

FOR SALE
BUREAU SITE, QUEEN STREET EAST,
NEAR YONGE.
11' x 11' to a lane, together with
newly constructed building adjoining
11' x 11'.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
28 King Street East, Main 5450.

PROBS: Northerly winds; fair and decidedly
cold.

**CAMPBELL WORKERS
FEEL ENCOURAGED
BY OPENING DAY**

Federation for Community
Service Begins Well With
\$75,431.

QUEEN'S PARK FROSTY

Despite the fact that "Federation for Community Service" is still a phrase of vague meaning to many in Toronto, the workers in the campaign had encouraging reports to give in at the gathering at headquarters last night. For the first time it had been a strenuous day, education of the citizens being no small part of the labors of the captains and their teams, yet the total collection of one day's work, amounting to \$75,431, gave grounds for optimism as to final results.

Factories had been visited in the interest of the 30,000 Community Club, made up of members who will pay \$3 a year. As was expected, in countless cases the "come-back" invitation was largely in evidence, the workers not being prepared to give immediate assent. It is felt, however, by Fred Ross, who has charge of the employers' section of the drive, that success will be pronounced if the department of industry special subscriptions were very encouraging, as will be noted by the appended list.

The public in the outlying districts are especially invited and urged to send in their subscription to headquarters, as the number of workers, large as it is, totaling 600 in all, will scarcely cover the entire area, and the house-to-house canvass will not be altogether general.

A Generous Gift.

Col. W. G. MacKendrick presided at the dinner, which with the succeeding dinners of the campaign, will be generously paid by Ralph Connable as a personal contribution to the undertaking, and Rev. Peter Bryce was introduced as the speaker. Mr. Bryce expressed his conviction that once the principle which formed the embodiment of the federation became known to the people of Toronto, the result would be a grand success. He expressed his appreciation of the kind of men who had undertaken to do the work, and said he could not conceive of the campaign being anything but a success. He urged the workers to stamp out their work, their time, and the best that was in them, to the benefit of the community.

(Continued on Page 4, Column 4).

**WRECK DEATH LIST
NOW TOTALS NINE**

Find Body of Another Child
in C.P.R. Crash
Debris.

Canadian Press Despatch.
Montreal, Jan. 27.—The following official statement was issued tonight by the Canadian Pacific Railway in connection with the train wreck near North Bay last Sunday:

The derailed locomotive has been lifted and no additional bodies have been found. It is being hoped that the bodies of the two children removed from the wreckage were presumed to be the children of Mrs. Peden. The bodies of the two children removed from the wreckage were presumed to be the children of Mrs. Peden. It has since been found that one of these bodies is that of a Peden child, and therefore, presumably the child of Mrs. Tilley, whose body has now been almost with certainty identified. It appears, therefore, that one child's body is still missing and the neighborhood is again being carefully searched.

"Delay in identification is due to the fact that the parents traveling with the children were in both cases fatally injured. The patients in hospital are reported as all doing well."

Was Other Peden Child.
A despatch received tonight at Canadian Pacific headquarters here states that the other child's body has been found in the debris near the wrecked engine. It is believed that this body is that of the other Peden child.

This brings the total number of dead in the train wreck to nine.

J. Tilley, Wife and Child Die.
Winnipeg, Jan. 27.—J. Tilley and his wife of Winnipeg were killed in the C.P.R. wreck at Corbell, Ont., on Sunday and probably their child. Word was received by a brother, Alfred Tilley, Winnipeg, definitely establishing the death of J. Tilley and his wife. It is feared that the Tilley child is one of the victims who remain unidentified. In the list of victims published Monday, the destination of J. Tilley was given as Vancouver, B.C.

Many survivors from the wreck arrived in Winnipeg at noon today, many of them with bandaged heads or severe cuts and scratches.

Maude Conley, 11 years of age, who has come all the way from England alone, was among the passengers who arrived today. She is going to Victoria, B.C., to join relatives. She was brought thru a window and received cuts on her face.

FLU INVADERS KITCHENER.

Kitchener, Ont., Jan. 27.—(Special.)—The flu has invaded Kitchener in a mild form, according to statements by local physicians here today. It is reported that there are about 200 cases of the contagion. The bodies of the victims are being buried in the cemetery. The board of health reports that no actual cases of flu have been reported officially.

MANY HAPPY RETURNS

Henry Edwards Smallpiece, J.P., born
Gulfport, Surrey, England, Jan. 28,
1848.

**MIGHT BE WAVES
FROM OTHER WORLDS**

Senate Reading Room
Jan. 27.—Discussing
signals described
by Marconi
received in the
Marconi wireless instruments,
Sir Frank W. Dyson, astronomer
royal, today admitted that
in his opinion it was quite possible
to get waves from other
planets. He was not prepared
to go further at the present
time, and left it to greater
wireless experts than himself to
decide the effects of such
waves.

**PREMIER DRURY
DEPRECATES IDEA
OF HALTING FIGHT**

Hon. R. H. Grant's Concentration
on Raney May Interfere
With Haying.

ALL PARTIES BUSY

Premier Drury does not anticipate having to fight for his seat in Halton. He says he is busy in his office and that an active election means an additional strain. But he will meet the electors whose suffrage he is seeking on Thursday evening at Oakville. He will speak upon the problems facing the government, and how they are to be met. Some of his cabinet may attend with him. The opinion reaching members of the government from all sections of the Halton riding is encouraging, and generally speaking a contested election is deprecated.

There is no doubt that an election at the present time is undesirable from the government standpoint. For one thing it helps to further the cause of the legislature together. Some supporters of the government are impatient over Hon. R. H. Grant's policy of making matters already bad enough—a good deal worse by sparing Hon. Mr. Raney for an individual election campaign. Mr. Grant's phrase concentrating on Mr. Raney "displays the frank simplicity of the minister of education when he is playing politics. The farmer members of the legislature are annoyed, because they know the session will carry them over the better part of their spring work. The necessity of concentrating on Mr. Raney may result in the session running late into June.

It is observed around the buildings declare it was not only unnecessary, but injurious to its reputation for business ability that the government should have tried to build up by splitting the cabinet by-elections into two batches.

One of the farmers who has been in the city for a few days "seeing the animal" was coming into the home stretch at the tail-end of the procession and the Irishman's money was gone, he turned to the friend who had tipped him off and made the animal's cabin the frank simplicity of the minister of education when he is playing politics. The farmer members of the legislature are annoyed, because they know the session will carry them over the better part of their spring work. The necessity of concentrating on Mr. Raney may result in the session running late into June.

**FOREIGN EXCHANGE
RATES COLLAPSE TO
LOW RECORD LEVELS**

Inability of U. S. Exporters to
Finance Shipments Abroad
Increases Tension.

CURB LOANS RIGIDLY

New York, Jan. 27.—Another collapse of more sweeping dimensions attended local dealers in foreign exchange today. Rates on all the important European countries sagged to new levels of discount carrying along remittances to the Scandinavian centres, heretofore immune.

Reasons other than those already advanced were lacking to explain the adverse movement. It was pointed out, however, that the reaction had gained further impetus from the inability of exporters to finance their shipments from this country because of the rigid attitude maintained by the Federal Reserve Board. In connection with the policy of "essential loans" it was assumed that banks in this country had been advised to curb credits involved in foreign purchases.

This, it was stated, did not apply to such credits as were made for purposes of relief or succor to the people of devastated Europe, but rather as a measure to minimize speculation in exports.

Today's low rate of \$3.55 in sterling exchange against the par of \$4.85 represented a discount of 27 per cent. The low Paris rate of 13.02 francs to the American dollar implied a discount of 61 per cent. Belgian francs at 13.53 and a discount of 63 per cent, and Italian lire at 15.14 were almost 70 per cent. under par.

**SHOULD RUN TRAINS
ON BLOCK SYSTEM**

North Bay, Jan. 27.—The inquiry into the death of James Tilley, one of the victims of the C.P.R. train wreck near Corbell on Sunday morning, was concluded shortly before 7 o'clock this evening. The jury found that all the trainmen concerned obeyed orders, and carried out instructions according to railroad regulations.

The verdict was that the death of Mr. Tilley was caused by the second section of No. 1 train colliding with the first section, which was stalled.

It was held that the C.P.R. Company hereafter run their trains on the block system.

**STEAMER POWHATAN
SAFE AT HALIFAX
WITH HER ESCORTS**

U. S. Army Transport, Formerly
Kaiser's Yacht, is Little
Worse for Wear.

CREW IN GOOD SHAPE

Halifax, Jan. 27.—(By Canadian Press)—A few minutes after nine o'clock tonight the United States army transport Powhatan docked here after nearly a fortnight's vicissitudes, during which the eyes of the United States and Canada have been continually upon her. The erstwhile Kaiser's yacht of the ex-emperor of Germany did not present much evidence of hardship and looked little the worse for her long struggle with the waves.

The crew were also little affected by their adventures. There were very few cases of sickness and only one man was in a condition that could be called serious.

The crew were taken to Camp Hill Hospital by the local branch of the Red Cross.

Members of the crew had no harrowing stories to tell. They stated that they had in some degree suffered from cold. They thought that the worst chapter of the Powhatan's adventures was last Sunday after she had broken adrift from the Lady Laurier. The ship rolled helplessly and violently the whole of that day, while her decks were drenched with biting driftings of spray, which froze as they fell.

The first announcement of the Powhatan's coming was a faint and ghostly blowing of horns in the distance. The ship rolled helplessly into sight. Between the Lusitania and the Osage there was a long gap of blackness upon which the searchlights suddenly fell, revealing the Powhatan. Colonel Griswold of the U. S. Army transport service sent out a tug with men to relieve the crew, fearing they would be exhausted and helpless, they refused to be relieved.

Had a Close Call.

The American cutter Osage had a narrow escape from the Laurier. At the bottom during the attempt made last Saturday to take the disabled Powhatan in tow after the hawsers had parted, and the big transport went adrift.

There was a mountainous sea running and the Osage steamed up to the Laurier, and the Laurier tried to secure the line again, and passing it to the Powhatan. Just as the cutter came near the Laurier a big sea struck the Osage, and the Laurier was smashed into splinters, the port gun turret, revealing the Powhatan, and the plot house smashed, and the shrouds carried away. Other deck damage was also sustained. No serious damage was done to the Laurier.

The engineering force of the Powhatan worked to the last until the water reached their sheets. They fired their guns, and the Laurier had to be abandoned at the risk of their lives. The boiler rooms were filled to the water mark. Some of the floor plates had been broken, and the water had collected, said the captain, and placed in implicit confidence in him when he told them there was no danger.

**WILHELM ATTAINS
HIS 61ST BIRTHDAY**

No Efforts by German Government or Allies to Deal
Directly With Him.

The Hague, Jan. 27.—Former Emperor Wilhelm observed his sixty-first birthday—his second since he has been at Amersfoort—today.

Dutch officials reiterated to the Associated Press their assurance that no efforts, to their knowledge, have been made by either the German government or the allies to deal directly with the former emperor with a view to bringing about his surrender. The officials expressed the belief that the letter from Count Hohenhausen sent from Amersfoort on Jan. 2, to Prince Furstenberg and published in the Neue Zeitung of Berlin can be taken at its face value as an expression of Wilhelm's attitude.

This letter is being widely reproduced by the Dutch press. In it the former emperor stated he had no desire to return to Germany as he felt he had been deceived by General Ludendorff, Field-Marshal von Hindenburg and Admiral von Tirpitz. He said he could not see the ruin in his country, and he looked forward with pleasure to living at Doorn.

These statements, say the Dutch officials, reflect exactly the former emperor's attitude so far as they know. The letter further stated that the former emperor favored the return of the former emperor to the Netherlands where the living is cheaper, and his son had repeatedly complained of his small income.

**EARL HAIG PLEADS
FOR RETURNED MEN**

Regrets That So Few Employers Have Agreed to
Take Them.

London, Jan. 27.—During the last few days Earl Haig has been receiving the freedom of several large cities in the north of England, notably Leeds, Sheffield and Hull. He was everywhere received with enthusiasm, and his speeches were devoted invariably to pleading for a fair return to civil life of the ex-soldiers, which, says Haig, is really a religious duty falling upon the whole community.

He expressed his disappointment at the fact that only 25 per cent. of the employers in several large cities have adopted a scheme of engaging a definite number of returned soldiers.

CARRY HYDRO BYLAW.

London, Ont., Jan. 27.—The poll in connection with the Hydro power bylaw resulted in an almost unanimous vote in favor of the bringing of Hydro to the village. Only two votes were cast against the bylaw.

**ROLLO AND MACBRIDE
BURY THE HATCHET**

Harmonious Relations Prevail
Following Conference of
Labor Members.

So far as could be ascertained, the meeting of Labor members of the legislature, held yesterday afternoon in the Walker House, was harmonious at all times, and the members reached the understanding that the Labor group should work as a unit in the interests of the Independent Labor party.

Following the meeting, a statement was handed to the press, which read as follows: "We have had a frank, honest discussion of all points at issue, and find that the difficulties have been more in the nature of misunderstanding than differences of policy. We have shaken hands and agree to work jointly for the best interests of the Independent Labor party."

(Signed) "Hon. Walter Rollo,
"Minister of Labor."
"Mayor MacBride."

**SELECTING A JURY
FOR STRIKE TRIAL**

Four of the Twelve Already
Named—Try All Leaders
Together.

Winnipeg, Jan. 27.—(By Canadian Press)—Four of the twelve jurors to sit on the trial of the seven strike leaders were selected at the session of the jury panel this afternoon, and it was announced by Mr. Justice Metcalfe that the remaining eight would be finally selected by tonight.

His lordship announced, when the court recommenced this afternoon, that the crown should not be limited to 48 stand asides, but should be able to stand aside as many jurors as are on the jury panel. This only applies to the first time the jurors are called. If the entire panel is gone thru, and the necessary twelve men have not all been selected, the crown counsel would not have this right. Under these conditions the trial proceeded today without any severing of the charges by the crown. The remaining strike leaders will be tried together.

**BRITAIN TO LOWER
PRICE OF GASOLINE**

London, Jan. 27.—Unofficial reports have been current lately that the government intended to drop the tax of 6 per cent. a gallon on petrol and largely increase the tax on motor vehicles. These reports were accompanied by threats to increase the price of petrol by 8d per gallon.

A committee under the proffering act has examined into the question, and, according to a forecast published in the Herald, will report in favor of fixing the price of petrol at 31d, instead of the present price of 38d per gallon. At the same time, the government will be urged to take similar means in all countries to prevent the exploitation of petrol by producing companies.

CUT KINGSTON RATES

Kingston, Jan. 27.—(Special.)—R. F. Elliott, chairman of the Utilities commission, wired from Toronto this afternoon that the Hydro-Electric Commission had agreed to a Kingston reduction of 10 per cent. in electrical rates.

WINTER BIRDS.

Crowding the mountain ash trees in various sections of the city yesterday and Sunday, flocks of Bohemian waxwings were busy with the berries. They were visitors, rather than winter birds, for the far north, and are a larger edition of the cedar or cherry bird with which so many people are familiar during cherry time. Did you see them?

**HOPED TO MAKE ERZBERGER
"HARMLESS" TO GERMANY**

Would-Be Assassin Says He Had No Intention of Killing
Him—Minister's Wound is Painful and He is
Very Weak.

Berlin, Jan. 27.—An X-ray examination of the wound suffered by Matthias Erzberger, vice-premier and minister of finance, who was shot yesterday by Oltwig von Hirschfeld as he was leaving the criminal courts building, shows that the bullet splintered part of Herr Erzberger's shoulder-blade, where it is firmly lodged. The wound is extremely painful, with much bleeding. Herr Erzberger has no fever, but is very weak.

Professor Fleisch, who is attending Erzberger, has informed German officials that he does not think that the removal of the bullet from the patient's shoulder advisable at present. The wounded man's condition demanded the greatest care for the next few days, he said, even if there was no immediate danger.

Hirschfeld, in the course of his examination today, expressed the opinion that Germany must be freed of Erzberger. He attended the Erzberger-Helfferich trial, he declared, to get a clear view of Erzberger's activities, and convinced himself that Erzberger was pursuing selfish aims in placing the interests of the empire in second place. Therefore, he decided to carry out a long-considered plan of making the minister "harmless." The prisoner denied that he intended to kill Erzberger, and declared that he intentionally had aimed at the minister's breast, instead of his head.

Continuing, Hirschfeld said his parents had no knowledge of his intention to shoot Erzberger, but that he wrote them after his arrest, saying: "I succeeded in shooting Minister Erzberger, with the hope that he would retire from the government. My life is at an end, but I depart with the consciousness of having been useful to my people. Hearty greetings."

Erzberger has appointed Under-Secretary Moeck as his deputy, according to The Lokal Anzeiger.

The Erzberger-Helfferich trial has been adjourned until next Friday. The president of the court announces that in the future a strict scrutiny will be made of all persons attending the trial, and that all visitors to the court room will be searched for arms.

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BRITISH CABINET**

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Withdrawal From Coalition
Government.

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When the Labor party, after the armistice, called upon the labor ministers to quit the government, Mr. Barnes preferred to remain on the ground that it was his duty to remain until peace was ratified.

The food ministry will come to an end within a few months, and it is expected that George H. Roberts, the only important Laborite now in the government, will follow Mr. Barnes. There are rumors tonight that there will be a reconstruction of the cabinet. But this is unlikely, at least until after the Paisley election, in which ex-Premier Asquith is a candidate, the result of which will be unknown until towards the end of February.

In connection with the reports that Premier Lloyd George is preparing a new constructive program for the coming parliamentary session, it is calculated to attract voters who are drifting from the coalition to Labor, it is interesting to note that in the election address issued today by Mr. McKee, a Unionist candidate for Paisley, he declares against nationalization of industries and against intervention in Russia, but is in favor of equal work for men and women for equal work.

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CONVENTION OPENS**

C. E. Fleming Shows Advantages of Deepening Upper
St. Lawrence.

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The cost of deepening the St. Lawrence system would be between \$100,000,000 and \$150,000,000, he intimated. Besides the benefit of opening up the great lakes to ocean traffic, electrical power developed thru the project would pay for the entire cost of construction, Mr. Fleming predicted.

The United States was pledged to go into the scheme on the basis of 50 per cent. of the cost of building and maintenance, and the cost to Canada would not be a debt incurred, but an investment that would pay more and more each year, he argued.

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BARRED FROM INDIA**

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**Decline of the Decollette
"When Rural Ladies Set Style"**

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"A force of 2,000 Finns, with machine guns, and a long train of horse and reindeer transport, has concentrated on the Russian frontier near the Petchenga, the main body of which, ordered to advance in the direction of Petchenga, already has crossed the frontier. The inhabitants of the Petchenga are fleeing panic-stricken for refuge in Norway. It is feared that it is the intention of the Finns to seize a treasure of the Petchenga monarchy.

The Petchenga region is in northern Finland, where the river of the same name empties into the Arctic ocean, a short distance east of the Tromsø district of Norway.

**ANOTHER OUTRAGE
ON IRISH LAUREY**

Cork, Jan. 27.—While Alexander M. Sullivan, sergeant-at-law and president of the Irish Association for the Prevention of Intemperance, was proceeding by train today to Tralee to testify against the clerics who are accused of having attacked him Jan. 10, three shots were fired into the car in which he was riding. Mr. Sullivan escaped injury, but a detective riding in the next coach was cut by broken glass.

**Wireless Telephonic Tests
Between England and Spain**

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British pound (\$4.88) in New York, 32.55, a discount of 27 per cent.
Canadian dollar in New York, 29 1/2, a discount of 19 1/2 per cent.

FOR SALE
APARTMENT HOUSE, WINDHOLM ST.,
NEAR PARLIAMENT, \$50,000.
Containing five suites and junior's quarters.
Three garages in rear. Rents total \$2,500
per annum.
H. H. WILLIAMS & CO.
28 King Street East. Main 5450.

40TH YEAR—ISSUE NO. 14,322

**ONE DAY OF HOPE
THAT U. S. SENATORS
BREAK DEADLOCK**

After Two Hours' Wrangling
Leaders Agree to Meet
Again on Thursday.

STUMBLING BLOCKS

Washington, Jan. 27.—Peace treaty compromise negotiations, hovering on the verge of dissolution, were given today a new 48-hour lease on life. But there was nothing in the development which changed the pessimistic view of the senate leaders as to the final outcome.

The Democrats, replying to the Republican refusal to compromise on article ten and the Monroe Doctrine, charged at a stormy session of the bipartisan compromise conference, that Republican leaders had suddenly changed front after most of the conferees had consented to an article ten compromise in definite form. To this the Republicans opposed a categorical denial, declaring no article ten had agreed to the proposed compromise draft.

After two hours of wrangling, during which the Democrats threatened to transfer the whole subject to the open senate, the conference agreed to meet again Thursday, in another effort to bring the negotiations to a successful conclusion. A few senators professed to see some rays of hope in the situation, but to most of the leaders the outlook appeared far from promising.

Numerous private conferences on both sides followed, with the leaders feeling out sentiment carefully as they approached the final vote. It may come at Thursday's meeting. In some quarters it was believed that in the interval President Wilson would make a hard to stiffen the resistance of the Democrats, but White House officials were silent, and Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, the acting Democratic leader, was presented, declared he was proceeding without knowledge of the president's views on the specific compromise reservations discussed in the caucus.

Urged to Ratify.

During the day a plea for immediate ratification either with or without reservations was presented by Senators Wadsworth and Calder of New York by a delegation from New York City, headed by William Church Osborne and representing the League to enforce peace, the League of Nations association, the New York Federation of Churches, farm organizations, the State Chamber of Commerce, the New York and Daughters of the American Revolution. Spokesmen for the delegation expressed the belief that the time was ripe for composition of differences over the treaty.

The whole treaty negotiations, it was said by senate leaders, were hung up on article ten and the Monroe Doctrine, tentative agreement had been reached on all other points of difference. Some of the Republican reservations it was declared, had been accepted without change by the Democrats, while numerous changes of wording had been made in others and two of them had been written entirely. It was emphasized, however, that the conferees on both sides were acting only in an advisory way and that their decision would be one of ratification or non-ratification.

Differences over the Monroe Doctrine reservations were also said to be of minor magnitude compared to the big stumbling block presented by the obligation of article ten to accept the territorial integrity and political independence of other members of the league of nations. The Republicans insist that no such obligation should be assumed and the Democrats are standing "out for" an obligation conditional on the action of congress in each specific case.

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