connexion with the Relief Committees, where young women are employed in making garments, to be distributed in the winter; by which means they learn to ply the needle, and receive a few shillings in weekly wages. Christian churches, it is to be presumed, are not forgetful of their own poor; while private charity is quietly at work, not letting its right hand know what its left hand doeth. The public collections, to be made in accordance with the direction of the Conference, will, it is hoped, be proportionate to the extent of the distress, and worthy of the large-heartedness of the Methodist people.

The quiet and order that prevail in the suffering districts have astonished many who remember the turbulence and riot which marked some former periods of manufacturing distress. Much of the credit given for this state of things to the working-classes, by those who delight to flatter them, belongs, perhaps, to the classes above them. The system of relief which has just been described,—a relief so extensive that it reaches every applicant, and so early organized that many were in the receipt of charity before they were a fortnight out of work,—has, surely, something to do with the non-existence of complaint and agitation. The absence of political excitement, too, has contributed something to the same peaceful order of things. For this political quiet we are very much indebted to the virtues and excellencies of Her Majesty and her lamented Consort. The purity of the English Court has unquestionably deepened and extended loyal feeling in the masses of the population; while the explosion of Republican institutions in America has put democratic agitation in England *hors de combat*.

Sad as are our sufferings in England, they are insignificant when compared with those of our hapless kindred beyond the ocean. The wave of success, on which the Federals were carried to the gates of Richmond, has been rolled back to the north of Virginia, bearing on its crest the triumphant Confederates. How often this tide of blood may ebb and flow over the battle-ground of the Border States, it is impossible to calculate. Perhaps for months,—perhaps for years, which may God prevent!—the desolating stife may continue.

The North is the stronger power in resources of men and money; and not inferior to its foe in spirit and enthusiasm. Its commerce with the world is uninterrupted; and it has ambassadors at every court. If, in these circumstances, it be defeated by an enemy whose independence is unrecognised, whose coasts are blockaded, who has no external commerce, and who is internally weakened by the presence of four millions of slaves, the whole will form a strange chapter of modern history.

The character of the war becomes darker, and its details are more sickening, mail after mail. There were some weeks ago indications of recourse to atrocities incompatible with the usages of civilized warfare. The Northerns, seeing in their enemy none other than "*rebels*," have had the greater temptation to resort to these barbarous extremities; and, unless they have been belied by a press vigilant for acts of failure or dishonour, they certainly have been the greater transgressors. It is evident, however, that the animosities of the belligerents are mutually intense. O that Providence would mercifully interpose to terminate this horrible war, and with it the no less horrible institution of American slavery!

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

RELIEF FOR THE ENGLISH POOR.—A Meeting was held on Monday Evening in the Temperance Hall to take the necessary steps for calling forth the benevolence of the Halifax public in behalf of the distressed artizans of Great Britain. His Worship the Mayor P. C. Hill, Esq., presided. M. H. Richey, Esq. was chosen Secretary of the meeting. Addresses were delivered by the Mayor, His Honor the Chief Justice, Dr. Tupper, Hon. B. Wier, A. M. Uniacke, Esq., Mr. Trenaman, the Right Rev'd Bishop Binney and others. Appropriate resolutions were adopted, and an efficient Committee appointed to raise subscriptions. The chairman announced that he had received that evening toward the Fund from a lady the handsome donation of 50 sovereigns—and from another $20. Halifax will, we doubt not, in answer to this appeal, exhibit a benevolence worthy of the occasion.

The *Witness* says that a schooner is to be built and equipped in this Province for the New Hebrides Presbyterian mission. It is proposed to raise the necessary sum by subscriptions among the different Sabbath schools throughout Nova Scotia.

It is reported that an explosion took place on board the steamer "Arabian," plying between Shediac and Quebec, near Rimouski, Canada, killing four persons.

We learn that the Revenue for Nova Scotia, for the current year is already in advance of last year $175,000, by the end of the year will probably amount to $200,000.

GOLD ITEMS.—Sixty ounces of gold were brought to town on Saturday last, from Sherbrooke. The lot was sold at $19.75 per ounce.

One party at the Goldenville diggings has taken out $11,000 worth of gold this season, with a clear profit of $6,000.

Mr. Hewitt brought up from Goldenville on Thursday, 17 lbs. weight of gold. It was shipped to England in the steamer the same evening.

The big nugget said to have been found at the Ovens Diggings, appears to be "a fixed fact." The piece of quartz in which it was imbedded weighs about 150 lbs., and it is said that a vein of gold can be seen running through its entire length, more than half an inch in thickness. The discoverer values it at $1000.

Mr. William Roche was, elected Alderman for Ward 5, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the refusal of the City Council to accept Mr. Spence.

About $10,000 worth of cents arrived in this city by the *Asia*.

Messrs. Howe and Tilley left in the steamer for England, as Delegates from this and the adjoining Province on the subject of the Intercolonial Railroad.

The Hon. J. M. Johnson, Speaker of the New Brunswick House of Assembly, has been appointed Attorney General of that Province, in place of the Hon. Mr. Smith, resigned.

Mr. John R. Marshall has been appointed Chief of Police in St. John, N. B., in the place of Capt. Scoullar.

At the meeting in St. John on Thursday last, in aid of the Lancashire operatives, it was resolved to place subscription lists in the Banks and News Room; to send circulars to all the Sheriffs in the province, soliciting aid,—and requesting Clergymen of all denominations to take up collections in their respective Churches.

The Cod-fishery of Newfoundland may be said to be now over for the season, with the exception of the Winter fishery on the Western Shore, and, on the whole, it cannot be said to be much better than that of last year. The quality of the fish, however, is superior, the weather for curing having been very fine, and consequently the quantity of cullage is much less than usual. This, with an advance in price, renders the condition of those engaged in the shore fishery in most places much better than last year. Added to which the potato crop is considerably better, and a much larger quantity was planted. We must except, however, the portion of the district of Conception Bay to the westward of Carbonear, including the southshore of the Bay, and also the greater portion of the district of Trinity Bay, where the fishery is short of that of last year. The result of the Labrador fishery, in which a large portion of our people were engaged, is the most unproductive on record; and the loss to the merchants and planters engaged in it will be very serious, while the greater portion of the sharemen have earned next to nothing. All accounts describe the industry of the people as having been unremitting; but the fish were not to be had, and bait was exceedingly scarce. The prospects of our operative population, as a whole, for the next six months, is any thing but cheering.—*N. F. Express.*

American States.

FROM RICHMOND.—An officer released from Richmond and returned to Washington gives the following account of the treatment of prisoners, and of the state of things at Richmond.

The prisoners spent four days pleasantly on the way to Richmond, and were treated kindly and hospitably by their captors and by all whom they met on the route.

The cavalry regiment of Colonel Chambloss was handsomely mounted and uniformed, and fully equipped.

There appeared to be an abundance of salt, flour, fresh beef and shoes among the soldiers.

Good discipline prevailed among the rebel troops. They treated each other with great kindness and courtesy. No whiskey drinking or card playing was allowed.

Much comment is made by the rebel troops as to the careless manner in which our dead were burried on the plains of Manassas.

All the rebel soldiers denounce General Pope, but, speak in the most complimentary terms of General McClellan.

The country districts are exhausted of food for man and beast, and in consequence apprehensions exist of great distress among the people during the coming Winter.

Everybody has plenty of paper money of all descriptions and denominations.

The treatment of federal prisoners at Libby prison has been changed for the better, and those confined with Captain Young had no cause to complain. He and thirty others were put in a large cool and pleasant room, and were attended by the guards and servants with marked kindness. Rations were served regularly, and a sutler constantly present. The morning newspapers were served at daylight.

The rebel troops are rapidly receiving their new uniforms, consisting of dark gray woolen jackets and light blue pants, &c. They say there is no lack of arms and that they have more cannon than can be used.

The general impression among them is that the war will not end until the expiration of President Lincoln's term of office.

Everybody, however, is sick of hostilities and the troops desire to return to their homes, yet one constantly hears the remark:—"You may exterminate us, but you cannot subjugate us."

The new Merrimac is not finished yet.

Eight dollars a bushel was asked for sweet potatoes. Rye coffee and sugar brought a dollar a pound each, There was little or no molasses on sale. Tin drinking cups sold for seventy-five cents each, and all other necessaries in proportion.

A very large democratic meeting was held in New York city on the 12th inst.—One of the largest indeed, it is described, that was ever held in America. Immense enthusiasm prevailed. The feeling appeared to be somewhat opposed to Mr. Lincoln and his government. The climax of enthusiasm was reached when Mr. Van Buren, one of the principal orators on the occasion, read a letter from General Winfield Scott, dated 3rd March 1861, addressed to Seward, and which it appears was not intended for the public. The veteran General now appears before the world as a prophet—according to the claims of his friends.

The Democrats have carried the elections in Ohio by large majorities. They claim 13 or 14 of the 19 Congressmen elected. In Indiana the Democratic State ticket has also been elected. The Republicans claim Pennsylvania.

Drafting has commenced in Boston. It took place at Faneuil Hall, on Wednesday last. The number required was 2109.

A Northern man, who resided for a number of years in Savannah, and who recently succeeded in making his way North, informs the New York *Times* that the feelings of the citizens of Savannah with reference to the rebellion, is unanimous in favor of continuing the course they have begun, and of never yielding until they have gained their independence. Many of them openly declare that they would perfer becoming the subjects of a foreign Power to a re-union with the National Government. Not a few openly avowed that they had meditated the movements for twenty years past, and that in the election of Lincoln they saw their opportunity. He also says that the Emancipation proclamation is impolitic, as it will greatly increase the Confederate army; and the idea is absurd that the mass of plantation negroes in the interior will, in consequence of the measure, strike a blow for their own freedom. He questions whether they will ever hear of it.

Somewhat awkward questions are being asked in the West with respect to the enormous arbitrary powers recently assumed by President Lincoln, and so far tamely submitted to by the North. The Chicago *Times* says:—

"If the President may, under the military power, proclaim general emancipation of the negro slaves of the South, on the pretence that he may do anything that he things necessary to surpress the rebellion, why may he not, under the same power, proclaim the general enslavement of the white people of the South, on the same pretense? And why may he not abolish the Federal Congress and imprison the members? And why may he not disperse the Supreme Court and hang the Judges? And why may he not obliterate State lines all over the country? Indeed, where is the limit of the President's power, on that pretence? It strikes us that the country had better stop a little short of the leap down the precipice."

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 14.—The Richmond *Inquirer* of the 14th says: There are prospects of an early peace, which conclusion is founded on the results of the battles in Virginia and Maryland, and the campaign now progressing. The battle of Antietam was to the Federal army the most terrible defeat of the war.

Speaking of the President's Emancipation Proclamation, the *Inquirer* says it is from an anticipation of the immediate interference of other nations to afford the Federal Government an apology for terminating the war. It calls for the immediate removal of the slaves from the borders by military force as a measure of precaution or necessity and immediate provision for their employment in the interior by the government with fair wages to the owners, in such labor and productions as may meet the exigencies of the country.

An order issued by Gov. Morgan directs a draft in the State of New York, to take place on the 10th of November for so many men as may be needed to complete the number of 120,000 apportioned to that State. The exact number cannot now, of course, be definitely stated, but it will not, probably, exceed 85,000.

A formidable naval expedition is now preparing to act against one or more Southern ports: The expedition will be commanded by officers of acknowledged ability, and will be stronger in point of armament and class of ships than any fleet which has embarked for offensive movements.

TELEGRAPHIC DESPATCHES.

Oct. 16.—Gov. Curtin complains that Generals at Hagerstown were advised of late Confederate raid across the Potomac, and might have prevented incursion into Pennsylvania. He asks a thorough investigation. One is ordered.—Reported capture of Kirby Smith and command is discredited; also that 3000 Confederates entered Lexington yesterday morning.-Memphis Bulletin says that Guerillas beyond Raleigh were burning all cotton within their reach.—Gentleman arrived at Sharpsburg, reports 200,000 Confederates between Gordonsville and Winchester; also that journalists and aristocrats of Richmond opposed to all overtures of peace, while the middle and lower classes favor such policy.—Depreciation in paper money inconveniently felt by Government. Many contractors will incur heavy losses if not bankrupted from the same cause; said they will appeal to Congress for relief.—Gold reached thirty above par.

The Confederate raid into Pennsylvania was attended with much large success than at first reported. No injury was done to individuals, but a large amount of property was taken—including Government Stores.

There has been heavy fighting in Kentucky, attended with large loss on both sides.

Oct. 17.—The Confederate steamer *Alabama*, formerly 290, received her armament and crew near the Western Islands from an English barque. The steamer has destroyed the ships *Brilliant*, *Ocumbria*, *Benjamin Tucker*, and one unknown, and the following barques: the *Virginia*, *Elisha*, *Dunbar*, *Ocean Rover*, brig *Alamaha*, and the schooners *Weathergauge* and *Starlight*.—It is supposed that the *Alabama* would cruise for some time about the Grand Bank (Newfoundland) for large American ships.—General McClellan's army has commenced an advance, General Hancock's division having left Harper's Ferry yesterday morning, and occupied Charleston, after an artillery skirmish.—The main body of the Confederate troops occupy a position extending from Bunker's Hill to the Shenandoah river.—General Buell's army is pressing the rear of General Bragg's army.—Another heavy fight is reported as having taken place on Wednesday last, between Lexington and Richmond, Kentucky, the Confederates reported as having been beaten.—FLOUR MARKET.—Superfine unchanged; extra $6,50 and $7.

Oct 18.—General Schofield, with an advance Guard, has left Cassville moving Southward to Arkansas line. Seven thousand Confederates are concentrated at Pocahontas, East Kansas, under General McBride. Generals Holmes and Hindman, with considerable force threaten General Gann at Helena.—Gen. Bragg was at Camp Orchard with 40,000 men on Thursday, retreating rapidly towards Mount Vernon. Kirby Smith was getting out of Kentucky and upon Bragg's track.—The mountaineers are reported felling trees in the road in order to obstruct the retreat of Bragg.—The New York under-writers have advanced war rates for sailing vessels, going in the track of the Alabama, by five cents.—McClellan's army is cautiously advancing and feeling its way towards the enemy,—A Washington despatch says that the battle of Antietam exerted decidedly a beneficial influencein Europe in favor of the Federals.—Gold 135.

Oct. 21.—The inhabitants of Aldie and Middleburg, on Sunday, believed that the Confederates were evacuating.—The Guerilla Chief, Morgan, has captured two Federal trains in Kentucky.—General Dumont started in pursuit, and was only forty minutes in the rear on Sunday.—All the Confederate bands appear making their way out of Missouri rapidly.—Gen. Schofield with an advance reached Elkhorn Tavern on Arkansas and established his headquarters there. The Confederates made for Boston mountains.—Federal Generals Steele and Esterhause were advancing from Pilot Creek against McBrior and Parson.—The Richmond Examiner puts the Federal loss at Perryville battle at about 20,000, and that of the Confederates at 5,000.—Two thousand Confederates in the rear of Caseyville on Ohio River were prevented from taking possession of the town by two gunboats.

Hint to Obituary Writers.

The Editor of the *Christian Advocate and Journal* recently gave the following good-natured hint. We copy it for the benefit of our contributors, to some of whom it will appropriately apply. We have been reluctantly obliged, for want of room, to defer some interesting Obituary *Notices*, so called, till next week.

"A boy to whom his teacher was explaining the expansive power of heat, naively inquired whether that was the reason that the days were longer in summer than in winter. We have been reminded of the boy's query by the fact that during the season of warm weather we received an unusual number of extended obituaries. In the present paper this department, although many of the articles have been largely abridged, occupies far more than its ordinary dimensions; and yet we have on hand more than enough to fill an equal space. As the writers of such notices generally desire for them an early insertion, it may be well to add that all the brief ones are first attended to; then those that require but little abridgment, while those which the heat of the weather, or the warmth of friendship, has expanded to unconscionable proportions stand aside till we have either space to insert or time to condense.

'The shorter their say, The briefer delay;
The long ones that come
Must shrink their dimensions, or wait till there's room.'"

☞ Subscribers to the S. S. Advocate are informed that the year ends with the No. sent this week. Those who wish to continue will please send their orders with the money, or through their Ministers. Price, under 20 copies 25 cents each per year—20 copies or more, 20 cents.

Bro. Cassidy writes from Albion Mines, "You will be pleased to hear that we are getting on in this new field pretty well. We are about commencing the erection of a place of worship. We are very few, but, with the Divine blessing, we will be successful."

☞ The next Term at Sackville Institutions commences next Wednesday. *See Advertisement.*

☞ Judge Marshall's Answers to "Essays and Reviews" for sale at Book Room. *See Advertisement.*

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—We sometimes have to doctor up prose communications as best we can, but poetry we seldom meddle with; so that original verses, if not up to the mark are at once consigned to oblivion.

S. O. F.—Your article possesses merit as suited to give consolation to the bereaved ones; but is not of general interest sufficient to warrant publication.

A. C.—A variety of Collections of Music to be had at the Wesleyan Book Room, Revival Melodies by Dadmun, Melodeon by Dadmun, American Vocalist by Mansfield, The New Lute of Zion—a most excellent collection, by Woodbury, The Hand Book of Wesleyan Psalmody—containing tunes for all the metres in our Hymn Book—an English Work, only 25 cents, and also The American Hymn and Tune Book: a capital collection. See advertisement.

Among the new works just received at the Book Room, we have Rolston's Elements of Divinity, Scripture Cabinet, Carter's History of the Reformation, Kurtz Church History in 2 vols., Kurtz Sacred History 1 vol., Angus' Bible Hand Book, and Hand Book of English Tongue, Eadies' Analytical Concordance, Bengel's Gnomon, Hibbard on Psalms, Wayland's Moral Science, Russell's Pulpit Eloquence, Todd's Manual, Pulpit Themes, Poetical Quotations, Homilist in 1 vol., Punshon's Sermons, Pearson on Infidelity, Hibbard on Baptism, Webster's and Worcester's Dictionaries, &c., &c.

THE MIGHTY HEALER.—Let not disease, with its fangs, prey upon you, until the cold hand of death hurls you to an untimely grave. Shake off the feeling of despair and hopelessness, so liable to come upon the invalid. The plant born of the Sun we place within the reach of all. We care not what may be the specific form of the disease. The cause, the fountain af the disease itself, is impure blood, and through the different channels of the lungs, the stomach and the vital organs, *Judson's Mountain Herb Pills* will pass, mingling with the blood, search out and grasp and then expel, all hurtful poison that there is in it. Thus cleanse the blood by a few doses of these Pills, and disease, in any form, will dissipate and vanish. As the Sun, with its glorious beams first causes the morning dew to rise as mist, then growing stronger, casts his burning rays upon it—and behold 'tis gone—so cleanse the blood, and disease, like morning dew, retreats and vanishes. There is no blood purifier equal to JUDSON'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS.—Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.
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sept 24 4w

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It has been justly remarked, that when the Puritan Theology is disregarded, and esteemed as superseded by much of a later age that is superficial and unsound, the dwarf will have taken the place of the giant, and a sicky atmosphere will be preferred to a pure and health-giving breeze.

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(Signed) HENRY B. FORMAN, M. D.,
Halifax, February 9. 1860. "Surgeon."

"DARTMOUTH, October 18, 1861.

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IMPORTANT TO PARENTS.—This certifies that I have used Woodill's Worm Lozengers for my little children, which gave them entire relief. They were so agreeable to the taste that they ate them like candies. I gladly recommend them for general use.

MRS. H. NIKA SMITH,
The well known lecturer on Female Education.
Antigonishe, July 26, 1862.

Hundreds of such flattering testimonials have been received, but the above will suffice to prove the superiority of Woodill's Worm Lozenges over every other remedy for Worms equally as efficacious in adults as in children.
February 28

Bleeding at Lungs, a special disease, and special treatment. The cases and results of *Hunnewell's Tolu Anodyne* do not quite admit of actual accounts of cures, but this much is sure, and should meet with use and approbation by all, who have this uncertain tenure of life. The entire compound is perfectly consistent with cure, in all cases of Bleeding, which has been fully tested on cuts and bruises outwardly. Being perfectly adapted to the Lungs with the Tolu, and healing property of the Cannabis, we can hardly use expressions strong enough to meet our confidence in it, or to urge trial. Let it be taken in confidence by all. See advertisement and call for pamphlets.
Sept. 24. 4w.

JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE.—Removes worms without failure.
It removes Sour Stomach.
It increases the appetite.
It strengthens digestion.
It relieves sick headache
It cures Fever and Ague in Children.
It is a superior remedy for Thores or St. Vitus Dance.
It is a valuable tonic for all kinds of Weakness.
It is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia.
Poor, puny, crying, fretting, children get well by the use of it.
Sold by Brown, Brothers Ordnance & Sques Halifax.

Marriages.

At Digby, on the 8th inst., by the Rev. Jomes Taylor, Mr. Adolphus McIntosh, to Mary Ann, daughter of Mr. James Warrington.

On the 28th of August, at Lake German Town, by the Rev. R. Tweedy, Mr. Edward Berryman, to Miss Sarah Moore, all of that place.

On the same day, by the same, at the Methodist Parsonage, Hopewell, Mr. Oliver Styles, to Miss Margaret Fentherby, both of Hopewell Hill.

On the 14th inst., by the same, at the Methodist Parsonage, Mr. James A. Archibald, to Miss Lucilla Rogers, both of Hopewell Hill.

At North Bar, Sydney, by Rev. G. O. Huestis, on the 12th inst., Mr. Alexander J. McKay, of Fortune, N. F., to Miss Margaret A. Bethune, of the first named place.

By the same, on the same day, at Sydney, Mr. Nathan Nunn, of England, to Miss Maria A. Roper, of Ingonish, C. B.

On the 18th inst., by the Rev. John Scott, Mr. Samuel Cook, to Miss Martha Woodling, both of this city.

Deaths.

Very suddenly, at Kennetcook, Newport, on the 7th of August last, Mr. John Harvie, in the 64th year of his age. The deceased was highly esteemed by all who knew him; and was for several years a member of the Wesleyan Church. His removal has cast a deep gloom over the community, but especially over the family of which he was a member.

At Kenetcook, on the 30th ult., Sarah Ann, daughter of Mr. Noah Burgess, aged 22 years, in triumphant hope through faith in Christ of a glorious resurrection unto eternal life.

At Nashwaak, on the 26th ult., aged 27 years Henrietta, daughter of the late John Clayton.

At Newport, on the 30th ult., Ann, widow of the late Wm Munro, aged 79.

On the 19th inst., George Graves, M. D., aged 67 years.

On the 30th ult., on board the brigt Express, on his passage from Cuba, George Wm., son of Mr. George Bates, of this city, aged 21 years.

At Truro, on the 12th inst., in the 78th year of her age, Lavania, widow of the late Rev. John Burnyeat, formerly Rector of St. John's Parish, Truro.

At Argyle, Washington Co, New York on the 13th inst., Harriet, relict of the late Andrew B. Richardson, of this city.

Shipping Notes.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

WEDNESDAY, October 15.

Steamer Asia, Shannon, Liverpool.
H M S Vesuvius, Capt Hamilton, Newfd.
Schrs Margaret, Day, Labrador.
Maude, Lenington, Newfd.
Mary Jane, Ozong, Newfd.
John, Ozong, Bay St Georgs.

THURSDAY, October 16.

Brigs Florida, McDonald, Ponce.
A D Whiddon, Gambol, Mexico—bd to Glasgow.
Brigts Village Belle, Douglas, Pernambuco.
Chowan, Long, Baltimore.
Schrs Vivid, Hewitt, Labrador.
Louisa Agnes, Walsh, Fortune Bay.
Volunteer, Taylor, Newfd; W H Hart, Evans, do.
Village Belle, Young, Newfd.
Hope, Miller, Cape Breton.

FRIDAY, October 17.

H M S Phetan, Capt Tatham, Bermuda.
Steamer Europa, Moodie, Boston.
Brig Fawn, Little, Jamaica
Brigts Onward, Doody, Ponce.
Spanish, Main, Gunge, Demerara.
Schrs Geo McKean, Lyons, Demerara.
Gazelle, Swain, Philadelphia.
Belgrade, LeBlanc, Boston.
Integrity, McDonald, Newfd.
Three Brothers, Fenton, Newfd.
Charles, McCormack, P E Island.
Nimble, Sydney; Gem, Dickson, Labrador.

SATURDAY, October 18.

Schr Mary, Day, Boston.

MONDAY, October 20.

Steamer Stanley, Williamson, Nassau—bound to Liverpool.

Brigt Express, Howard, St Jago—reports lost mate and to of crew by fever.

Schrs Eclipse, Smith, Malaga.
Ocean Bride, LaHave.
Juliet, Simpson, St John, N. B.
Francis Buffet, Burgess, Newfd.
Napier, Publicover, Newfd.
Rising Dawn, Jrills, St Barbes.

CLEARED.

Oct 18—Brigts Arab, Mason, Kingston, Jam; Margaret A Horton, Jrills, St Johns, Nfld; schrs Maude, Lington, Newfd; John, Ozong, Bay St George; Perseverance, McDaniel, P E Island; John Henry, McDonald, Sydney; Hero, Landry, Sydney; Emily, LeBlanc, P E Island.

Answers to "ESSAYS AND REVIEWS."

A *SMALL VOLUME* under the above title—by JUDGE MARSHALL, is now on sale at the *Book Establishments* in this city; also *PAMPHLETS* in answer to the first 'Essay.'—Volume 2s. 6d., Pamphlet 7½d. The following are notices of the Work in letters to the author:—"I have read with great pleasure your well arranged answers to the *Essays and Reviews*, and consider it a complete refutation of them, if the word of God may be admitted as authority. It shows much ability and research, and is calculated to do good in this infidel and licentious age."—*Rev. R. F. Uniacke, M. A., Rector of Saint George's, Halifax.*

"Your admirable reply to *Essays and Reviews* I have read with great delight, and I have no hesitation in stating that of the various critiques and replies to those pernicious productions I have read, none so thorough and satisfactory as yours. I am sure it would be useful if circulated in this country, and be of great value especially to our young men who may be enquiring after the truth."—*Rev. John Burns, D. D., London.* Oct 15.

HONEY IN THE COMB.

A Few boxes very superior HONEY, in the Comb, just received and for sale by
BROWN, BROTHERS & CO.
October 15 Ordnance Square.

New Advertisements.

☞ *Advertisements intended for this Paper should be sent in by Tuesday afternoon at 4 o'clk, if the latest*

BRITISH SHOE STORE.

ARTHUR J. RICKARDS,

145 GRANVILLE STREET

HAS just received, per "Mary" and "Halifax," from Boston, part of his Fall Stock of American Boots and Shoes.

90 cases Men's Women's and Children's.

BOOTS & SHOES.

24 cases Boys' & Youths' High-top Pegged Boots,
11 " Mens' Grain and Kip Wellington do.
15 " " Congress Boots and Brogans,
12 " Womens' Pegged, Buskins & Stout Boots,
12 " Childrens' Stout and Fancy Boots,
5 " Womens' Serge Congress Boots, single and double sole,
6 " Boys' and Youths' Brogans and Balmoral Boots.

Ladies' Chenville Slippers, Fine Kid Slippers; Misses' Kid do.; Gents' Tapestry and Gray Cloth Slippers.

The above have been personally selected, comprising all the latest styles, and will be found the best assorted Stock we have ever imported. Wholesale buyers can depend upon obtaining Goods at Very Low Prices For Cash.

We have received, per steamer "Asia," a large assortment of: Ladies' Kid Elastic Side Boots, Cloth Elastic Side do., Ladies' Stout Cloth Foxed do., Prunella Boots, &c.

Children's and Misses' Kid, Cloth and French Merino Boots.

IT STORE.—A large and superior Stock of Ladies' Long Rubber Boots, Rubber Gaiter Boots, Over shoes, Mens' Stout Rubber Shoes, etc, which are offered at very low prices, wholesale and retail, A. J. RICKARDS.
oct 23

London Drug & Medicine Store!

STOCKED with a full and complete assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES and CHEMICALS of known strength and purity, comprising most articles to be found in a

FIRST CLASS DISPENSING AND APOTHECARY STORE.

Particular attention given, by competent persons, to the preparation of all physician's prescriptions a reasonable charges

ALSO,—English, French and American Perfumery, Hair Oils, Hair Dyes and Washes, Pomatums &c.; Hair Brushes of all varieties, and strongly dressed Bristle and finely fastened Tooth Brushes, Tooth Powders, and Dental