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New York

THE New York bank returns at the close of last week were considered Monetary Conditions. as more favorable. The Government money released to the market was reflected in

a \$12.800.000 gain in cash holdings, while a loan increase of \$6,500,000 offset this only in part. With the \$8,400,000 gain in surplus that account reached \$15,130,000 which exceeded the showing of corresponding date in any of the past seven years except

By the middle of this week, the banks were reported to have gained, in cash, a further amount of about \$8,000,000, while toward the end of the week there was anticipated a further strengthening of \$1,-750,000 from gold imported from London by Lazard Freres.

Prevention

TIRE Marshall Creamer, of Ohio, continues to send broadcast his interesting "straight talks" along lines of fire prevention. His latest bulletin deals with fire waste. He points out that Ohio's

average annual fire loss of \$7,000,000 plus the cost of fire departments and fire prevention appliances is equal to 15 per cent. of the total year's product of all the industries of the state. Thus, every producer gives one and a half hours out of each ten hour day to make good the fire cost. Reckless carelessness with known danger is held responsible for most of the losses, so reformation of the public in this regard is considered by Fire Marshal Creamer as being a most important matter.

Bevenue of Great Britain.

XCHEQUER returns for the fiscal year ending March 31, show the total revenue for the United Kingdom to have been \$775,182,-200, an increase of \$5,276,960 over the previous year. The surplus

balance in the exchequer is \$9,721.535.

Fiscal Year of Port of Montreal.

HE fiscal year of the Port of Montreal now closes with the 31st day of March. The year 1906-7 has proved a record one. Considering the months individually, November

last is seen to head the list in customs collections, with the substantial figures of \$1,488,068. The month of March just ended is second with \$1.334,-026.15, an increase over last March of \$207,577.70. December comes at the bottom of the list with collections amounting to \$1,107,048.78. The total increase in the nine months fiscal year was \$1,502-595.62.

Below will be found the figures for each of the nine months as compared with the corresponding months of the preceding year. Previously Canada's fiscal year ended on June 30:

	1905-06	1906-07
July	. \$1,105,134.89	\$1,188,133.02
Aug		1,302,605,33
September	. 1,077,133,41	1,163,453,90
October	. 1,106,581.73	1,326,522.72
November		1.488,068.00
December		1,107,048,78
January		1,237,005,66
February		1,280,752.06
March		1,334,026.15
Total	. \$9.925 067 37	\$11,427,595,62

A Western Example.

N contrast to the scores of enactments passed by state legislatures deterrent to the investment of capital, is one passed recently by the State of Washington. The legislature has voted upon, and Governor Meade has ap-

proved a bill, amending the law respecting the taxation of personal property, so as to provide that "mortgages, notes, accounts, moneys, certificates of deposit, tax certificates, judgments, state, county, municipal and school district bonds and warrants shall not be considered as property for the purpose of this chapter." The bill became law immediately upon approval, and will govern this year's assessment, which was taken on March 1.