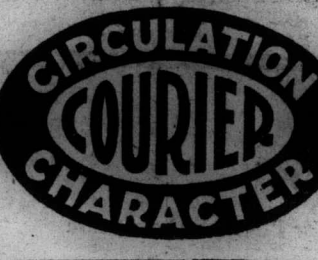


COURIER "Classified" Advertising Pays

RATES: Want, For Sale, No Let, Lost and Found, Business Changes, etc., 10 words or less; 1 insertion, 15c; 2 insertions, 25c; 3 insertions, 35c; Over 10 words, 1 cent per word; 13 cent per word each subsequent insertion.



Buy, Sell, Rent, Lease, Hire or secure a situation. Use Courier Classified Columns. Don't close that empty room. Rent it through a Courier Classified ad. It's easy.

Male Help Wanted

WANTED—Laborers. Apply to foreman on the job. Bell Telephone Co. Lorne Bridge. M7
WANTED—A few carpenters. Apply Gibson Coal Co., 154 Clarence St. M3
WANTED—Immediately, first-class Tool Makers. Good wages. Waterloo Engine Works Co., Brantford. M5

Female Help Wanted

WANTED—Spinner for night work. Apply Shigby Manf. Co. M7
WANTED—Women to grade and sort rags and waste. Apply Shigby Mfg. Co. F17
WANTED—Young girl to assist with housework. Apply 249 Brant Ave. F17
WANTED—Ladies for a pleasant profitable occupation for a well established firm. Box 348 F21

Articles For Sale

FOR SALE—1-3-4 storey brick house all conveniences, garage deep lot. Immediate possession. Phone 2004. A7
FOR SALE—Hound pup, cheap, enquire. 235 West Mill. A11
FOR SALE—Fox hound. Apply 132 Pearl Street. A19

Lost

LOST—Oct. 28, wrist watch, reward at 114 Sheridan street. L15
LOST—Sum of money Oct. 31 between Ogilvie's and Heyd's. Reward at Courier. L9
TO RENT—2 unfurnished rooms. Apply 41 Duke Street. A16

For Rent

TO LET—Three furnished rooms for housekeeping Eagle Place, Box 339 Courier. T7
TO LET—Furnished room, all conveniences. Apply 194 Nelson Street. L7
TO RENT—Offices suitable for dentist or doctor; also rooms. Wilkes & Henderson. T23

Legal

BREWSTER & HEYD—Barristers, etc., Solicitors for the Royal Loan and Savings Co., the Bank of Hamilton, etc. Money to loan at lowest rates. W. S. Brewster, K. C., Geo. D. Heyd.
FERNST R. READ—Barrister, Solicitor, Notary public, etc. Money to loan on improved real estate at current rates and on easy terms. Office 121-1-2 Colborne St. Phone 487.
TONES AND HEWITT—Barristers, etc., Solicitors. Solicitors for the Bank of Nova Scotia. Money to loan. Office: Bank of Hamilton Chambers Colborne and Market Sts. Bell phone 494. S. Alfred Jones, K.C., H. S. Hewitt.

Elocution

MISS SQUIRE will resume her classes in psychology, elocution, oratory, dramatic art, and literature on Monday, October 1st. All subjects are taught on the Mind Development principle. Studio 13 Peel Street.

Boy's Shoes

HAND MADE, machine finished, all solid leather, sizes 11 to 5. All shoe repairing of all kinds. W. S. Pettit, 10 South Market street.

Shoe Repairing

BRING your Repairs to Johnson's Electric Shoe Repair store, Eagle Place. Satisfaction guaranteed. Phone 497 Machine.
SHEPPARD'S 73 Colborne Street —Electric Shoe Repairing. Work guaranteed. Phones. Bell 1207, Automatic 207.

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat

DR. C. B. ECKEL—Eye, ear, nose and throat, specialist. Office 65 Brant Avenue, Bell Telephone 1015. Machine 101.

Chiropractic

CARRIE M. HESS, D.C., AND FRANK CROSS, D.C. —Graduates of the Universal Chiropractic College, Davenport, Ia. Office in Ballantynes Building, 195 Colborne St. Office hours 9:30 a.m., 11:30 and 7:30 to 8:30 p.m. Evenings by appointment. Phone Bell 2025.

E. L. HANSELMAN, D.C., graduate of the National School of Advanced Chiropractic, Chicago. Office and residence corner Dalhousie and Alfred. Bell phone 1318. Constitution and examination free. All diseases skillfully treated. Office hours 2 to 12 a.m. 2 to 5 p.m.

Osteopathic

DR. CHRISTIE IRWIN —Graduate of American School of Osteopathy is now at 38 Nelson Street, Office hours; 9 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m. Bell telephone 1380.

DR. C. H. SAUDER—Graduate American School of Osteopathy, Kirkville, Missouri. Office Suite 6, Temple Building, 75 Dalhousie St., Residence, 33 Edgerton St., Office phone 1544, house phone 2125. Office hours; 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 p.m. evenings by appointment at the house or office.

DR. GANDIER, Bank of Hamilton Building. Hours 9 to 6. Evenings, Tuesday and Saturday. Graduate under Discoverer, Osteopathy re-adjusts all parts of the human body, restoring freedom of nerve energy and blood flow which are the greatest essentials of good health.

Miscellaneous Wants

WANTED—Lawn Mowers to sharpen and repair. C. J. Mitchell, phone 148. M[W]13
WANTED—Ford chassis, state model and price. Box 345.
WANTED—Horses for heavy city teaming, not less than 1,500 pounds in weight. Schultz Bros. Ltd. M[W]15
WANTED—Work, dressmaking, sewing of every description. 95 Wellington street.
WANTED TO RENT—House or three or four rooms. West Brant preferred. Apply 31 Albion Street. M[W]21
WANTED—Position as housekeeper. Good references. Address Box 347 Courier. S[W]15

Situations Vacant

YOU CAN MAKE \$25 to \$75 weekly, writing show cards at home. Easily learned by our simple method. We sell your work or start you in business. Write for particulars. American Show Card School, 801 Yonge St., Toronto. 2 Dec
YOU CAN MAKE \$25 to \$75 weekly, writing show cards at home. Easily learned by our simple method. We sell your work or start you in business. Write for particulars. American Show Card School, 801 Yonge St., Toronto. 2 Nov

Architects

WILLIAM C. TILLEY—Registered Architect. Member of the Ontario Association of Architects. Office, 11 Temple Building, Phone 1897.

Homework

WOULD you like \$1 or \$2 daily at home, knitting war socks on Auto Knitters? Experience unnecessary. Send 5c stamp. Dept. 12C, Auto Knitter Company, College St., Toronto. D17

Business Cards

BRANTFORD BOTTLE EXCHANGE I am buying all kinds of bottles, paper, metals and waste products, paying highest market prices. Apply 153 Terrace Hill or phone 2185, and our wagon will be at your service.

Dental

DR. HART has gone back to his old stand over the Bank of Hamilton; entrance on Colborne Street. d[Mar,26]15
DR. RUSSELL, Dentist. —Latest American methods of painless dentistry, 201 Colborne St., opposite the Market over Western Counties Office, Phone 306.

The Gentlemen's Valet

CLEANING, PRESSING, DYEING AND REPAIRING. LADIES' WORK A SPECIALTY. Goods called for and delivered on the shortest notice. G. H. W. Beck, 132 Market St.

SMOKE

El Vieir Clear Havana Cigars 10 to 25 cents Fair's Havana Boutique Cigars 10 cents straight Manufactured by T. J. FAIR & CO. Ltd. BRANTFORD, ONT.

Your Dealer Can Supply You

With BLUE LAKE BRAND PORTLAND CEMENT Manufactured by ONTARIO PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY, Ltd. Head Office - Brantford

Workers Demand Representation

Continued from Page Seven

peoples of the world in a common covenant for genuine and practical co-operation to secure justice and therefore peace in relations between nations.
"2. Governments derive their just power from the consent of the governed.
"3. No political or economic restrictions meant to benefit some nations and to cripple or embarrass other.
"4. No indemnities or reprisals based upon vindictive purposes or delinquents desire to injure, but to right manifest wrongs.
"5. Recognition of the rights of small nations and of the principle 'No people must be forced under sovereignty under which it does not wish to stand.'

"6. No territorial changes or adjustment of power except in furtherance of the welfare of the peoples affected and in furtherance of world peace.
'In addition to these basic principles which are based upon declarations of our President of these United States, they should be incorporated in the treaty that shall constitute the guide of nations in the period and conditions into which we enter at the close of the war are the following declarations, fundamental to the best interests of all nations and of vital importance to wage-earners.
'No article or commodity shall be shipped or delivered in international commerce in the production of which children under the age of 16 have been employed or permitted to work.
'2. It shall be declared that the basic workday in industry and commerce shall not exceed eight hours.
'3. Involuntary servitude shall not exist as a punishment for crime whereof the party shall have been duly convicted.
'Establishment of trial by jury.
'In the suggestion of recon-structure cannot be worked out during the war while feeling is so intense. The situation and opportunities which peace will bring will be without precedent. It is of paramount importance that Labor shall be free and unembarrassed in helping to shape the principles and agencies for the future.
'Wherefore, all prejudices and partisan spirit can best be eliminated by reconstructing international labor relations and thus bring to new problems and a new era, activity and co-operation unhindered and unperverted by former alliances or old feuds.
'4. The basis of reconstruction should be the trade union movements of the various countries. We recommend that an international labor conference of representatives of the trade unions of all countries be held at the same time and place as the World Peace Congress that labor may be in touch with plans under consideration and may have all the information and counsel of those participating in the Congress.
'5. Reconstruction after the war will raise new issues, the report holds, and the nation cannot disregard lightly the suggestions advanced by the co-operation of all classes against the common enemy. Pointing to the experience of Great Britain, the council says:
'There has been a recognition of the principle that those associated in the work of production ought to have a voice in management of those things connected with the interest and production. There has been recognition for the thought that industrial disfranchisement is as unjust as political disfranchisement.
'In our own country there is evident in every kind of war work the necessity for some national agencies for better adjusting the supply of labor to the demand of war, where there must be greater economy in the use of the man power of our country. A central, efficient employment agency with its branches are plainly necessary in performing the gigantic task that is now before the Emergency Fleet Corporation and in the necessary work of war supplies.
'With the withdrawal of hundreds of thousands of men for military purposes there is necessity for readjustment in the industrial field. Effective employment agencies, under the control of the Department of Labor, co-operating with local agencies will also be keenly needed in the transition period that will follow the declaration of peace and the work of demobilization.
'6. We urge the immediate necessity of providing for some adequate form of employment agencies in this country, under federal control, and co-ordinating all local efforts along this line.
'7. We further recommend that some action be taken by this convention insisting upon our government to make such plans for demobilization so that men will remain in the employment of the government until they can be provided with remunerative employment through government employment agencies, unless they have not employment opportunities already open to them.
'8. Since the war began, the report says, the American labor movement has secured the 'best agreements with the government that have been secured in any other warring countries.
'9. The agreements established a 'new period in the industrial world,' says the report, 'a period in which the government has sanctioned standards based upon principles of human welfare and has substituted these standards for the old system under which profits were paramount. Foremost among these agreements are cited the understanding entered into between Secretary of War, and

Samuel Gompers, president of the Federation, which provides that local standards should govern wages, hours and conditions, in the building of cantonments. The report points out that the gigantic construction task was carried through without interruption. This understanding subsequently was approved by the Secretary of the Navy for all work on land undertaken by his department.
Other agreements mentioned included a memorandum for the adjustment by a joint board of wages and conditions in shipbuilding plants; an agreement to govern conditions of labor in loading and unloading vessels; and the creation of a commission to settle disputes in the harness and saddlery industry.
'Considerable space is devoted to the attitude of the council toward problems raised by the war which have been attracting public attention. Chief among these is the much discussed suggestion for the conscription of labor, concerning which the report says:
'Immediately after the declaration of war by the United States Government, an agitation was commenced for the purpose of organizing what was to be known as an "Industrial Reserve." It was proposed that men in industry should become part of a semi-military organization to be directed and controlled by our military establishment, to the end that those employed in industry could be shifted from one location to another. Because of its military feature, the proposition was opposed by the officers of the American Federation of Labor. In the light of the experience of cleaned in foreign countries now engaged in war, it appears that the shifting of workers has not only been necessary but vital to the carrying on of the great conflict. Several plans have been proposed, but none thus far has been accepted as a proper solution of the problem. If the war continues for any considerable period, this question will have to be met. The primary agency necessary for dealing with proper adjustment of workers is a national employment bureau, equipped to give workers information of employment opportunities and employers information of available and suitable workers. It is one of the necessary and essential activities of the war that certain industries on occasions are called upon to materially increase production, and in this event, some plan must be inaugurated to meet the needs of the government.'
The report recognizes the possibility that war conditions may bring about a "more general advent" of women in industry. Demand is made that equal pay be given for equal work without regard to sex, which the report says can be obtained only through organization of the new wage-earners.
Freedom of expression is declared by the report to be one of the fundamental elements of democracy, but it pointed out that war conditions present very different problems than those of peace.
'6. We know that this very freedom of expression which is one of the great opportunities of a free people, constitutes an equally potent opportunity for the enemies of our country,' the report says. 'Those who abuse the freedom of the press in order to endanger the perpetuity of our republic and to undermine our free institutions, should be punished as traitors to the nation. Freedom must not be confused with license.'
Urgent recommendations is made by the council that the eight-hour day be extended by administrative authority, to all commerce and industry as a war measure. The report details the fight for the eight-hour day in government work and records that the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy have inserted in contracts made by their departments a provision for employment of workers on a basis of eight hours labor at the beginning of which Congress recognized the eight-hour principle in writing into the naval appropriation law a clause that in case of national emergency the president might suspend the Federal civil law, provided that overtime should be paid for on the basis of time and a half. 'In urging the extension of the eight-hour day to all industry, the report says:
'The failure of all concerns to adopt the eight-hour basis is the cause of more industrial discontent and unrest than any other one condition.
The report records that 21 states, aggregating one-third of the voting population of the United States, have adopted the initiative and referendum and lists the following legislation, important to labor as having been enacted by Congress:
'Immigration law, containing the literacy test, new organic law for Porto Rico, strengthening amendments to federal eight-hour law, provisions in appropriation bills increasing wages and salaries of federal employes, re-enactment of the original provision in the sundry civil appropriation bill prohibiting use of funds provided in the bill for prosecuting the members of labor and farmers' organizations in their efforts to increase wages, reducing hours or improve working conditions as violations of the Sherman anti-trust act, re-enactment of the Taft-Hartwell amendment forbidding officials to use the stop-watch or other such time measuring devices in Government plants, Vocational Training Law, Food Control Law, Food Survey Law, amendments to the Judicial Code enabling longshoremen and other maritime workers to obtain compensation for injuries under the State laws, appropriation for Department of Labor's public employment service bureau, the soldiers and sailors' war risk insurance bill, and the war risk insurance law for seaman em-

Wanted!

Boys in Paris to deliver The Courier every evening. Apply MR. SHAW, Paris Radial Station

TINSMITHS

Roach & Cleator Late Howie and Feely PHONE 2492 Rear of Temple Bldg. The Fall is here. Cold weather will follow. Look to your repairs. Furnace work a specialty. Agents for "New Idea" Furnace ESTIMATES GIVEN

Electric Work

Let the Returned Soldier do your Electric work. All orders given prompt attention. ELECTRIC WIRING, REPAIRING & SUPPLIES. Leave orders at 271 Colborne or Bell Phone 2091 W. BUTLER Electrical Contractor

BOY WANTED

To Learn Printing Business Good Wages to Start Apply: Foreman, Courier Office

OVERCOATS DRY CLEANED \$1.50 CAHILLS MONTHLY CONTRACTS

Employed in the merchant marine. Two delegates to the Pan-American Federation of Labor Conference have become resident in Washington since the first Pan-American labor conference was held last January. They represent Cuba and Mexico. Communications favoring the holding of a Pan-American congress have been received from labor organizations in Cuba, Peru, Argentina, Mexico, St. Kitts Island, British West Indies and Porto Rico. There has been practically no constructive development in international relations since the last conference, the report says. Pacifist movements to distract the nation's attention from the business of war are answered by the council in the republication of the declaration adopted by the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, which met at Minneapolis.
Intimidation and deportation of striking wage earners in the west is denounced.
The report of F. M. Draper, secretary-treasurer of the British Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, which was included in the council's report, announced that the United Textile Workers of America had been successful in organizing the workers of Ontario, that the workers of Nova Scotia have shown a tendency to break away from provincial labor organizations and to develop a sturdy internationalism, and that the labor movement is gaining strength in Western Canada.
Financial conditions of the Federation were discussed in the report of Frank Morrison, treasurer, which showed total receipts for the year of \$412,047.78 and a balance on hand of \$141,467.54. The Federation is composed of 545 unions, with an average membership of 58,416 and a defence fund of \$133,534.64. The Federation is eleventh in point of membership among 111 national and international unions. During the year the Federation received donations from members amounting to \$213,686.68 for relief of the Danbury haters, against whom a judgment was obtained by a manufacturer who sued under the Sherman law.

Kerensky

Boys in Paris to deliver The Courier every evening. Apply MR. SHAW, Paris Radial Station

TINSMITHS

Roach & Cleator Late Howie and Feely PHONE 2492 Rear of Temple Bldg. The Fall is here. Cold weather will follow. Look to your repairs. Furnace work a specialty. Agents for "New Idea" Furnace ESTIMATES GIVEN

Electric Work

Let the Returned Soldier do your Electric work. All orders given prompt attention. ELECTRIC WIRING, REPAIRING & SUPPLIES. Leave orders at 271 Colborne or Bell Phone 2091 W. BUTLER Electrical Contractor

BOY WANTED

To Learn Printing Business Good Wages to Start Apply: Foreman, Courier Office

OVERCOATS DRY CLEANED \$1.50 CAHILLS MONTHLY CONTRACTS

Employed in the merchant marine. Two delegates to the Pan-American Federation of Labor Conference have become resident in Washington since the first Pan-American labor conference was held last January. They represent Cuba and Mexico. Communications favoring the holding of a Pan-American congress have been received from labor organizations in Cuba, Peru, Argentina, Mexico, St. Kitts Island, British West Indies and Porto Rico. There has been practically no constructive development in international relations since the last conference, the report says. Pacifist movements to distract the nation's attention from the business of war are answered by the council in the republication of the declaration adopted by the American Alliance for Labor and Democracy, which met at Minneapolis.
Intimidation and deportation of striking wage earners in the west is denounced.
The report of F. M. Draper, secretary-treasurer of the British Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, which was included in the council's report, announced that the United Textile Workers of America had been successful in organizing the workers of Ontario, that the workers of Nova Scotia have shown a tendency to break away from provincial labor organizations and to develop a sturdy internationalism, and that the labor movement is gaining strength in Western Canada.
Financial conditions of the Federation were discussed in the report of Frank Morrison, treasurer, which showed total receipts for the year of \$412,047.78 and a balance on hand of \$141,467.54. The Federation is composed of 545 unions, with an average membership of 58,416 and a defence fund of \$133,534.64. The Federation is eleventh in point of membership among 111 national and international unions. During the year the Federation received donations from members amounting to \$213,686.68 for relief of the Danbury haters, against whom a judgment was obtained by a manufacturer who sued under the Sherman law.

HEAVY BOMBARDMENT OF RIVER PRELUDE TO OFFENSIVE OPERATIONS

By Courier Leased Wire. —(Via Ottawa agency)—A heavy and continuous bombardment is being along the lower Plave River. The opening stages of operations on this line. The general engagement is now pending largely upon the end the Italians are now entering from the river and fighting tactics along the stream, a re-established forces check further extension of the Austrian offensive.
The engagements thus far consisted of episodes at points, although the shelling almost unintermittently for miles along the lower Plave crash of some enemy heavy now heard showing that the trians and Germans have to bring up a few of these pieces.
No longer is a secret matter that the Plave is the line to which the supreme has been bending its energy for the last ten days. The front of this line joins the front, making virtually one front, sweeping in a huge L-shape. Guards to the mouth Plave, near Venice.
Precautionary measures to Venetia continue, but those long range guns are off, should attempt to bomb famous art centre. The Doges has been covered and the delicate facade has been covered with timbers. The Campanile bags for forty feet around. The Grand Canal is filled with volas which are being transportation purposes.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Toronto, Nov. 13—Presently decidedly the interior continent where the weather will be over the ton. Lightly at windy and neadow, with the same turn.
Zimmie

The