for manyoyears, a specialty of the study of the laws of health and disear 3, I consider this one of the greatest evils of the present day. Language cannot describe the terrible eflee'ts which tobacco produces upon loth body and mind. It perverts the taste, impairs mental mpacity, corrupts the moral sense, and stimulates the animal nature.
"But its pernicious efferts are not confined to the present generation, nor to this life. Its dreadful evils, through the laws of inhoritance, extend to offspring, even to the second, thind and fourth greration.
"Ih view of such facts, that smoking should increase, esurcially amon! young men, is atarming, yes, shocking! I pray that your book may prove a powerful auxiliary in this much. needed reform."

These fearful evils, together with the use of intoxicating drmks, are all around us, even in the Church and among its members; and they are desolating the land. Many are ignorantly practicing these habits, and inhbibing the errors which encourage them; and what are our ministers and our periodicals doing to enlighten the people, and to lead them liy the truth to shun had habits as sins against God' Do we not absolutely need our Physicians to speak out as Missiouaries to wam us all! And do we not need periodicals which will take hold of these bad habits, and guard the young and innocent against them? The voice of the Medical Faculty must be raised, and men and women must be called to repentance ; and that call must be heeded before our native race can be rescued from the overwhelming flood of errors and vies which is sweeping over our land and swiftly destroying our race. Physicians could make a comparatively inderendent order of Teachers, not being dependent upon their vocation as Teachers for their daily liread. The Church to-day is a Missionary Chureh; and the best are finding that Medical Missionaries are the most useful in spreading a knowledge of Christianity in heathen lands. May we not well follow their example, and encourage such Medical Men as are qualified for the work, and are willing to work for the rescue of the American race from impending ruin?

Pilate thought a kingdom without fighting soldiers did not amount to much. Christ thought a kingdom of fighting soldiers did not amount to much. Pilate and all his kingdom have vanished. Christ's kingdom will eudure forever. Pilate the governor would have been forgoten bat for Jesus the prisoner.

MRS. CLEVELAND ON TEMPERANCI.


HE: temperance people of the I'nion and they seem all the time to be in: errasing in hoth numbers and \%eal. will rejoice to know that the yome: and heantiful mistress of the What. House is on their side.
Recently Mrs. Crow, a lady of Virsini, lugeded of Mrs. Cleveland an opinion as to $t^{\prime}$; phopriety of a woman's signing the temperam" plodge. The I'resident's wife pomptly rephel foom the White House, under date of Aug. 1, in this bricf hut wise letter :-

## Execltiff Mansion, Washington.

Mrs. A. M. Chow,-The subject to which you refer and ast my advice is one in which your own oonscience must dictate the wisest couree for yourself to pursue. You have better opportunities for knowing how you can do the mast good, ind, it seems to me, that should be the standard by which we women should settle ill our great questions in life. It rarely wecurthat a woman needs for herself the residraniti; influences of a temperance pledge; but if by placing ourielves under such au organization we can better help our fathers, brothers, lovers and friends, I think there should be no hesitation in the matter. I kuow something of the gom Templars, and that they do much good work. It is quite certain you can do no barm by casting your lat on the side of temperance, and yun may do much good. I do not consider it a small matter by any means, and I an glad gou nsked we the question. It is encouragiag to know of every sister who wants to add her strength to the cause which, h:ppily, some day will rid our land of ruined men and broken families.

Frances Cletaland.
Aug. 12, 1886.
A volume might be written on woman's: duty, and yet what could be added essential to that short and simple exposition hy the lovely mistress of the White House? ill the preachers in all the pulpits to-day can propose no better rule of conduct in this case.

Mrs. Cleveland's sympathies, like those of every good woman, are with the cause of temperance. She sighs over the sorrows inflicted by rum ; but, it will be observed, she does not undertake to herself propose any method of dealing with the liquor traffic, and does not give any opinion with regard to total abstinence, except that it should be practised by, wowen if thereby they can "do the most good." Yet Mrs. Cleveland's letter to Mrs. Crow is an argument in behalf of temperance which is all the stronger because of its own temperance. She is a wise as well as a beautiful young woman.

