THE
ST. ANDREWS STANDARD,
PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
AT SAINT ANDREWS, NEW BRUNSWICK BY
GEO. N. SMITH.

TERMS.

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ADVERTISEMENTS,

Inserted according to written orders, or continued till ordered if no written directions.
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The Standard.

NEW-BRUNSWICK.

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ST. ANDREWS and ST JOHN
MAIL STAGE.

RUNS both ways, three times each week leaving St. Andrews on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings at 6 o'clock, and Carleton on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturday mornings at 7 o'clock, and go through in one day.—Fare each way twenty-five Shillings.

WAY FARES.
From St. Andrews to Magaguadavic, 7s. 6d
From Magaguadavic to New River, 6 3.
From New River to Musquash.....4 5
From Musquash to Carleton.....6 3
Stage Books will be kept in St. Andrews Mrs. M'Leavy's, and in St. John at the Hotel.
Careful and experienced drivers have been engaged, and first rate Carriages provided. en

SUMMARY.

Four millions of musket cartridges have been ordered to Canada. A new method of moulding musket ball by hydraulic pressure will shortly be introduced instead of casting, as is now done.

The clothing for the Royal Artillery, was delivered out last week and for those entitled to it bears the good conduct badge in the form of an inverted cheveron, the ring round the arm having been for years a badge of disgrace and punnishment in this corps.

With regret we have to announce the death of Thomas Haynes Bayley. He expired at Cheltenham on the 22d April, after a protracted illness. Mr Bayley's pleasant writings in prose and verse are well known beyond the fashionable circles to which many of them were addressed. His agreeable manners, and amiable qualities as a gentleman, ensured him the warm attachment of numerous friends.

It is well understood that Lord John Russell is desirous to retire, and is only retained in office by actual constraint. His address to his constituents at Stroud which contains all his views in respect to the present movement, has been kept back, through upwards of a fortnight, lest its promulgation should damage his colleagues before they had their arrangement made.

Emigration to the United States. The quays of the north docks, Liverpool, are daily crowded with men, women, and children, awaiting the departure of vessels. The passage money for *steerage* passengers on board of one of the liners reached the sum of £1,100.

The Disputed Territory.—It will be seen by extracts in to-day's paper that the State of Maine *posse* are using every means to bring a charge of improper conduct against Mr. M'Lauchlan, the Provincial Warden. The ridiculous part played recently by Mr. Nye, the Assistant Provisional Land Agent of Maine, proves his utter incompetency for the post assigned him, and calls for his immediate removal. If in the execution of his office he continues to give credit to all the stories of Dame Rumour, we think he will have a busy time of it, as he will be likely to hear of an imaginary enemy at every step.—*Courier.*

We understand that orders were received here on Saturday last, for Her Majesty's ship *Cleopatra*, Captain Lushington, to cruize during the summer on the Eastern Coast of Nova-Scotia and this Province, and in the Gulf of St. Lawrence, for the purpose of enforcing a strict compliance with the provisions of existing treaties, on the part of Foreign vessels engaged in the fisheries there. She sailed on Monday morning.

A small vessel of war, on a similar service, is shortly expected in the Bay of Funday.—*Ib.*

FROM JAMAICA.—We have received files of the Kingston "Dispatch" and Jamaica "Gazette" to the 20th ult.

The Governor is still very unpopular with a large portion of the inhabitants of Kingston. It appears that he has offered his large stock of wines for sale, and the "Dispatch" intimates that he intends to leave for England very soon. He had declared, however, that the planters, by their contumacious conduct, would shortly beggar themselves, and that he should leave them to their fate, and advise the British Government by no means to afford them any assistance.

On the 8th of April, a riot took place at the Mount Pera estate, very similar to the Pleasent Hill riot; the officers of justice in endeavouring to take two men and one woman to prison, were attacked by a mob, and an endeavor was made to rescue the prisoners, but without effect.

The Rev. Mr. Phillips, a Baptist preacher in favor of abolition, is denounced as an incendiary, subborner of murder and treason.

At a dinner given to Col. Archer at Kingston, the company broke up in a row, in consequence of angry discussions about emancipation, and the conduct of Messrs. Brown and Gayleard, who are "locofocos" in the "Chronicle."

The negros on many plantations will not work half their time, and the new system has entirely failed to produce the beneficial results anticipated from it by its advocates.

It will be observed that the Russian government has disavowed in most distinct language, all hostile intentions towards the British possessions in India. The Shah of Persia is stated to have abandoned all intention of opposing Great Britain, owing probably to the fact of Nicholas not being able to render him the necessary assistance, the attention of whom it seems is engaged with the insurrection in Circassia and Georgia, by which nations the Russians are said to be effectually resisted.—Accounts from the East are considered to be favorable. The British troops have taken possession of Hydraoal and Bukhur without any resistance on the part of the natives. The recent state of affairs in Persia will probably have the effect of increasing the power and territory of the East India possessions.

The Russian Fleet, consisting of *thirty* sail of the line, completely manned and armed, were assembled at "Odessa" on the 30th April. It is stated, that ministers intend sending a demonstration fleet to the Baltic to watch the movements of the Russians, and for which purpose the Cornwallis, and other line-of-battle ships, were ordered home from the North American station.

Disputed Territory.—It appears from the documents which we this day publish, that the authorities of the State of Maine, are determined to hold and to exercise, sole and undivided controul over the whole of the territory said to be in dispute; they have driven off Mr. M'Lauchlan from his *wardenship*, and forbade his interference respecting the Timber cut by tresspassers or others!!—*Chronicle.*

The Border.—The following extract from the Bangor Democrat, with the correspondence it contains, gives a full account of the difficulty to which we alluded on Wednesday. It may perhaps be considered a new feature in the history of this question, that the "Assistant Provincial Land Agent" is able to say, after a fruitless expedition of 2 or 3 days, over 30 or 40 miles, with a detachment of men, we ascended to our Fort, and found all *in as good order as we left it.*"

We understand that the Land Agent recently received a letter from Mr. M'Lauchlan, dated Fredericton, in which he said he was on the point of starting with a posse of 30 men to visit the St. Francis and Fish River, and saying he should be gratified to meet him there, as he supposed the object of both was the same, to secure the timber made by lawless people last winter. He further said that a few days before, while at Madawaska he had occasion to address a letter to the officer in command of the posse at Fish River, and had received a very laconic answer. The following letters will explain the state of things in that quarter. Whether the rafts were deserted by the tresspassers on the approach of M'Lauchlan, and suffered to run down the river, or were cut adrift by Mac-Lauchlan and his posse to *secure* them is not certain. There is no probability that he will attempt to *secure* in the same way the timber in Fish River, under the care of Nye.

Bangor, May 17, 1839.

Sir:—The inclosed letter, with a copy of a communication from Alvin Nye to M'Lauchlan, was received this day.

Having reference to an expedition highly important, as the Post at Fish River is at the termination of the road to the St. Johns to be opened this summer, in which our State takes a deep interest, it is forwarded to you for your disposal as you may deem proper.

It is to be hoped that Mr. McLauchlan will not make his threatened visit, if he should, and if of a hostile character, I have confidence in Alvin Nye, that his reception will be such as will afford small inducement for a repetition.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
CHARLES JARVIS.

FORT JARVIS, Fish River,
May 10, 1839.

Sir:—Since my last communication of the 3d ult. circumstances have occurred which I deem proper to make known to you by a special messenger.

On Tuesday, the 7th inst., I received information that James M'Lauchlan, Esq was at Madawaska with a party of fifty men and some Indians, on his way to this river to take the Timber now in our boom and to drive me off. On the next day I received information in which I had full confidence, that Mr. M'Lauchlan, with a party of thirty men and some Indians, armed with guns and bowie knives, had passed the mouth of Fish River, on their way to the Allagash, with the avowed intention of driving the lumber out of the jurisdiction of the State.

I consider my instructions required me to take every measure in my power to retain the Lumber within the State. In discharge of this duty I took with me fifteen of my men on Tuesday morning and descended the river to the mouth, and then ascended the St John's, about 10 miles, where my previous information was fully confirmed, and I further learnt that Mr. M'Lauchlan was on the Allagash turning the Lumber into the stream.

I then addressed a note to Mr. M'Lauchlan which I sent by two of my boatmen, hoping to receive a satisfactory explanation, but having no time to lose, I proceeded with my men to within about five miles of the Allagash, where we met rafts of Timber without men, coming down river, occasionally running on to bars and rocks and breaking up. When within about two miles of the mouth of the Allagash, I met my messenger returning, who informed me that he had seen Mr. M'Lauchlan, who would not write me, that he had used him roughly, and had told him that he might say to me that he would meet me on Fish River. I continued on my way to the Allagash, where I met twelve of M'Lauchlan's boats returning with their men and baggage. I proceeded up river until I had got above all the timber which was running, and came to the conclusion that the whole of M'Lauchlan's party had gone down river.—I then turned about and descended about nine miles, when I found the party which I had met, encamped on the south side of the St. John's I asked them what was their object, and where Mr. M'Lauchlan was? of this they would not inform me, but that their orders were to turn off a brow of timber which was then secure on the bank. I ordered them to leave the logs and timber and to move down river, which order they obeyed. I followed about seven miles, where we camped for the night.

The next morning I continued down the river to Fish River, which we ascended to our Fort, and found all in good order as we had left.—For further particulars you are referred to the bearer.

Your ob't servant,
ALVIN NYE, Ass't Provis. L. Agent.

St. John's River, St. Francis's settlement,
May 10, 1839.

To Jas. McLauchlan, Esq., Provincial Warden.

Sir:—Having received information of your having ascended the St. John River, with a party of men with the avowed intention of driving the timber and logs now within the jurisdiction of the state of Maine into the Province of New-Brunswick, I am under the disagreeable necessity of informing you that such an act will be in violation of the right of the state.

I request you, therefore, to desist, as my instructions are such that I cannot admit of the timber being moved from this territory.

Your obedient servant,
ALVIN NYE, Ass't P. L. Agent.

"*The Toronto Almanac and Royal Calendar of Upper Canada, for* 1839," is the title of the most complete publication of the kind which has yet appeared in the North American Colonies. It is compiled by CHARLES FOTHERGILL Esq., who was formerly a member of the Upper Canada Assembly and been in other situations to acquire correct information, now, we believe, Editor of the Palladium newspaper, published at Toronto The Upper Canada lists are stated to be obtained from official sources: they embrace the officers of the Executive Government, the judges and judicial and local Officers, professions, public institutions, and the Post Offices throughout the Province; also, the army serving in Upper Canada, and a complete list of the militia. The Almanac, besides the Calender, extends to 430 pages, small type. It gives a variety of interesting information concerning Upper Canada and the British North American Provinces and the British Empire, generally, with a very ample chronological table of events down to 1839. Altogether must be, generally, useful and is particularly valuable for reference, at a time when the public attention is turned to Upper Canada and the other British North American Provinces.

Agriculture.—The weather after having been rainy and variable last week is become fine and rather cold at night. The young crops have not suffered by the frost, and are looking healthy. Vegetation is, however, rather more backward than usual, although the ground has been so long free from snow. The meadows and pastures have suffered little by the winter frost and the spring work of the farmers is well advanced.

Quebec, 20th May, 1839.

SERIES OF 1839,

The following list, containing the number of Warrants now in the Treasury, with the names of the persons to whom they are payable, is published for the information of all concerned.

191.	J. H. Whitlock, Esq. Adjt.	1834,
192.	Wm Boyd, Sergt. Major,	do
193.	Hugh Flaherty, Esq.	do
195.	Thomas Moses, Esq Adjutant	do
197.	Alex Campbell, Esq, Adjt,	do
223.	James Brown, Jr. &c.	Exploration &c.
241.	Lt. Wardlaw, Pay for Embodied Militia,	
246.	Thomas Wyer, Stage Coach,	do
247.	do and others, Savings Bank,	
248.	Rev. Jerome Alley, Grammar School,	
251.	Harris Hatch Esq. Bear Bounty,	
256.	Grand Manan, Parish Schools,	
257.	St George's,	do
258.	St. Stephen's,	do
259.	Campo Bello,	do
260.	St. Davids,	do
261.	St. Andrew's,	do
262.	Pennfield,	do
263.	St. James',	do
264.	St. Patrick's,	do
265.	West Isles,	do
271.	Rev. Jerome Alley, Madras School,	
282.	James Boyd, Esq. Militia Pay,	
283.	do	do. services,
284.	do.	do. Guard House.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, of that part of the United Kingdom of G. Britain and Ireland, called England, made in a certain cause depending in the said Court, wherein *Henry Bliss* is the Plaintiff and *Ellinor Putnam*, Widow, and others, are the Defendants,—*the Heirs at Law of James Putnam*, formerly of Halifax, Nova-Scotia, in British North America, but at the time of his death residing at No. 9, John Street, Portland Place, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire, is by His Solicitor forthwith to come in before *William Wingfield, Esq.* one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, and prove his Heirship, or in default thereof he will be excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

G. G. HARDINGHAM, Pltf. Sol'r.
5, *Millman Street, Bedford Row, London.*
16th April, 1839.

Pursuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, of that part of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, called England, made in a certain cause depending in the said Court, wherein *Henry Bliss* is the Plaintiff and *Ellinor Putnam*, Widow, and others, are the Defendants, "*the Creditors of James Putnam*, formerly of Halifax, Nova Scotia, in British North America, but at the time of his death residing at No 9, John Street, Portland Place, in the County of Middlesex, Esquire, are by their Solicitors forthwith to come in before *William Wingfield, Esquire*, one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers, in Southampton Buildings, Chancery Lane, London, and prove their Debts, or in default thereof they will be excluded the benefit of the said Decree.

G. G. HARDINGHAM, Pltf. Sol'r.
5, *Millman Street, Bedford Row, London.*
16th April, 1839.

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