

# The Evening Times - Star

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TWELVE PAGES—ONE CENT

## King Praises Canadians In Gracious Farewell

### Recalls Glorious Deeds on Battlefield

#### Triumphant March

##### Troops From This Dominion Head the Line in London Streets While Cheering Thousands Greet Them—To Each a Copy of His Majesty's Address

London, May 5.—(Reuter's)—Saturday's march of overseas troops through London provided a unique empire pageant for a dense crowd of cheering people who lined the route. The gaily decorated streets, abuzz with all kinds of flags, presented a brilliant picture in the bright sunshine, with squadrons of air-planes swooping by dominion ace, circling and piling above the ranks of marching troops.

H. R. H. Prince Arthur of Connaught, accompanied Lieut. General Sir Arthur Currie at the head of the Canadians, who lead the procession. In succession followed General Chauvel with the Australians, General Young with the New Zealanders, Colonel Thackeray with the South Africans and Colonel Bernard with the Newfoundlanders. The king, who in the morning held an investiture of overseas troops, took the salute at the Palace.

#### The King's Prize

The following message from the king was handed each man on the dispersal of the parade:—  
"Officers, non-commissioned officers and men of the overseas forces:—  
"It is with a heart full of pride and gratitude I take your salute today as you march in triumph through London. The people of the British dominions beyond the seas by their instant readiness to share in the trials and responsibilities of the great war have shown to the world the unity of the British Empire. You, with your comrades from the most distant corners of the globe, have shown noble deeds which will ever be held in proud remembrance. Readily you adopted yourselves to changing conditions of a new and formidable enemy. You have endured physical hardships and exacting mental strains.

"Whether on the plains of Flanders, the heights of Gallipoli, in France, Palestine and other theatres of war, you displayed gallant endurance in defence and vigorous initiative in attack. We are proud of the part played by the Canadians in the second battle of Ypres and Vimy Ridge; by the Australians and New Zealanders at Gallipoli, and in the advance in France in the spring of 1917; by the troops of all the three dominions in breaking the Hindenburg line last year; by the South African brigade in Delville Wood, and by the Royal Newfoundland Regiment at Monchy Le Preux.

"Now in the day of victory I wish to express to you who represent the overseas forces my unbounded admiration for your splendid deeds of arms and sacrifices you have made. I wish you all Godspeed on your homeward journey with the hope that the outcome of this world struggle will assure peace to your children and your children's children."

An one writer says—"Each dominion contingent in its first battle set itself to reach—and reached—the highest standard of desperate and disciplined courage."  
It is pointed out that the Victoria Crosses were never so hard to win as in the recent war, yet the number conferred on overseas soldiers is greater than the crosses gained by all arms in any previous campaign with the exception of the Indian Mutiny.

### HEAVY WINDOW FALLS AMONG WORSHIPPERS; WOMAN IS KILLED

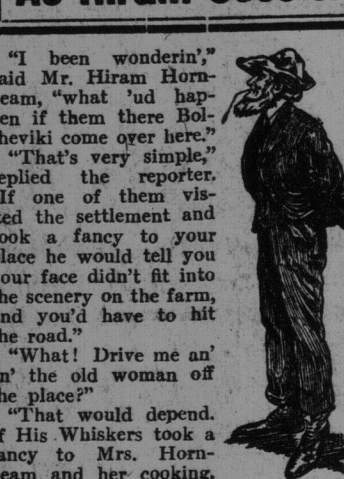
#### Tragedy at Women's Mission in St. Mary's Cathedral, Trenton

Trenton, N. J., May 5.—The falling of a ventilating window and sash weighing 300 or 400 pounds from the roof of St. Mary's Catholic cathedral, a distance of seventy-five feet, into the crowded church yesterday afternoon at a women's mission, killed one woman, injured more than a score of others and started a near panic among the worshippers.

### AUSTRIANS TO PARIS THIS MONTH ON TREATY MATTERS

Paris, May 5.—The determination of the peace conference to begin the negotiations of a peace treaty with Austria immediately following the delivery of the treaty to the Germans has been made known to Italy. It is said the Austrians will arrive toward the middle of May.

### As Hiram Sees It



"I been wonderin'," said Mr. Hiram Hornbeam, "what 'ud happen if them there Bolsheviks come over here." "That's very simple," replied the reporter. "If one of them visited the settlement and took a fancy to your place he would tell you your face didn't fit into the scenery on the farm and you'd have to hit the road."

### STATEMENT BY POLICE CHIEF

#### Matter of Co-operation and Duty Performed in Reference to Prohibition Law

In connection with a sermon preached by Rev. W. D. Wilson, chief liquor inspector for the province, last evening in Germain street Baptist church, where the inspector was thought by some to have interfered with the police have not been assisting the liquor inspectors in the way they should, Chief of Police Smith said this morning that he has always co-operated with the inspectors in every way he could. He said that he thought inspectors McAnish and Garnett would verify that statement, as his men have on numerous occasions given the inspectors tips as to where the law might be violated. In order to corroborate his statement the chief showed the Times an account of his visit to the police station which was dated March 25, 1914, in which he was shown by reason of some complaints to him that one or two of the policemen were not doing as much to assist the inspectors as they should, on account of having considerable amount of their own work to attend to. The order to the department read as follows: "I want it distinctly understood by every member of this department that it is his duty to arrest or report all violators of the law, and an officer who does not arrest a bootlegger (so-called) when he can get a case against him is neglecting his duty and thereby violating his oath."

The record of the last week-end is pointed to as showing that the police are obeying the order, as twelve men were arrested by them, in some way having to do with liquor, one an alleged bootlegger who was arrested by Sergeant Journey. The chief says that he is and always was willing to co-operate with the inspectors and utilize as much of the force as possible in order to enforce the intoxicating liquor act of 1916.

A letter on this matter from J. M. Colwell, president of the Policemen's Protective Association, too late for today's issue, will be printed tomorrow.

### GREAT MEN AT LONDON BANQUET

#### Historic Function of Royal Academy Is Revived

#### Prince of Wales on Housing—Haig Tells of V. C. Trudging Streets of London in Search of Work—Makes Plea to Employers

London, May 4.—(Reuter's)—The historic banquet of the Royal Academy, suspended during the war, was revived on Saturday.

The Prince of Wales referred to the great national movement to provide adequate sanitary and cheerful homes for the people. He said this pressing need must be boldly faced and boldly handled.

Admiral Wemyss, first sea lord of the admiralty, said the disappearance of the enemy fleet was due to the splendid morale of the seamen, including those of the merchant service. He said the navy was suffering from a sense of injustice owing to the government's failure to pay the men of the British army. He said the pensions and labor departments were sympathetically coping with the problem of those demobilized. One heard of sad cases daily. For instance, one officer who had won the V. C., D. S. O. and M. C. was vainly trudging the streets of London in search of work. The field marshal begged employers to be patient with applicants for work and help them learn the job.

Colonel Churchill, secretary of state for war, said the strong and stubborn British forces which had won the war would be strong enough to preserve its gains and carry the nation through the critical period of transition.

### FIRE DESTROYS SUMMER RESORT, WOMAN DEAD

New York, May 5.—Fire early today destroyed Happyland Park, thirty-one bungalows, four hotels and four bathing pavilions at South Beach, Staten Island. The burned buildings were all of wood. The loss is estimated at nearly \$800,000. In the ruins was found the body of a woman, a park employee.

### FINNISH RED GUARDS SAID TO CONTROL IN RUSSIAN CAPITAL

London, May 5.—Finnish Red Guards are now masters of the situation at Petrograd, according to advices from Copenhagen to the Mail. They have arrested members of the Danish Red Cross in that city, and it is reported they intend to march against the Finnish White Guards.

Reports were received on Saturday from Paris that Finnish forces had occupied Petrograd, but the identity of the troops at the Russian capital was not established.

### RETAINING WALL REPAIRS.

The civic department of public works has commenced repairs to the timber retaining wall on the northern side of George street, near Pond. A start has been made on the excavation for repairs to the Brussels street retaining wall and this work will be proceeded with as rapidly as the weather will permit. When it is completed, work will be commenced on the wall in City road.

### BURIED TODAY.

The funeral of Mrs. Annie, wife of Walter Jones, took place at 9 o'clock this afternoon from her home, Sheffield street. Services were conducted by Rev. R. A. Armstrong and Interment was made in Cedar Hill cemetery.

### WEATHER REPORT

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stewart, chief director of meteorological service

Synopsis.—The disturbance which on Saturday was approaching the Great Lakes from the west has passed eastward to the Lower St. Lawrence Valley, having caused heavy rains in Ontario and Quebec. The weather continues unseasonably cool in all the provinces.

Fair and Cool  
Maritime—Strong southeast winds, showery; Tuesday, fresh northwest winds, fair and cool.  
Lower St. Lawrence, Gulf and North Shore—Strong winds and moderate gales, west and northwest, showery today; Tuesday, fair and quite cool.  
New England—Fair and cooler tonight and Tuesday; fresh northwest winds.

## ITALIANS RETURNING TO THE PEACE CONFERENCE

Paris, May 5.—Vittorio Orlando, Italian premier, and Baron Sonnino, foreign minister, are to return to Paris. This was officially announced this afternoon. They will take a train from Rome for this capital tonight.

In the meantime it had been announced that Marquis Imperiali, Italian ambassador at London, had been designated to participate for Italy in the meeting this afternoon of the executive committee of the League of Nations.

The information regarding Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino came from the Italian ambassador in Paris. He transmitted it to the French foreign ministry, which immediately informed the heads of the Allied and associated governments. It was said that the Italian representatives will reach Paris on Wednesday morning.

### Another Paving Effort Fails

#### A Big Job To Do At Rodney Wharf

ESTIMATE ABOUT \$20,000

Matter of Chief Inspector Wilson's Sermon Taken Up at City Hall—Will Be Asked if He Referred to Sr. John Police Officials

Another attempt to secure permanent pavement for this summer was made this morning by Commissioner Fisher when he asked the common council, meeting in committee, to approve of plans for granite block paving for a section of Union street, to be paid for out of next year's assessment. The mayor's opposition to any permanent work except on the basis of contributions from the property owners under the local improvement act, and objections taken by other commissioners, prevented the adoption of this programme.

The committee recommended that tenders for the reconstruction of North Rodney wharf, the wharf which leads to the west side ferry floats, be called for immediately.

There was some discussion of statements made by W. D. Wilson, chief inspector under the liquor act, as reported in The Telegraph this morning and it was decided that Mr. Wilson should be invited to make remarks applicable to local police officials.

The mayor presided and all members of the council were present.

Regarding the city hall, which must be moved to permit the change of location of the Market square fountain, Mr. Thornton said that he had been informed by Ernest W. Sanson of Stanley, son of Major John Sanson, formerly of that place. His advancement in the Canadian Expeditionary force was as marked as that of any officer from this section, and was the more remarkable because, saved by the explosion of personal friends, few knew of it.

Col. Sanson prior to the war was a lieutenant on the reserve of the 71st York Regiment, and had recently returned from the Canadian west. He volunteered with the first draft from the 71st Regiment and went to Valenciennes in August, 1914. Upon the organization of the 12th Battalion C. E. F., he was appointed to it with the rank of lieutenant and went overseas in the Autumn. In England he was used for some time for instructional purposes, specializing in machine gunning. He also participated in the capture of a machine gun battalion in the C. E. F. he was given the opportunity of going to France with a machine gun battalion and finally became officer commanding with the rank of lieutenant-colonel.

The drive of the E. Burt Lumber Company on the Keswick was brought out safely on Saturday. Five million feet was in the drive. The logs will be saved by the company.

The mill crew of the York and Sunbury Milling Company, Devon, has made a request that the working day be reduced from ten hours to nine. The company has been given until Wednesday to answer.

The Frederickian Methodists have pledged \$16,800 already for improvement of the church edifice and \$20,000 is in sight.

### GERMAN-AUSTRIAN CABINET MANIFESTO

Basle, Switzerland, May 5.—The German-Austrian cabinet at Vienna has issued a manifesto in which it contended that President Wilson, through his making known that he approved the treaty of London so far as that concerned the demarcation of the frontier between Italy and Germany-Austria, which meant the annexation of the southern Tyrol, had acquiesced in a violation of the ninth of his fourteen points.

This ninth point, unlike the tenth, says the manifesto, was not subjected to change in the notes issued at the time of the conclusion of the armistice. The document adds that the Italian claims on the southern Tyrol are founded purely on strategic grounds. These, it holds, do not justify annexation.

The manifesto concludes by declaring that if Italy takes the southern Tyrol, the rest of Tyrol would inevitably be absorbed by Germany, with the result that German-Austria would be cut off from the rest of the world except through Germany, and therefore would be obliged to unite herself with Germany.

## Belgians Will Sign The Treaty

### POWERFUL LEVER TO MOVE ITALY

#### Terms Honorable And Satisfactory

#### REQUESTS TO POWERS

#### Status As One of Five Great Powers Brought Into Question

#### TREATY NOW AT PRINTERS'

#### Protocol in Two Forms, One Including Italy as Signatory, Other Omitting Her—Orlando Heard From—D'Annunzio Plans to Lead Demonstration

Brussels, May 5.—(By the Associated Press)—It is announced that the Belgian government has decided to sign the treaty of peace, which was discussed at a crown council held here last night.

Paul Hymans, minister of foreign affairs, and head of the Belgian delegation at the peace conference, speaking for himself and his colleagues, Emile Vandervelde and M. Vandenhuevel, who remained in Paris, completely outlined the situation and gave a review of the peace terms. He expressed the opinion that the treaty as it now stands gave honorable and satisfactory terms to Belgium, and recommended that it should be signed.

The council unanimously endorsed M. Hymans' view, but was equally emphatic in expressing the opinion that the attention of the powers should be drawn to the financial and economic situation in Belgium and to the necessity that the Allies assure Belgium of complete support looking to her economic restoration. The council was further of the opinion that the Allies should be asked to support the initiation of negotiations with Holland regarding the settlement of the question of the freedom of the Scheldt and the waterways of East Belgium.

#### DELIVER IT ON THURSDAY.

Paris, May 5.—(By the Associated Press)—It is now certain, according to the French press, that the treaty of peace will be solemnly handed to Count von Brockdorff-Rantzau, German foreign minister, by Premier Clemenceau at Versailles on Thursday afternoon.

The contents of the first five chapters of the treaty have already been outlined, dealing with the preamble, German frontiers, territory changes, German colonies and the military, naval and aerial features of the pact. The sixth chapter will define the status of prisoners of war and the seventh will concern the responsibilities of the former Emperor and other Germans for the war. The eighth and ninth chapters will be devoted to phases of the reparations problem and financial clauses. The tenth will deal with economic clauses and eleven with ports, railways and waterways; the twelfth will concern international labor legislation; the thirteenth will embrace guarantees and the fourteenth will contain general clauses dealing with ratification.

Marcel Huttin of the Echo de Paris writes that France will get absolute control of the mines in the Sarre Valley and a guarantee for their exploitation. He says that the president of the administrative council will be a Frenchman and will probably have executive powers.

Paris, May 4.—The Temps says the entire French cabinet is favorably impressed by the report on the peace treaty, and adds that the Belgian foreign minister and peace delegate, left yesterday for Brussels with two propositions to be considered by the Belgian government. These concern the priority of Belgium's claim to the amount of 2,500,000,000 francs against Germany's first reparation payment and the clearing up of Belgium's war debt without reserve and with the elimination of the conditions which previously attached to this.

### AWARD OF \$25 IN A BREACH OF PROMISE SUIT

Montreal, May 5.—Twenty-five dollars will be a sufficient sum to indemnify Miss Lorette Gravel for the breach of Captain Joseph Faubert's promise to marry her according to the opinion of Mr. Justice Weir, expressed in a judgment he delivered on Saturday on the merits of Miss Gravel's claim to \$5,000 damages. The plaintiff is twenty-nine years of age. The defendant, a ship's captain, of Sorel, is seventy-six.

"After I promised the young lady marriage, her conduct was such that I consider I was quite justified in refusing to marry her," said Faubert.

"Quite right," said Mr. Justice Weir in effect, in his judgment.

### MORE RIVALS FOR OCEAN FLIGHT HONORS ARE ON THE WAY

St. John's, Nfld., May 5.—Another British team of aspirants for trans-Atlantic flight honors has entered the London Daily Mail's \$50,000 prize competition. Word was received today that Captain Alcock, pilot, and Lieut. Brown, navigator, are on the steamer Mauretania, having left Liverpool on May 3, and that their machine, a Vickers Vimy bomber plane, will follow soon on another vessel.

Advices said also that the Handley-Page machine, another contestant, and its crew have left Liverpool on the steamer Digby for St. John's, the final destination being Harbor Grace, where the start is to be made. The Digby is due here on May 11.

Meanwhile Frederick Raynham and Harry Hawker, awaiting favorable weather in order "hop-off," were uncertain this morning whether they would start overseas today. Bright skies and a northwest wind made good flying conditions early in the day, but there were indications that the breeze would swing to the south by afternoon. Reports from over the Atlantic were slow in arriving.

Planes Afire  
New York, May 4.—Fire at the naval air station at Rockaway Beach today damaged the naval seaplanes N. C. 1 and N. C. 4, which were to start tomorrow morning on the first leg of the trans-Atlantic voyage. The N. C. 1 may be unable to attempt the ocean cruise. The N. C. 4 may be repaired in time for the "jump-off."