

account of the alarm having been immediately spread among the inhabitants.

The Cavalier Visone, Intendant General of Canzani, will temporarily replace Signor Canzani at Naples.

A dispatch from Naples, of August 24, says: we have been received here that Col. Laren has taken Chiaione's band on the mountains near Chia, in concert with the French.

Advices from Sorò to the 23d state that it was reported that some French troops had arrived at Santa, in order to prevent Chiaione from entering Roman territory.

The Florence Nazionale, of August 25, publishes a despatch from Rome dated the 23d, stating that a band of 500 revolutionists had set out from Rome in the direction of the Tuscan frontier.

The Gazzetta di Torino of August 26 says: It is reported that General Cialdini had demanded that troops in order that he may be enabled to execute a simultaneous attack upon the insurgents.

A despatch from Naples of August 26 says: yesterday the reactionary band in the mountain Somma was dispersed. The brigades at M. S. having been surrounded by 24 battalions, all killed or taken prisoners. Four hundred were endeavored to cross the frontier were captured by the French troops.

HUNGARY.

A despatch from Pesth, of August 25, says: no circulars, addressed by the Hungarian Chancery to the Obergeshauss of Hungary arrived yesterday. One of these contains the assurance of the Emperor's intention to maintain the Hungarian constitution intact.

In the other hopes are expressed that the preliminary will remain tranquil until the assembling of the new Diet, and that the attitude of the Emperor will be such as to render a reconciliation possible.

The Emperor also solemnly declares that he has no intention of incorporating the Hungarians with the crown lands of the Austrian Empire, but that he wishes to maintain the self-government and independence guaranteed to Hungary by the imperial rescript of 1790.

A great popular demonstration took place at Pesth on the 25th. The people shouted "Deak forever." "Hungary forever." Order was not disturbed.

AUSTRIA.

The Donau Zeitung of August 24, gives a detailed account of the news published by some Belgian journals, that M. Brentano, ministerial councillor, is in London negotiating the conclusion of a loan of six millions.

A telegram from Vienna, of August 25, says: the houses of the Council of the Empire have adopted an address, acknowledging in loyal and respectful terms, the firmness of the Emperor in maintaining the historical rights of the crown, and thanking him also for his intention of persevering in the constitutional path upon which he entered, and for his intention of persevering in the constitutional path upon which he entered, and for his policy in protecting the interests of the non-Hungarian provinces, without, however, neglecting the means of bringing about an understanding with Hungary.

THE FIGHT AT HAND.—Affairs at Washington upon "the perilous edge." The line of secession pickets has gradually been drawing nearer and nearer to the Capitol, the fortifications of the rebels have been advancing week by week, until now along the line from Alexandria the Chain Bridge a cannon shot from almost every of our camps would fly over the outposts or breastworks of the enemy. Their regiments are all within sight of our strongest fortifications, and the flag of treason flutters in the air within sight of the Nation's Capitol. It were impossible that this state of things should continue very much longer without an engagement; indeed this week—perhaps while these very lines are read, the roar of cannon and the rattle of musketry may be resounding from the heights of Arlington and Alexandria, and a general engagement be taking place, which is to add to the all ruin disaster another yet more depressing the hopes of freedom-loving, loyal citizens, which shall retrieve the loss of that mournful day, and strike the first great blow upon the front and forehead of treason. We are not permitted to state the numbers or the disposition of our forces, but the country may be assured that an army larger than any which has hitherto been thered in defense of the Capitol, better equipped, better officered, and better disciplined, and better disposed with relation to the enemy, will defend our holy cause. The plans by which they are guided have been moulded by the great General and strategist of his age—they will be executed under the personal lead and direction of the young and gallant General in whom the trust of the nation is so confidently reposed. Our armies will fight for Law, for Liberty, for order, for a good Government, and for a Union which is the palladium of our own Constitutional liberties and the hope of civilization the world over. And now may the hearts and arms of our soldiers be nervod to fight bravely and victoriously, and may God defend the right.

A passenger from Manasses 5th states that the rebels killed 300 Federals and losing only 20 in a sparp skirmish on the 4th, and taking possession of an important hill near Arlington Heights.

The Charleston papers state that the planters have unanimously resolved not to ship any Sea land cotton either North or South, having pledged the entire crop to the Confederacy.

HATS OFF—AN INCIDENT IN MONTREAL.

An amusing incident occurred the other day in this city, which at the time created quite an excitement. The band of the 47th Regiment had been "discouraging sweet music" opposite the St. Lawrence Hall, and, as is the custom, concluded with "God save the Queen." No sooner was the National Anthem commenced than all heads were uncovered—no, I am wrong, not all—one hat still remained on the head of a free-born American. He was one of those rugged, double-jointed individuals who might truthfully be described as "half horse, half alligator." There he stood, a man of elongated stature and ferocious countenance, defiance in his look and insolence in his very attitude. The cry of "hats off" arose from different parts of the crowd, but the unflinching Yankee still gazed, or rather glared around him with lowering brows and undaunted air. Great indignation arose among the by-standers, and our independent friends, notwithstanding his warlike appearance, must inevitably have "come to grief" had he not been taught a useful lesson and saved a drubbing in a manner which he little expected and probably could not appreciate. An officer of the 47th stepping forward, gently removed the offending beaver from the head of the fire-eater and immediately placed it in the hand of its owner with a polite bow. The effect was miraculous. The king of birds at once assumed the gentleness of the dove, and at that moment his meekness was exemplary. He very soon retreated to his private room in the hotel.

A NOVA SCOTIAN ARRESTED FOR TREASON IN BOSTON, MASS.—The Halifax papers are discussing: with some warmth of course adopted by the United States authorities in arresting a Nova Scotian named Legare, who recently arrived in Boston by the steamer "Eastern State," en route for Memphis, Tennessee, whither he was proceeding to take care of a store for his brother, on a charge of "conspiring with the insurrectionists of the seceded States, giving them aid and comfort, and assisting them in their warfare against the Government of the United States." It seems from the evidence produced at the trial, that a letter from his brother, requesting him to purchase in Boston some dry goods, etc., for family use; and a uniform of the "Halifax Rifles" was found in the prisoner's trunk. The uniform, it was argued, was for the Secession army. A decision has since been given; and the Boston Traveller of the 4th, we extract the following:

"This morning U. S. Commissioner Tuttle gave a decision in the case of James Leguire, of Halifax N. S. charged with conspiracy against the government, and, after a detailed statement of the case, ordered to be committed to jail; without the case, ordered to the next term of the court, to take his trial at the next term of the U. S. District Court, for treason. His counsel U. S. District Court, to bail, but this was refused. The Court will be in session on Tuesday next, and the evidence will probably be placed before the Grand Jury without delay.

"At noon to-day, Leguire was taken to Beverly, by a deputy Marshal, and will be carried before Judge Sprague, on a motion that he be admitted to bail.

OUTRAGE!—We are informed that upon the arrival of the steamer New Brunswick at Eastport yesterday, on her passage from Boston to this city a gentleman belonging to, and destined for Miramichi, in this Province, was immediately arrested by the Federal authorities; the steamer having been purposely detained at Eastport, in order that this heroic act could be the more entirely performed. The serious crime with which the prisoner stands charged, is, that of speaking his mind too freely, of the present disastrous position of affairs in the United States, and this too whilst the New Brunswick was on her passage between Portland and Eastport!

We sincerely hope, first, that our information in reference to this cowardly transaction is not strictly correct; and secondly, that if it can be substantiated, that neither the captain or any other officer of the boat is implicated by giving information of the offence, so trivial in itself, but which has resulted in the arrest of a British subject, in a country which pretends to the enjoyment of liberty and speech, or at least freedom from arrest, by giving utterance to it. In any phase of the revolution of France, the case as stated to us, can find no parallel.—St. John Courier.

FRESH SUCCESSES OF THE EX CHAMPION SHOT.—The star of Mr. Edward Ross, of Cambridge University, appears to be again in the ascendant. At the Montrose Rifle Gathering, on Wednesday, Scotland's Cup, shot for at 700, 800, and 900 yards, five shots each, was won by that gentleman. He made eight, seven, and six points, man. He made eight, seven, and six points, man. He made eight, seven, and six points, man.

Smith of the Edinburgh Volunteers won the second prize with three, eight, and seven points. Major Moir of Stirling won the third prize, after the shooting of ties at 15, with two others. The Stranger's Cup was competed for afterwards there being ten shots at 300 yards and ten at 1,000 yards. Ross made 18 points; Kirkwood, Renfrew, 17; and Moir 16 points.

The Halifax Sun says that the mackerel still continue around our shores, and are taken in considerable numbers. This we believe is the first time for eight or ten years that this fish has struck in so early in September. It is said to be indicative of a large run of good fish late in the fall. New Brunswick.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.—The York County Teachers' Institute met at 10 o'clock A. M., on Friday, 6th inst., in Mr. Denton's school room.

There were thirty-two Teachers present. Mr. Bennett gave a Lecture on "School Discipline," at the close of which he informed the Institute that the "Board" had obtained a large supply of Johnston's Agricultural Chemistry, with the expectation of having them introduced into the Schools of the Province; whereupon the Institute passed a resolution to expend a sum not exceeding ten dollars, for the purpose of procuring apparatus for Chemical experiments.

Four Teachers were elected members of the Institute, and after attending to the financial affairs Mr. Gummel read an Essay on Education, accompanied with a poem on the same subject.

The meeting then adjourned to meet again at half-past two, when a short time was devoted to Arithmetic.

Thus the duties of the day were concluded. The meeting then adjourned to meet on or about the winter holidays.

N. SMITH, Secretary.

THE PRIMROSE MEDAL.—The third firing for this medal, by the Scottish Volunteers, came off on Wednesday afternoon. Private Charles H. Caldwell was the winner, having made the excellent shooting of 9 points at three hundred yards, with five rounds—the range and number of rounds at which this medal has previously been fired for, Mr. C.'s score was one bull's eye, 2 centres, and 2 outs. This is the best shooting, by a Halifax Volunteer, that has yet come under our notice.

Sergeant Gray won this medal at the first firing, and Captain Mackinlay at the second—the latter gentleman not competing this year. There will be one more firing for this prize, but at present Mr. Caldwell stands at the list of competitors.—Halifax Sun.

THE HUNDRETH.—An order has been issued limiting the enlistment of recruits for the Hundredth Regiment to native Canadians. None else would be admitted. It is gratifying to those who assisted in promoting this marked testimonial of Canadian to the empire, to know that the regiment is in high favor at the War Office. Some of its members have been promoted to respectable positions in other branches of the service; and Mr. Henry Jones of Brockville, who entered as a private, and was afterwards made sergeant, has been promoted to an ensigncy without purchase.—Quebec Chronicle.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—We understand that Capt. Allen McLean and wife were thrown from their wagon while descending a hill in the Black Settlement on their way from Quaco on Saturday last. Mrs. McLean's injuries were of a very serious nature—her face, neck, chest and limbs having been severely bruised. Mr. McLean was not so badly hurt, and both he and Mrs. McL. were doing well yesterday—in fact much better than their friends anticipated they would be. We hope to hear of their complete recovery at an early day.

MILITIA GENERAL ORDERS.

FREDERICTON, Sept. 10, 1861. His Excellency the Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief, hereby announces that the Lieutenant Governor and Council has offered a Prize for competition, by Members of the Active Local Military Forces of Canada, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and this Province.

The place of competition will be Sussex Vale, in the Province of New Brunswick. The firing will commence on the third day of October next. The number of competitors from each Province must not exceed twenty of all Ranks. Each competitor from Canada, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island, will bring with him a Certificate from the Adjutant General of the Militia to which he may belong, giving his Name, Rank, and the Regiment or Battalion to which he may be attached. The competitors on the part of New Brunswick will be the twenty Members of the Companies of the Militia of the Province volunteering for Drill and Exercise, who have made the best "Firing" for His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales's Cup on the preceding day. All competitors will appear in the Uniforms of the Corps to which they respectively belong. The Prize will be competed for with the long Enfield Rifle, and the regulated allowance of ammunition.

By Command, R. HAYNE, Lt. Col., Adj. Gen. of Militia.

No. 2. FREDERICTON, Sept. 11, 1861. Officers commanding Companies of Militia volunteering for Drill and Exercise, are hereby directed to send to the Adjutant General's Office without delay, the names of the Members of their respective Companies who may have been selected, under the Regulations published in the Royal Gazette of the 10th July, and of the 23rd August last, to compete for His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales's Challenge Cup.

By Command, R. HAYNE, Lt. Col., Adj. Gen. of Militia.

Forty 100-pounder Armstrong guns are ordered to be forwarded to Portsmouth, England, to be placed on the salient points of the sea face of its defences and the western approaches of Spithead.

No authentic account of the death of Jeff Davis has been received.

SEIZURE OF SOUTHERN FUNDS.—The total amount of Southern funds seized in the city of Boston on Tuesday last, reached fifty thousand dollars, the greater portion of which was found in the hands of the Southern Steamship Company. Of the whole amount, about thirty-five thousand was in the shape of Treasury notes.—N. Bkr.

The New York Abigon states that Mr. W. Patrick, a Nova Scotian, carrying on business in that city, has been arrested on charge of treason and transferred to Fort Lafayette under warrant of the Secretary of War.

It is stated that there is enough Wheat grown this year at Burnt Church, N. B., to produce 1000 barrels of flour.

John Dwyer, at Washington a British subject, complains of outrages committed on him by the United States troops. He says his family were turned out of doors, and his furniture destroyed. It is reported that Lord Lyons has demanded redress from the Government.

Ten regiments of North Carolina troops have left the army in Virginia for home.

It is estimated that 25,000 slaves in Missouri will be liberated under General Fremont's proclamation.

Fremont is steadily organizing an immense army to proceed down Mississippi.

It is said that Beuregard must soon capture Washington or suffer a disruption of his army by the withdrawal of troops to the invaded portions of the Southern Confederacy.

A quartz-crushing machine is shortly expected at Halifax from Glasgow; it is intended for the Tangier mines.

MARRIED.

At Howard Settlement, Canterbury, on the 29th ult., by Rev. Thomas Hartin, Mr. Samuel Cropley of North Lake, to Miss Elizabeth Hutchins, eldest daughter of Hugh McKay, Esq., J.P., of Canterbury, York County.

At the same place, on the 12th inst., by the same, Mr. John Jarvis, to Miss Catherine, eldest daughter of Thos. Cunningham, senior, of Canterbury, York County.

DIED.

In this town on the 1st inst., after a long illness, JOHN HIRAM, 3d son of Mr. Amos Telford, aged 34 years and 6 months.

At Adover on the 5th inst., ELLEN TEEL, aged 1 year, 9 months and 10 days, youngest daughter of Adam and Ellen Baird.

Dear Ellen thou art gone, Thy loss we do deplore, But we shall meet again, I think on Canaan's shore. How sad for us to see, Thy beauty fade away, Just like the blushing rose, Which blooms but for a day. Then Ellen, fare thee well, For well it is with thee, Since God has called thee home, With HIM and HIS to be.

At Canterbury, York County, on the 28th of July, Mr. Robert Lord, aged 26 years, a native of England, leaving a wife and one child to mourn their loss.

At Howard Settlement, Canterbury, on the 22d ult., Mr. John Wade, aged 70 years, leaving a wife and a large family of children.

Fisher's Brick Building, King-Street. FLUID, CRUSHED SUGAR, FRUIT, &c., LOGAN & LINDSAY have received per steamers from Boston and sea. A. Sawyer.

10 bbls Burning BLEND, (Porter's); 10 do. Crushed SUGAR; 7 do. Granulated do; 30 doz Assorted Cooking Extracts, Lazenby and Son's and Burnett's; 15 boxes CHEESE, 10 bbls APPLES; 1 bbl Sweet Potatoes; 4 do Onions; 2 baskets Peaches; 1 box Lemons; Saint John, N. B. Sep. 5th, 1861.

N. R. KIMBALL'S DENTIST ROOMS ON KING STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE THE WOODSTOCK HOTEL.

FIRST AND LAST NOTICE. NOTICE is hereby given that all persons indebted to the subscriber either by book account or note of hand, unless paid in twenty days, their respective accounts and notes will be handed over to a legal gentleman for collection. JOHN LENAHAN. Sept 13th, 1861.

SHOW & PLOUGHING MATCH. THE Annual Exhibition of STOCK, FARM AND GARDEN PRODUCE AND DOMESTIC MANUFACTURES of the Carleton County Agricultural Society, takes place at the COUNTY COURT HOUSE, UPPER WOODSTOCK, ON Monday, September 23rd!

Over four hundred dollars are offered in prizes. Payment of One Dollar entitles any person to compete. All articles must be entered on the Thursday previous, with the secretary, on application to whom Premium Lists may be obtained. THE PLOUGHING MATCH takes place on SATURDAY, SEPT. TWENTY-FIRST. At 2 P. M., at Mr. Ralph Ketchum's, near Upper Woodstock. JAMES EDGAR, Secretary. Woodstock, Sept. 4th. sen. 2 in

STOVE NOTES! THE subscriber has left the remainder of the notes given by purchasers of the Carleton Air Tight Stoves! with John C. Winslow, Esq., Barrister, Woodstock, for collection; and the drawers of these notes are required to pay their respective amounts to him as the notes become due. O. EPH & D. N. A. M. Woodstock, Sept 3rd, 1861. sen 4 in

A NATIONAL STANDARD BOTH IN ENGLAND AND AMERICA.

WORCESTER'S SERIES OF DICTIONARIES.

CONSISTING OF Worcester's School Dictionary, - - - \$0 38. Worcester's Elementary Dictionary, - - - 0 75. Worcester's Comprehensive Dictionary, - - - 1 12. Worcester's Academic Dictionary, - - - 1 75. Worcester's Universal and Critical Dictionary, 3 50. Worcester's Quarto Dictionary, - - - 7 50.

A liberal discount will be made to the trade, to Teachers, and to Schools.

THESE Dictionaries have received the approval of the most eminent literary men, both in England and America. The Royal Quarto Dictionary, although first published in 1860, has already become the standard work in most of the literary institutions in the country; while the smaller works, especially the Comprehensive and the Primary School Dictionaries have been extensively introduced into the best Academies and Common Schools in the United States.

They are now the Authorized Dictionaries for New Brunswick, as will be seen by the following certificate:

EDUCATION OFFICE. Fredericton, August 22nd, 1861. The Board of Education having authorized Worcester's Dictionaries for the use of the Public Schools in New Brunswick, I have much pleasure in recommending the Work to the favorable consideration of Teachers. JOHN BAXTER, Chief Supt.

WORCESTER'S ROYAL QUARTO DICTIONARY.

(Illustrated.) 1854 PAGES - - - 1000 ILLUSTRATIONS.

This is entirely a new Work, and all the new words, synonyms, and illustrations will be found in their proper places. Attention is particularly called to the following Testimonials, selected from hundreds received of the same import:—

From H. R. H. Prince Albert, in an Autograph Letter to the Hon. Ed. Everett, dated Buckingham Palace, May 24th, 1860. My Dear Mr. Everett: I have to acknowledge the receipt of the very handsome copy of Dr. Worcester's Dictionary, which you have been good enough to send me; and I must beg of you also to assure the publishers that I am very sensible of the kind feeling which they manifested towards me. It is very gratifying to me that the parent language receives such valuable aid for its development and the preservation of its purity in your country. From the Rev. W. Whewell, Master of Trinity College, Cambridge, Author of "History of the Inductive Sciences." I have repeatedly consulted the Dictionary since it has been in my possession, and have seen reason to think it more complete and exact than any of its predecessors. From Joseph Bosworth, D. D., Professor of Anglo-Saxon, University of Oxford. It is the most complete and practical, the very best as well as the cheapest Dictionary that I know. From Charles Dickens, England. It is a most remarkable work, of which America will be justly proud, and for which all who study the English language will long have reason to respect your name, and to be grateful to you. From E. Ryerson, D. D., Superintendent of Public Instruction in Upper Canada. I have for several years used Webster, as the best Dictionary of his kind—always excepting its orthography—but I regard and recommend for our schools and public institutions, Worcester's Dictionary, as a very great improvement upon that of Webster's pictorial edition. From the Most Rev. John Hughes, D. D., Archbishop of New York. I regard it (the Quarto) as one of the best, if not the very best published in our language. From the Rev. A. P. Ciampi, President of the College of the Holy Cross, Worcester, Mass. The work is great, and destined not unlikely, to supersede other English Dictionaries now in use. Its definitions of religious terms are singularly fair and impartial. The collection of synonyms is most appropriate and altogether suitable to the want of the student. From the London "Literary Gazette." The lapse of a few months will be sufficient to establish Worcester's Dictionary as the acknowledged standard of reference among the scholars of England and America. From the London "Athenaeum." * * * To conclude, the volumes before us show a vast amount of diligence—but with Webster, it is diligence in combination with fancifulness; with Worcester in combination with good sense and judgment. Worcester is the soberer and safer book, and may be pronounced the best existing English Lexicon. For sale at all the principal Book Stores. SWAN, BREWER, & TILSTON, Publishers, 131 Washington Street, Boston.

To Sea Side Visitors. MRS. MOSES, CAMPOBELLO. WISHES to inform those who may desire to visit the sea side, or who desire to take advantage of sea bathing, that having a good and commodious House, she is prepared to board three or four single persons during the Summer or Autumn. She is also prepared to accommodate a family, on reasonable terms. The situation of the House is very fine, and every attention will be given to those who may stay with her. Campoello, Aug. 15th, 1861.

ALE & PORTER, On Draft. Philadelphia Clarified Cider. Cider Vinegar, Paraffine Oil, &c., August 28th, 1861. OWEN KELLY.

STOLEN. WHEREAS the subscriber's horse, with saddle and bridle, were stolen from near the shop of T. L. Evans, Woodstock, and the two latter have not yet been recovered, the subscriber will give a reward to any one who will return them, or give such information as will lead to his recovering them. The saddle is of logskin, and the bridle a black leather one. CHARLES KETCHUM. Upper Woodstock, August 30, 1861.

NOTICE. THOSE parties indebted to me either by book account, or Note of Hand, are hereby notified that I have left them in the hands of J. C. Winslow for immediate collection. B. D. DAVIS. Woodstock, August 30, 1861.