who can help us in our best Circuits, men of good pulpit ability, who can stand hard colonial work. An opinion seems to prevail at home that this is a place to which men in infirm health may come to do a little work, and in some of our comfortable circuits get strong. This is a great mistake; men cannot do our work who are not in full health.

"We have a glorious field before us, and great success is certain, if we have the right kind of agency, and the blessed Spirit's aid. But we must have men of ability, and push and earnest zeal, or they will find themselves left far behind. Since the gold fields were discovered, a go-a-head, spirit seems to have been infused into the people, and the Church has felt its influence. A man who is not thoroughly in earnest is of no use here.

"I am, my dear Brother,

"Affectionately yours.

"WILLIAM BUTTERS."

"Rev. C. Tucker.

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

Domestic.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE, January 15, 1859.—His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor, by the advice of the Executive Council, has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

John Creighton, Q. C, to be one of the members of the Legislative Council of this Province provisionally until the signification of her Majesty's pleasure.

To be Registrar of Deed for the County of Lunenburg—John Heckman, in the place of the late Hon Wm Rudolf. To be one of the Commissioners for signing and issuing Treasury Notes—Charles Twining, in the place of John Duffus, resigned.

To be Justices of the Peace for the County of Colchester—Robert Chambers, Robert Nelson, Ezra Layton, to supply vacancies in the Commission occasioned by the decease of James M. Credman, John Dickson, and Charles Tucker.

To be one of the Commissioners of Schools for the District of New Dublin, in the County of Lunenburg—the Rev. John P. Moody, in the place of the Rev. Mr. Drumm, who has removed from the District.

New Brunswick.

His Honour Judge Wilmot addressed the children and teachers of the Sunday Schools of this City and Portland, at the Mechanics' Institute, on Monday and Tuesday on the subject of "Paganism." There were present about 1600 on each occasion, and consequently the whole number must have been about three thousand two hundred. He described in his usual happy style, the nature of Paganism; its hideous deities, its horrid rites, its degrading tendencies; and then the nature of true Christianity, its holy principles, its beneficent effects, wherever it extends its sway. The Christianity of the Bible never forged a bolt, or prison bar, never drew a tear or encouraged a cruel act. It taught peace and good will among men, and its only weapon was the sword of the Spirit—the blessed Word of God. The Bible was man's heritage and right, the source of all his blessings; and he urged his youthful hearers to stand fast by it and never surrender; and if we may judge by the storm of applause he received, this they are resolved to do. Several hymns were sung in the course of the proceedings—Mr. Card, with his accustomed ability, leading on the organ. The meetings were altogether very gratifying, and we heartily thank Judge Wilmot for so kindly devoting his time and talents to the services of the Sunday Schools of this city.

Judge Wilmot will deliver a lecture at the Mechanic's Institute next Friday evening, on "The Church in the Catacombs. The proceeds are to be given to the Protestant Orphan Asylum in this city.—*St. John Church Witness.*

BIBLE SOCIETY MEETING.—The Anniversary Meeting of the New Brunswick Bible Society was held last evening in the Mechanics' Institute. The building was crowded at an early hour to its utmost capacity. On the platform were a large number of ministers and others.—Prayer was offered by Dr. Gray. The President, Judge Parker, gave an excellent opening address, after which an abstract of the Report was read by Dr. Patterson. Several speakers occupied the evening until after 11 o'clock.

Judge Wilmot, who moved the second resolution, occupied the platform three quarters of an hour, and gave one of the best addresses we ever heard from him. He was enthusiastically cheered. A special collection for India was taken up, add the meeting was one of the best kind.—*Religious Intelligencer.*

Canada.

It is now announced that the Hon. Mr. Rose will take the office of Commissioner of Public Works, vacated by the resignation of the Hon Mr. Sicotte. Mr. Rose, before the acceptance of this office, was Solicitor General, with a seat in the Cabinet. No appointment is made in Mr. Rose's place, and our impression is the Ministry will leave it vacant. In Upper Canada there is no Solicitor General, and we doubt if one will be appointed. The crown law business can be more effectively and economically done than by Solicitors General attached to the Government. The Cabinet is too large, numbering ten.

The Provincial Parliament is convoked for Saturday, January 29th, and politicians naturally look forward to that event with interest. The Seat of Government question will form the most exciting topic of discussion, and if Ministers are beaten in the stand they have taken to maintain the Queen's award in its integrity, it appears to us that a dissolution is inevitable.

The Seat of Government question now, as ever, excites the warmest discussion, several localities being determined to use all means to get it.

There is no other political news of importance.

A branch of Railway from St. John, L. C., to Farnham, Eastern Townships, is opened for traffic to-day. It is an event of much local interest. Another railroad, the Bytown and Brockville, is to be opened in a few days.

We have now plenty of snow, sharp frost, the ice-bridge, and good sleighing.—in short a regular Canadian winter.—*Montreal Gazette.*

United States.

WASHINGTON, January 4.

The Buncombe debate, ostensibly relating to the subject of a Pacific railway, is likely to be continued for some time. The Senate always avails itself, with eagerness, of the chance to make sectional appeals. Mr. Everett lately characterised this body in a proper manner, as one, the necessary qualifications to shine in which were not those of statemanship but of demagoguism. The sole occupation of many of the Senators has of late years been to inflame and excite the passions and prejudices of sections. It is mentioned as a singular incident that Mr. Seward held a seat before Mr. Iverson, while the latter delivered his disunion speech, and when he closed, took him cordially by the hand, and congratulated him upon his eloquent effort; whereupon the two agitators aforesaid laughed incontinently at the pranks they were playing. It is very true that the Senators who take the lead in sectional agitation may not be themselves in earnest, but find it necessary to flatter popular prejudice at home, in order to secure a re election.

Thus, they may be, paradoxical as it may seem, disunionists for the sake of the Union, that is, for the sake of the spoils of the Union they would advocate disunion. Mr. Iverson was elected in opposition to a candidate of the Union party, and does not intend to lose the support of the Democrats of his state, who, as he asserts, are in the majority. The fact that such speeches as are sometimes made in the Senate are popular with Buncumbe, is very far from being an encouragement to the friends of the Union.

The treasury is at a stand. The wheels of the government must be kept in motion. The President takes the ground that Congress, having had a full exposition of the condition and wants of the treasury, ought to originate and carry through a measure for the supply of deficiencies in the revenue, without waiting for a distinct application from him. But if Congress do not take efficient measures before the 1st of Febuary to supply the treasury, he will send in a special message advising them of the necessity to which he may be driven of calling the next Congress together, in special, session. A special recommendation from the President of a loan would perhaps tend to defeat the measure; at least no specific measure would derive strength from the President's recommendation.

The Pacific railway and the French spoliations will serve to amuse and employ the Senate for two weeks, while the House will have enough to do in forwarding the appropriation bills. The subject of a supply of money for the treasury by loan, treasury notes, or an increase of the rates of duties will not come up in the House before February. In my opinion, authority must ultimately be given to the Secretary of the Treasury to re-issue the Treasury notes which have been paid in, for this would be an immediate resource, without the delay which would attend the negotiation of a new loan, in any form.

It will be hardly possible at this session to pass any bill which may call for money, beyond the appropriations called for by existing laws, and many even of these may be postponed or reduced.

The advisary board of agriculture, called together by the patent office, has had a very interesting session. The Secretary of the Interior has every reason to congratulate himself upon the success attending this mode of carrying into effect the law for the collection of agricultural statistics.

This week the United States Agricultural Society will meet at the Smithsonian. The President of the society is Gen. Tighman, of Maryland.

Congress resumed its labours on Tuesday, the 4th January, after a recess of eleven days, and evinced a disposition to go to work at once. The Senate bade adieu to its old hall and went to the new one. The occasion was "improved" by Mr. Crittenden, who spoke of it as a solemn one, and alluded to the illustrious men who had laboured in the old chamber. No man is more entitled to speak on the subject than the venerable Kentuckian, who was a Senator more than forty years ago, long before either Webster, or Calhoun, or Benton, or Wright had been thought of in connection with Senatorial life. He is almost the last survivor of the great men of a great age.

The proposition, said to have come from Jefferson Davis, that the United States should attach Cuba for debt, has called attention to the fact that the proposer's own State, Mississippi, is liable to the same kind of attachment, her "bonds" remaining unpaid so this day, and but little attachment being felt for them by the holders. There are none so ready for harsh measures against debtors as people who never pay their own debts.—*Am Traveller.*

THE GREAT PROJECTS OF THE AGE.—The New York Herald furnishes an elaborate article in relation to the great projects of the age, and concludes with this recapitulation:—

Pacific Railroad—the American line,	$150,000,000
do one British line,	150,000,000
Suez Ship Canal,	40,000,000
Nicaragua Ship Canal,	24,000,000
Niagara Falls Canal	10,000,000
Lake Erie and Michigan Canal,	18,000,000
Toronto and Georgian Bay Canal,	15,000,000
Lake Champlain and St. Lawrence Canal,	6,000,000
Ohio Falls Canal,	5,000,000
Tehunantepec Route,	10,000,000
Honduras Railroad,	7,000,000
Central Mexico Railroad,	15,000,000
The Victoria Bridge over the St. Lawrence at Montreal,	10,000,000
Alps Tunnel,	5,000,000
Hoosac Tunnel,	2,000,000
Bergen Tunnel,	715,000
Atlantic Telegraph—second line	2,590,000
Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph,	1,500,000
Grand Total,	$773,715,000

THE CITY POOR.—Over 6000 names of people, demanding relief, have been registered at the Alms House Rotunda within two or three days. This is but the advance guard of an army of perhaps 50,000 souls, who are looking want and destituion in the face, and to whom, the future has hardly other prospect, than starvation. The Superintendent takes the names and addresses of these poor people, and gives them to the visitors who make a personal visit and examine the necessities of each case. The crowd at the Alms-House office, is a long and dismal array of pallid faces, pinched forms and ragged garments—the uniform of the sad army which gathers for relief.—*N. Y. Spectator.*

Last Sunday night I dropped in at Fireman's Hall and heard the "last of the Mohegans"—ex-elder J. R. Graves. I was led there, I must acknowledge, through mere curiosity. His sermon was the conclusion of his morning sermon from the entire book of Esther. In the course of his remarks he said, "you all know that our own beloved Bro. Holmes was the first to baptize New England with Baptist blood." Umph! thought I *Query.* Was this baptism by effusion or immersion? What say you Mr. G. ?—*S. C. Advocate.*

Latest from Europe.

The Steamer *City of Washington* arrived at New York on the 20th, with Liverpool dates to the 6th inst. The following summary of news brought by her was received by telegraph at the Merchants' Exchange Reading Room of this city:—

IMPORTANT—AUSTRIA AND FRANCE.—At the Imperial Levee in Paris on New Year's day, Napoleon addressed the Austrian Minister as follows:—"I regret our relations with *your* Government are not so good as they were, but I request you to tell the Emperor my *personal* feelings for him have not changed." The emphatic tone and animated gesture of Napoleon attracted the general attention of the assembled diplomatists. Trouble is anticipated between the two nations. Considerable financial panic has been produced at Paris and Vienna by the menacing remarks of the Emperor.—ITALY is in a generally disturbed state. A conspiracy has been recently discovered at Cracow.

SPAIN AND AMERICA.—The Spanish government has refused to sell Cuba to the United States.

Australia.

A movement, says the *American Traveller*, which is no doubt premature, has been started in Australia, for obtaining the assent of the British government to the organization of Australia as an independent nation. How far the feeling extends, and whether it is sincere on the part of those who have started it, or only adopted for the purpose of obtaining notoriety, and drawing the attention of the Home government to the individuals, as men of consequence whom they must conciliate, we cannot at this distance determine.

Singularly enough, the most definite plan on the subject was originated by a clergyman, the Rev. Dr. Lang, who, in a lecture on the 23d of August, advocated a total separation of the colonies from England, in view of a war breaking out between England and France. He describes his plan as follows:

"To obviate all the possibilities of contingencies of war, from any quarter whatsoever, on these Australian coasts, by petitioning the mother-country at once to concede to us, with all necessary guarantees and stipulations, our entire freedom and national independence, and to recognize these Australian colonies from thenceforth as sovereign and independent States. Such a consummation, now that we have got Responsible Government and entire freedom of trade, would scarcely affect our relations with Great Britain in any perceptible, in any appreciable degree. We should still retain our British habits and associations, our British feelings and predilections, as strongly as ever; but we should simply be our own masters, receiving the law from Downing street no longer, and living in peace and harmony with all mankind; cherishing towards our British brother for all time coming a strong fraternal affection, but holding out at the same time, the right hand of friendship and fellowship to Frenchman, American, and Russ alike, whatever wars might rage in Europe. In short, were that consummation which I have suggested realized, whatever wars might be waged in the old world, that vast ocean which lines our coast would, as far as these noble Colonies are concerned, be a Pacific Ocean in reality for all mankind."

From the Feejee Islands.

Punishment of Cannibalism—Battle of Americans with the Savages—Burning of over one hundred Houses—Fifty Natives killed and wounded.

A few days since the overland mail, via St. Louis, brought us the intelligence that two white men had been killed at the Feejee Islands, and eaten by the natives. The San Francisco Herald of the 5th, contains further details of this act of cannibalism, and the punishment of the natives. The persons killed were Americans, one of them from New York:—

From the San Francisco Herald, Dec. 5.

The United States Ship Vandalia, Commander Sinclair, arrived in port on Friday, from a cruise through the South Pacific. Lieut J. Hogan Brown gives us some interesting information about a deed of cannibalism and its punishment. While the Vandalia was at Ovalau, in the Feejee Islands, information was communicated to Commander Sinclair, by the consul at Levuka, that the inhabitants of Lomati, on the Island of Ways—a tribe of ferocious cannibals—had surprised a small vessel, and murdered, cooked and eaten the crew.

Thereupon, an expedition, consisting of sixty men, was fitted out, placed in charge of Lieutenant Caldwell, with Lieutenant Ramsay, of the Marines, Assistant Surgeon Trist and Master's Mate Bartlett, and sent against them. The natives refusing to give up the murderers, and taking advantage of their strong position (a town situated on top of a high mountain, 1,600 feet above the level of the sea) to defy the party sent against them, a landing was effected at daylight on the morning after reaching the Island; and after a most fatiguing march of several hours, over declivities, precipices, rocks, and through ravines, the expedition arrived opposite the town. A long halt was made to refresh the men, who were almost protracted by their exertions.

After resting, the town was assaulted and carried by a flank movement, the natives fleeing to the rocks and fastnesses; the town was nearly destroyed, 115 houses having been fired consumed. On the return of the expedition they were attacked in the most furious manner in one of the ravines by 300 warriors, who were repulsed with a heavy loss, after a severe action of about one half an hour, the natives losing nearly fifty in killed and wounded, including two of their principal chiefs. The Americans had six wounded, one man very severely. The seamen and marines behaved in the most gallant manner.—The anomaly of their situation (attacking a powerful and courageous mountain tribe in their fastnesses) not moving them, except perhaps to more steady and daring conduct. The Americans murdered and eaten were Louis Browner, a Prussian, naturalized, and Henry Homer of New York.

PROTESTANT SCHOOLS IN PARIS.—In a letter to the Rev. D Sutherland, from a gentleman connected with Inverness, now in Paris, there is the following information regarding Protestant schools in the French metropolis:—"I have been through all the Evangelique schools with pasteur Fische, and was greatly pleased and surprised to find vast numbers of Popish children in them, busy learning the Bible as carefully as if in Inverness, their parents preferring to pay two francs a month there for them, rather than send them to the priests' *free* schools, which are planted all around these *heretical* schools. They take their Bibles home with them, and as most of the parents can read, very possibly the truth may thus be planted where least expected. Now that it is a serious crime for a Protestant to teach two children of different families under the same roof, everywhere in France but Paris, and would be the same here but that Government dare not provoke the lower orders, who detest the priests, we ought to do all we can to keep up and let in more light in Paris by means of these schools, which want of funds alone prevents being extended till the greater part of the young here are thoroughly taught in the Bible. Pray circulate that idea when you can; it may help to prevent the truth being greatly extinguished in France, for if Paris be enlightened by the Bible, France cannot be all in the shade."

GALLANTRY OF MAJOR SIR H. HAVELOCK.—Among the various exploits which have conferred honor on the British character during the present insurrection in India there are few more extraordinary than that which has been recently performed by Major Havelock, the son of the illustrious General whom the nation delights to honor. He accompanied the force under General Douglas to Judgespore. After some minor skirmishes, six columns converged to shut the enemy in, but they contrived to break through and make their escape, scarcely firing a shot. Their number was computed at 4,500 horse and foot all old Sepoys and mutineers. On the 18th of October it appeared certain that they were making for the Soane, and it was equally certain that if they were able to get into Behar and to reach Gya, the havoc committed by them would be fearful. Brigadier Douglas entrusted 200 cavalry to Major Havelock to follow them and check their movements He started without tents, baggage, followers, or regular supplies, and in the course of six days pursued the enemy 200 miles, and with the aid of Colonel Turner's column had three skirmishes with them, in which upwards of 500 were slaughtered, and the whole body of rebels driven into the Kymore hills, and the district brought completely into our possession. The chief, Ummer Singh, escaped capture only through the exhausted state of the horses, of whom more than sixty perished through this tremendous exertion. There are few examples in our military history in India of such a march under such circumstances, or of such complete success.

Periodical Literature.

The Wesleyan Methodist Magazine for January presents us with with a good engraving of a portrait of the Rev. DR. PICKARD, painted by Mr. Gush. Its contents are:

Justin Martyr, The Father of Christian Apologists;
Memoir of the Rev. John Rigg;
Prayer answered on the banks of the Ottawa;
"Not of the World;"
How to Write for the Press;
Notes of Madagascar;
The Dying Office-Bearer;
The last Step: The Confessional in the Church of England;
"The Predestinated Thief;"
Select Literary Notices;
The Wesleyan Theological Institution;
Varieties;
Poetry;
Religious Intelligence;
Biographical Sketches;
Obituary;
Recent Deaths.

The Christian Miscellany has, besides several instructive papers, brief articles of merit under the following departments:—"The Scripture Expositor,"—"Our Home Work,"—"Narratives,"—"Our Country,"—"Readings in History,"—"Poetry,"—"The Church,"—"Anecdotes,"—"Our Children,"—"The Minister,"—"The Portfolio,"—"Memorials of the Departed."

The Wesleyan Sunday School Magazine is well filled; and *Early Days* contains, besides its excellent selections for juvenile readers, a likeness of Dr. Adam Clarke.

Blackwood's Magazine for December is for sale at the American Book Store. We transcribe the list of contents:—

A Cruise in Japanese waters;
What will he do with it? By Pisistratus Caxton, —Part xix.
A Pleasant French Book;
The International Copyright Congress;
The Indian Mutiny and the Land Settlement;
Cousin John's Property;
Sermons;
Bright Absurdities;
Index.

DAVIS' PAIN KILLER.—We have tasted this medicine and assure our readers that it not only possesses all the virtues claimed for it, but in many instances surpasses any other remedy we have ever known. It should not be classed with the nostrums of the day, got up for the especial purpose of pecuniary profit, but be regarded as one of the standard medicines, for the public benefit.—*Herald of Gospel Liberty.*

Burns' Centenary.

The celebration of the Centenary of the birth of Robert Burns, on Tuesday last, called forth much enthusiasm in this city. An oration was delivered in Temperance Hall by the Honble. William Young. The Honble. Chief Justice presided. Mr. Young's captivating eloquence and enliving wit added their charms to his masterly delineation of the genius and character of Burns. The theme was a difficult one from which to address an audience such as was gathered to hear the orator: there is so much to admire in the talents with which God endowed Robert Burns, so much to lament in his failure to exercise them aright. The Chief Justice most emphatically thanked the orator on behalf of the meeting. The thanks of the meeting were then enthusiastically given to the Chief Justice for his presidency on the occasion. The Honorable Attorney General feeling that an expression of approbation should be presented to Mr. Young, not only from the chair but by the whole assembly, rose and most gracefully asked them to repair the omission.—This was done amid deafening applause. If we did not mistake the temper of the meeting, the admiration thus accorded to Mr. Young was equalled by that which every one felt for the nobility of feeling displayed by Mr. Johnston.

We have before us, says the *Witness* of Saturday, a copy of the *Nation* newspaper published in Dublin on the 11th of last month. It is one of the leading Irish Roman Catholic papers. It is patronized by the hierarchy and overflows with abuse of Protestantism and of England—just as the *Halifax Catholic* used to do. Well; this same *Nation* of the date above mentioned contains a list of

THE IRISH ABROAD,

occupying three columns. The list is prefaced as follows:—

"This list does not contain the name of ANY Irishman in the British service. On the contrary, with perhaps half a dozen exceptions, it is composed of men, or the descendants of men, who left this country in disgust with, or after Rebellion against British dominion—and who are in general understood to retain and transmit in regard to the relations between England and Ireland, the peculiar traditions and spirit of Irish Nationality."

Following this loyal heading is a list of Irish Romanists who have distinguished themselves in the Austrian service as Generals, Colonels, Governors, butlers, bakers &c. Then the Irish in France, Belgium, Spain, Greece, Saxony, the United States, Canada, Newfoundland and

NOVA SCOTIA.

Senior Member of the Executive Council:

THE HON. MICHAEL TOBIN.

President of the Legislative Council:

HON. EDWARD KENNY.

New Books.

We are indebted to E. G. Fuller for the following new works published by Harper & Brothers, N. Y.

What will he do with it?—*by Sir E. B. Lytton.*

Sylvan Holt's Daughter.

Terence and Phœdrus—literally translated—the latter is a new volume of Harpers Classical Library.

Also.—Lectures and Addresses by the late Rev. F. W. Robertson.—Ticknor and Fields.

Willie Winkle's Nursery Songs of Scotland, from the same publishers.

Electric Magazine for January, and Ladies' American Magazine.

The latter arrived just on going to press and we are unable to give a more extended notice.

Book Postage.

According to promise in our last we affix the postage on our Periodicals,—of any deviation from which we shall be glad to be advised, in case of overcharge the cover must be returned.

London Quarterly Review,	8 pence.
Methodist Quarterly,	3½d.
Wesleyan Methodist Magazine,	3d.
Ladies' Repository,	2½d.

All printed papers not pamphlets, 1d. per ounce.

Pamphlets &c., under 2 ounces, free.

Books &c., above 2 ounces, half-penny per ounce.

☞ The Honble. Martin I. Wilkins has resigned the office of Solicitor General, and his seat in the Cabinet.

Wesleyan Conference Office.

LETTERS AND MONIES RECEIVED SINCE OUR LAST.

[The current volume is from No. 468 to 520.]

Timothy Elliott (10s. for P. W.), Mrs. Evening (5s. for P. W.), Rev. J. H. Drumm (20s. for B.R.), John Wier (10s. for P. W.), Thos. Hamilton (new sub. 5s for P. W. in adv.), Rev. S. Avery (10s. for B.R.—10s. for P. W., for Wm. Holland 5s., Anthony Wilkins, new sub. 5s. for P. W. in adv.), L. Borden (20s. for P. W. for Jas. Black 10s., D. McKin 5s., Joseph Mattinson 5s.), Mrs. Duncan; Rev. C. Dewolf; Rev. J. R. Narraway (57s. 6d. for P. W., for S. Mills 20s., Geo. Bickerton 7s. 6d., Marcus Palmer 5s., Wm. Weldon 15s., James Black 10s.—25s. for B.R.), Jacob Mann (5s. for P. W.), Rev. A. McNutt (25s. for P. W. for Wm. Salter R. O'Brien (new sub.), Rev. G. W. Tuttle 20s. for P. W. for L. Sturk,—sermons sent by mail), Wm. Copp 10s. for P. W.), Rev. S. Avery, (20s. for P. W., for A. Brown 15s., Miss Rolls 5s.—part of books must be ord'd.) Rev. J. Prince 29s. 4½d. for B.R.—95s. 7½d. for P. W., for R. Bowser 20., Wm. McAuley 19s. 7½d., S. Simmonds 5s., W. T. Baird 10s., Hon. C. Connell 10s., R. A. Hay 5s., James Morse 5s., R. Hemphill 10s., S. Hall 10s., W. Lindsay 10s.), Rev. James Taylor (40s. for P. W., for Wm. Bennett 10s., S. Morine 5s., W. Hamilton 5s., Thos. Crouch 5s., Abraham West 10s., W. Gilliatt 5s.—one new sub.), Rev. C. Lockhart (400s. on ac.), W. Sargent, Esq. (7s. 11½d. for Rev. C. L., 10s. for P.W.), Rev. G. O. Huestis (40s. for B.R.—60s. for P. W., for F. Cunningham 10s., Wm. Hart 10s., Jas. Sutherland 10s., Rob. Hart 5s., Jas Whitman 10s., John Jamieson 5s., Mrs. Potter, till June 30, '59, 10s.), William Torry (no means of knowing where the letter comes from—we have a Jas. A. Torry, who must pay up arrears before we comply), Rev. G. B. Payson.

TESTIMONIALS FROM FOREIGN COUNTRIES.—A pleasing travelling companion, and one that no person should be without is Perry Davis' Pain Killer. A sudden attack of diarrhea, dysentery, or cholera-morbus can be effectually and instantaneously relieved by it, it is equally effectual in curing scalds, burns, &c.

Thomas S. Ranney, writing from Rangoon, Burmah, December 19, 1856, says;—"It is becoming more popular, and in several instances I am assured that the cholera has been arrested as life preserved by its use. The late prevalence of cholera here has swept off about all the Pain Killer I had, and purchasers looking to me for a supply will be disappointed in my ability to supply them. Please send me an invoice of $150 worth by the first opportunity."

CAPE TOWN, Africa, Jan. 28, 1856.

Messrs. P. Davis & Son.—Dear Sirs:—The Pain Killer we are happy to say, is getting in good repute, here, and its good qualities are being appreciated. Lately, we have a great demand for the article, and confidently anticipate a large trade in the Pain Killer.

BORRODAILE THOMPSON HALL & CO.

Sold by druggists everywhere. Jan. 20 2w

Church Dedication.

The new Wesleyan Methodist Church in the village Hillsburgh, (Annapolis Circuit,) will be dedicated (D. V.,) to the worship of God on the second Sunday of next month, (Feb. 13th.) The opening services will also be continued on the following day. Sermons will be preached on the Sabbath, in the morning at half-past ten, by the Rev. Thomas Angwin, Chairman of the District, in the afternoon, at half-past two, by the Rev. G. W. Tuttle, of Digby, and in the evening at half-past six, by the Rev. Jas. G. Hennigar, of Horton.

On Monday, Febr. 14th, the Rev. J. G. Hennigar will preach in the morning at 11, and in the afternoon the Rev. Thomas Angwin will preach, service to commence at 3 o'clock.

A public breakfast will be held in the basement of the Church, on the morning of Monday the 14th, at 9 o'clock, at which several ministers will be present, and no pains will be spared by the Ladies to provide amply for their guests; and none by the ministers to make the season profitable to all present.

The kind attention of friends at a distance is requested to those services; and as there has been no appeal to other Circuits for aid in the erection of this commodious and beautiful House of Worship, a good attendance from the other parts of the District is now respectfully requested to cheer those who are identified with this rising interest.

A collection will be made after each of the public services in aid of the funds.

F. SMALLWOOD.

January 5th, 1859.

Commercial.

Halifax Markets.

Corrected for the "Provincial Wesleyan" up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, January 26.

Bread, Navy, per cwt.	17 6d a 19s
" Pilot, per bbl.	17s 6d a 20s
Beef, Prime Ca.	55s
" " Am.	65s
Butter, Canada,	10d
" N. S. per lb.	10d a 10½d
Coffee, Laguyra, "	8½d a 9d
" Jamaica, "	9d
Flour, Am. sfi. per bbl.	30s a 32s 6d
" Can. sfi. "	30s
" State, "	25s a 30s
" Rye "	22s 6d
Cornmeal "	23s
Indian Corn, per bush.	none
Molasses, Mus. per gal.	1s 9d a 2s
" Clayed, "	1s 6d
Pork, prime, per bbl.	$18
" mess "	$22
Sugar, Bright P. R.	50s a 52s 6d
" Cuba	45s a 47s 6d
Bar Iron, com. per cwt.	15s a 16s 3d
Hoop "	22s 6d
Sheet "	23s
Nails, cut "	22s 6d
" wrought per lb.	3½d a 6d
Leather, sole "	1s 4d a 1s 6d
Codfish, large	20s
" small	15s
Salmon, No. 1,	$20 a 20½
" 2,	19 a 19½
" 3,	16
Mackarel, No. 1,	18
" 2,	11 a 12
" 3,	6½ a 6¾
" " med.	4½ a 5
Herrings No 1,	20s
Alewives,	20s
Haddock,	10s 6d a 11s
Coal, Sydney, per chal.	25s
Firewood, per cord,	17s 6d

Prices at the Farmers' Market, corrected up to 4 o'clock, Wednesday, January . 26

Oats, per bushel	2s 3d
Oatmeal, per cwt.	16s
Fresh Beef, per cwt.	$5½ a $7½
Bacon, per lb.	6½d
Cheese, "	6d a 6½d
Calf-skins, "	7d
Yarn, "	2s 6d
Butter, fresh "	1s
Lamb, "	3½d a 4½d
Veal, "	3d a 4d
Turkey, "	9d
Chickens, "	2s 6d
Geese, "	2s a 2s 6d.
Potatoes, per bushel	3s 3d
Eggs, per dozen	1s 1d a 1s 2d
Homespun Cloth (wool) per yard,	2s 6d
Do. (cotton and wool) "	1s 9d

WILLIAM NEWCOMB
Clerk of Market

WORK FOR THE WINTER.

A LIMITED number of Agents, male and female will be employed. By enclosing a stamp or a three cent piece, we send full particulars as to the business. Our Agents have averaged $12 per month for the past eighteen months.

S. M. MYRICK & CO.
December 9. 6w. Lynn, Mass.

Marriages.

By Rev. S. Avery, on the 24th Novr., Mr. Jacob Wallace, of Cornwallis, to NAOMI, third daughter of Elijah Phinney, Esq., of Wilmot.

By the same, on the 26th Decr., Edward Cook, of Hunt's Point, to Ellen S. PHILLPS, of Liverpool, N. S.

By Rev. G. O Huestis, at River Inhabitant, Cape Breton, on the 10th January, Mr. Samuel EMERES, Jr., of Ship Harbour, to Miss Susan GRANT, of the first named place.

By the same, at Guysborough, on the 13th January, Mr. Dutee PAINE, of Burrissville, Rhode Island, U. S., to Miss Mary G. COOK, of New Canada, Guysboro'.

Deaths.

At Liverpool, N. S., Dec. 30th, of Consumption. Willington DAKIN, in the 21st year of his age. His end was peace.

On the 20th inst., Joseph GRAHAM, Esq., in the 71st year of his age.

At Mill Village, on the 2nd inst., MARY, widow of the late Wm. Mack, aged 91 years.

At Port Matoon, on the 29th ult., John MAXWELL, aged 102 years. Deceased was one of the Loyalists.

At Yarmouth, on the 7th inst., Mr. Daniel DOANE, in the 85th year of his age.

At Horton, 8th inst., THOMAS E., eldest son of Thomas Bergin, aged 15 years

On the 16th inst., Septimus CLARKE, aged 48 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED

WEDNESDAY, January 19.

Barque Halifax, McCulloch, Boston.
Brig America, Meagher, Boston.
Brigts Jessie, Thomas, Porto Rico.
Gen Williams, Doane, Salt Island.
Velocity, Smith, Porto Rico.
Schrs Sultan, Day, Fortune Bay.
Lates, Young, Lunenburg.

THURSDAY, January 20.

Schrs Ark, Strum, Fortune Bay.
Telegraph, McNab, Fortune Bay.
Charles, Nickerson, Fortune Bay; Louisa, do.

FRIDAY, January 21.

Brig Gipsy, Griffin, Baltimore,
Schr Elizabeth Ann, New York.

SATURDAY, January 22.

Schr Lunenburg Pckt, Westhaver, Lunenburg.

TUESDAY, January 25.

Brigt Stanley, Davidson, Havana.

CLEARED.

January 17.—Brigt Jerome, Harding, New York; schrs Mary, Furlong, F W Indies; Mary Balcam, Lunenburg, Cuba; Morning Light, Westhaver, Newfld; Amazon, McPhee, do.

January 18.—Brig Rover, Morrison, Jamaica; schrs Sarah, and Laura, Arichat.

January 21—Speedy, LeBlanc, P E Island.

January 22—Brig America, Meagher, Boston.

MEMORANDA

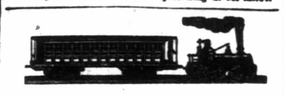
Brigt Charles, from Ireland, bound to New Brunswick, was wrecked at Ragged Islands on the 8th inst. One man drowned.

Brig Herald, from Pernambuco for Boston, was wrecked on Nantucket Shoals, on the night of the 17th inst. Vessel and cargo totally lost.

MATTHEW H. RICHEY,
Barrister and Attorney at Law,
OFFICE—50, BEDFORD ROW,
HALIFAX, N.S.

New Advertisements.

☞ *Advertisements intended for this Paper should be sent in by 10 o'clock on Wednesday morning at the latest.*



RAILWAY NOTICE.

ON and after TUESDAY, the 25th inst., there will be but ONE TRAIN a day (until further notice) to and from TRURO and to and from WINDSOR,

Leaving Halifax for Truro	at 7 30,	A. M.
And Truro for Halifax	at 12	Noon.
Halifax for Windsor	at 8	A. M.
And Windsor for Halifax	at 1 30,	P. M.

JAMES MCNAB.

Railway Office, 20th Jan., 1859.
Jan 28th.

PROTESTANT ALLIANCE, OF NOVA SCOTIA.

THE Fourth Lecture of the Course in connection with the Protestant Alliance will be delivered (D. V.) at

Temperance Hall,

This Thursday Evening, 27th inst.,

BY REV. JOHN L. MURDOCH.

Subject: "The causes which since the Reformation have led to the revival and increase of Popery."

Tickets of admission at 8d., will be sold at the Hall on the evening of the Lecture

Doors open at 7—Chair to be taken at 7½ o'clock.

JOHN HUNTER, } Joint
GEO. R. ANDERSON, } Secretaries.

January 27.

Extract of a Letter from PROF. HAYES,

ENCLOSING A CERTIFICATE.

Messrs. FELLOWS & CO.

Gents.: I made the examination of the Worm Lozenges, as you desired, and found only the product mentioned in your note, which was of course expected, but which was not the less interesting to me. You have made an excellent choice of ingredients, and the preparation is a tempting one, and must meet with a large sale from its merits. I enclose a document which you may publish.

Truly yours, *A. A. HAYES.*

Certificate.—*I have analyzed the Worm Lozenges prepared by Messrs. Fellows & Co., and find that they are free from Mercury, and other metallic or mineral matter. These Lozenges are skilfully compounded, pleasant to the taste, safe, yet sure and effective in their action.*

Respectfully,

A. A. HAYES, M. D.,
Assayer to State of Mass.

Fellows' Worm Lozenges are sold by all Apothecaries.

Christmas and New Year's Gifts

THE BEST BOOK FOR A

GIFT BOOK.

A SMALL Pocket Bible with gilt rims and Antique clasp, for four shillings,

The same elegantly gilt for five shillings,

A size larger with gilt rims, clasps, and corners, five shillings.

Do. beautifully bound in Velvet, with shield, seven shillings and sixpence.

Four cases lately received by Steamer containing an elegant assortment of Bibles from one shilling and sixpence to five pounds ten shillings

Also.—Well selected Stationary, Writing Papers—Foolscap, do. Account Books, Memorandum Books, Blank Books, &c.

The following Books are just received amongst many others.

An assortment of beautifully bound Annuals.
Rebels Christian Year, in elegant calf, illustrated,
Bunyans Pilgrims Progress, do. do.
Lays of the Holy Land, in cloth and morocco.
The Books of Proverbs, (a splendid gift book,) cloth and morocco.
Ministering Children, do. gilt.
Young Lady's Counsellor, do.
The Pioneer Bishop,
Holiday Library,
Family Bibles,
Cairds Sermons,
Trench on Parables and Miracles,
Theological Sketch Book,
Boys and Girls Book,
The Sheepfold and Common,
Bridal Greetings,
Harry Budd. &c. &c. &c.

WESLEYAN BOOK ROOM.
Argyle St., Halifax.

Dec. 23.

Institution

FOR THE

Education of Young Ladies.

Temporary Premises, No. 43 George Street.

THIS Institution will be conducted on the same principles as those in Edinburgh, by Mr. and Mrs. DAVIDSON, who have for many years devoted their time and attention to the education of Young Ladies. they will be assisted by FRAULEIN HENNEBERG, from Hanover, Germany. The course of study will be thorough and comprehensive, and embrace the following branches viz: English Writing and Arithmetic, French Language and Literature, German Language and Literature, Theory of Music and Piano Forte, Singing, Drawing, Needlework and Calisthenics.

Any of the above branches may be taken separately

Mr and Mrs. Davison respectfully intimate that they will open the Institution on Tuesday, 4th Jan., 1859.

Cards of Terms may be had on application to Mr Davis at Mrs. Anderson's, 2 Tower Road, Spring-Gardens December 23.

NASH'S SUPERIOR HORSE AND CATTLE LINIMENT.—One of the most valuable articles ever offered to the public for Sprains, Windgalls, Ringbones, Spavins, Stiffness of the Joints, F