

ment aid, should be allowed to choose any legally qualified medical practitioner to attend them in the private wards of such institution (one member only dissenting).

"2. That a copy of the above resolution be sent to the secretary of the hospitals in this division. (Unanimous.)

"3. That a copy also be sent to the editor of the *ONTARIO MEDICAL JOURNAL* for publication. (Unanimous.)"

Among the most attractive exhibits on the floor of the main building, at the Industrial Exhibition, were those which specially interested medical men. S. B. Chandler & Son showed many lines, prominent among them being electrical and surgical instruments, and a perfect absorbent cotton of long fibre. One very neat affair was an aseptic nickel instrument case, containing twelve knives, with hollow, smooth-polished steel handles. The Harvard Chair Co. was of interest in another line, their exhibit being a very fine one of dental and surgical chairs and revolving cabinets of first-class manufacture. Chas. Cluthe & Sons showed a complete assortment of trusses, bandages and all things of that kind, and are to be congratulated on their work; and lastly, the Ireland National Food Co. had a perfect display of all food stuffs of their manufacture. We would strongly advise medical men to take note of these in giving their orders, these firms being of the best of their kind on the market.

The opening lecture of the Medical Faculty of Toronto University will be given in the Biological building, on October 3rd, at 8 p.m., by Prof. A. B. McCallum. The members of the Faculty are looking forward to another large incoming class this year, and, if intending students take into consideration examination results, they have good reasons for their expectations. We have been informed that at the Council primary last spring their students made up about fifty-six per cent. of the number from all sources that passed, and at the final they made just about fifty per cent. of that number. Of those that presented themselves at the primary, seventy-three per cent. passed, while the general percentage of *pass* was about fifty-two per cent; and of those who went up for the final, more than

eighty-five per cent. succeeded in getting through, while the general percentage of *pass* at this examination was about seventy-three per cent. A glance at the foregoing figures will show the good work done by this school, and will be a great encouragement to the supporters and graduates of it.

The Canadian mineral waters are gradually taking a high place among those prescribed and used by the public generally. In the sodium chloride class, the water from St. Leon Springs ranks probably among the best. Its analysis compares more than favourably with that of the best. European springs, such as Baden-Baden or Friedrichshall, though being milder in its laxative action than the latter. A glance at the subjoined analysis will show its strong value as an alkaline digestive, as a laxative, and even an alterative, as it contains iodides, bromides and some carbonate of iron. Its comparative cheapness has brought it into prominent use, and its therapeutic properties have kept it there. Dr. T. Sterry Hunt's analysis presents the quantity of solids per gallon, as follows:

Chlor.* Sodium.....	677.4782	grains.
" Potassium.....	13.6170	"
" Lithium	1.6147	"
" Barium6699	"
" Strontium3070	"
" Calcium	3.3338	"
" Magnesium	59.0039	"
Iodide of Sodium8108	"
Bromide of Sodium....	.8108	"
Sulphate of Lime.....	.0694	"
Phosphate of Soda1690	"
Bi-Car. Lime	29.4405	"
" Magnesia	82.1280	"
" Iron6056	"
Alumina5830	"
Silica	1.3694	"
Density.....	1.0118	"

British Columbia.

Under control of the Medical Council of the Province of British Columbia.

DR. MCGUIGAN, Associate Editor for British Columbia.

The British Columbia matter not received this month in time for publication.