THE TORONTO WORLD

TUESDAY MORNING, FEB. 14, 1888.

To the Annexationists.

The Mail and other advocates of annexation had better save their wind. The people of Canada have too much respect for their own institutions and are too dubious as to the superiority of those of our neighbors, to desire a change, even on the basis of unrestricted trade with sixty millions. We do not care to be at the mercy of "such political cowards"—and that is the term used by The New York Times—as control the United States Senate, and who, out of fear of the "Irish vote" at the approaching election, decline to make a reasonable extradition treaty with Great Britain and thus put an end to one country being an asylum for the criminals of the other. Nor do we care to join in the political turmoil that every fourth year sends our neighbors.

Canada has her own destiny to work out. She has yet to improve and greatly simplify her system of government. She is willing and anxious for freer trade intercourse with her neighbors. She is, however, bound to maintain her self-respect and will never consent to bulldozing like that suggested by Gen. Wilson before the Interstate Commerce Committee and so warmly endorsed by The Mail.

We can get along without the States! Let them close their ports. Let them start in to pirate our fish. They will find that two can play at the same game—and what is more the right will be with us.

But there is no danger of war arising from Canada pursuing a firm course. The Government of the States is not unfriendly to us. All the Western States are well disposed toward us because our railways have helped them to escape the tyranny of their own. All Minnesota and the adjoining states are bound up in having a road to the seaboard through Canada. Our C.P.R. has been a check on the extortion of the American transcontinental lines. The fish pirates in the East are raising all the row in order to make fresh fish dear throughout the Union. The people of the United States have nothing to complain of Canada. They are not in sympathy with the railway rings, the trust monopolists, the political cowards in the Senate, and the twisters of the Lion's tail who want the Irish vote.

The body of the people of the United States are prepared rather to support us than to bulldoze us into annexation.

Blaine Declines.

A few months ago it seemed almost a foregone conclusion that over the border both Democrats and Republicans would repeat in 1888 what they did in 1884, and that Cleveland and Blaine would be the contestants in the American Olympiad of this year. But other calculations will now have to be considered, by the Republicans, for a letter has just been received from Blaine, in which he says that he declines the party's Presidential nomination, "for entirely personal reasons." Of course he might be pressed to accept, and he might yet accept, after all; but it rather looks as if the letter must be conclusive. For it is to be observed that for some time back doubts as to Blaine's intentions to "stick it out" have been freely expressed within his own party; and some Republican papers have demanded that he end the uncertainty by saying plainly whether he desires to be the party's candidate or not. Meantime other prominent Republican leaders have been conspicuously "boomed" by their respective friends.

As for Cleveland, he is now "the man in possession;" and the power and opportunity which this gives to himself and his friends of promoting his re-election are not small. Besides, his administration has so far been rather a strong one; and he will be supported now by not a few on the merits of what he *has* done—men who supported him four years ago mostly for what they hoped he might do. There are two clouds, however, that darken his prospects considerably. The first and greatest is—his known devotion to the principles of Free Trade, which his friends of the Democratic press seek to minimize before the public by repeating very frequently that it will never amount to anything in practice. But the English press doubtless understood his recent message correctly when they called it a remarkable deliverance in favor of Free Trade; and the Republican party will probably print it and give it a wide circulation among the people, as the most effective campaign document—for their side—that they can produce. Taking things from a strictly *American* point of view, this does not look well for Cleveland.

The other cloud upon his prospects rises from within the ranks of his own party. His brother Democrat and companion-in-arms—David B. Hill, Governor of "York State"—has friends who want to put him before the party's national convention as its candidate for the Presidency; and it is evident that Hill himself is willing. The report goes that already Hill has quite as many friends as Cleveland has in the Democratic State Committee, although a short time ago he had only half-a-dozen in a body of over thirty. Then it is a fact that recently Hill's friends secured control of The Albany Argus, for many years recognized as the banner organ of the party in the Empire State, a circumstance which is likely to count for something ere all be done. Against which, however, it must be remembered that the man who rules in the White House has great power, and may be able to make terms with Hill should the latter's ambition appear really dangerous.

To the rank and file of the Republican party throughout the country Blaine's retirement will come as a surprise; although it may be conjectured that to those holding "inside" positions the event has been among things expected for some time past. Perhaps some of them, Blaine himself included—may have feared that he might not prove popular enough, perhaps not lucky enough, to be the "winning horse." And we should say now that Blaine's retirement makes it all the more likely that the Democrats will stick to Cleveland for their man. But of course this, like a good many other things, yet remains to be seen.

More to Sorrow Than in Anger.

It is more in sorrow than in anger that The (Liberal) Guelph Mercury makes a last appeal to The Globe to come back and all will be forgiven. We violate no confidence when we say that this is the language of Mr. James Innes, M.P. for South Wellington:

The Globe has had pretty good proof by this time that its advocacy of absolute Free Trade and direct taxation finds no sympathy, and has had no support from the Liberal press of Canada, with two exceptions that we know of, nor have its views been endorsed by any member of the party as far as we are aware. Such a wide difference of opinion on such an important subject is very unfortunate at the present time, and it is an equally disagreeable and unpleasant duty forthem to find fault with our contemporary, but they were forced into this position by the prominence it gives to the question in the first instance, and also by the rather flippant and supercilious style of language indulged in by it towards its Liberal confreres.

The Mercury expresses the hope that when The Globe shall have reviewed its own "singular want of judgment" "in its sober senses," it will perceive that the adoption of its platform "would lead to the disintegration and ruin of the Liberal party." The Mercury concludes thus:

We have no heart to say more on the subject, but deeply to regret its present course, its unfriendly allusions to The Sentinel-Review, and its efforts daily to widen the breach between it and nearly the whole Liberal press of Canada, as well as the Liberal party.

The World is glad to observe that the good Deacon shows signs of dropping the quarrel, but it is difficult to understand how he can ever again be "more than a sister" to those from whom he so rashly parted, "for to be wroth with one we love doth work like madness in the brain."

CONDITIONAL SALES OF CHATTELS.

A Bill introduced into the Legislature that Largely Affects Manufacturers, Dealers and Others.

Mr. Thomas Nairn, M.P.P. for East Elgin, has introduced the following bill in the Ontario Legislature, and as it seriously affects the interests of a large number of manufacturers, traders and dealers, The World publishes it in full, in order that those interested may govern themselves accordingly. One of the sweeping clauses provides that all agreements for lien on goods must be in writing and registered. The bill is as follows:

An Act Respecting Conditional Sales of Chattels.

Her Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, enacts as follows:

1. Every hiring, lease or agreement for the sale of goods and chattels, accompanied by an immediate delivery and followed by an actual and continued chance of possession, whereby it is agreed that the property in the goods or chattels, or a lien thereon for the price or value thereof or any portion thereof, shall remain in the hirer, lessor or bargainor until the payment in full of such price or value by future payments or otherwise, shall be in writing, signed by the parties thereto or their duly authorized agents in writing (a copy of which authority shall be attached to such agreement), and shall set forth fully, by recital or otherwise, the terms, nature and effect of such hiring, lease or bargain for sale, and the amounts to be paid thereunder, whether expressed as rent, payment or otherwise.

2. Every such hiring, lease or agreement for sale shall be null and void as against the creditors and subsequent purchasers or mortgagees of the person to whom such goods and chattels are hired, leased or agreed to be sold, unless

(a) Within five days from its execution such written instrument or a copy thereof shall be registered as hereinafter provided, and accompanied by an affidavit of a witness thereto of the due execution thereof, or of the execution of the instrument of which the copy registered purports to be a copy, and by the affidavit of the hirer, lessor or bargainor, or in case such instrument has been signed by an agent or agents of the hirer, lessor or bargainer, then by the affidavit of such agent or agents respectively, stating that the instrument truly sets forth the entire agreement between the parties thereto, and truly sets forth the actual claim, lien or balance due to the hirer, lessor or bargainor, and that such writing is executed in good faith, and for the purpose of securing to the hirer, lessor or bargainor the payment of the claim, lien or charge thereon, at the times and under the terms set out in the instrument, and for no other purpose whatsoever, in the form appended hereto, or to the like effect; and such registration shall be effected in the office of the clerk of the County Court of the county or union of counties in which such instrument is executed, or to which the chattels mentioned therein are permanently removed within the said five days, or

(b) Unless there is continuously maintained in a conspicuous place upon such chattel, from the time of its delivery and actual change of possession until the hiring, lease or agreement for sale of the same is completely satisfied or terminated, a notice legibly marked or inscribed upon the said chattel, or otherwise affixed thereto in the following terms: Disposed of under 51 Vic., cap. , by (name and postoffice address in Ontario of seller, lessor or bargainor), and No. and denoting the class of chattel (if any) to which it belongs.

Provided, that the owner keeps a book at the place within Ontario which is the postoffice address mentioned upon or affixed to the chattel, for the information of all persons desirous of ascertaining the ownership of the chattel, and registers therein according to the form given in the schedule appended hereto, or to the like effect, and numbered consecutively in the class (if any) to which such chattel belongs.

(a) The number marked upon the chattel;

(b) The name, business and place of abode of the person who hired, leased, bargained or received the chattel, and

(c) The date at which it was hired, leased or bargained;

(d) The description and class of the chattel;

(e) The consideration therefor;

(f) The sums paid in respect thereof, distinguishing which are for interest, with dates of payment, and that such book, together with the written instrument, with the person who hired, leased, bargained, or received the chattel, be kept open at all reasonable hours to the inspection of any person having occasion to acquire information in reference to the said chattel upon payment of 10 cents for one search for all information in reference to the said chattel.

3. In case the owner, lessor or bargainor omits to give the information required by this Act, at his place of business, or within twenty-four hours, to written enquiries made to him by letter, accompanied with a fee of 10 cents, he shall be deemed to have abandoned any claim, lien or interest in such chattel as against the rights thereto of the applicant acquired subsequent to the application.

4. If any person shall brand, stamp, mark or inscribe any chattel with the name of a person who has no interest or property therein, or shall deface or efface any stamp, mark or impression upon or affixed to any chattel, under this act, without the authority of the owner thereof, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $200, or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or both.

5. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as making valid any hiring, lease or agreement for the sale of goods and chattels which would not be held valid as against creditors, subsequent purchasers and mortgages in good faith for valuable consideration before the passing of this Act, or where the entire agreement between the parties thereto is not truly set forth in the instrument referred to in section 1 of this Act.

6. Where goods and chattels are hired, leased or bargained for sale as aforesaid and delivered, and default is made in the payments provided for in the agreement between the parties, it shall not be lawful for the hirer, lessor or bargainor, or his or their agents or servants, to take possession of said goods and chattels in cases where over fifty per cent. of the original purchase money, or contract price, has been paid, without having first given notice to the party who has hired, leased or bargained for such chattel, of his intention to do so; and in case the payment or payments in default are not paid within ten days after the service of such notice, then the hirer, lessor or bargainor may take possession of the said goods and chattels, and shall refund to the party who has hired, leased or bargained for such goods and chattels, the sum or sums of money paid on account thereof, by such party, after deducting therefrom a reasonable compensation for the use of such goods and chattels, for the depreciation in value through such use, and a reasonable amount for any damage that may have accrued to such goods and chattels, while in possession of the party who hired, leased or bargained for the same, and in case the parties cannot agree upon the amount of such reasonable compensation for use, depreciation or damage, the hirer, lessor or bargainor shall, as soon as he takes possession of such goods and chattels, advertise and sell the same, in the same manner and with the same notices as are required in cases of sales under execution issued out of the Division Court, and the residue (if any) realized from the sale of such goods and chattels, after paying the balance due to the hirer, lessor or bargainor, and interest thereon (at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum), and the expenses attending the advertising and sale, shall be paid over to the party who so hired, leased or bargained for such goods and chattels.

7. Sections 8 to 16, 16 to 24, and 27 to 29 inclusive of The Act respecting Mortgages and Sales of Personal Property are incorporated herewith so far as they are applicable to the instruments under this Act, and are not inconsistent herewith, except that the fees payable to the clerks with whom such instruments are filed, shall be one-half the amounts allowed them under the said Act for similar services.

An Apology.

To our customers who got crushed during the rush of business last week, and to those who had had to leave our stores without getting served we would say that we have put on an extra staff of counter hands and can assure them that a repetition of last week's crush will not occur again, and that they will be served with despatch. The finest groceries, the choicest wines the market can afford. F. P. Brazill & Co., 161 and 165 King-st. east. 246

—Do no violence to the liver and general system by repeated doses of mercury in the shape of calomel and blue pill. Many persons thus dose themselves even without the advice of a physician. The best substitute for such pernicious drugs, and the use of which is never followed by disastrous effects upon the general health, is Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, which permanently tones the stomach, regulates the bowels, purifies the blood, and gives a healthy glow to the cheek. x

N.W. EXPERIMENTAL FARM

TO BE LOCATED AT INDIAN HEAD, IN WEST ASSINIBOIA.

Argument on the Petition for Repeal of the Scott Act in Huron County—Hon. Mr. Foster Returns to the Capital—"O" Battery "Deserters."

OTTAWA, Feb. 13.—The Government to-day decided on locating the experimental farm for the Northwest at Indian Head in West Assiniboia. The locality is a central and convenient one, and the land is reported to be excellent.

Hon W. R. Scott to-day argued before Mr. A. Power, Acting Deputy Minister of Justice, the objections raised by the temperance people of the County of Huron to the petition presented for the repeal of the Canada Temperance Act in the county. Mr. Scott raised some technical objections, but confined himself mainly to attacking the genuineness of the signatures and questioning whether the signers were electors. After Mr. Scott had counsel for the petitioners, had replied, the Acting Deputy Minister took the matter into consideration, and will report to the Minister of Justice.

Hon. Mr. Foster, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, returned from Washington to-day. He, of course, declined to say anything about the progress of the negotiations except that he expected they would be concluded speedily and that Sir Chas. Tupper and Hon. Mr. Thompson would probably be home before the end of the week.

Col. Manaagh of the Imperial Brigade of Artillery, Tipperary, who is at the Russell, states that "O" Battery, stationed at Victoria, B.C., is one of the finest batteries he has ever seen. "The artillerymen," he added, "can compare favorably with those in the same branch of the Imperial service."

The Militia Department has not received any information with reference to the six desertions from "B" Battery, Kingston, which, it is stated in The Mail of Saturday, had taken place since Feb. 1. In the returns up to Jan. 31 there were three cases of "absent without leave," but these would not become deserters until the twenty-one days' grace allowed the offenders had expired.

Sir John and the other ministers who went to Quebec to attend the banquet to Sir A. P. Caron returned to the city to-day.

Mr. John Page, Chief Government engineer of Canada, will to-morrow give evidence in the claim of Mr. Goodwin for extras in connection with his contract on the Trent Valley Canal. On Thursday he will take up the case of Mann & Co.

The Collector of Customs at St. Stephens, N.B., has seized a span of horses and quantity of meal smuggled into Canada from the State of Maine by a St. Stephens merchant. A fine of $50 only was imposed, owing to the poverty of the smuggler. The facilities for smuggling at this work are so great that the department are obliged to administer the law with rigor to secure anything like a legitimate revenue.

Gibson on the Top.

—Gibson is on the top and intends staying there, the hard times can't kill him. The reputation that Gibson has succeeded in making as a reliable cutter and practical tailor has placed him on the top. Gibson is a tailor, not a machinist. Why place your order with blacksmiths for clothing when you can get tailored to make them. Gentlemen, buy your clothing off Gibson, Slater-street. 246

A RUNAWAY AT HAMILTON.

The Pumping Engine Test—Central School Enlargement—Burglars get $53.

HAMILTON, Feb. 13.—Mr. Thomas Easterbrook of East Flamboro was driving home with his daughter on Saturday when the horse ran away at the foot of Macnab-street. They were thrown out, Mr. Easterbrook receiving painful bruises and being rendered insensible. The cutter was smashed to pieces.

The six-day test of the pumping engine machinery at the Beach was completed yesterday. Our 4,000,000 gallons a day was pumped with ease.

The Building Committee of the Board of Education purposes putting another story on the Central School and building a large wing in rear of it. The extra accommodation is to make room for almost 1000 more scholars.

Burglars entered the house of Mr. John O. Taylor last night and secured $53 and some odd change.

The Johnston indecent exposure case was heard again in the Police Court this morning. Decision was reserved until to-morrow.

At the Police Court this afternoon the charge preferred by E. A. Colquhoun against Duncan Macnabb, for the destruction of eleven valuable sheep by the Spitz dog of defendant, came up for hearing. The case will occupy more than one day for trial.

THE PLUMED KNIGHT.

His Declination of the Presidential Nomination Is Not Due to Ill Health.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 13.—Chairman Jones of the Republican National Committee asserts that Mr. Blaine's declination is not due to ill health, as had been stated, but is entirely owing to the fact that Mr. Blaine is charmed with his literary work, and desires rest and quiet that he may pursue his latest vocation untroubled. Postmaster Raley of Augusta, Me., Blaine's home), a warm personal friend, says that Blaine's letter does not alter the situation. He believes that if the National Convention is of the opinion that Blaine can best unite the party, and that belief nominates him, the patriotism of the plumed knight will not permit him to decline to lead the Republicans in the forthcoming contest. Mr. Manley's views are endorsed by many leading Republicans.

Art Mantels.

At the showrooms of W. Millichamp, Sons & Co., 39 to 43 Adelaide-street east, can be seen the finest assortment of art mantels and over-mantles in Canada. They are of all description—mahogany, ebony, walnut, cherry and other woods. Parties building or re-decorating should see these mantels. They are low-priced, artistic, and of latest foreign designs. In fact they take the lead. 246

The Captain Mistook the Light.

BATHEAD, N.J., Feb. 13.—The bark Fairmount, from Antwerp for New York, stranded here yesterday. The life-saving crews rescued the seventeen men on board with great difficulty. The captain mistook the Barnegat light for Fire Island, which caused the disaster.

An Exile in Luck.

PROVIDENCE, R.I., Feb. 13.—Captain Frederick D'Osmond, an exiled Frenchman, for many years resident here and a well-known caterer, has become heir to an estate of $175,000, located in his own country. Osmond is a descendant of Count Henry D'Osmond.

—Thos. Sabin of Eglington says: "I have removed ten corns from my feet with Holloway's Corn Cure." Reader, go thou and do likewise. x

Notorious Robbers Break Jail.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 13.—Billy O'Connors, the notorious Minneapolis postoffice robber, Frank S. Clair and William Thomas, awaiting trial for highway robbery, escaped from the Ramsay County jail last evening.

An Absconder Turns Up in London.

BOSTON, Feb. 13.—John C. Crowley, a prominent lawyer of this city, who absconded, leaving from $75,000 to $100,000 worth of indebtedness, has turned up in London.

Funds Stolen and the Treasurer Killed.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 13.—The treasurer's office at Carthage, Panola County, Texas, was robbed of $6000 on Friday night and County Treasurer D. C. Hill killed.

Fire at St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 13.—The Ryan block, a five-story building, was gutted by fire this morning; loss heavy.

Oddfellows' Building Burned.

AUGUSTA, O., Feb 13.—The Oddfellows' building was burned last night. Loss $30,000.

—Armbrecht's Cocoa Wine, from the cocoa leaf, for sleeplessness and fatigue of mind and body. A powerful nerve stimulant. Strongly recommended by the English medical press and scores of the leading physicians in Europe. Price $1 per bottle. Marx & Co., 220 Queen-st-west. 246

Spring Styles.

The millinery wholesales are already making preparations for displaying spring goods, and one retail house at least will not be far behind. The millinery show rooms of the Waterloo House will be specially attractive the coming season. McKendry & Co. have built up a wonderful trade in millinery goods.

—First and foremost among external curatives of pains is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Not is it less esteemed as a remedy for coughs, pains, swellings, corns, bunions, etc. It is an economic as well as inexpensive article, since the results produced by it necessitate the use only of a small quantity. x

OUR MINERAL DISTRICTS.

Mr. Cattanach's Second Article—Railways and Roads Needed.

It is a matter of great public importance that something should be done for the development of our mineral lands. Apart from the mineral districts in our immediate neighborhood there is a vast tract of country extending from Sault Ste. Marie to the western boundary of the province which is comparatively useless unless it contains minerals in paying quantities. It is now forty years since the Montreal and Quebec companies began to explore, but that district is yet comparatively unopened. Until a year or two ago our governments had paid no attention to mineral development. Small appropriations had been made in two or three cases for roads and bridges, but professedly only for the opening up of agricultural lands, and as the district is a mineral one this policy was a mistaken one. If the district really is possessed of mineral wealth every effort should be made to develop it. Whether our mines are worked by Canadians or outsiders the province generally would derive much advantage from their successful development. With the exception of expensive machinery and coal all the supplies for the mining region are taken from Ontario; and at no distant day the coal may be supplied by the Northwest Territories. It was shown by Major Sibley in a letter to the Crown Lands Commissioner in 1872 that in the previous year $55,000 had been paid for supplies in Ontario and $30,000 had been paid in wages by the Silver Isles Company alone; and if mining were carried on over a large area an extensive market would undoubtedly be opened for the products of the farm and the factory in the older parts of the province; our railway and steamer traffic would be greatly expanded, and every portion of the community would profit by the opening up of new industries.

The Provincial Treasury would also immediately benefit by increased sales of mineral lands. Within a short time after the development of Silver Isles the Crown Lands Department realized a very large sum of money from land sales; and whenever a rich discovery is made sales are always stimulated. The price of mineral lands is $2 an acre; and as cash is always paid the expense of collection is nothing. Besides getting the price of the land the Government levies a tax of a cent an acre on all patented lands which are not in municipalities, and this derives an additional income from the district. It is obviously, therefore, of great importance to the province that the resources of this district should be developed. If it belonged to an individual possessed of adequate means he would certainly spend money in opening it up; and if it would be to the interest of an individual to do so, how much more so would it be to the interest of the Government which would derive not only direct but indirect advantages from successful development. The value of the district can only be tested by taking some risk, and enough is already known to justify expenditure. It is scarcely possible that a country which has produced a Silver Islet and a Beaver mine, and which shows such a widespread range of rich auriferous minerals, should not be worth exploring. It was shown to the Legislature two years ago that Silver Islet had produced over three millions, and it is reported on what appears to be good authority that $600,000 has been paid recently for a half interest in the Beaver mine. If the Legislature thinks it profitable to spend hundreds of thousands on colonization roads and other improvements in free grant districts, from which it receives no direct returns, surely it would be wise to spend some money in opening up a territory that would certainly bring some return and open up a new sphere of activity and national wealth.

The Government has within the past two years made small appropriations for roads which have borne good fruits, particularly in the region of the Beaver, Rabbit Mountain and Silver Mountain mines, which are served by a Government road of a few miles in length from Murillo Station on the Canadian Pacific Railway. But the great desideratum is to open up the country with the iron horse. If the region to the west of Port Arthur, which the Murillo road serves to a very limited extent, were traversed by one or two railways more would be done in five years than could be done in twenty-five by ordinary roads. Even with ordinary roads transportation to the mines is most costly, and there is no doubt that a colonization railway would do immense good.

The Huronian mine has been abandoned for the present, owing to the difficulties of transportation. It was impossible to work a low grade ore at a profit when transportation cost $70 a ton instead of $4. In rough mining countries transportation is the greatest difficulty. Of course every mine cannot have a switch to it; but the construction of a railway would soon attract travelling roads which municipalities or individuals would build. The Dominion Government has granted aid to the extent of $3200 to a railway which is in course of construction through what is at present the best mining region, from Port Arthur to connect with an Ontario road at the boundary. Considerable progress has been made towards the completion of arrangements for its construction; but it is extremely difficult to raise any money on bonds on which alone, unless sufficient aid is given, such roads can be built. Portions of the Ontario roads, and the province is more certain of being benefited by their construction than the promoters. In 1877 the Ontario Government, in the Railway Land Subsidy Act of that year, recognized the principle of granting such railways as colonization roads, and provided for their being built from land appropriations in the districts traversed whenever the Legislature thought proper to subsidize them. The land was not to be given to the companies but was to be located and sold by the Government itself which out of the proceeds, after deducting all expenses, was to pay over to the companies whatever sum per mile the Legislature authorized in each particular case. In this way the Government retained its control over the lands and would not be obliged to pay over any money unless it was forthcoming from land sales.

If the Legislature is not prepared to make a money grant it can safely adopt this course without involving the province in any expense; and such a system of aid would be of great service to colonization railways.

If ever there was a case in which aid should be given it is in the case of colonization railways, and in this highly interesting district.

A.J.C.

Mining Progress.

A syndicate has been formed of Port Arthur and Toronto capitalists to erect a machine in this city for treating refractory gold and silver ores, and if it is a success, to go into the business extensively at Port Arthur. The method is known as the Dobson cyanide electro-mercurial amalgamation process. The machine will be ready in three weeks. Several tons of Lake Superior ore will be sent down here at once for treatment, also several barrels of black sand from the St. Lawrence which contain gold.

—Fever and ague and bilious derangements are positively cured by the use of Parmalee's Pills. They not only cleanse the stomach and bowels from all bilious matter, but they open the secretory vessels, causing them to pour copious effusions from the blood into the bowels, after which the contents may be thrown out by the natural passage of the body. They are used as a general family medicine with the best results. x

Stained Glass and Canadian Art.

A most enjoyable and instructive meeting of the Toronto Art League was held in a room in the Imperial Bank Chambers last night. Mr. W. D. Blatchly presided and there was a large attendance of ladies and gentlemen. Chairman Blatchly spoke of the work of the league and of how it was progressing. The principal feature was the reading by Mr. S. Jones of a paper on "Stained Glass and Canadian Art." The essay bore chiefly upon the growth of stained glass work in England, Canada and the United States, ranking in order named. Canadian art was also aptly treated of. Several samples of work of the members in various branches were exhibited and closely criticized.

—It may be only a trifling cold, but neglect it and it will fasten its fangs in your lungs, and you will soon be carried to an untimely grave. In this country we have sudden changes and must expect to have coughs and colds. We cannot avoid them, but we can effect a cure by using Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the medicine that has never been known to fail in curing coughs, colds, bronchitis and all affections of the throat, lungs and chest. x

Jack Frost at Wiarton.

Editor World: I think we here were blessed with a little more frost on the 8th inst. than Toronto. At 8.30 p.m. the thermometer was 15° below zero. Yesterday morning from 6 to 7 a.m. 23° below.

J. S.

Wiarton, Feb. 10.

Eli Perkins.

In his lecture last night on the philosophy of wit and humor he evinced both wit and humor and displayed besides a fine knowledge of literature and rhetoric, while through all ran a bubbling brilliancy, an original sparkle, a real creation, a joyous spontaneous humor, irresistibly fascinating and superlatively mirthful.—St. Bernardine Courier.

HALIFAX BRANCH OF THE I.N.L.

A Letter From Secretary Ruttan Which Causes Much Comment.

HALIFAX, N.S., Feb. 13.—The Halifax branch of the Irish National League has received a letter from John P. Ruttan, Secretary of the Irish National League of America, in which he says: "When I appeared before the people of Halifax, some two years ago, I recognized one great and regrettable fact, and that was the indisposition of the majority of what may be called the wealthier class of Irishmen to identify themselves with the Irish national movement. The Irish cause was not fashionable. Its advocacy was tabooed because it would offend the delicate sensibilities of the British Garrison." The letter closes with an appeal to every Irishman to aid the movement. It has caused much comment here.

—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has no equal for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing. x

"St. Charles."

A suite of elegant luncheon and dining rooms for the accommodation of ladies and gentlemen have just been opened and furnished regardless of expense at the above named restaurant, 79 Yonge-street, first door south of the Dominion Bank. The celebrated lunch counter for the convenience of business men and others will be continued as usual. Fred Mossop, Proprietor. 246

HARD TIMES MADE EASY BY WALKER.

Sensations seem to be common of late
And we wonder what's coming up next,
Many citizens lately are crossing the lines
For their health or some other pretext;
So many failures have caused quite a scare,
All business in general is slow,
Unless things wake up very shortly, no doubt,
There'll be plenty of others will go.

Now is the time when cash is so scarce
That we find it a blessing indeed
We've WALKER to go to, and without the cash
Can get right away what we need;
Altho' times are hard they will soon take a turn
And home comforts you'll find help you through,
If you'll go to WALKER and pay a small sum
This is just what he will do.

He'll furnish your home with everything new
From a stock that is most complete,
You'll find that his prices are down so low
That no other firm can compete;
The cash down dealer you'll go to no more
For your wants in the furnishing line,
Good clothing as well he has just as cheap
And to pay you can take your own time.

Despite the hard times WALKER still continues to sell on your own terms. Everything necessary to make your house comfortable, Handsome parlor suites, bedroom sets, stoves, carpets, linoleums, curtains, rugs, easy chairs, rattan rockers, extension tables, English china dinner and tea sets, elegant pictures, mirrors, lamps, clocks, table and piano covers, suits, overcoats for men and boys, nanties, dress goods, jackets, shawls, ladies' work baskets, gents' dressing cases, all on easy terms at

Walker's Weekly Payment Stores,
107½ and 109 Queen-st. west.

We Have at Our Retail Store
A full assortment of all the
TRUNKS, VALISES
TRAVELING BAGS, Etc.,
That we manufacture. Also a large stock of imported goods, consisting of
Toilet Bags & Dressing Cases
Purses, Satchels and Opera Bags, Baskets, etc.
H. E. CLARKE & CO.,
105 KING-ST. WEST. 246

DEATHS.

McCALLUM—At 151 Jarvis-street, on Monday, Feb. 13, John H. McCollum, M.D., aged 47 years.

Funeral takes place at 2.30 p.m. of Wednesday, Feb. 15.

JACKES—Died at Winnipeg on Feb. 8 (of bronchitis), Albert G. Jackes, M.D., son of the late Franklin Jackes, of Castlefield, Eglinton. Funeral from the residence of his brother, Baldwin Jackes, 229 Sherbourne-street, Toronto, on Tuesday, Feb. 14, at 3 p.m., to St. James' Cemetery.

PIANOS.
Superior to All Others.
STEINWAY, CHICKERING, HAINES.
Large assortment of Reliable Second-Hand Pianos
Liberal Terms. Inspection Solicited.
A. & S. NORDHEIMER,
15 King-street East. 246

"Mr. Potter of Texas"
BY THE AUTHOR OF
"Mr. Barnes of New York,"
JUST OUT. PRICE 50c. FOR SALE AT
P. C. ALLAN'S,
35 KING-STREET WEST.
Send for Catalogue of 2000 Cheap Books.

Lawson's Concentrated
FLUID BEEF
Makes most delicious BEEF TEA.
It is a great strength giver, as it contains all the nutritious and life-giving properties of meat in a concentrated form.
Recommended by the leading physicians.
SOLE CONSIGNEES:
LOWDEN, PATON & CO.
55 FRONT-ST. W., TORONTO.

DR. HODDER'S BURDOCK AND SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND
CURES
Liver complaint, Sick Headache, Dyspepsia, Impure Blood, Rheumatism, Kidney Troubles, Female Weakness and General Debility.
Ask for
Dr. HODDER'S COMPOUND.
Sold everywhere. Price 75c.
The Union Medicine Co., Proprietors, Toronto, Canada. 624

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

A CHOICE LIST of Fruit, Grain, Stock and dairy farms, wild lands, suburban residences, mills and other properties with thirty provincial and county maps, comprised in "Canadian Land Advertiser," sent free on receipt of 3c stamp for postage. W. J. FENTON & Co., 50 Adelaide-street east, Toronto.

SPLENDID BUILDING LOTS—East side Borden-street, between College and Ulster streets, for sale on easy terms. C. R. S. DINNICK, 242 St. George-street.

BRICK VENEERED houses on Augusta and Denison-avenue near Bathurst-square for sale cheap. C. R. S. DINNICK, 242 St. George-st.

ONE OF THOSE beautifully finished brick houses, modern improvements, west side of Brunswick-avenue, for sale. C. R. S. DINNICK, 242 St. George-st. 624

"LAKE'S LAND LIST" contains descriptions and prices of stock, grain, dairy and fruit farms in the Province of Ontario; for sale and exchange. Lists free on application. A large amount of city property for sale; see other lists. Money advanced on Real Estate at lowest rates. E. LAKE & Co., Estate and Financial Agents, 16 King-street east.

THE TORONTO Land and Investment Corporation, 34 Toronto-street, have choice lots of land in all parts of the city for sale.

ROSEDALE—Lots 50x150, beautifully situated, choice locations, thoroughly drained, on Bloor-avenue, Hawthorne-avenue, Manton-crescent and Castle Frank-avenue.

ARTHUR-STREET—North and South sides, splendid locality, rapidly increasing in value.

COLLEGE-STREET—North side—Block of buildings near Spadina-avenue, 158 feet frontage, also lots on south west side of Clinton-street.

WELLINGTON STREET WEST—138x200, through to Piper-street, fine location for warehouse or manufactory.

BLOOR-STREET—Several very choice properties, easy of access, and ranging from $10 to $25 per foot.

GRACE-STREET — Between Arthur and College streets, lots 50 feet frontage.

BEATRICE-STREET—From Arthur to College street, lots 50 feet frontage.

SULLY-STREET—East Side—Lots 50 feet frontage.

THE TORONTO Land and Investment Corporation, 34 Toronto-street. THOMAS McCRAKEN, Manager. 624

REAL ESTATE.

CHOICE BUILDING LOT on Manning-ave., close to College-st., $26 per foot, 50x120, building restrictions to put up pair of solid brick houses this year. MACDONALD & Co., 3 Temperance-st.

THORNE & CO., 3 Court-street, offer Queen Anne style, brick house on Avenue-road, very complete.

FINANCIAL.

A LARGE AMOUNT of private funds to loan on real estate, city or farm property. FRANK CAYLEY, real estate and financial agent, 65 King-street east, cor. Leader-lane.

INVESTMENTS in land (ground rents) wanted to pay 5 per cent. W. HOPE, 15 Adelaide-street east. Telephone 1215.

PAYNTER & CO., No. 14 Victoria-street. Money loaned on first-class real and personal security; real estate bought, sold and exchanged.

LARGE amount of money to loan in sums to suit at lowest rates of interest; notes discounted. WM. A. LEE & SON, Agents Western Fire and Marine Assurance Company, 10 Adelaide-street east.

MONEY to loan—On city and farm property, at lowest rates, no commission or delay; mortgages and securities purchased. O. GREENWOOD, 24 Adelaide-street east.

MONEY to loan at lowest rates. H. T. BECK, Barrister, etc., 65 King-street east, corner Leader-lane.

MONEY TO LOAN—On improved city property in sums to suit borrowers. Apply to Real Estate Loan Company of Canada (limited), 1 Quebec Bank Chambers, 2 Toronto-street.

MONEY—5 and 6—Large or small amounts. Loans of all descriptions made and negotiated; mortgages purchased. Commercial paper discounted. EDWARD J. BARTON, 10½ Adelaide-st. east.

MONEY TO LOAN on mortgages, endowments, life policies and other securities. JAMES C. MCGEE, Financial Agent and Policy Broker, 5 Toronto-street.

PRIVATE FUNDS to loan on real estate. A. G. STRATHY, real estate and investment broker, 15 Victoria-street.

R. H. G. BROWNE & CO., Real Estate, Insurance, Financial and General Agents; rents and accounts collected; money to loan at lowest rates; properties bought, sold or exchanged. Room 3, Elgin Block, 81 Adelaide-street east, Toronto, Ont., Telephone No. 1416.

6 AND 6½—MONEY TO LEND—Large or small amounts; no commission; mortgages purchased. R. H. TEMPLE, 23 Toronto-street.

$500,000 TO LOAN on mortgage large or small sums; inter est low; terms easy; no valuation fee charged. HOME SAVINGS AND LOAN COMPANY, 78 Church-street, Toronto.

PERSONAL.

IF MRS. J. F. GRAY, whose husband formerly kept a restaurant in King-street west, will send her address to The World office, she will hear of something to her advantage.

DR. KRAUSS has removed to 29 Elm-street.

TO MARKET GARDENERS—I offer on lease my farm on the flats of the Black Creek, just north of West Toronto Junction, comprising the west half of lot 36, and part of the west half of lot 37, in third concession from Bay, Township of York, one hundred and thirty acres. This is without exception the richest gardening land about Toronto. I should prefer renting all to one tenant who has necessary capital to work so large a place. Half of tenant rent it in one field, will and will do it to suit tenants. THOMAS HENRY INCE, 17 Adelaide-street east. 246

PERSONAL—If you want bargains in furniture! Does your furniture need renovating or repairing? Call or send postal card to WILLIS & RICHARDSON, 169 Queen west. ed

WHAT DOES IT MEAN? L.L.E.R.V.I.H.—C.

PROF. DAVIDSON, late of N.Y., Chiropodist and Manicure; corns, bunions and ingrowing nails treated without pain. 71 Yonge-street, corner King. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.; patients received at residence, 170 Wilton-avenue, from 7 to 9 p.m.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday, between the Metropolitan Church, Mason & Risch's and St. Charles Restaurant, diamond, from ring. Finder will be rewarded on returning same to F. H. TORRINGTON, 12 Pembroke-street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—First-class female meat cook. ORIENTAL HOTEL, Peterboro.

ART.

MR. FORSTER, Artist, Pupil of M. Bouguereau, President of Art Association of France. Studio, 81 King-street East, portrait painting.

VETERINARY ART.

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE, Horse Infirmary, Temperance-street.