

fever, the general percentage of this complication being from one to two. Of the sixteen cases, five had the left leg affected, eleven had both legs affected. In one case the attack came on the fiftieth day of the disease.

Da Costa formerly held with most others that phlebitis was always present; now he believes that thrombosis is the essential lesion, with or without phlebitis. The pressure of the clotted vein upon the artery may cause arterial thrombosis as well. This is rare, as also is a fatal result from phlegmasia.

Typhoid Bacillus in Cider.

Dr. E. Boden (*Ann. de l'Institut Pasteur*, Juillet 25th, 1898, page 464) says:

1. Typhoid bacilli introduced into cider are destroyed in from two to eighteen hours after introduction.

2. Destruction is due to acidity of cider: two grammes of malic acid per litre are necessary to insure it in the time specified. The less the acidity the longer the germ lives. In neutral cider it may survive twenty days.

3. Most commercial ciders have more than two per one thousand of malic acid, and accordingly the germ commonly lives no longer than eighteen hours. Dilution with contaminated water renders the cider capable of causing the disease for a varying length of time—varying with the reduction of acidity.

Bacterium Coli Com. as Cause of Urethritis.

Josiporice (*Centralbl. f. d. Krankh. d. Harn u. Sexualorgane*, B vij: H. 10; p. 663) reports two cases of urethritis resembling gonorrhea, from the discharges of which he isolated the bacillus coli communis, no gonococcus being found. He proved the identity of the bacillus by microscope and by cultures.

LARYNGOLOGY AND RHINOLOGY.

IN CHARGE OF J. PRICE-BROWN.

Bilateral Tumors of the Septum.

Pegler (*Jour. Lar., Rhin. and Otol.*, October, 1898) divides these growths into two varieties: the lymphoid and the erectile. Their chief interest lies in their etiological relationship to nasal obstruction, paresis of the soft palate, and sigmatic dyslalia or affections of speech.

Of the lymphoid variety the author reports one case. This consisted of a growth on each side of the septum, about three