

FOE DEALS BLOW AT ROUMANIA

Heavy Fighting on West Front; Enemy Counter Attacks Beaten off by British

Arthur Henderson Resigns From British Cabinet Following Yesterday's Conference

Fresh Offensive Launched by Germans in East

HENDERSON STEPS OUT OF CABINET

Labor Member Resigns Following Yesterday's London Conference

ACCEPTED BY PREMIER

Another Victory For Sinn Feiners In Election at Kilkenny

TROUBLES IN SWEDEN

Independence Bill Before Landtag Is Criticized By Press

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, Aug. 11.—Arthur Henderson, labor member of the British war council, has resigned his membership in the cabinet.

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, Aug. 11.—The Pall Mall Gazette says it understands that Arthur Henderson, the labor member of the British War Council, who yesterday addressed the British labor conference, and advised the sending of British delegates to the Stockholm consultation congress, had tendered his resignation, and that Lloyd George has accepted it.

Sinn Fein Victory

London, Aug. 11.—Sinn Feiners today won another parliamentary bye-election. This time they captured the seat for Kilkenny, made vacant by the death last July of Patrick O'Brien.

William Cosgrove, the Sinn Fein candidate, defeated the Independent Nationalist, ex-mayor McGuinness by 380 votes. Cosgrove received 772 votes to McGuinness' 392.

By Courier Leased Wire.

Helsingfors, Aug. 11.—Swedish and Finnish non-socialist newspapers appearing for the first time since the introduction of the independence law into the landtag, unanimously condemn the law and the method of passing it. Likewise they criticize the policy of the Socialist majority as an unconstitutional provocation to Russia prejudicial to the cause of Finland's independence for which all of the nation stands.

The Swedish newspapers declare Premier Tokio pushed through the law on the calculation that the Petrograd revolt of July 16 would overthrow the provisional government and the failure of this calculation puts Finland in a dangerous situation. The dissolution of the landtag which meets simultaneously with the Petrograd constituent assembly must come a friendly agreement, therewith insuring independence.

Despite the prevalence of these views in educated classes the Socialists are agitating in favor of a refusal to recognize the dissolution. Premier Tokio in his special opinion attached to the Senate's decision to publish the provisional government's manifesto dissolving the landtag, denounces the manifesto.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, Aug. 11.—The disturbance which was off yesterday morning has quickly passed northeast causing heavy rain and gales near the Bay of Fundy. Showers have occurred in southern Alberta while in other parts of the Dominion the weather has been fine.

Forecast. Light to moderate winds, fair and moderately warm to-day and on Sunday.

Mackensen's Forces Renew Drive and Draw Attention of Crisis to Roumanian Situation Once More; Silence of Russian Army Gives Rise to Apprehension as to Latest Developments

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, Aug. 11.—The military critics here are watching the German attack in Roumania with increasing interest. The greater part of Moldavia, the only section of the country remaining in Roumanian hands, is being attacked, as shown in official despatches, from the north, west and south and the Russians and Roumanians, who until recently conducted a victorious offensive, are now losing ground at all points.

Field Marshal von Mackensen's thrust in the neighborhood of Fokshand is the most serious of the operations being carried out by the German troops and the furious resistance of the Allies is not meeting with success. The enemy's passage of the Suchitza, reported, yesterday, is regarded as placing in immediate jeopardy the Mariasesti junction railroad, the possession of which is of immense importance to the Russians and Roumanians. Attention is called here to the absence of the Russian official statement yesterday, while it is remarked that the Roumanian report does not appear to deal with the latest events.

POLISH AIMS.

Petrograd, Aug. 11.—The Polish National Council, which is assembled at Moscow, has endorsed the resolution of the Polish Socialist Congress and the programme outlined by the congress for future endeavors with reference to Polish independence after the war are as follows:

"To secure from Austria and Germany and all neutral countries sanction for Polish representatives in the peace conference.

"To secure the assistance of the Polish chief military commission in accomplishing the withdrawal of Poles from the Russian army.

"To appoint committees to explain Poland's reconstruction plans.

"To unite all organized forces of Polish society to help free Russia in her struggle with pacifism.

"To make an effort to have the Polish question put forward in the peace negotiations."

PILSUDSKI TO BE RELEASED

London, Aug. 11.—An Exchange Telegraph Company despatch from Amsterdam announces that, pursuant to instructions from Berlin and Vienna, Brigadier-General Pilsudski, of the Polish legion, will be released from detention by the German authorities in Poland. His release is conditional on his going to Switzerland and remaining there until the war ends.

A Copenhagen despatch, July 25, said that General Pilsudski, organizer and former commander of the Polish Legions, had been arrested by the German authorities while attempting to leave Poland on a false passport.

Roumanian Statement

London, Aug. 11.—Russian Roumanian troops repulsed enemy attacks in the Trotus Valley and then launched vigorous counter attacks, which gained them prisoners and captured machine guns, according to an official statement issued to-day by the Roumanian war office. The statement follows:

"In the Trotus Valley enemy attacks were repulsed, and in counter-attacks Russian troops, who maintain all their positions, forced the enemy to flee in disorder after taking prisoners and machine guns.

"Between the Trotus and Putna Valleys, Roumanian troops gallantly withstood a violent artillery bombardment with attacks accompanied by asphyxiating gas. They completely repulsed the enemy in five assaults except at a single point in the Oltuz Valley.

"On the Putna and Sereth rivers, past two days 1,600 men and cap-

ured 30 machine guns from the Russo-Roumanian forces, according to the official statement issued to-day by the German army headquarters staff.

The statement reads:

"Front of Prince Leopold of Bavaria—There has been a revival of the fighting activity near Dvinsk, south of Smorgon, and near Brody. Near the latter town an enterprise undertaken by German and Austro-Hungarian troops resulted in the capture of more than two hundred prisoners.

"Front of Archduke Joseph—

Southeast of Czeronowitz (Bukowina) stubborn fighting has taken place. Our troops penetrated at several points into the frontier positions of the Russians. Also on the Sereth plain and at Solka advantages were gained following the repulse of enemy counter-attacks.

Take Height Positions.

"Between the Trotus and Putna valleys the allies (Teutonic) took by storm several height positions, despite tenacious resistance by the Russians. In the Oltuz sector in the last two days more than 1,600 prisoners have been captured and thirty machine guns taken.

"Front of Field Marshal von Mackensen—On both sides of the Makhani-Adjudalno Railway line German detachments have forced a crossing across the Suchitza River on a wide front.

"During bitter counter attacks the enemy endeavored to hinder our advance by the use of strong masses.

All their attacks directed against our front and flank failed under the heaviest losses.

Macedonian front.—There is nothing special to report.

Roumanians Good Fighters

The Times correspondent on the Roumanian front highly praises the enthusiasm and artillery work of the Roumanians. He says the Germans fled after storming Maraschti positions. "They were panic-stricken, throwing away guns and steel helmets. Many had no time to dress. The commander of the sector, Col. Schmidt, ran away in slippers, bareheaded. The booty was important as ammunition and thousands of hand grenades. The retreat was so hasty (Continued on page five)

SPAIN HOPES TO MAINTAIN RY. SERVICE

General Impression Favorable Despite Strike Enforced Last Night

By Courier Leased Wire.

Madrid, Aug. 11.—Premier Dato has announced that ministers of various departments believe they will be able to assure railroad service despite the strike expected to begin last night. Military and naval engineers will be substituted for the strikers. Serious measures have been prepared, but the government does not intend to anticipate even this by repressive acts.

The Northern Railroad Company has given the men 48 hours to abandon the strike, dismissed the alternatives. The general impression is favorable.

Paris, Aug. 11.—Dispatches concerning the Spanish strike are rare and inconclusive. So far as known, only the Northern Railroad is affected. There is a probability the strike may spread to other roads. The split between the men and the company is over questions of discipline and duties, the directors having agreed to consider that of salaries. Even if the trouble should be restricted to this one road, its effect on the troubled political and economic situation cannot be extremely grave.

HEAVY ATTACKS BY FOE ON BRITISH POSITION REPULSED

Violent German Raids Broke Down Before Determination of Haig's Men; Fresh Gains Recorded Upon Ypres-Menin Road

By Courier Leased Wire.

London, Aug. 11.—Six German assaults were made on the British positions to the east of Ypres during the night, according to the British official statement issued to-day. They all broke down after fierce fighting.

Field Marshal Haig reported that the British maintained their positions to the east of Ypres and gained ground near the Ypres-Menin road.

London, Aug. 11.—A special dispatch from Flanders to the Vossische Zeitung of Berlin, cabled on the ninth, describes three heavy British attacks on that day resulting in the forcing and crossing of the Steenbeek river at a point where the railroad from Boesingsh and Langemarck crosses the creek. It says that in consequence of better weather, the artillery bombardment flamed up along the whole army front. This and other preparations

FOE SOWED MUTINY IN RUSSIAN ARMY

Germans and Ex-Imperialist Servants Mingled With Loyal Troops

EXPLANATION GIVEN

Causes of Russ Debacle Set Forth To Soldiers And Workmen

TROOPS DEMORALIZED

Army now Recovering from Disaffection Spread By The Huns

By Courier Leased Wire.

Petrograd, Aug. 11.—Causes of the Russian debacle against the Germans and Austrians are set forth in a remarkable report by Colonel Kolotkoff to the Council of Workmen and Soldiers' Deputies. The responsibility is placed on the activity of ex-politmen, gendarmes, and spies of Emperor Nicholas, who after being deprived of their livelihood were complicitly sent to the front.

By the end of June, says Colonel Kolotkoff, the soldiers on the front were in excellent fighting form. The army was beyond criticism. There was an admirably completed plan to advance which would probably have led to the reconquest of Vilna. But the police, gendarmes and spies of the autocracy consciously started an anti-patriotic counter-revolutionary campaign, the first design of which was the dissolution of the army.

Large numbers managed to get elected to regimental company committees, started a propaganda against war, inciting soldiers against officers, against the provisional government's commissaries, and even incited violence. Later they secretly distilled vodka and on the advance doped soldiers therewith. Police and gendarmes arrested criminal convicts who were sent to the army as were deserters who by their bad examples demoralized the soldiers.

The Germans skilfully took advantage of these conditions and flooded the Russian trenches with spies in Russian uniforms, finding this easy because many Russian soldiers at the front do not carry emblems of identity. Formerly the reinforcement units arriving at the front were slightly weaker in numbers than the rolls showed, but now the units were always stronger owing to the presence in disguise of Germans who, in the general absence of papers, it was impossible to detect. Many of these Germans spoke Russian so well that they sat at the officers' mess without exciting suspicion. The spies organized fraternization. Soldiers born in the provinces occupied by the enemy were allowed to visit their homes and after a short absence returned to the trenches completely Germanized in sentiment.

The result was that before the attempt to recover Vilna many soldiers refused to participate in the attack. How good was Russia's chance, says Colonel Kolotkoff, is proved by the fact that weakened Germans often ran away, and the strange spectacles of Russians flying from fleeing Germans was some times seen. The Germans first realized the situation, and having an iron discipline were able to turn to advantage the Russian collapse.

Ukrainian Troubles

Petrograd, Friday, Aug. 10.—A portion of a Ukrainian regiment, which passed through Kiev to-day in a train on the way to the front spent fire on the Cuirassiers who were guarding the station. The Cuirassiers fired back and a battle began in which soldiers on both sides were killed or wounded.

When the Ukrainians reached Novograd-Volynsk, an entire regiment of cuirassiers was sent against the mutinous train and a fresh battle began. On the cuirassiers bringing up machine guns the mutineers surrendered. Fourteen days were taken back to Kiev. About fifty men were wounded.

ARRESTS IN ATHOLSTAN CASE EXPECTED SOON

Police Working Upon Dynamiting of Sir Hugh Graham's Summer Home; Plan to Round up all Conspirators

By Courier Leased Wire.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—It is more than likely that a couple of arrests may be made within the next few days in connection with the dynamite outrage committed at Lord Atholstan's summer home at Cardville early Thursday morning. The police are said to have obtained an important clue, as well as valuable information from one who was "on the inside" and who has told of the preparations for the blowing up of the house, and the manner in which it was carried out.

Some arrests, it is stated on good authority, might be made now, but the men who are at work on the case are anxious to round up the entire gang before any move in that direction is made.

Re-Examine Exempts

New York, Aug. 11.—All of the men who were exempted from military service by the local exemption board in district 99, will be re-examined by a new board, the members of which it is expected Governor Whitman will name to-day. Roscoe S. Conkling, deputy attorney general, was in charge of the headquarters of the board. Pending the appointment of the new members, while an examination of the records and papers was being made by investigators employed by Mr. Conkling.

District 99, which is one of the most congested sections of the east side, was expected to fill a quota of 213. Out of a total of 728 men examined, 317 were listed as physically qualified; 303 were rejected and 108 were held for re-examination. (Continued on page seven)

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