



YOU CAN'T GO WRONG

if you come to us, as the following good values will prove. We stock nothing but dependable fabrics, and sell them for as little as we can.

1500 YARDS NEW CURTAIN SCRIM,
9c. to 42c. Yard.

Cream and White with fancy borders, and Plain White with attractive H. S. borders.

625 YARDS NEW CHINTZ,
22c. to 38c. Yard.

A few of our new patterns are now open, see them while they are at their best.

New American CURTAINS,
\$1.20 to \$3.50 pair.

2½ yards long, fine wear-resisting Muslins, trimmed with lace of same qualifications.

CASEMENT CLOTH, 22c. to 47 yard.

Cream with coloured borders, Cream with lace insertion, and half blind with lace edges and loops.

Bishop, Sons & Co., Ltd.

PHONE 484. MAIL ORDERS RECEIVE CAREFUL CONSIDERATION.

Men's New Hats,

SOFT FELT, \$1.00 to \$2.70.
Shades Black, Green, Brown, Navy and Grey.

HARD FELT, \$1.40 to \$2.20.
Black only. New and becoming shapes of exceptional value.

BUTCHERS' & GROCERS' APRONS,
45c. each.

STEWARD & BARBERS' WHITE COATS, \$2.00 each.

BOYS' LINEN HATS, 25c. each.

363 MEN'S TWEED SUITS, \$7.00 to \$19.00.
Having made an early advantageous purchase of this little lot it would be well for you to see them now.



War News.

Messages Received
Previous to 9 A. M.

WAR SUMMARY.

NEW YORK, May 29. On the southern line near the head of the Gulf of Trieste in the Austro-Italian theatre, the Italians for the moment have ceased their titanic effort to press forward toward Trieste, but heavy fighting again is in progress in the north around Gorizia, Plava and Vodice. East of Gorizia and on Vodice the Austrians attempted to carry an offensive. The Italians, but the artillery fire of King Victor Emmanuel's men stopped their assaults and in the last named sector the Italians delivered an attack and despite stubborn resistance, made progress on the south-eastern slope of Hill 52. Likewise in the Plava region the Austrians were driven back and lost 100 men made prisoners. Around San Giovanni and Duina, at the lower end of the line, the Austrians heavily bombarded the Italians in their new positions and ineffectually tried to cut them. Both sides are claiming the capture of large numbers of prisoners since the new battle from Tolmino to the sea began, the Italians asserting that they have taken 23,681 men, and the Austrians 14,500. Tuesday passed with relative calm on both the British and French fronts in France. Following the reports of increased Russian artillery activity against the Austrians in the western theatre, comes the statement that there has been a recrudescence of activity by the Russo-Romanian forces against the Teutonic Allies in Roumania, and that early attacks by them are expected. The visits to Jassy, the new capital of Roumania, of M. Thomas, French Minister of Munitions, and M. Kerenky, Russian Minister of War possibly may be connected with the revival of activity of the Russo-Romanian troops. Again another act of gross inhumanity has been perpetrated by the Teutonic Allied submarines. This was the sinking in the Mediterranean of the British hospital ship Dover Castle. Although the vessel was carrying sick and wounded, two torpedoed were sent into her vitals, the first without warning. Fortunately all aboard, except six men of the crew, were saved. A submarine also accounted for the British armed merchant cruiser Hilary, which was sunk

in the North Sea with the loss of four men killed by an explosion.

DOVER CASTLE SUNK.

LONDON, May 29. The British hospital ship Dover Castle has been torpedoed, it is announced officially. The British armed merchant cruiser Hilary also has been torpedoed and sunk, and a British destroyer has been sunk after collision. The Dover Castle, 5,271 tons gross, 476 feet long, owned by the Union Castle Mail Steamship Co., of London, was built in 1904. The Hilary was a Booth liner of 6,329 tons gross, 420 feet long, built in 1908.

BRAZIL'S DECISION.

WASHINGTON, May 29. Brazil's decision to revoke her decree of neutrality is construed here as little less than a declaration of a state of war with Germany. Brazil's action is believed to indicate a general breakdown of the German propaganda all over the Southern Continent.

SATISFIED WITH CONDITIONS IN RUSSIA.

TOKIO, May 29. "I am immensely satisfied with conditions in Russia including Siberia," said Prof. Bakmeteff, the new Russian Ambassador to the United States on arriving here to-day. "I think the new regime is carrying on the work of organization successfully and will soon be able to launch an offensive against the enemy." He is at the head of a special commission of forty on its way to the States. During the trip from Petrograd, Prof. Bakmeteff said he was impressed by the desire of the people to co-operate with the Government and to continue the war to victory, which was essential to the salvation of Russia. We found local committees at work everywhere. At Irkutsk and Vladivostok governors have been elected, and they are controlling the situation ably. Among the members of the commission which will sail for the States on the steamer Emperor of Japan, on Friday, are General Ropp, who will be attached to the American army, M. Lomolhoff, a railroad expert, M. Nortizky, representing the Finance Minister, M. Borodin, representing the Minister of Agriculture, and M. Oranovsky, artillery expert.

HELD CONFERENCES.

LONDON, May 29. It is officially announced to-day that Premier Ribot of France, J. Cambon General Secretary for the French Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Paul Cambon French Ambassador to Great Britain, Prof. Paul Hainleve French Minister of War, General Foch and

their military and diplomatic advisers, yesterday held a series of conferences with the British war cabinet on important matters affecting the two countries. It is announced a complete agreement was reached on all points and the French representatives returned to France yesterday afternoon.

HENDERSON TO VISIT RUSSIA.

LONDON, May 29. It is officially announced that Arthur Henderson, member of the British Cabinet without portfolio and of the War Council, has undertaken an important Government mission to Russia and that George Nicol Barnes, Minister of Pensions, has been appointed a member of the war cabinet without portfolio during Henderson's absence. Mr. Barnes since August, 1914, has been a strong advocate of a vigorous prosecution of the war, and has used his great influence with the workmen steadily in that direction. He lost a son in the war. Although, according to the official statement, he enters the Council temporarily, it is understood it will be necessary to appoint a new Pension Minister, which may involve further Ministerial changes. Another event considered almost certain to be announced very shortly is the resignation of Lord Devonport. The position of Food Controller involves daily increasing pressure of work and anxiety. Lord Devonport's health is far from satisfactory, and he is very desirous of being relieved of the strain of office.

OPERATIONS IN EAST AFRICA.

LONDON, May 29. An official communication issued to-night concerning operations in East Africa, says: The exceptionally wet season having ended, the improved weather conditions brought a renewal of military activity. The early days of May witnessed a general southward movement of the German forces in the Rufiji Valley, and in the coastal area of Some to Matusu Valley, while farther south raiders invaded Portuguese territory and approached the border of Nyassal, burning native villages, terrorizing the inhabitants and robbing the food in Portuguese depots. There were many local encounters and occasional collisions between larger forces. The German columns which evacuated Mahenge district in February, moved rapidly in two main parties, one to the Portuguese border, and the other commanded by Major Wintgens, breaking northward. On May 6th the latter was pursued by British Rhodesian and other troops, and Wintgens was captured on the 22nd in the vicinity of Lukalanka, 61 miles S.W.

of Taborah. A Belgian column is co-operating with the British, having its base on the central railway.

DRUNKENNESS IN RUSSIA.

PETROGRAD, May 29. The increase in the illicit sale of vodka and the general wave of intoxication which threatens to spread throughout the country provoking disorders and endangering the internal peace of the country, is the subject of a stirring appeal to the citizens issued by the Executive Committee of the Council of Workmen's and Soldiers' Delegates.

DISTINGUISHED VISITORS.

TORONTO, May 29. Rt. Hon. W. F. Massey, Premier of New Zealand, and Rt. Hon. Sir Joseph Ward, Minister of Finance and ex-Premier of the Liberal Party, the chief ministers of the war time national government of New Zealand, arrived in Toronto this morning on their way home from the Imperial Conference. They were accompanied by Mrs. Massey and Lady Ward. They were received at the Parliament buildings by Premier Hearst and his Cabinet. After a formal civic welcome at the City Hall the party were entertained at a civic luncheon at the King Edward Hotel, many prominent citizens being present. Premier Massey, in reply to speeches of welcome, prophesied closer trade relations between the British peoples of the southern zones and those of the north and congratulated Canada upon the conduct of her share in the war, saying, there is no brighter page in British history than the one recently added recording the answer of the British Dominions to the call of Empire. When the State is fighting for its life, he said, it is essential to have the services of its whole people, and I don't believe it can be better provided than by universal compulsory military service. Sir Joseph Ward advocated an Imperial Preference Trade Treaty and a similar treaty with friendly neutrals to combat German subventions by government bonuses in fighting for trade after the war, and advised Canada to adopt a national form of government during the war composed of men of all political parties. This has been done in Great Britain, New Zealand, Australia and South Africa.

GERMANY TRIES TO CREATE FRICTION.

WASHINGTON, May 29. Secretary of State Lansing, testifying to-day before the House Commerce Committee in support of the Trading with the Enemy Bill, said the Government had evidence that Germany, while the United States



SPRING DAYS

are just around the corner, consequently your boy wants a

NEW SUIT!

Our stock of Boys' Suits is now complete, and is the most UP-TO-DATE and advanced we have ever shown.

The styles are smart and patterns neat and serviceable, most suits having two pairs of pants. Sizes to fit boys from 2 to 18 years.

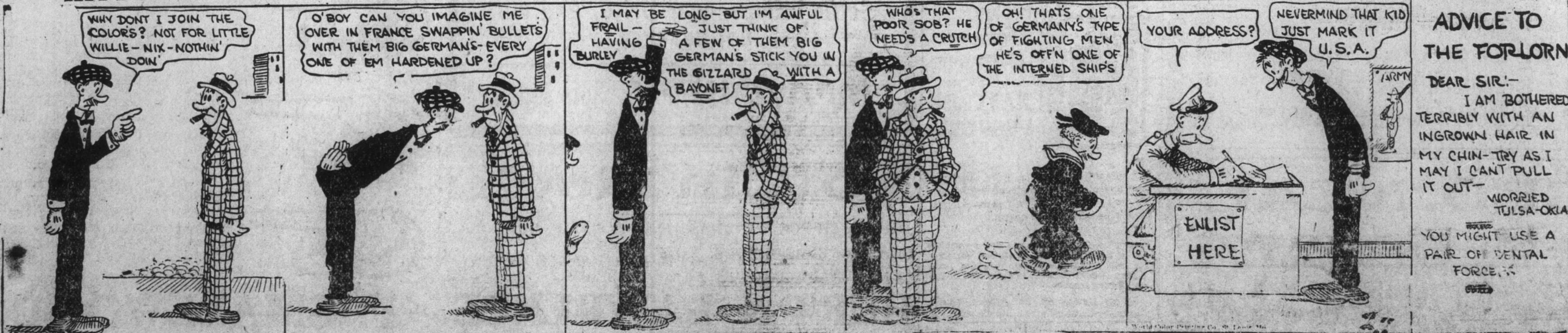
Prices ranging \$4.50, \$5.50, \$6.50, \$7.50, \$10.50, \$12.50, \$15.00, \$18.00.

Bring along your boy and let us fit him with the smartest and best suit he has ever worn.

Smyth's
ESTABLISHED 1855



HITT AND RUN—Bull Whets His Nerve and Begs to Enlist After Seeing the Size of the Boys He'd Have to Fight!



BY HITT

ADVICE TO THE FORLORN
DEAR SIR:—I AM BOTHERED TERRIBLY WITH AN INGROWN HAIR IN MY CHIN—TRY AS I MAY I CAN'T PULL IT OUT—WORRIED TULSA-OKLA
YOU MIGHT USE A PAIR OF DENTAL FORCEPS.
GIVEN