

will naturally act as a brake upon any tendency toward farther reaction that may appear, if they should not have more marked effect.

**Eggs.**—The market is still depressed by excess of packed stock and prices are off. Fresh eggs, straight from the farm, can be had at 14c., and packed are done at 10c. **Maple Sugar.**—None is yet in market, but arrivals are daily expected. Syrup has arrived in small quantity, and can be had at 90c per gallon.

**SEEDS.**—The market for clover continues dull, and without change in price, being quoted in Ontario at \$3.00 to \$3.75 per bushel in car lots, and held here at \$3.80 to \$4.00, proportionably higher prices being asked for smaller quantities. Timothy comes forward slowly, and may be quoted at \$3.40 to \$3.50 per bushel of 45 lbs. Stocks held being very light.

**WINES AND LIQUORS.**—Prices are very firmly maintained, but business has taken a decidedly dull turn, attributed in good part to bad roads. Payments are, and have been throughout the season, exceedingly fair, the current month being no exception.

**WOOL.**—A slightly easier feeling is reported in the market for domestic wool, though not sufficiently marked to have any effect upon values. The present range of prices is such that manufacturers will not buy beyond their immediate necessities, and this cause would doubtless have had a perceptibly depressing influence upon the local market for a long time past, were it not that the United States has been an unusually good customer. Latest advices from Boston speak of continued firmness on the part of holders, but a considerable diminution of inquiry and consequent dullness. This condition of affairs is on a reduced scale reflected here. Actual sales, though few and small, and not readily made, are at full prices. The trade is much interested in the matter of the detention and seizure of the different parcels of wool belonging to Montreal merchants by the customs authorities at St. Albans. The truth in detail with regard to the affair may not appear, if at all, until a final adjustment of the difficulties between shippers and the Government officers is reached; and, in the meantime, it need hardly be said that any prejudgment of the case would be unwarranted and unjust. Perhaps the following statement of facts in connection with this matter, coming from a source entitled to every confidence, will serve to correct any misapprehension that may have arisen from the mere announcement of the action of the Government officers, a step of itself not unlikely to create a prejudice against the parties in interest. Early last month a Montreal house shipped a considerable lot of wool, valued at \$18,000, to Boston. This wool passed through the customs at St. Albans, but was detained in Boston by special revenue agents, who claimed incorrect classification, namely, that the wool was "clothing wool," not "combing wool," and, therefore, liable to double duty. The matter was at once thoroughly investigated through the appointment of three experts on the part of the Government appraiser, and two on the part of the owner, and this committee of five, after a thorough examination, unanimously pronounced the wool to be "combing." This conclusion was thereupon released, doubtless very much to the chagrin of the Government officer, who would certainly seem to have been overzealous, and the affair ended. Out of a number of subsequent shipments by the same house a single lot of 40 bales has now been seized by the customs authorities for under valuation, the wool having been invoiced at 32c. The owner claims to be able to demonstrate from the price he paid for the wool, and from abundant collateral testimony, that this was a full valuation, and to this end has already appeared twice before the authorities, but the Government detective or informer was, for one reason and another, unable to appear against him. The same shipper invoiced wool prior to these developments as high as 34c, and we doubt not that all persons conversant with the course of the market

will agree that these prices, 32c and 34c, are so close to top figures as to constitute a strong presumption that the wool was fairly valued. Another consignment belonging to other parties was seized for valuation as low as 30c. It is claimed on behalf of this lot that this was the actual price of sale which was effected last December. It is not denied that there is a wide disparity between this figure and present value, but ignorance of the requirements of the law is urged in extenuation. The market for foreign wool has shown unabated strength since last report. We hear of sales of greasy Australian at 30c; and large lots, exceptionally so for this market, of scoured at 58c; also greasy Cape at 22½ c.

## TORONTO MARKETS.

TORONTO, March 11, 1880.

Market inactive. Flour nominally unchanged. Wheat easier, but seems to be getting rather more settled. No. 2 Fall or No. 1 Spring would be sold at \$1.28, and buyers could be found at \$1.25 or perhaps \$1.26. Oats steady and unchanged at 37c. for Western. Barley firm, with sales of car lots at 61c. for No. 2 and at 57c. for extra No. 3, with more of the latter wanted. Peas steady, and cars of No. 2 worth 68c. to 69c. Clover sold on the street at \$3.45.

## AMERICAN MARKETS.

Chicago, March 11th, 1.04 p. m. — Wheat, March, \$1.24; April, \$1.21½; May, \$1.22. Corn, May, 40½c.; June, 40½c.; July, 41c. Oats, May, 35½c.; June, 35½c. Pork, 1 p. m. — March, \$11.50; April, \$11.55; May, \$11.70. Lard, March, \$7.15; April, \$7.17½; May, \$7.27½.

U. S. Yards, 9.31 a. m. — Live Hogs — Estimated receipts, 21,000; shipments, 7,688. Light Grades, \$4.25 to \$4.45; Mixed Packers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; Heavy Shipping, \$4.50 to \$1.70.

Milwaukee, 1.05 p. m. — Wheat, March, \$1.18½; April, \$1.18½; May, \$1.22½.

New York, 2.10 p. m. — Wheat — Irregular. Chic. and Mil. \$1.47½ to \$1.48, cash. Corn, quiet. No. 2, 61½c. Pork, 1.55 p. m. — March, \$7.05; April, \$7.05; May, \$7.10.

## ENGLISH MARKETS.

Bearholm's Report, March 11. — Floating cargoes Wheat quiet, steady. Maize, none offering. Gargoes passage. Wheat, slow; Maize, steady, fair demand. London quotations, No. 2 Red Winter, shipment present following month, 53s. to 55s. and 6d. Good cargoes 2 Spring Wheat off coast was 53s., now 52s. and 6d. London fair average Calh Wheat just shipped, etc., was 50s. and 6d., now 50s.; do nearly due, was 52s. and 6d., now 52s. Liverpool Spot Wheat, Maize, steadily held. On passage U. K. ports, call and direct ports, Wheat, 2,025,000 qrs.; Maize, 460,000 qrs.

## DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP, &amp;c.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that the commercial partnership heretofore existing at the City of Montreal, between the late LOUIS GNAEDINGER, deceased, in his lifetime of said City. Trader, and the undersigned EMANUEL WILLIAM GNAEDINGER and JOSEPH BOURDEAU, both of said city. Traders as Wholesale Hatters and Furriers, under the name and style of L. GNAEDINGER, SON & COMPANY, was, on the Twentieth day of January last, 1880, dissolved by the death of said LOUIS GNAEDINGER. The undersigned, under the articles of said late co-partnership, and as being the only executors of the last will and testament of said LOUIS GNAEDINGER and thereunder trustees of his estate, are duly authorized and empowered to close and settle all claims and accounts due to or by said late firm, or to or by said LOUIS GNAEDINGER personally. All such claims or accounts must be paid to the undersigned at No. 113 St. Peter street, Montreal, without delay; and all creditors of said late firm, or of said LOUIS GNAEDINGER personally, are requested to file their claims and accounts, together with the proper vouchers, with the undersigned at said place without delay. All such claims and accounts that the undersigned, or the representatives of said estate, recognize as being correct, will be paid on presentation.

E. W. GNAEDINGER.  
J. BOURDEAU.

Montreal, 18th February, 1880.

S. CARSLY,

WHOLESALE

Dry Goods,

113

ST. PETER STREET

(Rear of the Molsons Bank.)

NOVELTIES.

RECEIVED by Steamers

"Hibernian" and "Sardinian," EIGHTY-SIX Cases of NEW SPRING GOODS, principally FANCY GOODS and CHOICE PRINTS.

WORTH NOTING.

Our Wholesale Department is entirely separated from the Retail, the entrance being on a different Street. The goods in our Wholesale are the same class as our Retail but at prices so much lower as will permit buyers to sell at our retail prices and get a much handsomer profit than is generally obtained.

WORTH NOTING.

Through catering for the Largest Retail Trade in the Dominion and keeping said trade steadily on the increase, we consider that we have an advantage of other Wholesalers in knowing what suits the Public best.

We have two buyers constantly in the British Markets, besides sending one over twice a year.

We buy direct from Makers and not through Commission men, and thus save all that can be saved in buying.

All We As from Buyers

is a call when in this market. Our terms are short, but our prices will be found correspondingly lower than long time houses.

S. CARSLY

113 ST. PETER ST., MONTREAL

Rear of the Molsons Bank

Terms 30 days, or 1 p. c. off for prompt cash.