side of general policy, but more or less connected with it, our work, owing to the conditions that prevail both on the Continent and here—on the Continent it was an after-war effect, and it was to some extent here—our work was entirely directional. That is the only part I will touch on policy.

Mr. Cahan: Give us a statement of the organization of your department here, and then of your general organization as it extends into Great Britain, as it extends in the United States and other countries, so that we may see what

the machinery of the department is.

WITNESS: Just in a general way? You do not expect me to get down to the actual details in each branch of service?

Mr. Cahan: No, we want a general view of the whole organization.

Hon. Mr. Stewart: Just take your Canadian organization, Mr. Egan, and then go into the United States and Britain.

Hon. Mr. Forke: Begin with the organization down at the Jackson Build-

ing and work out from that.

WITNESS: Our organization in the department of Immigration has its headquarters here in Ottawa. The organization here is for the purpose, naturally, of conducting and carrying out the policy of the government in connection with immigration. We have under our immediate supervision here for the work a commissioner of colonization, a commissioner of immigration, and three divisional commissioners throughout Canada, each handling a section of Canada in-as-far as the administration of the Act is concerned.

By Hon. Mr. Edwards:

Q. Will you name those three commissioners, and the sections they operate in?—A. Yes. Commissioner Fraser for the Eastern division; Commissioner Jolliffe, for the Western division; and Commissioner Skinner, for the Pacific division.

Q. Which is the Eastern division; how far does it go?—A. I would have to refer to documents to give you the exact line. It is just this side of Winnipeg. The Western division works from that immediate point east of Winnipeg to a few miles inside of British Columbia. The Pacific division works from that particular point to the coast.

By Mr. Totzke:

Q. Where are these commissioners situated?—A. In Ottawa, Winnipeg and Vancouver. At headquarters here we have the Commissioner of Immigration and the Commissioner of Colonization. We have the superintendent of the Women's Branch and the superintendent of the Juvenile branch. The Commissioner of Immigration has the supervision of the three divisional commissioners; he checks up their particular work in-as-far as the Act requires. The superintendent of the Women's branch has in her care the placement of women coming under our direction for domestic service.

Hon. Mr. STEWART: Give her name.

The Witness: Miss Burnham, and Mr. Smart is the superintendent of the Juvenile branch. The superintendent of juvenile immigration has the whole of that work under his care with, of course, a number of inspectors who make their regular visits, of inquiry in connection with juveniles who have been placed in the country. As far as we are concerned in a general way, in Canada within the last four years, realizing that the Soldiers' Settlement Board had within its body men of experience who could do a certain work, more particularly in connection with directional work, and has a land settlement branch—part of their work is in connection with the possibilities of settling the people in their particular areas as well as the after care in seeing that they are placed if they are out of work—British immigrants who come under the assisted passage. There is so much to speak of that one does not know where to stop or begin in connection

[Mr. W. J. Egan.]