of regular hairy appendages. They represent the subdorsal row, are detachable and furnished with heart-shaped basal pieces. There are no stinging spines. The form represents the same special adaptation as in Sisyrosea, but superimposed upon the phylogenetic characters of Phobetron. Our larva is a green Phobetron with all the appendages of the same length and the lateral tubercles atrophied.

Dr. Packard states that Eupoeya is not the Cuban *Phryne immaculata*, Grote, but he has neglected to compare the forms listed as *Euprocus argentiflua*, Hubn., E. fumosa, Grt., and E. pygmaca, Grt., all from Cuba and one of which at least is a Eucleid as shown by Dewitz. (N. act. k. Leop.—Car. Deut. akad. nat., NLIV., 252).

It is curious that the Florida and Cuba forms of Eupoeya should be different species, while the recent description of a third form from Jamaica, by Schaus (Journ. N. Y. Ent. Soc. IV., 57), emphasizes this fact and renders it probable that still others will be found on other islands, possibly all mangrove feeders in the larval state.

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## FURTHER NOTES ON AUGOCHLORA.

BY T. D. A. COCKERELL, N. M. AGR. EXP. STA.

A portion of my table of Mexican species, on p. 4, should be amended to read as follows: —

- 5. Hind margins of abdominal segments broadly black, blue-green or more or less purplish-tinted species.

  - (ii.) Legs metallic, blue or green; nervures fuscous.
    - a. Smaller, largely purplish, species ...... labrosa, Say.