view. We perhaps, however, owe an apology to Prose for giving such prominence to Poetry—but as we have seen Poetry is more of an Art than Prose, and may fairly invite criticism, while Prose may afford to despise it, or at least regard it with an exalted independence. Prose, however, becomes an Art in the hands of an Addison, and from his time has fairly come within the province of the critic.

## AD TE, DOMINE!

## IDEM LATINE REDDITUM.

In gloomy doubts and fears, 'Mid sorrows dark as night, I cry, my God, to thee: Answer my prayers, my tears; So shall thy presence bright Bid grief and darkness flee.

My hardened, stony heart Hath long withstood thy grace, And 'gainst thy mercy striven: Let not thy grace depart; Hide not in wrath thy face; Leave me not unforgiven.

Bowed low now in the dust, No human aid I seek To bear this load of sin: Give me an humble trust, Teach me with spirit meek Christ's pardoning love to win.

His tender, pitying hand Breaks not the bruised reed, The smoking flax still spares: Beneath his Cross I stand; His sufferings I plead; On Him cast all my cares.

Father! for His dear sake, Blot out the dreadful past: Hear from thy throne on high, My guilt-stained soul to make Pure as a child's at last: Father! to thee I cry. Metu obscuro implicatus,
Angore gravi jam oppressus,
Ad te clamo, Domine!
Plorantem, flentem me inspice,
Doloris tenebras dispelle
Vultus tui lumine.

Cor meum diu obdurescens, Omnique gratiæ resistens, Fuit ingratum tibi: A me non oculos averte; Peccata omnia benigne Tandem remitte mihi.

Supplex, in pulvere prostratus, Criminum onere afflictus, Nullum quæro hominem: Spiritu penitus contrito, Animo toto nunc demisso, Christum rogo veniam.

Arundini quassatæ parcit, Nec linum fumigans extinguit, Ejus manus tenera: Per supplicium Ejus salvus, Ad Crucem cruentatam gressus Mecum fero crimina.

Pater! per Filium dilectum, Dele judicium horrendum; Audi alto in celo: Ut mea anima polluta Culpæ omnino expurgata Sit, Pater, te imploro!