

ELEVATOR BROKE; WORKMAN HURT

Edward Dean Probably Fatally Injured in Accident at Warehouse.

Edward Dean, 43 years of age, and an employe at Tanton's warehouse, York street, met with a very serious accident between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Dean was riding from the upper floor on the warehouse elevator, when the machinery broke, allowing the elevator to drop into the cellar, a distance of 30 feet or more. He was rendered unconscious by the fall, and was removed in the ambulance to Victoria Hospital, where it was found that he was seriously, perhaps fatally, hurt. The full extent of his injuries are not yet known.

SEVENTH'S MEN WERE WINNERS

Rifle Match Between Sergeants of Wolseley Barracks and the 7th Regiment.

The annual rifle match between the sergeants of the R. C. R., Wolseley Barracks, and the sergeants of the 7th Regiment took place at the rifle ranges on Saturday afternoon. The score was a close one, the Seventh having a margin of only 52 points on the total. Conditions for shooting were fairly good, although a tricky wind and variable light spoiled some "good ones."

Sergeant-Major Horland, Sergeant Fraser and Sergeant Youngman carried off the honors for the Barracks, while the 7th's scores were more even, the only ones in the eighties being Staff-Sergeant Fisher, Color-Sergeant Insley and Sergeant Butler.

Major Hayes and Lieut. Thomson acted as range officers.

After the match the teams were entertained at luncheon by the sergeants' mess of the Seventh Regiment, when a pleasant half hour was spent, short speeches being made by Major Hayes, Sergeant-Major Horland and Sergeant-Major Milligan. Following is the score:

R. C. R.	200	500	600	700
Horland	200	500	600	700
Fraser	200	500	600	700
Youngman	200	500	600	700
Butler	200	500	600	700
Insley	200	500	600	700
Fisher	200	500	600	700
7th Regiment	200	500	600	700
Edwards	200	500	600	700
Robson	200	500	600	700
McDonald	200	500	600	700
Slater	200	500	600	700
Galbraith	200	500	600	700
Fidler	200	500	600	700
Insley	200	500	600	700
Butler	200	500	600	700
Hayes	200	500	600	700
Total	200	500	600	700

MISS KRUPP IS MARRIED

Civil Ceremony Performed—Religious One Monday.

Essen, Prussia, Oct. 15.—The civil ceremony of the marriage of Fraulein Bertha Krupp of Essen, daughter of the late Alfred Krupp, to Gustav Voss, son of the late Heinrich Voss, took place Saturday at the registry office of the village of Bredene, near here.

The proceedings were strictly formal, only the brother of the bridegroom, a cousin of the bride, Arthur Krupp, of Vienna, being present.

The directorate of the Krupp works, on Monday, on the occasion of the religious ceremony, present to all of the employes who have been in the Krupp's service for longer than five years, a ten-mark (\$20) gold piece, and to those who have served less than five years a five-mark (\$10) gold piece, making a total of about \$150,000 to be distributed among the workmen.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Oct. 13-14.	Reported at.	From.
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow
Edith	New York	Liverpool
Cymric	Boston	Liverpool
Canadian	Boston	Boston
Canada	Liverpool	Montreal
Umbria	Liverpool	New York
Columbia	Mobile	New York
Sardinian	Have	Montreal
New York	New York	Southampton
La Touraine	New York	Have
Ettrah	New York	Liverpool
Philadelphia	New York	New York
Georgic	Liverpool	New York
Celtic	Liverpool	New York
Funston	New York	New York
Rhynand	Rotterdam	New York
Blucher	Cherbourg	New York
Armonia	New York	New York
Koenig Albert	Genoa	New York
New York	Father Point	Liverpool
Monty	Father Point	London
Montfort	Father Point	London
Melville	Father Point	London

For Fashion Magazines go to Red Star News Company, 8 Market Lane.

Greatest Grapes! Grapes! Jersey sweet potatoes, Osege melons, Crawford peaches, Smythe's Hyman and Richmond streets, Phone 1221.

IT IS GOOD FOR MAN AND BEAST.—Not only Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil of incomparable value in the household, but the farmer and stockman will find it very serviceable in the farmyard and on the cattle range, after saving the services of a veterinary surgeon. In injuries to stock and in cases of cough and pain it can be used with great effect.

A deputation of city functionaries went from York, England, to Hull the other day to see about the proper painting of a boundary post connected with the navigation of the River Ouse. The post was duly painted and the Hull corporation of York is expected to pay for the work, includes such items as cases of champagne, two dozen bottles of Scotch whisky, melons, pineapples, chickens, ducklings, hares, pheasants, grapes, oranges, breakfast and tea.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

WANTED—MAN TO LOOK AFTER furnace at Bishopstowe, corner St. James and George streets. Apply Bishopstowe.

TO LET—NO. 47 TALBOT STREET, every modern convenience, nearly new. Wm. Wyatt.

SOLD ICE CREAM ON THE SABBATH

Restaurant Man Charged With Breach of the Lord's Day Act.

Next Wednesday's session of the city police court will probably decide whether Londoners are to have any ice cream on Sundays or not, for this morning Peter Mandas, who conducts a candy and ice cream parlor at 130 Dundas street, appeared to answer a charge of alleged breach of the Lord's Day act, by selling ice cream on Sunday. The case was adjourned for a week, at the end of which time the magistrate will give his judgment.

Police-Sergeant Crawford, the first witness called, testified that when he visited the premises occupied by Mr. Mandas he found eight people taking ice cream and soda water. There were no meals being served—nothing but ice cream and cream soda being sold. When he told Mr. Mandas what his errand was, and asked him if he sold lunches on Sunday, he answered that he did not.

Peter Mandas, the defendant, said that he had been carrying on an ice cream and candy business, but that if anyone wanted meals he always got short-order dinners of any kind. He sold lunches on Sunday but never sold candy. On this particular Sunday, on which the police constable visited the store, he said that he had sold about \$5 worth of light lunches, consisting of coffee, bread, eggs and ham, etc.

Mr. Meredith, who appeared for the defendant, submitted that ice cream was only a form of lunch, or part of a lunch, and that on this ground Mandas, who had a provincial victualling license, had not been guilty of a breach of the Sunday observance laws. He also referred to several precedent cases to strengthen his argument.

Cruelty to Animals

James Cadoo appeared on a charge of cruelty to animals and was fined \$5. Cadoo drives a mail cart, and was applying too much persuasion to his horse by means of a whip in the east end of the city the other evening. While so engaged a police constable came along and finding that the horse had several bad bruises on its back, where the gad had been applied, the officer took Cadoo's name and had him summoned.

A Junk Deal.

Moises Left appeared to answer to a charge of conducting a junk business without a license. Two small boys who had sold 35 pounds of iron to Left for 5 cents appeared to give evidence for the prosecution, and told of the sale of the metal to Left on one occasion.

Mr. Meredith appeared for Left, and submitted that the crown had only evidence to prove that Left had made one purchase of junk, and that one sale was not sufficient to prove a man to be a dealer in any kind of merchandise.

He asked that the case be adjourned until Saturday to allow him to bring before the court some precedent cases. Mr. Meredith's request was granted, and the case was adjourned.

Detective Rider here came to Mr. Left's rescue, and reminded the court that Saturday was the Jewish Sabbath, and that Mr. Left was an elder in the synagogue, and would be greatly inconvenienced if he had to appear. The adjournment was then altered to Friday.

James Munroe and Wm. Crawford were each remanded one week for vagrancy.

John Hooper was fined \$2 or 15 days for being drunk.

Four first-timers were let go.

THE ELECTION INQUIRY CASE

Continued from page one.

and told him if he voted for Hyman he was good for \$10. Witness insisted on having his money before the election, and Collins gave him two \$5 bills the Sunday before polling. Witness voted for Hyman.

No one but Collins had approached him regarding his money.

"How about Mr. McMechan?" Mr. DuVermet asked.

Witness said he was merely taken into the West London hall to see Walter Scott the night a Liberal meeting was held there. Of the Norman deal witness swore that on the morning pad in his office he saw the imprint of the receipt the elder Norman had signed for Jerry Collins, when the money was paid over. Witness said that if he had not received the \$10 from Collins he would not have voted at all.

George Harvey got \$10 from a man who said he was Tom Lewis, but witness swore he did not think Tom Lewis, who stood up for identification, was the man. "I didn't notice the man very much, but he had no mustache," the witness said.

Didn't Kiss His Thumb.

"Is that the reason you kissed your thumb?" asked Mr. DuVermet.

"I didn't do that," witness replied. The money was left on a table in the works of the City Gas Company, where witness is employed, George Nevitt, the witness said to him, "I think there's something on the table for you." Witness did not know who put the money there. Harvey admitted receiving \$5 to vote for Hyman in the election of 1904. The man who said he was Lewis told him he would get his money all right if he voted for Hyman. This was in the City Gas Works a few days before the election. Witness said he had voted for Hyman for a good many years, and had intended voting for Hyman anyway. He was not anxious about the \$10.

Albert J. Clarke swore that Lewis went to his home before the election, and told him if he voted for Hyman he would get him \$10. Lewis then took two \$5 bills out of his pocket, tore them in two and gave Clark half. If witness voted right he was to get the other halves after the election. Witness went to Lewis' hotel and changed the pieces of bills for \$9, as Jerry Collins, as usual, had his commission.

Clarke did not vote in the election. Before the election he told Lewis that he

did not think he had a right to vote, but Lewis said to vote anyway. Mr. DuVermet asked witness if he had not heard he was going to be sworn, and consequently did not vote, but Clarke would not agree with this.

Clarke said that if he had voted he would have voted for Hyman, as he had always voted for him. He could have voted if he liked, but did not go to the polls.

Albert Clarke, sen., father of the preceding witness, swore that he got \$5 from Jerry Collins after the election. Before the polling witness said he was told to see Collins by Joe Hardy. Tom Lewis was in the room in the Norman Hotel when the money was paid over, he said. Lewis was also in the committee-room when the arrangement for the buying of Clarke's vote took place, but at no time had Lewis spoken to him. Witness swore that he was a life-long Liberal, and would have voted Liberal. In the election of 1904 witness got \$5 from Jerry Collins for voting for Hyman.

Albert Bowman, barber, swore he got \$9 and some odd cents for his vote. Jerry Collins and another man made the arrangements before the election. After the election Collins delivered the goods.

To Mr. Robinette, the witness swore that he intended voting Grit anyway, and that the money did not influence him.

"It was Collins all the way in the deal with you?" Mr. Robinette asked.

"Yes," the witness replied. "I dealt with no one else."

In the election of 1904 witness said he was to get \$5, and that the money was paid over by a postmaster, told him the finances had run out, and so he got nothing.

Couldn't Trust Collins.

Murdoch McKay got \$10. He had refused to allow Collins to hold the money, because he could not trust him. Serviss held the money. Collins made the arrangements. Serviss paid the money after the election.

"Way did you hold the money until after the election?"

"I don't know. I always voted for Hyman."

In the Beck-Rumball election witness swore he got \$5 from Serviss.

Mr. McKay swore that he had lost considerable time working for Hyman, and had canvassed for him.

"Didn't you get \$3 from Mr. F. A. Jones?"

"No."

"If his book shows it will you deny it?"

"Yes."

"Did they say if you did not vote for Hyman you would not get the money?"

"No."

Spence Not There.

William Spence, of London West, was again called in court, but he was not present. Mr. DuVermet informed the magistrate that the gentleman is not now in the country.

John M. Graham swore he got \$5 from Jerry Collins in the bye-election. Sam Crockett called him into the committee room, where the witness told Collins and others that he was a Grit and would vote for Hyman anyway. There was another man with Collins when the money was paid over, but witness did not know him.

"Do you know Mulloy?"

"No, I don't know him from a bunch of bees."

"Did they tell you you would not get the money if you didn't vote for Hyman?"

"No."

"What did you get the money for?"

"I don't know. Just a favor, I guess. They had no reason to buy me."

"Did you sign a receipt for \$5 you received in the first Hyman-Gray election?"

"No."

Witness said that in the Beck-Rumball election he was promised \$5 by Collins to vote for Rumball, but Jerry deducted 50 cents and paid him only \$4.50. The money was paid over in Collins' hotel.

Joseph T. Storrie got \$9 for his vote. He was promised \$10 by Jerry Collins before the election. Witness had told the statement some time ago that Tom Serviss was in the room with Collins at the time, but after thinking the matter over, he would not swear that Serviss was the man.

Witness had not talked to Serviss in months.

He swore he had not seen Mulloy before to his knowledge, when Mulloy stood up for identification.

"I am told Collins was not there," said Mr. DuVermet.

"He was there, just the same."

Jerry Collins paid over the money, the witness said. Witness had been told if he voted wrong he would not be paid.

Tom Serviss directed witness upstairs in the Hotel Normandy to get the money.

"You voted the way you were paid to vote."

"No, I would have voted for Hyman under any and all circumstances, and I thought the organization was very bad to pay money to a man who would support Hyman anyway."

Willson Brown swore he got \$50. Joe Hardy told him there was money in it to vote for Hyman. Witness was paid the money after the election. A short time before the election a short man who looked like Collins placed the money in an envelope for him in the Dundas street committee-rooms. Witness did not know who was in the room when the arrangements were made.

When witness went for his money, he asked Lewis where to go, and the latter sent him up to a room upstairs in the hotel. There were three men in the room, one of whom, he thought, was Collins. Jerry said the 50 cents take-off was "to keep something up," but what, Collins did not say.

Henry Edwards swore that he was given \$9. He was met on the street by a man he did not know who called him "Head" and asked him to go to the Liberal committee rooms. He went and was told by a man he did not know that if he voted right there would be \$10 in it for him.

"Do you know Jerry Collins?"

"Oh, you bet I do," said the witness, and the court laughed. Collins paid over the money at Lewis' hotel. Joe Hardy was the man who told him where to go for the cash.

"Who told you to go upstairs?"

"I don't know."

"Don't swear to that," Mr. DuVermet declared. "I have your statement to the contrary. Did you not state in London that Tom Lewis told you to go upstairs?"

"I told Mayor Judd, of London, that," the witness replied, "but I said I was

'PHONE 56

We are always waiting at our end of the line.

When you have a drug store need and are unable to come to your store for it, telephone us, and we will promptly deliver it.

We will send to your home for prescriptions, and deliver the remedy after it is compounded.

Get the habit of remembering Phone 56 whenever you have occasion to think of drugs. An emergency may arise when our service will be of the utmost value to you.

W. T. Strong

CHEMIST AND DRUGGIST, 184 DUNDAS STREET.

not sure as to Lewis. Is that statement here the witness inquired, greatly surprised.

Mr. DuVermet maintained his questioning for some time, but finally allowed the witness to leave the box, without gleaming any further information.

John Crockett swore he got \$5. Witness saw Collins and Lewis in the back of the committee room, where the money was placed in an envelope by Lewis, who offered to hold it until after the election. Lewis told him if he voted right he would get his money after the election. Witness refused to allow Lewis to hold the cash, and Collins held it and paid it over. Lewis told him Collins wanted to see him one day and he went upstairs and was paid.

Witness had given money before election, but did not remember who paid him. Jerry Collins has promised the money to him.

To Mr. Robinette witness said he did not see the envelope go to Collins. In fact, he did not know that the same envelope had at any time gone to Collins.

Jerry Collins occupied the position of prompter today. He sat at Mr. DuVermet's elbow, and as the witnesses were placed in the box, he gave cues to the crown counsel, which he thought would corner them.

The court adjourned at 1:30 until 3 for lunch. It is expected Tom Lewis will be placed in the box this afternoon.

It is also understood that Mr. George C. Gibbons, K.C., president of the London Liberal Association, is to be called as a witness tomorrow.

CONFERENCE ENDS NOT UNANIMOUS

Continued from page one.

Island, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta (8).

"Non-entente—British Columbia (1). So it passed in the affirmative."

"How did you vote?" asked before the conference the following declaration: "I protest that the question of British Columbia's claim upon the Dominion Government for a reference should not be considered by the conference, but that it is a question between the Dominion and the Province of British Columbia."

"Proposed by Hon. Mr. Whitney, seconded by Hon. Mr. Murray: That in view of the large area, geographical position and very exceptional features of the Province of British Columbia, it is the opinion of this conference that the Dominion Government should receive a reasonable additional allowance for the purposes of civil government in excess of the provisions made in the Quebec resolutions of 1902, and that such additional allowances should be to the extent of \$100,000 annually."

"In view of this conference that the Dominion Government should receive a reasonable additional allowance for the purposes of civil government in excess of the provisions made in the Quebec resolutions of 1902, and that such additional allowances should be to the extent of \$100,000 annually."

—Mr. T. F. Harcourt, of Chicago, was in the city last week visiting his sister, Mrs. J. F. Power, 524 Talbot street.

The repairing of the street railway portion of the asphalt pavement will be started tomorrow by the Warren Company. City Engineer Graydon has also been notified that the shipment of 70,000 vitrified brick required to complete the York street pavement is on the way. The brick will arrive here in a few days.

The death occurred in Glencoe on Friday of Mr. J. A. Young, father of Mrs. William Glenoveck and Mrs. D. McDonald, of this city. Mr. Young was well and favorably known in Glencoe, having kept a general store there for many years. Besides the two daughters mentioned, he is survived by Misses Lizzie and Aggie Young at home, and four sons: John, of Montreal; Adair, of Kamour, Alta.; Watson and Norman, at home.

DIED AT SUBURBY.

The police received a telegram at noon today from Sudbury asking them to find the relatives of Clarence Slater, a young man of 26 years, who died in St. Joseph's Hospital there of typhoid fever. Slater is supposed to belong to London. There is no person by that name in the city directory.

TWO RUNS FOR FIREMEN.

The firemen had two runs at noon today. The first was to the Columbia handle works, where a spark from the smokstack had ignited a large pile of sawdust. When the firemen arrived the flames were making their way to the factory. One line of hose extinguished the blaze. Before the firemen had returned to the central station, another alarm came in from Struthers' warehouse. A pile of packing cases in the rear were burning briskly, but the flames were smothered without much difficulty. The loss will be trifling.

THE BIBLE AND ARCHEOLOGY.

The Ministerial Alliance met this morning in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A., the president, Rev. Dr. McCrae, in the chair. Rev. Mr. Bowen acting as secretary. After routine business Rev. J. B. Freeman read an interesting paper on "The Bible and Archeology," in which it was shown that the archeologists had rendered valuable service in unearthing the buried histories of the past. It was also shown how the historical students in the Old Testament had been indicated by these latter day developments.

KEEPING UP THE FAMILY REPUTATION.

The Daily Tribune, of Beaver Falls, Pa., last Saturday favorably mentioned a London boy in the following notice: "A large audience attended the performance of 'Quincy Adams Saw-

50c Corduroy Velvets

This Week Sell At Per Yard ... 39c

COLORS: Navy, Cardinal, Brown, Myrtle, Castor, Cream, Black.

That the clearing of this lot shall be quick and sure, we have made the price unusually low. The velvets are heavy pile, deep, rich colorings. Corduroys are among the popular materials for fall and winter suits and coats for women, as well as for boys' suits and children's coats, etc. Twenty-three inches wide, regular 50c quality, special..... 39c

New Collars, Belts and All Women's Necessaries For The Holiday.

American Novelties in Collars and Belts, selling at..... 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1

Cases of New Hosiery Were Passed Into Stock on Saturday

See them; and while you're wondering at the little prices, keep in mind that quality is always first consideration here.

R. J. Young & Co.

was taken up separately by each province interested with the Dominion. The Maritime Provinces and Quebec recognize that the Dominion is the authority which, by the aid of its fleet, can best administer these fisheries, and moreover, when international questions arise the Canadian Government must date the British Columbia Premier was averse to committing himself. The Premier of Ontario was in a similar position in regard to Dominion control in Lake Erie.

Technical Education.

Technical education, which the Dominion has been asked to take up, was adjudged by the conference to be a purely provincial matter.

As indicated by the resolutions, the provinces will repeal provincial enactments imposing a tax upon commercial travelers.

At one of the joint meetings between the Dominion and Provincial representatives, the Federal Government was requested to scrutinize more carefully the incorporation of purely provincial companies. The Dominion representatives retorted by asking for an equal scrutiny respecting companies on the part of the provinces.

An effort will be made by the treasurers of the several provinces to arrange for a uniform system of levying succession duties. This will be done through correspondence.

CONFERENCE ENDS NOT UNANIMOUS

—The funeral of the late H. J. M. Moore, who died a few days ago at Calgary, Alberta, took place from the residence of his brother-in-law, A. E. Bailey, 241 South street, yesterday afternoon. It was very largely attended by friends and members of the Woodmen of the World, of which order deceased was an esteemed member, as well as of the Metal Polishers' Union, Uniform Ranks of Forest City and Pine Grove Camps attended in a body under the command of Captains Roughley and Higman. Major W. E. Brown acted as grand marshal. Rev. G. B. Sage, rector of St. George's Church, London West, officiated at the house and cemetery.

NEW YORK.

Reported by C. N. Spencer, stockbroker, Market Lane