

So we have "an inheritance among them that are sanctified." That is, by being strong to do God's will here, we are prepared for heaven. No wonder that Paul commended the church at Ephesus to the Bible, was it? God's Word is elsewhere said to be:

1. Our prevention from sin. Pa. 119. 11.
2. Our counselor. Ps. 119. 24.
3. Our Guide. Ps. 119. 19.
4. Our lamp. Ps. 119. 109.
5. Our sustenance. Luke 4. 4.
6. Our quickening. Ps. 119. 50.
7. Our comfort. Ps. 119. 50.
8. Our sword. Eph. 6. 17.
9. Our cleansing. Eph. 5. 26.
10. Our sanctification. John 17. 17.

March 13th.—"Loving Everybody." Luke 10. 27.

Let the whole incident (verses 25-37) form the lesson story from which many lessons showing the practical nature of the topic may be drawn. Love to God and to one's neighbor are the two great commandments. The proper keeping of these two great laws is more than all burnt offerings and sacrifices." (Mark 12. 33.) Paul said, "He that loveth another hath fulfilled the law." (Rom. 13. 8.) The Bible teaching concerning love is very clear and explicit. It will be profitable to study some of the main precepts. Indeed, perhaps, no better preparation for this meeting can be made than to encourage all the juniors to bring a "love" text with them to repeat at the roll-call. In this way a wealth of Scripture material will freely be contributed to the meeting. Then the superintendents may show some such features of the Bible teaching as the following, in addition to those given above:

1. We should love, because of God's forgiveness. Luke 7. 43.
2. This is Christ's command. John 15. 17.
3. It is binding on all. 1 John 3. 23.
4. It is a proof of our life in Christ. 1 John 3. 14.
5. It is evidence of our love to God. 1 John 4. 20.
6. It is the way to abide in the light. 1 John 2. 10.
7. It shows the world that we are Christ's. John 13. 35.
8. Love does nobody any harm. Rom. 13. 10.
9. It tries to do good to everybody. Matt. 5. 44, 46.
10. Even to those who hate us. Luke 6. 27.

Many such illuminating texts may be found. These are, perhaps, as good as any. Make it clear that love is practical. It does things for others, even as Christ laid down his life for us, and it does these things without thought of reward or gain.

Junior Bible Study.

We take this opportunity of recommending to all junior workers the comprehensive little work on the above important subject, prepared by Mrs. F. Louise Wilbur, and obtainable from our West arranged Bible information, under appropriate headings, in the form of questions and answers. Each "lesson" of the 107 contained in the book is so arranged that the Bible itself must be consulted, and "the object is not to see how much can be learned, but how well. The plan of the work is to have pupils know where the verse is found." We give below the study on

BIBLE PROMISES.

Lesson cvii.

- Q-1. Does the Bible contain any promises?
 A. It contains thousands of promises.
 Q-2. What is the promise of guidance?
 A. Ps. 38. 8.

Q-3. What is the promise of God's presence?
 A. Heb. 13. 5 (last clause).

Q-4. What is the promise of comfort?
 A. John 14. 18.

Q-5. What is the promise to the weary and heavy laden?
 A. Matt. 11. 28.

Q-6. What promise of living with Jesus have we?
 A. John 14. 2, 3.

Q-7. What is the promise of receiving what we ask for?
 A. John 15. 14.

Q-8. What is the promise of eternal life?
 A. Tit. 1. 2.

Q-9. What is the promise of peace?
 A. John 14. 27.

Q-10. What promise of everlasting life is most used?
 A. John 3. 16.

Q-11. What promise is given those who seek?
 A. Matt. 7. 7, 8.

Q-12. What is God's promise of help?
 A. Isa. 41. 13.

Q-13. What is God's promise to answer when we call?
 A. Jer. 33. 3.

Q-14. What promise does God give to them who seek him early?
 A. Prov. 8. 17.

Special.

Have you a copy of "Junior Studies in the Life of Christ" yet. Is your League following this plan of Supplemental Bible Study? If not, why not? If you commenced using it with the New Year as we recommended, you will by now, have covered the Part I, called "Preparation," and will have a good knowledge of the events leading up to our Lord's first cleansing of the temple. In order to help you, the following summary is given. Learn these facts in order:

- (1) Birth of John the Baptist promised.
- (2) Birth of Jesus promised.
- (3) Birth of John. (4) Of Jesus. (5) The herald and the shepherds. (6) The presentation in the temple. (7) The visit of the wise men. (8) The flight into Egypt. (9) Return to Nazareth. (10) Childhood at Nazareth. (11) Visit to Jerusalem when twelve years old. (12) Eighteen months at Nazareth. (13) The preaching of John the Baptist. (14) The baptism of Jesus. (15) The temptation in the wilderness. (16) The first disciple. (17) The first miracle. (18) Sojourn in Capernaum. (John 2. 12.) (19) First cleansing of the temple. (20) Discourse with Nicodemus.

N.B. (1) When you have memorized these facts write out all you can in order, starting with No. 1, and going down the list. Then mail your list to Mr. Bartlett, who will revise, correct, and return to you. (2) On page 10 of the textbook, "Junior Studies," is a map, on which the places named in all the work above, are given. Study this map, and then draw one from memory as complete as you can. Send this to Mr. Bartlett, who will revise, correct, and return to you. The Junior Leaguer doing the most and best work in this way during February, March, and April—that is, to the one getting the highest marks on the work outlined in the February, March, and April "Eras." Mr. Crews will present a beautiful book prize. Now, then, to work all of you!

The first number of the Junior Workers' Quarterly (Dr. J. F. Berry, editor) for 1904, is full of good things. The "Editor's Portfolio" is specially rich in pointers for superintendents, who desire to succeed in their League work. Our Canadian junior workers will find many helpful suggestions in this valuable quarterly, and again we advise them to subscribe for it. (30 cents per year. The Western Methodist Book Concern, 220

West Fourth Street, Cincinnati, publishers.)

Occasionally we receive letters seeking advice in Junior League matters. How to organize, what to do, etc. To all such we invariably recommend the Junior League Hand-book, published by our own Book Room, Toronto. It has helped many and is not yet obsolete.

Some Bible Facts.

Books in the Old Testament, 39; chapters, 929.

Verses 23,214; words, 592,439; letters, 2,728,100.

Books in the New Testament, 27; chapters, 260.

Verses, 7,959; words, 181,253; letters, 833,350.

The middle chapter and the least in the Bible is Pa. 117.

The middle verse is Pa. 118. 8.

The word "and" occurs in Old Testament, 55,513 times.

The same word is in the New Testament, 10,654 times.

The word "Jehovah" occurs 6,855 times.

The middle book of the Old Testament is Proverbs.

The middle chapter is Job 29.

The middle verse is 2 Chronicles 20. 17.

The least verse is 1 Chronicles 1. 1.

The middle book in the New Testament is 2 Thessalonians.

The middle chapters are Romans 13 and 14.

The middle verse is Acts 17. 17.

The least verse is John 11. 35.

Ezra 1. 21 has all the letters of the alphabet.

2 Kings 19 and Isaiah 37 are both alike.

Who Can Learn It?

- A --- "A's" a dot and then a dash.
- B ---- "B" dash, three dots like a "B" shape.
- C --- "C," two dots, a space, a dot.
- D ---- Dash, two dots, and "D" you've got.
- E - "E" is but a period.
- F ---- Readers, are you wear-I-d? "F" is made thus,—dot, dash, dot.
- G ---- Dash, dash, dot to "G" allot.
- H ---- Four dots "H"—how's that for high?
- I --- While two dots "I" will satisfy.
- J ---- "J," dash, dot, dash, dot, you sound.
- K ---- Dash, dot, dash for "K" you've found.
- L ---- "L's" long dash, so rest your hands!
- M ---- Next—two dashes "M" demands.
- N --- "N's" dash, dot, make closely—see?
- O - "O's" a dot, space, dot—oh me!
- P ---- Five dots next for "P" surface.
- Q ---- "Q," two dots, dash, dot—how nice!
- R - - Dot, space, two dots for "R" come next.
- S - - "S," three dots—now watch my text—
- T - "T's" short dash, half size of "L".
- U ---- "U's" two dots and dash—that's well!
- V ---- "V" is three dots, dash—art'tred?
- W ---- "W's" dot, two dashes wired.
- X ---- Dot, dash, two dots, "X" you'll find.
- Y - - "Y," two dots, space, two dots, mind!
- Z - - - Three dots, space, and dot are "Z".
- & - - - "&" is vice-versa—see!