Superstition.-The following anocdotes, recorded in the very interesting voyage of Messrs. Bennet and Tyerman roand the world, are extracted, as showing
the absurdity and groundlessaness of some superstitious the ab
fears. fears.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ears. Our chief mate told us, that on boord a ship where be }
\end{aligned}
$$ had served, the mate on daty ordered some of the youti to reef the main-top-sail. When the first got up, he heard a strange voice saying, "It blows hard," The lad

waited for no more; he was down in a trice, and telling waited for no more; he was down in a trice, and telling
his adventure. A second immediately asceuded, langhing at the folly of his companion, but returned even. more quickly, deciaring thet he was quite sure tinat a rnice not of this world had cried in his ear, "It blows hard!" Another went, and another, but each came back with the same tale. At length the mate, having sent up the whole watch, ran up the shrouds hinself, and when he reached the hannted spot, heard the dreadful words distinctly uttered in his ears, "It blows hard "" "Aye, aye, old one! but, blow it ever so hard, we must ease the earings for all that," replied the maje undauntedly; and, looking round, be spied a fine partot perched on one of the claes, the thoughtless author of all the false alarms, which had probably escaped from some other vessel, but had not previouity been discovered to have taken refuge on this. Another of our officers mentioned, that on one of his royages, he remembered a boy having been sent up to clear is rope which had got fonl abore the mizen-top. Presently, however, he returned back, trembling, and almost tumbling to the bottom, declaring that he had seen "Old Davy" aft the cross-trees; moresver, that the evil one had a hage head and face, with prick ears and eyes as bright as fire. Two or three others were sent up in succession; to all of whorethe apparition glared forth, and was identito all of whonthe apparition glared forth, to be enongh. The fid by each to be "Old Dary," sure enough. The lutely, as in the former case, searching for the lughear, he soon ascertained the innocent cause of so much terror to be a large homed owl, so lodged as to be out of sight to those who ascended on the other side the ressel, but which, when any one approached the cross-tree, popped
up his portentous visage to see what was coming. The up his portentous visage to see what was coming. 'I'h
mate broaght him down in triumph, and "Old Dary,' the owl, became a very peaceable ship-mate among the crew, who were no longer scared by his hurns and eves; for sailors tam their backs on nothing when they know what it ia. Had the birds, in these two instances, departed as secretly as they came, of course they would have been deemed supernatural visitants to the respectire ships, by all who had heard the one, or seen the other.'
Insect Manufacteres.-A most extraordinary species of manufacture, which is in a slight degree connected with copying, has been contrived by an otticer of engi-
neers residing at Munich. It consists of lace, and reils, neers residing at Munich. It consists of lace, and reils, with open patterns in them, made entirely by caterpillars. The following is the mode of proceeding adopted:-Haring made a paste of the leaves of the plant on which the species of caterpillar he employs feeds, he spreads it thinls over a stone, or other fiat substance, of the required
size. He then, with a camel-hair pencil dipped in size. He then, with a camel-hair pencil dipped in olive oil, draws the pattern he wishes the insects to leave open. This stone is then placed in an inclined positiou, and a considerable number of caterpillars are placed at the bottom. A pecuhar species is chosen, which spins a strong veb; and the animals commence at the bottom, eating and ppinning their way up to the to ${ }^{3}$ carefally avoiding every part tonched by the oil, but derouring every other part of the paste. The extreme lightness of these reils, coubined with sqime strength, is truly surprising One of them, measuring twenty-six and a half inches by serenteen inches, weighed only 1,51 grains, a degree of lightness Whach will appear nore strongly by contrast with other fabrics. One square yard of the substance of which these
veils are made weighs four grains aud one-third, whist reils are made weighs four grains aud one-third, whilst
one square jard of silk gave weighs one hundred and thirty-seven grains, and one square yard of the fiuest patent net weighs two handred and sixty-two grains and a balf.-Babbage's Eccnomy of Manvfactures.

Havoc or Wap. The siege of Troy lasted ten rears, eight monihs. It gaid there died 870,010 Grecians, 670,600 Trojans; at the taking of the city after, were slain 276,000 men, woman, and children of all sorts. Cesar kfitéd'a mition, Mohàmmed̛ the second Turk $\mathbf{5 0 , 0 0 0}$ per sons; Siccius Dentatus Cought in a hondred battles; cigh times in single combat he overcame, had forty wounds befores in single combat he overcame, had forty wounds be-
forded with one hundred and forty crowns, frore, was rewarded with one hundred atid forty crowns,
trimphed nine times for his various services. M Sergins hisa thirty-two wounds; Scara the centurion, I know not how wany; every nation hathe their Hectors, Scipios, Cesars, aind Alexanders. Our Edwatd the Fourth was in tufenty-six battles afoot: and as they do all, he giories in it ; this is related to his bonour. At the siege of Jerusalem 1,100,0,00 died with eword and fotmine. At the battle of Canna, 70,000 men were slain, as Polybius records, and many at the Bettle Abbey with us; and it is no netr to fight from sun to san, as they did, as Constantine, and Licinius, ete. At the siege of Ustend, a poor town in respect, a stoall fort, but a great grave, 120,000 men lost
their lives, besidea whole towns ruined, and hospitals full of maimed soldiers. There were engines, fire-works, and whatsoever the devil con!d invent to do mischief, with $2,500,000$ iron bullets, and shot of forty pounds weight, three or four millions of gold consumed. What plague, what fury, brought so devilish, so brutish a thing ū च̄̄ã first into men's ninds: : From whence coume wars an fightings among you? come they not hence, even of your

Hofting Spiderg.-There is a tribe of hunting spiders that leap like tigers on their presy, and, what is more extraox inary, have the faculty of doing so sideways One of these jamped two feet ot an humble bee. They approach the object of their intended attack with the noistess and imperceptible motion of the sladow of a sun-dial If the fly nove, the spider moves alsn, backwards, forwards, or sideways, and that with so much precision as to time and distance, that the two insects appenr as if bound logether by some invisible chain, or actuated by the same spirit. If the fly take wing and piach behind the spider, the head of the latter is torned round to meet it so quickly; that the haman eye is deceived, and the spider appears to be motionless. When all these maucurres bring the fly within its spring, the leap is made with fearful rapidity, and the prey struck down like lightning. The redeeming it. int in these cruel creatures is their atfection for their young. Family Library.

The Humar Brain.-It is a carious fact, that in the brain of man, no less thau 80 per cent. of the weight
is water. According to the analysis of Vanquelin, 100 is water. According to the analysis of Vanquelin, 100 of white fat 0.7 of red fat; 1.12 of osmazone; 7 of albumen; 1.5 of phosphorus united with the fats; 5 . 15 of su!phar, biphosphate of potash, phosphates of lime and naggnesia, and other saits. Of such materials is the thinking organ of man composed. The spinal marrow and nerves are similarly constituted. The ratio of water in the brain of the calf is also 80 per ceut-Lardner.

## CARD.

M
R. WM. F. TEULON, Practitione: in Medicine Obstetricy, etc. haring now spemt one year in Hali ax, returns thanks for the attention aud favers which he has experienced from the public during this term. At the same rime he is ol inged to acknowledge that owing to the healthy state of the Town, and other causes his support has been rery inadequate, - he therefore rewith a fumily of seren experienced great diticulties; but which might soon be overcome if he had a sulficiency of professional engagements. Having practised the duties of his profession three years in this peaceful Province, and nine years in a neighbouring colony, previous to which he had assinuously studied for several years in the metropolis the haman syncrasies; normal and diseased, and the arrangements of Dirine Providence in eference to the preservation and regeneration of health in the respective functions; he has oltained a habit, a con-
tidence, and a love of the science and art of healing, fidence, and a love of the science and art of healing
which he would not. willingly exchange for any of the ifted acguirements of life, bot to give these efliciency he nast secure the favours and coufidence of a number With this laudable object before bim ine respectulty ia ites their attention, and promises to use his stidious en deavours to emalate the conduct of those worthy mem-
bers of the profession, who have proved its ornan, ents, nd not that only, bat the ornaments of civil and scientitic life; and also of Hameniay.
W. F. Teulon General Practitioner; next House to that of H. Bell, Esq. M. P. A.

Aug. 18.

## Agricultural Fair.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a fair will be held on Tuesday and Wednesday the Srd and ath of Octo ber next, at the Fair ground at Windsor, for the exbibition and sale of

## HORSES, HORNED CATTLE,

## sheEp And wine, farming rmplementa,

 Seeds and ggricultural Produce.As this Fair has been revived for the encouragement of the Farmer, to afford him a more extensive market, by collecting together the Prodacer and the Consumer, and the Bayer and the Seller, it is ebvious that it cannot be astained, without the cordial co-operation of those f.r whose benefis it is derigned. The patronage therefure of the practical Farmer is respectinlly and earnestly solicited.
It is also hoped, that the Market will be conntenanced by the friends of agricultare from the Aletropolis and clsewhere. By order of the President,
E. HARDING,
Clerk of the Peace for Hant's County.

Note.-This Fair, which was noavoidably postponed ast Spring, in consequence of the great Agricoltaral diatreas existing at that time, and the extrandinary backwardess of the season, will positively take place as above advertized.
Windsor, September 13.

## HUGEI OAMEBEXI, <br> A'o. 18, Grandille St

RESPECTFULLY acquaints the Public, that he has received by tho hate arrivals from Great Brituin, a 8 upa ply of CHAMPAGNE, Claret, Burgundy, Hock:

Santerne, Vin-de-Grave, Blackbura's
and others sup. Madeira, Fine old
Brown, and pale Sherries, fine old Port,
Marsala; T'eneriffo, Bucellus, Muscu-
tel and Míaluga
Finte old Cognac pale and colored, BRANDIEA,
Do. Hollands, fine o!d Highland Whiskey,
Do. Irish Whiskey, finc old Jamaica Rual, direct from the Home Bonded Warehouse.
Assorted Liqueurs, Cherry Brandy.
Curacoa and Mareschino.
Barclay and Perkin's beat Loñdon Biown Stont,
Edinburgh and Alloa Al.ES- Hodgson's pale do
Fine light Table do., and Ginger Beer.
Nova Scotia superior thavored llams: Cheshire and Willshire Cheese, double and singer refined London! and Scotch Loaf Sugar,muscatel and bloom Raisins, Aimonda, assorted preaersed Fruits, $n$ general assortment of Piekles and Sauces, Olive Oil, for lamps, Rubinson's patemt Barley nud Groats, (ocon, nud Weet India Coffee.
Soda and wine Biscuit with a general assortment of Gro eries usual in his line.

Ilalifax, June 17.

## NBW ENTGLAND BRANCE EEDD

 6T0RD.TIIE Season for the ealr of Gurden Secds being now over the subscriber acknowledgea, with thauks, the patroang the Public have nfforded this Fistablishment- the most con-
incing proof of the known superiority of New England seeds in this climate. The Store will be re-opened neat Spring with a more exteusive and general assortment; and in the mean time, any demands for articlea within the riach of the Boston Ilouse, Iransmitted either to Meware J. Breck \& Co. of that City, or tu the Sulsacriber in Halir fix, will receive the most prompt attention.
ifo lover-first quality.
E. BROWN, Agent.

## 

BOOKSELI.ER\&STATIONER,

## opposite the proviscebuilding

HALIYAX.

H
AS receised by the Acadinn from Greenock, Parl of Lis In,portations for the Season-the remainder expected ty the lotus from l.ondun.
ic $1300 \mathrm{~K}-\mathrm{BINDING}$ in all its branches executed is e meatest maner
BLANK BCOKE of all kirds constantly on hand, or made and rulel to patterns.
PAPLR MANGINGE and BORDERINCis, a neat at sortment, handscme paterms atd liw pricid. " A fer ther Supply of these Articles, of rich uad celegant patteras expected from l.ondon,
PRINTING INK, in Kegs.
June 17, 1837 .

## HENRY G. HILL, Ruilder and Dranghtsman.

ISPECTFLILI.Y informs his friends and the gublic that he has disconiinuch the Culinet business, and intends to derote his siupe exclusicely to

PIAIN AND ORNIBENTAL BCILDING. He begrs to offer his grateful achinourledg ments to that who hare hitherto piatronised him, and now offers his services as an Architert, Iraughtsinan and Builder, and will be prepared to furnish accurate working plans, eletations and specifications for buittings of every description, and trusts by strict attention to Lusineis to insure a ahare of pullic pultronage.
icf Residence, nearly opposite Miajor Arc Colla's.
${ }^{+}+$Clarpenter's shop-Argyle-sticet. $^{\text {I }}$ Iune 10.
IMPROVED AROMATIC COFFDE

TIIE attention of the Public is called to the above article. By the new und improis $/$ process of rousting chich the tohole of the fine aromatic flavor of the berry; Prepared and sold by

## Grocers, 8 c .

Corner of Granville und Buckingham Streets. June 3, 1837.

Prinited every Saturday, for the Proprieing. By Wor. Cenxabele, at his Office, comer of Ilojijs add Water Strects, opposite the Store of Measrs. If inter \& Chambers. Halifax, N. $\mathbf{s}$.
TERMS,-lificen Shillings per annuin-in all casegpne Malf to be paid in advance. No subscription tatical less than six tioniths.

