of 800,000 cubic yards in area of the Wet Basin in the Harbour of

Quebec.

39. That dredging of the same kind, and even more difficult, had pre-PRICE OF viously and up to that time, and to the knowledge of the said Thomas DREDGING. McGreevy, been executed for the sum of 27 cents per cubic yard, and

even less, in the same works.

40. That the said Thomas McGreevy used his influence as a member of Mr. Mcthis House with the Department of Public Works, and in particular with GREEVY IN Henry F. Perley, Esq., to induce him to report to the Quebec Harbour Perley. Commission in favour of the payment of the said sum of 35 cents per cubic

41. That the correspondence on this subject between Henry F. Perley Corresponand Larkin, Connolly & Co., before the Quebec Harbour Commissioners DENCE were consulted, took place at the suggestion of the said Thomas Perley AND McGreevy, and was conducted with his knowledge and participation in L., C. & Co. such a manner as to conceal from the eyes of Parliament and of the Public the corrupt character of the contract, in connection with which he

had received \$27,000.

42. That Larkin, Connolly & Co. paid in money to the said Thomas \$20,000 PAID McGreevy the sum of \$20,000 in fulfilment of the arrangement above GREEVY, AND mentioned, and that at his own request a sum of \$5,000 was left, to \$5,000 for his secure the election of the said Thomas McGreevy to the House of Com- ELECTION. mons at the general election of 1887, in the hands of one of the members of the firm, who finding that sum insufficient, had to add thereto the sum of \$2,000.

43. That on the 23rd May, 1887, in fulfilment of the arrangement above CONTRACT OBmentioned, and through the effort, the influence and the intervention of TAINED FOR LARKIN & Co. the said Thomas McGreevy and without any public tender having been called for, a contract was made between the Quebec Harbour Commissioners and Larkin, Connolly & Co., for all the necessary dredging and removal of material in the Wet Basin of the Quebec Harbour works.

44. That in the execution of the works of this contract extensive frauds Money PAID were perpetrated, to the detriment of the public treasury, and sums TO OFFICIALS. of money were paid corruptly to officials under the control and direction of Henry F. Perley and appointed by the Quebec Harbour Commission.

45. That by an Order in Council dated 10th May, 1888, the Government Steamer of Canada decided to pay a sum of \$12,500 yearly during five years to Mr. Julien Chabot, on the condition of his causing the Steamer " Admiral" to ply between Dalhousie and Gaspé, forming a connection with the Intercolonial Railway.

46. That the said sum of twelve thousand five hundred dollars (\$12,500) has since been paid in the manner prescribed in the Order in Council and

the contract made thereunder.

47. That the said Julien Chabot was merely a screen for the benefit of the said Thomas McGreevy, who then was and continued to be for a long time thereafter, the proprietor of the "Admiral" in whole, or at least in

great part.
48. That previous to the 10th of May, 1888, to wit, since 1883, or 1884, the same subsidy of \$12,500 was paid for the said steamer "Admiral," then also owned by men representing the said Thomas McGreevy.

49. That the said Thomas McGreevy received in that connection a sum of about \$120,000, while being a member of the Parliament of Canada.

50. That in 1886, tenders were asked for by the Quebec Harbour Com-South Wall missioners for the construction of a work called the "South-wall" or "Retaining-wall."