

The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, 1912

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Reasons Why The C. B. C. Is The Best

The Charlottetown Business College's claims of superiority are not based on hot air, bombast or broadside bragging.

The equipment of this college is complete in every respect. There are enough typewriters, forms, etc., for every student, and therefore none are kept back and none especially favored. The teachers are the best that can be secured and the location ideal—right in the heart of the business district—the courses plain, practical and full of "usable" knowledge. Students who graduate from this institution are QUALIFIED to cope with any problem that is placed before them in actual practice. This institution is the only one in the Province to turn out successful verbatim reporters.

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For the man who must work out doors in winter, there is nothing more essential for good health and comfort than good heavy Woolen Underwear. "Stanfield's" Underwear is made from all pure wool; it is well made, every stitch is put in just right. It is made to fit perfectly, which insures extra comfort. "Stanfield's" is the cheapest Underwear to buy. When you buy "Stanfield's" you get one hundred cents worth of value for every dollar you spend. We sell Stanfield's in all the different weights. Stanfield's "Green Label," a heavy ribbed Underwear, all pure wool, double breasted, well made; absolutely unshrinkable.....\$2.00 a suit. Stanfield's "Red Label," a heavier and finer grade, soft and warm, unshrinkable. All sizes.....\$2.50 a suit. Stanfield's "Blue Label," a very heavy line. Will keep you warm in any climate, no matter how cold. Won't shrink. All sizes.....\$2.80 a suit. Come in and have your Underwear needs supplied.

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THE UNDERSIGNED DEALERS IN Hard and Soft Coal HAVE ALWAYS ON HAND

At their Old Stand, Peake's No. 2 Wharf

A large supply of Coal suitable for all purposes. Orders verbal, by mail or by telephone promptly attended to. Our telephone No. is 812, and we should be pleased to have your orders.

Peake Bros. & Co.

Ch'town, July, 1911—3m



TRY OUR

Home-Made Preserves!

Made from home grown fruit. We have a large stock on hand. Sold in Bottles, Pails, and by the lb.

CRANBERRIES

We have on hand a quantity of good Island Cranberries at 8 cents per quart.

A FULL LINE OF CHRISTMAS SUPPLIES

On hand, including Raisins, Currants, Extracts, Spices, Peels, Nuts, Confectionery, etc.

Give us a call.

EUREKA TEA.

If you have never tried our Eureka Tea it will pay you to do so. It is blended especially for our trade, and our sales on it show a continued increase. Price 25 cents per lb.

R. F. Maddigan & Co.



Price \$2.50

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Are the Farmer's friends. Made from Solid Leather throughout, counters, insoles and heels. They stand up and stand the strain of hard wear through all kinds of mud, slush and wet.

Men's Amherst Boots, \$1.60 to \$2.75
Women's " " 1.25 to 1.75
Boys' " " 2.00 to 1.50
Girls' " " 1.10 to 1.35
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Alley & Co.

Montague Dental Parlors

We guarantee all our plate to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

Teeth pulled and extracted absolutely painless.

A. J. FRASER, D. D.

Aug. 15 1906—3m

COAL!

All kinds for your winter supply. See us before you place your order.

HARD COAL—Different Sizes
Soft Coal—All Kinds

G. Lyons & Co.

Charlottetown, P. E. I.
Nov. 30 1910.

JAMES H. REDDIN

Barriester, etc., Has Removed his Office from the City Hotel Building, Great George Street, to rooms over Grant's Implement Warehouse, Corner of Queen and Sydney Streets. Collections attended; Money to loan. Ch'town, Feb. 22, 1911—6m

JOB WORK!

Executed with Neatness and Despatch at the HERALD Office

Charlottetown P. E. Island

- Tickets
- Dodgers
- Posters
- Check Books
- Note Books of Hand
- Receipt Books
- Letter Heads
- Note Heads

ROME LETTER

(From our own Correspondent.)

Rome, March 17th, 1912.

Perhaps it is true to say that few weeks of a more stirring character have passed in Rome for some years. By the attempt upon the life of Victor Emmanuel the whole city was thrown into a state of commotion for a whole day. From a little after 8 a. m., when D'Alba, the stone-mason of twenty-one, fired at the King, until midnight, intense excitement reigned throughout the city. The business houses closed at noon; the tramway service ceased; the school children were disbanded; thousands crowded to the Quirinal to cheer the King and Queen, who had together shared in the danger of death; and indignation was written on every face against the young Roman anarchist.

As those who have visited Rome are aware, the Corso is the principal street in Rome; however as the King and Queen left the Quirinal for the Pantheon for the soul of King Humbert at an hour before the work of the day began, the would-be assassin had free play. But with all this it is curious that the thoroughfare of the royal route should have been left unguarded when we consider that plots against King Victor were in the air, and information had been conveyed to the Italian police of the monarch's danger.

None felt more satisfaction than His Holiness at the failure of the attempt upon the King. "Let us thank God for it," murmured Pius the Tenth on being informed that no harm had befallen either of the sovereigns; and on several occasions during the day he asked for the latest information on the affair.

Curiously enough Freemasonry of late years allows no occasion of public importance to pass by without elbowing in its unsightly form in some way or other. And on Friday, while the Prime Minister Giolitti, during his address to the Chamber of Deputies, said they had to thank Providence for the King's escape, that morning Masonry passed an order of the day protesting against the attack, and expressing its pleasure that the LATER had preserved his life!

In almost every part of the Eternal City sprigs of shamrock might be seen on the Feast of the Apostle of Ireland; for of late years S. Patrick's Day has come to be regarded as quite a feature in Roman life. The Irish colony has grown in numbers and influence, though its members did not suffice to fill the new Church of S. Patrick. At the Basilica of S. Agatha of the Gotha, which belongs to the Irish College, and the Irish Franciscan Church of S. Isadore, where High Mass was celebrated in each at 10 a. m., there was a concourse of Catholic visitors from London, various cities of Canada and the United States who did not forget their ancestors had come from the land of S. Patrick. That sturdy patriot Bishop, Dr. O'Donnell of Raphoe, made S. Patrick's ring with burning eloquence as he told the story of the National Apostle. In S. Isadore's, one of the leading preachers of the Dominican Order, Mr. Keane, O. P., Tallaght, Dublin, an old friend of Father Tom Burke's, occupied the pulpit. Nor were members of the Sacred College absent. Cardinal Biletti, Cardinal Martinelli and Cardinal Falconio presided in S. Agatha's, S. Patrick's and S. Isadore's respectively at one or other of the different functions held in honor of the Saint. The following list comprises the more important of the guests who were present at S. Patrick's Day banquet at the Irish College:—Their Excellencies Cardinal Mercier, Archbishop of Malines and Primate of Belgium, Cardinal Vannutelli, Cardinal Biletti, the Most Rev. Archbishop Sbarretti, the Secretary of the Congregation of Religious; Archbishop Robert Seton (late of Newark, U. S. A.); Right Rev. Dr. O'Donnell, Bishop of Raphoe; Right Rev. Bishop Glicia, Bishop of the English College; Right Rev. Bishop Kennedy, Bishop of the American College; Mgr. Fraser, Rector of the Scotch College; Right Rev. Mgr. Riggi, Pontifical Master of Ceremonies; Mgr. Verde, Defender of the Faith; Mgr. Luzzo, Professor, Apollinare College; Very Rev. David Fleming, O. F. M., Coadjutor of the Holy Office; Very Rev. Dr. Bessar, O. P.; Very Rev. J. Dolan, P. S. M.; Very Rev. J. Crotty, O. P.; Very Rev. J. Coughlan, O. C.; Very Rev. J. McGonnis, O. O.; Very Rev. P. Perriani, Rector of Canadian College; Rev. Professor Lepicier, O. S. M.; Right Rev. Mgr. Borgognini; Mgr. Rella, Vice-Director of Sistine Choir; Mgr. Tizi, Rev. Canon Sinibaldi, Roman Vicariate; His Honor Judge Heydon, Colonel Vaughan, Commentatore Leonori, Chevalier Cortesi, Associated Press; Chevalier P. L. Connelan, Captain Barile Teeling, Mr.

J. P. Lyons, Cork; Mr. J. Cronin, Cork, etc., etc.

To one who likes the glorious beauty of Italy, the cool bracing air of March, and at the same time, takes an interest in the objects and places of interest so closely connected with the struggles of the primitive Christians, the precincts of Rome are now especially attractive both to visitors and residents in the 'City of the Popes and Martyrs.' Among these the ground covered by the Appian Way as far beyond the walls as the Catacombs of Pope S. Callistus, is richer in sacred memories than any other part, and therefore a quick walk on the 'Queen of Roads' will be fraught with profit and pleasure. How much history, pagan and Christian, is associated with this truly royal way! Every stone has drunk blood; every yard of it has its own dark or bright story. But there is one spot on the Appian Way, two miles from the city walls, which one always loves to visit, for there stands a little chapel where Christ is said to have appeared to S. Peter. The story is graphically told by Mrs. Jameson: 'After the burning of Rome, Nero threw upon the Christians the accusation of having fired the city. This was the origin of the first persecution, in which many perished by terrible and hitherto unheard of deaths. The Christian converts brought Peter not to expose his life. As he fled along the Appian Way about two miles from the gates, he was met by a vision of our Saviour travelling towards the city. Struck with amazement, he exclaimed, 'Lord, whither goest thou?' To which, the Saviour, looking upon him with mild sadness, replied, 'I go to Rome to be sacrificed a second time, and vanished. Peter, taking this as a sign that he was to submit himself to the sufferings prepared for him, immediately turned back to the city. (This story is told by S. Ambrose). Michelangelo's famous statue, now in the Church of S. Maria Sopra Minerva, is supposed to represent Christ as He appeared to S. Peter on this occasion. A cast or copy of it is in the little church of 'Domine Quo Vadis.'

Ever since the late Consistory, special attention has been paid by the secular press of the United States to things Catholic. So solicitous has it been for the future of the Church that it has been kind enough to choose as next Pope one of the three American Cardinals, and over the odds it has shaken its solemn head. This has provoked laughter. But the secular journals have gone on a different track, by proclaiming the Church as dying slowly in Europe, and must depend on America for the future. 'Where ignorance is bliss, 'tis folly to be wise.' If this belief suits sectarians, why, of course, let them nurse it. However, it is just as well that I should take as an example one country to show that not only is Catholicity holding its ground, but it is growing numerically stronger. Take the German Empire, which Luther snatched from the Unity of the Church. What magnificent progress is being made there! Today Germany counts no less than forty-one busy Bishops, 53,515 priests, and 23,038,176 fervent and militant Catholics when necessity arises. How many of either had you there a century ago? Take Holland, England, Scotland, Denmark, Switzerland—all Protestant countries—and you find a similar increase in favor of the old Faith.

Though both Cardinal Rampolla and Cardinal Vincent Vannutelli had expressed a desire that the twenty-fifth anniversary of the Church might pass away unobtrusively, the date has become one of surprise for both, especially for him whom so many expected to occupy today the Chair of S. Peter. From various countries messages of congratulation reached the two princes on the 14th inst., for it was at the Consistory of March 14th, 1887, that Leo XIII created them Cardinals. The Chapter of S. Peter's embraced the occasion of honoring its Archpriest by conferring medals in gold, silver and bronze in memory of Cardinal Rampolla's Cardinalatial Jubilee. These it has distributed to the Holy Father and the College of Cardinals. Seeing that the Sicilian Cardinal has already donated 100,000 lire towards the renovation of the marble pavement of S. Peter's, and that he has decided to bear the expense of covering the great pillars of the Basilica with the same kind of stone, an appropriate gift of a mosaic representing the interior of the 'Cathedral of Christendom' has been offered to him by the Chapter. Though Cardinal Rampolla is only 68, he continues to live in great retirement since the death of Leo XIII, by reason of his health. The long tireless years spent by him as Secretary of State has told upon his constitution so that, though he still

labors in the Roman Congregation, he is far from being the powerful individual one might have seen striding before his carriage and pair on the roads outside Rome a dozen years ago. Though his more travelled brother Prince will be seventy-six next December, he looks almost as young as Cardinal Rampolla. Years deal lightly with the tall willowy form of the giant born at Genazzano on the Sabine range; for Cardinal Vincent Vannutelli is as straight and strong as he was a score of years ago.

Articles From the Catholic Encyclopedia.

"SALVE REGINA."

The development of Christian devotion in postional forms peculiarly its own occupied fifteen centuries of European history. All or nearly all of this magnificent heritage of hymns and spiritual canticles Protestantism would have swept up and consigned to the rubbish heap, for the preposterous 'reformers' of the sixteenth century, it was the accumulated dust of the Middle Ages and beyond that, either worthless or worse. The Slave Regina stirred Martin Luther to the use of 'Some very sharp language'—whatever that may have sounded like. Of course 'Lauda Sion' and 'Pange Lingua' like 'Verbum Supernum' had to be black-listed: they were flagrant expressions of what one of the most notorious of the 'Thirteen Articles' calls 'blasphemous table and dangerous deceit.' It is to be feared that the brutality of the Protestant Reformers has had its effect also, indirectly, upon Catholic habits of thought. Catholics of these days are probably not as familiar with the old Latin hymns as Catholics of the thirteenth century, when it seemed quite natural that little St. Hugh of Lincoln should sing 'Alma Redemptoris Mater' to himself as he walked home from school every afternoon. This is one of the beauties which we may suspect to derive from The Catholic Encyclopedia—beauties of which very few outside the small circle of the editors and their advisers every thought as the oldest it has remained Catholic, and now Catholic too of the Church's half-forgotten wealth of liturgical resources. And perhaps the most obviously beautiful portions of our Latin Liturgy are these hymns.

The thirteenth volume of The Encyclopedia, like the twelfth, happens to be particularly rich in its hymnology articles, owing to its alphabetical position—R-V, to S. It contains a very interesting and certainly very interesting group of articles, by Prof. Henry, of Orator Seminary, on hymns beginning with 'Salve' and other words of frequent recurrence. Prof. Henry displays an intimate knowledge of the history as well as the structure of these venerable and beautiful compositions, and it is incidentally, matter of congratulation that one of our leading institutions of Catholic learning should feel the influence of so accomplished an ecclesiologist.

CARDINAL RICHELIEU.

An illuminating article on the great prelate and statesman Cardinal Richelieu, appears in the thirteenth volume of The Catholic Encyclopedia and is written by the French historian and critic Georges Goyau. Consecrated a Bishop just after attaining the age of menhood, Richelieu enjoyed one of the most remarkable and picturesque careers in history, becoming indeed the power behind the throne and dominating France. According to M. Goyau, Richelieu's political policy can be reduced to two principal ideas: the domestic unification of France, and opposition to the House of Austria. At home he had to contend with constant conspiracies. That Richelieu was possessed of religious sentiments, M. Goyau asserts, cannot be overestimated. It was he who in February, 1638, prompted the declaration by which Louis XIII consecrated the Kingdom of France to the Virgin Mary; in the ministry he surrounded himself with priests and religious. He had a high idea of the sacerdotal dignity, was continually protesting against the encroachments of the parlements on the jurisdiction of the Church, and advised the king to choose as bishops only those who shall have passed after their studies a considerable time in the seminaries, the places established for the study of the ecclesiastical functions. Besides the extraordinary amount of work that he performed for Church and State, Richelieu found time to interest himself in literature, of which he was a patron, and to think to the honor of founding the French Academy.

Minard's Liniment cures Neuralgia.

Burdock Blood Bitters CURES ALL SKIN DISEASES

Any one troubled with any itching, burning, irritating skin disease can place full reliance on Burdock Blood Bitters to effect a cure, no matter what other remedies have failed.

It always builds up the health and strength on the foundation of pure, rich blood, and in consequence the cure it makes are of a permanent and lasting nature.

Mrs. Richard Costine, White Head, Que., writes:—"I have been bothered with salt rheum on my hands for two years, and it itched so I did not know what to do. I tried three doctors and was sent to Montreal to the hospital without getting any relief. I was advised to try Burdock Blood Bitters, so I got three bottles, and before I had the second one I found a big change; now today I am cured."

Burdock Blood Bitters is manufactured only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

She—I do wish you would give up smoking, Jobe.
He—I will do nothing of the kind I intend to smoke as long as I live.
She—And after that you will begin to bliss.

W. H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont. writes:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c.

Collector—Mr. Trager, will you subscribe toward the decoration of the soldiers' graves?
Mr. Trager—No sir? The men whose graves I want to decorate ain't dead yet.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders give women prompt relief from monthly pains and leave no bad after-effects whatever. Be sure you get Milburn's. Price 25 and 50 cts.

Beware Of Worms.

Don't let worms gnaw at the heels of your children. Give them Dr. Low's Pleasant Worm Syrup and they'll soon be rid of these parasites. Price 25c.

The Teacher—But all these do not bear fruit. In what way are the others useful?
Pupil—Theirs good to climb.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

Born—I am going home now doctor and I'm tired and worn out. What ought I to take?
Dr. Woodberry Mason—Take a car.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

The Lady—I thought you said you were looking for work.
The Hobo—Well, I am, mum, but I don't want to get it right now. I'm after class today.

There is nothing harsh about Laxa Liver Pills. They cure Constipation, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, and Bilious Spells without griping, purging or sickness. Price 25c.

Driver—Waiter, this chop is very small.
Waiter (a raw hand)—Yes sir; but you'll find it will take a good while to eat it.

Minard's Liniment cures Dandruff.

Hubbard (chivering)—It's bitterly cold. Why don't you button up your jacket?
Wife—The ideal Why, if I did that, no one would know it is lined with fur.

IF THE LIVER IS LAZY

STRIP IT UP BY THE USE OF MILBURN'S LAXA-LIVER PILLS.

They stimulate the sluggish liver, clean the coated tongue, strengthen the breath, clean away all waste and poisonous matter from the system, and prevent as well as cure all sickness arising from a disordered condition of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Mrs. Matthew Sullivan, Pine Ridge, N.B., writes:—"I had been troubled with liver complaint for a long time. I tried most everything I could think of, but none of them seemed to do me any good, but when I at last tried Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills I soon began to get well again, thanks to The T. Milburn Co. I would not be without them if they cost twice as much."

Milburn's Laxa-Liver Pills are 25 cents per vial, or 5 vials for \$1.00, for sale by all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.