

Montreal or Quebec. There may be occasionally as good a show of these articles in our markets as in Toronto, but it is not generally so.

We now beg to say a few words of Lower Canada, and its capabilities for a successful system of husbandry. First, as to the quality of the soil, we do not believe that it is much, if anything, inferior to that of Upper Canada. There are, doubtless, fine tracts of new land in Upper Canada, but so there is of old, cultivated, and new land in Lower Canada.

In the latter country, wheat will not succeed so well as in the former, but every variety of other grain, with the exception, perhaps, of Indian Corn, will succeed equally well as in Upper Canada, and some better. Root crops, hay, and pasture, on an average, will be more productive in this section of the Province; why then should we not be able to have good stock, good dairies, and profitable farming? It is not, certainly, either the climate or soil that would prevent it, and we have better and more convenient markets. We must, therefore, endeavour to find some other cause why our Agriculture should not be generally as far advanced in improvement as in Upper Canada. There is as good farming in Lower Canada as in any part of America that we have seen; but this we are sorry to be obliged to admit, is not the general character of it. We have fairly described what we know of the state of Agriculture in Upper Canada, or rather the results of their system and management, and also, submitted our opinion as to the means by which this system has been introduced, by, we may say, an entirely new population. This latter circumstance of a new population introducing their own system of husbandry may have been favourable to the establishment of a more perfect system, than would be possible, where a defective system had been previously in operation for a long period. All these matters deserve serious attention. We know by experience, it is much less difficult to establish a good system of husbandry, (if we know it,) in a new country, than in an old

country, where defective modes of farming have been long practised. In the first case there are not any old customs or prejudices to be overcome, but in the latter case, we have all these difficulties to contend with, when attempting to introduce a new system of Agriculture. We would strongly recommend parties interested in Agriculture in Lower Canada, to visit Upper Canada, and their Agricultural Exhibitions, and they will be much interested, and acquire much useful information. There is nothing like seeing and judging for one's self. It will be easy to perceive the lively interest that is manifested by a large proportion of the population, in the progress of Agricultural improvement. It would be difficult to persuade the citizens of Montreal to subscribe six or eight hundred pounds currency towards an Agricultural Exhibition, as they have done in Toronto.

We hope it may not be supposed from what we have stated, that Agricultural improvement is not progressing in Lower Canada. On the contrary, we can assure our readers that the progress of improvement is very satisfactory, and there is not a doubt but it will advance rapidly when the advantages of an improved system is more generally known in the country, by the rural population. The cultivation of root crops have surprisingly extended within the last two or three years, where they were never before cultivated, and the Canadian farmers are becoming fully sensible of the value of these crops. Improved husbandry does not so generally prevail in this section of the Province as in Upper Canada, but we confidently hope we shall not be long subject to this reproach, and however greatly we admire the latter country, and her agriculturists for their skill and industry, we would not exchange the numerous advantages of Lower Canada for that of Upper Canada.

On the evening of Wednesday and Thursday, several addresses were delivered in the St. Lawrence Hall to a crowded audience. On Wednesday Professor Buckland delivered an excellent lecture, and gave a full exposition