segments, except the apical one, with a narrow white fascia, narrowest in the middle, the fascia on first segment parrow from side to side.

Black; legs from ferruginous to testaceous, chiefly a dark shade of the latter; anterior and median coxæ black. The legs have a whitish pubescence, except on the inner side of tibiæ and all of tarsi, where the pubescence is golden.

d. Length, 11.5 mm. Exactly like the ♀, except for the usual sexual characters; pubescence on face abundant and not appressed; dorsal apical segment with six spines, one on each side at base testaceous, the four at apex black, simple, the lower pair longer than the upper, sharp, the upper pair short, blunt; scutellar spines longer than in ♀, broader at apex than at base.

Types: Coll. Am. Ent. Society. The ♀ deposited by Mr. Fox.

Type locality, Lake Worth, Florida (Mrs. A. T. Slosson).

The male is labeled "Fla." Two Q Q from Lake Worth; the co-type is identical with the type.

Megachile manumuskin, n. sp.

Thorax shining, punctured; scopa white, on apical segment black; inner side of tarsi in both sexes brilliant brownish.

Q. Length, 14 mm. Margin of clypeus almost even, the clypeus and a small space above closely punctured, the surface shining and almost bare, the rest of the face up to the ocelli indistinctly punctured, covered with an erect whitish pubescence, which extends down and covers the lower corners of the clypeus; top of the head not so closely punctured as the clypeus, shining, sparsely covered with black hairs; checks indistinctly punctured, covered with erect pubescence whiter than that on the face; space between posterior ocelli seemingly a little greater than that between them and eye margins; mandibles the shape of an obtuse angled triangle, with four teeth, the upper surface separated from the lateral surface by a raised opaque line, the upper surface with drawnout punctures; antennæ with the first joint of the flagellum a little longer than the second. Dorsum of thorax shining, punctures on dorsulum close together; on the sides, in front, in the middle and behind the punctures are well defined and separated; punctures on scutellum distinct, closer than those on the middle of the thorax; the thorax above almost bare in the middle, near the margins with sparse black hairs, surrounded by white hairs on the margins; surface of the rest of the thorax indistinctly sculptured; metathorax almost smooth, opaque, almost