

Sir James Stuart's three sons who survived him all held the title in turn, but it became extinct in 1915 through default of heirs in the direct line. These sons were respectively a barrister, a distinguished soldier, and a clergyman.

The Hon. Andrew Stuart, the Solicitor-General of Lower Canada, had two well known sons, both of whom followed the Law. The elder became Chief Justice of Quebec and received the honour of knighthood. Of him and his wife, a member of the ancient family of Aubert de Gaspé, there are many representatives, of the name of Beaubien, Auzias de Turenne, Audette, O'Brien, Ekers, McLennan, Le Mesurier, and Law. With the death of the late Gustavus George Stuart, K.C., batonnier-general of the Quebec Bar, in 1918, failed Sir Andrew's heirs male.

In Montreal and England there are four heirs male and one heir female of the late Henry Stuart, Q.C., the Hon. Andrew's second son. These are Mrs. C. J. B. Stewart and her son, Lt.-Col. Hugh Stewart, who made for himself a distinguished career in India, together with three sons of the late Ernest Stuart, notary, Messrs. Bruce and Douglas Stuart of Montreal and Col. Sir Campbell Stuart, Editor of the Daily Mail and Managing Director of the London Times, who raised the Irish Regiment of Montreal for service in the recent war and subsequently did excellent work in the field of diplomacy.

Besides Sir Campbell Stuart other members of his family were active in the war. Among them were the three sons of the late Mrs. W. G. LeMesurier, Sir Andrew Stuart's third daughter, and the two sons of Madame Auzias de Turenne, of Seattle, who are grandsons of Madame Louis Beaubien. Sir Andrew's eldest daughter. Of the latter, one was severely wounded; of the former two laid down their lives in Flanders.