

MICRO - LEPIDOPTERA.

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Continued from Vol. 4, Page 226.

ERRATA ET CORRIGENDA.—Ante vol. 4, p. 148, for *Hermonella* read *Hermanella*; p. 149, for *Alexandriacella* read *Alexandriaella*; p. 173, line 11, for "there" read "then;" p. 195, line 5, for "all the veins are united near the end of the cell," which is an unaccountable blunder, read 'all the veins given off from the cell arise near its end.'

ANESYCHIA.

A. trifurcella, n. sp.

White; palpi annulate and tipped with dark brown or black; a longitudinal median blackish stripe on the thorax, and a spot of the same hue on each side of it; primaries white with a median wide blackish longitudinal streak beginning on the costa at the base, gradually widening to the apex, where two small white streaks or spots divide it into three short branches. Sometimes these white spots completely separate the outer branches from the median one. A row of small dark brown dots around the apex; a small spot near the dorsal margin about the basal fourth, and a larger one about the apical third of the wing. Antennae dark brown. *Alar ex.* $\frac{1}{8}$ inch. Kentucky, in July.

HYPONOMEUTA.

H. orbimaculella. Ante p. 88. Vol. 4.

This was described by me, ante p. 42, as *H. evonymella*, and the name changed because of its resemblance to the name of a European species, *H. evonymella*. I had not then seen the European species, nor any figure or description of it. Since then, however, I have seen the figure in Wood's *Index Entomologicus*, and think it most probable that this species is identical with it. The arrangement of the spots is identical, but in the figure of *evonymella* the fore wing is shaded with a smoky or brownish hue, while in all my specimens it is pure snow white; and the color of the hind wings in the figure is darker, and of a different shade from any of my specimens, in which the shade varies from snow white to lead color. I