For the Glad Summer Days

When we first talked of SEMI-READY TAILORING the question of rapidity and time-saving was featured. That is important still, for "finished in an hour" means much. But what means most to gentlemen is the fact which stands forth boldly :—

Semi-ready Tailoring is better, finer and more cultured than any ordinary custom tailor can attain to.

The prices, $15.00, $20.00 and $25.00, are a guarantee of value and quality—and the guarantee in the pocket of a real Semi-ready garment is a cheque on our Bank of Satisfaction.

Toronto: 24 King Street West

Hamilton—J.McClung,46 James N
London—R. C. McLean.
Sault Ste Marie—C.E.Sullivan.
Berlin—V. M. Berlet.
Galt—J. C. Windell.
Windsor—F T. Wickham.
Sudbury—Williams & McBeth.
Ottawa—112 Sparks Street.
Peterboro—A. W. Cressman.
Brockville—Koenig & Co.
Pembroke—Watters & Bodell.
Gaderich—McLean Bros.
Alexandria—Huot & Son.

MIMICO SCHOOL QUARANTINED

Repeated Cases of Diphtheria Cause Inspector to Make Thoro Examination.

Owing to the fact that since last September the Mimico Industrial School has hardly been free from one or more cases of diphtheria, altho none have caused an epidemic thruout the building, the provincial health inspector has practically put the place under quarantine, until he has completed his investigation of the premises.

The annual meeting and demonstrations will be held in Alexandra Industrial School.

At a meeting of the board yesterday, the plans for the new school building were approved and the work of erection will begin at once. Altho the grant received from the government was some $6000 shy of what was requested, the board were delighted, and are not displeased at receiving an additional grant for the balance next year.

Supt. Ferrier reported five boys received during April and two paroled. The total attendance was 208.

The parole of thirty-five boys was recommended as soon as suitable homes or situations can be secured for them.

During the month the following members of the staff resigned: F. Davis, day engineer; A. Prothere, shoemaker; Mr. and Mrs. Reid, officer and matron of No. 1 cottage.

E. Nookes has been appointed as temporary engineer, and W. Pettinger, as shoemaker, and officer for No. 4 cottage.

WEST DISTRICT METHODISTS.

An Increase of Over 800 in Membership is Recorded.

Rev. L. W. Harton suggested yesterday at the conference of Methodist ministers of the western district of the city, that provision be made for separating the parishes of Mimico and Lambton.

Among the recommendations to the conference are: for the getting out of a new hymn book; finding employment for theological students during the summer vacation; for a system of appointing district officers year after year in rotary order—probably alphabetically. An increase of 844 in church membership was noted during the year. Seven churches recorded over 100. The total membership is 8632. The financial statement also showed large increases. The following delegates to conference were appointed: Stationing committee, Rev Dr J F German, with Rev Dr W F Wilson as reserve; Sunday school committee, Rev Dr Hazlewood and Ambrose Kent; Epworth League committee, Rev Dr Boothe and T H Keough; contingent fund, Rev Dr Crummy and Ald Vaughan; sustentation fund, Rev A P Addison and Dr D Lowrey; temperance, prohibition and moral reform, Rev E A Pearson and Dr A D Watson; memorials and miscellaneous, Rev Dr Hazlewood and Dr Couch; Sabbath observance, Rev J T Morris and T J Sproule; church property, Rev Mr Laroyd and Mr G F Marter; state of the work, Rev E G Laker and Pemberton Page; nominating committee, Rev L W Hill and Dr Watson.

Lambton Golf Club.

There will be an all-day handicap competition against bogey on the holiday. Any number of rounds may be played, separate entries being made for each. The first round of the Austin Trophy must be completed by Saturday, the 26th. The regular monthly handicap will be played on Saturday. The team for Hamilton to-day take the G.T.R. at 9 o'clock.

Trinity College Cricket.

Trinity University begin their cricket season to-day on the campus with the Toronto Club. Following is the schedule.

May 24—Toronto at Trinity.
May 25—U.C.C. at Trinity.
May 29—At U.C.C.
May 30—T.C.S. at Port Hope.
May 31—St. Andrew's at Trinity.
June 1—At Rosedale.
June 2—Gordon-Mackay at Trinity.
June 4—At Mimico.
June 6—Parkdale at Trinity.
June 7—At Varsity.
June 9—Ridley at Trinity.

May 30, June 4, 7, and 9, are all-day games.

Two Games With Jersey City.

The Torontos hope to continue their winning streak when they tackle the strong Jersey City team in two games to-day at Diamond Park. The morning game will begin at 10.30 and the afternoon game at 3.30 p.m. Mitchell and Owens will twirl for Toronto. The Governor-General and party will be the guests of the Toronto Club at the morning game.

Amateur Baseball.

The Woodgreen baseball team are requested to turn out this morning to practice at Sunlight Park at 10 o'clock.

The Regents will line up in the following order, in their game with Alexandrias, on the Regent's own athletic grounds, Sackville and St. David-streets, at 10.30 o'clock this morning: Beamish, Foster, Chambers, Croake, Legard, Patton, Sinclair, Clary, Turff and Springel Smith. The members are requested to meet in the club rooms at 10 a.m. sharp, as the president, Fred Hamblin, has a few pointers to give to the members.

The Crescents would like to arrange a game for Saturday with any factory or intermediate team. Address F. Judge, 163 River-street, Toronto.

A game will be played at Bayview Park this morning between the junior Elms and the Independent Elms. The junior Elms will line up as follows: M. Russell, H. Forbes, Masters, P. Russell, Sheehan, Smith, Hodges, King, Abate, Thorn, Jacobs, W. Russell.

The Iroquois and Maple Leaf, jr., will play at the corner of Palmerston-avenue and Bloor-street at 9.30 a.m.

The Baracas will play an exhibition game with A. R. Clark's on the Don flats at 9.30 on Thursday morning. The following players are requested to be on hand: Brown, Parm, Spencer, Greones, Mansell, Gregory, Stacey, Banks, Moore, E. Jones, Thorogood, C. Jones.

George Jewett's Pets will line up as follows in their game with the Ferndales at Langmaid's Farm: Dutch Rummel, c. G. Jewett, p. J. Boston 1b, D. Birmingham 2b, J. Lawless ss, H. Langmaid 3b, J. Slean, lf, D. Hoffman cf, J. Cole rf, R. Simonsky, spare man. Lightweight Foley will umpire the game.

Canadian Northern Railway.

The Canadian Northern Railway gross earnings for the week ending May 21, 1906, are $133,600; from July 1 to date, $4,759,300; as compared with the corresponding period last year, $76,300, and $3,362,400; or increases of $57,300 and $1,396,900, respectively.

PROVIDENCE WERE EASY TORONTO WINNING 5-1

Toronto Won Series From Providence—Thoney Made Home Run and White a Three-Bagger.

Toronto kept up the good work yesterday and took the final game and series from Providence. On the last three games Toronto has made 35 hits, which is certainly going some.

Baltimore beat Buffalo, making a tie for first position, with Newark and Buffalo.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Newark	14	8	.636
Buffalo	14	8	.636
Baltimore	12	10	.545
Jersey City	10	10	.500
Providence	11	12	.478
Montreal	9	11	.450
Rochester	10	14	.417
Toronto	8	13	.381

Games to-day—Jersey City at Toronto, a.m. and p.m.; Newark at Montreal, a.m. and p.m.; Providence at Buffalo; Baltimore at Rochester.

Toronto 5, Providence 1.

Toronto made it three straight yesterday, winning the third game by 5—1, Providence scoring in the ninth. McCafferty and Hardy were the opposing pitchers, and both pitched good ball, altho Hardy began to weaken towards the last. The features of the game were Thoney's home run in the fifth, White's three-bagger in the eighth, and Tamsett's catch, which was labeled a hit. A peculiar incident happened in Toronto's half of the seventh. White and Tamsett were on second and first, respectively, when Long popified to pitcher. Instead of catching the fly Hardy let the ball drop and threw to third, catching White. Kreuger threw to Rock, catching Tamsett, but the double-play wasn't allowed, as it was an infield out, and the players were not touched with the ball. The game was delayed about ten minutets listening to the Providence players kick.

Providence scored their only run in the ninth. Dunn hit over shot and reached second on a passed ball. Brodie flew out to Ronan, Dunn going to third. La Chance walked, but was out at second on Rock's fielder's choice, Dunn scoring when Meek dropped a throw from second to catch Rock. Kreuger flew out to Thoney.

Thoney got a two-bagger in the first, but died at second, as the next three men flew out. There was nothing doing until the fifth, when Thoney hit a low ball for a homer, the ball going between left and centre gardens, hitting the fence.

Toronto scored two in the seventh. White was given four balls. Tamsett was hit by pitcher, and both were safe on Long's infield out, the Providence players not touching the runners. McGovern reached first on Kreuger's wild throw to first, both White and Tamsett scoring. McCafferty filed out to Rock.

In the eighth Thoney opened with a single, going to second on McFarland's slow return, but was out at the plate on Frick's fielder's choice. Ronan singled, but was caught trying to steal second on assists by McFarland, La Chance and Rock. Meek's hit over the pitcher scored Frick, Meek coming home on White's three-bagger to left field. Tamsett walked and stole second, White being out at the plate trying to make the double-steal.

Providence—	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
McFarland, l.f.	4	0	0	2	1	0
Poland, r.f.	4	0	1	3	0	0
Dunn, 2b.	4	1	1	2	3	0
Brodie, c.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
La Chance, 1b.	3	0	2	5	3	0
Rock, s.s.	3	0	0	3	2	1
Kreuger, 3b.	4	0	0	4	0	2
Cooper, c.	3	0	0	2	0	0
Hardy, p.	3	0	1	1	3	0
Totals	32	1	6	24	12	3

Toronto—	A.B.	R.	H.	O.	A.	E.
Thoney, l.f.	4	1	3	3	0	1
Frick, 3b.	4	1	0	0	1	0
Ronan, r.f.	4	0	1	2	0	0
Meek, 1b.	3	1	1	11	1	1
White, c.f.	3	1	2	3	0	0
Tamsett, s.s.	1	1	0	5	2	0
Long, 2b.	3	0	0	1	5	0
McGovern, c.	3	0	0	2	0	0
McCafferty, p.	3	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	28	5	7	27	13	2

Providence	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Toronto	0	0	0	0	1	0	2	2	*	—5

Home run—Thoney. Three-base hit—White. Two-base hits—Thoney, Poland, Hardy. Sacrifice hits—Rock, Tamsett. Stolen base—Tamsett. Double-play—Dunn, Hit by pitcher—Meek, Tamsett. Wild throw—Kreuger. Passed balls—McGovern 2. Struck out—By McCafferty 1. Bases on balls—Off Hardy 2, off McCafferty 1. Left on bases—Providence 6, Toronto 4. Umpires—Campau and Conahan. Time—1.50.

Other Eastern League Scores.

At Montreal—		R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0	4	6	0
Montreal	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3	3	10	0

Batteries—Foxen and Butler; Keefe and Connors. Umpire—Kelly.

At Rochester—		R.	H.	E.
Newark	0 2 3 0 3 0 0 2 0	10	11	1
Rochester	3 1 0 0 2 0 1 0 0	7	12	4

Batteries—Hesterfer and Shea; Shultz and Carrisch. Umpire—Kerins.

At Buffalo—		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 1 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	3	9	0
Buffalo	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0	2	9	1

Batteries—McNeil and Hearne; Brockett and Woods. Umpire—Moran.

Games To-Day.

National League—Boston at Pittsburg.
American League—Cleveland at Philadelphia, Chicago at Boston, Detroit at New York, St. Louis at Washington.

American League Scores.

At Washington—		R.	H.	E.
Washington	1 1 0 0 3 1 1 0 0	7	11	1
St. Louis	2 2 0 0 4 1 0 0 2	10	12	3

Batteries—Smith, Kitson, Patten, Falkenberg, Kittredge and Wakefield; Glade, Patty, Rickey and Sugden. Umpires—Sheridan and Evans.

At Boston—		R.	H.	E.
Detroit	0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 0	3	8	2
Boston	1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2	9	2

Batteries—Killian and Schmidt; Dineen and Peterson. Umpire—O'Laughlin.

At New York—		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	2	6	1
New York	2 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0	4	12	1

Batteries—Walsh and Sullivan; Newton, Leroy and Kleinow. Umpire—Connolly.

At Philadelphia—		R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2	3	10	1
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 3 0 0 0 1	4	8	3

Batteries—Hess and Bemis; Plank and Powers. Umpires—Connolly and Hurst.

National League Scores.

At Pittsburg—		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 x	5	9	0
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	8	1

Batteries—Leever and Phelps; Lindaman and Needham. Umpire—Johnstone.

At St. Louis—		R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 x	3	11	0
Philadelphia	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0	2	1

Batteries—Taylor and Grady; Duggleby, McCloskey and Dooin. Umpire—Emslie.

At Cincinnati—		R.	H.	E.
Cincinnati	1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1	5	2
Brooklyn	0 0 0 1 0 0 0 3 0	4	8	1

Batteries—Fraser and Schlei; Pastorius and Ritter. Umpires—Carpenter and Conway.

Exhibition Games.

At New Haven—Yale 13, University of Pennsylvania 0.

At West Point—West Point 23, Manhattan 2.

At Schenectady—New York University 7, Union College 4.

At Princeton, N.J.—Princeton 2, Dartmouth 1 (11 innings).

At New York—Lafayette 4, Fordham 2.

IRON, NICKEL AND COBALT CHIEF MINERALS OF SUDBURY

More Iron Than Nickel Found, But Sulphur Makes Obstacle.

The report of the provincial bureau of mines, dealing with the Sudbury nickel production, based on a report by A. P. Coleman of the geological survey staff, gives some interesting facts about the mineral productions of the district.

productions of the district.

The ores in the Sudbury mining district are stated to be extraordinarily uniform, most of the ore bodies being made up of three sulphides alone. Pyrrhotite, a sulphide of iron, is present in largest quantities, and contains about 3.21 per cwt. of nickel. Chalcopyrite is found commonly with it, tho in much less quantity. A third mineral is penlbandite, rich in nickel, sometimes to the extent of 35 per cent., which, while not discovered in some mines, in others shows half inch cleavages.

The report says that iron pyrites are not infrequent and that one variety might contain a considerable percentage of nickel, while several other compounds or sulphur and arsenic, with iron and nickel, appear in small unimportant quantities.

Marginal deposits of nickel, which are found at the basic edge of the eruptive sheet along the contact with the underlying rock are irregular sheets of a inches, varying from a few feet to 250 feet, of pure and mixed ore. The report says:

The marginal deposits include the Creighton mine, which may safely be called the greatest nickel mine in the world, having already produced probably more than 500,000 tons of rich ore, and it is supposed from the results of the diamond drilling to have millions of tons in reserve.

Offset deposits, which occur on projections from the basic edge, are irregular in form, as the Stobu mine, from which more than 400,000 tons of ore have already been taken.

"Nickel is a widely spread metal, but very few regions contain its ores in quantities that can be profitably mined. Outside the deposits connected with the great eruptive sheet, pryrhotite with some nickel has been reported from many other points in Northern Ontario, especially at the east and south-west of the main nickel region. Numerous small depsits of pyrrohotite occur near Cairn Centre, southwest of Worthington, and a small amount of work in the way of stripping has been done upon some of them, without important results.

"Much more promising, it is added, are the extraordinary deposits of native silver, cobalt and nickel ores of Coleman Township near Lake Temiskaming, where considerable quantities of one of the richest ores of nickel occur. Mixed with smaltite one finds large masses of nickelite; so that nickel is one of the valuable ingredients of the ore, tho cobalt and silver are of much more importance. Unless much larger deposits of this ore are found, the Temiskaming mines will not prove serious competitors of the Sudbury region is nickel producers.

Statistics of Other Countries.

"The statistics of the nickel production of other countries than Ontario are in a very unsatisfactory state, since there are numerous small mines whose returns seem to be made up in different ways. The most important mining region, New Caledonia, ships almost all its ore raw to various countries of Europe, tho a little of it has come to the United States, also; and the returns of the nickel produced in these countries do not agree with the amount estimated in the raw ore. Some portion of the ore probably remains in stock from year to year, so that the output of Europe should follow the New Caledonia returns after a lapse of perhaps a year for ocean transport and the time needed for smelting and treatment."

Canada's production has grown from 377 metric tons in 1889 to 6348 in 1903, while the New Caledonia figures are 1832 and 4750 tons, and those of the United States 114.60 and 51.80.

Speaking of the uses of nickel the report says:

"Within the last few years several nations have adopted pure nickel instead of the nickel-copper alloy for their coinage, and the pure metal has many points in its favor. It does not tarnish and change color like the alloy; but keeps a bright, attractive color; and, as it is harder, the imprint stands wear much better. It is more difficult to counterfeit, since the minting requires more powerful presses.

"Why should not Canada, the producer of half the nickel of the world, replace her ugly cents by clean, untarnishable, nickel coins, almost as handsome as silver and much more durable? Canada is presently to have a mint, and it should begin its work by coining one-cent and five-cent pieces of pure nickel; making use of a distinctively Canadian metal.

"A new use for pure nickel, which may grow to be of great importance, is in the manufacture of Edison's latest storage battery, which is very much lighter than the old lead storage batteries.

"The uses of pure nickel, other than for coinage, are not at present of great importance, tho various small articles are made from it, but its use in plating iron or steel and zinc is very widespread, on account of the untarnishable white surface it gives; and nickel-plated articles are in use everywhere.

"The value of nickel as the pure metal and in its alloys with copper, zinc and other metals, where the percentage of nickel is considerable, depends largely on its white color, and the fact that nickel has a very high power of impressing its whiteness on alloys in which other metals, such as copper, are in preponderance."

To-Day's Attractions.

With a promise from the weatherman for a bright, warm day, no doubt many Toronto citizens will be on the move seeking to spend the day in the most enjoyable manner possible. The Hamilton steamers Modjeska and Macassa will be on a six trip schedule. Leaving Toronto at 7.30 and 11 a.m., 2.00, 5.15, 8.00 and 11.00 p.m. Leaving Hamilton at 7.45 and 10.45 a.m., 2.00, 5.15, 8.00 and 11 p.m. With such a good service all possibility of overcrowding is avoided. A 50-cent return rate is in force and a ten-trip ticket for $2.

THE STANDARD CIGAR BRANDS OF HAVANA
MADE BY
The Independent Cigar Manufacturers
of HAVANA, CUBA

El Ecuador — Figaro — High Life
Jose Otero — Benjamin Franklin — Lord Nelson
H. Upmann — Romeo y Julieta — Partagas
Punch — Por Larranaga — Castaneda

The above brands are made under the personal control and supervision of the oldest cigar manufacturers in Cuba, thus retaining for each its own individuality.
To be had at all the leading Cigar Stores throughout Canada.

CHAS. LANDAU, P.O. Box 692, MONTREAL, Sole Representative for Canada.

REGINA IS THE CAPITAL.

Saskatchewan Legislature by Vote of 21 to 2 Stands by First Choice.

Regina, Sask., May 23.—(Special.)—By a vote of 21 to 2, the legislature to-day decided that Regina should retain the distinction of being capital of the Province of Saskatchewan.

The city was filled with deputations and agents of aspiring towns and great excitement exists. Premier Scott's organ, The Leader, published this morning an editorial declaring that Regina had had the capital so long, and "what we have we will hold," concluding with an appeal to the Liberal majority to support the claims of this city.

It is said that $10,000 was withdrawn from a local banking institution yesterday in $100 bills, as part of the campaign fund of a northern town.

The result was known in the city generally at 4.15 p.m., and between this hour and 5.30 one real estate firm sold $6000 worth of lots.

TORONTO JEWS ALL RIGHT.

Rev. Maliansky of New York Gives Interesting Lecture.

Rev. Maliansky of New York, known as the greatest Yiddish orator in America, gave a stirring lecture at McCaul-street Synagogue last night to a large audience, under the auspices of B'Nai Zion Association. He spoke on the future of the Jew, contrasting his past. He congratulated Toronto Jews on their standing in the community and drew a vivid picture of the conditions of the New York Ghetto, where three-quarters of the Jewish population of the metropolis eked out an existence. Several musical selections were given by Chanter Shorr and his choir.

MAKING LOVE IN SPAIN

Introduction is Easy, But Courtship Somewhat Difficult.

In Great Britain the first obstacle in the path of lovers—that of the "introduction—is usually the greatest. In Spain, on the other hand, this is the only easy step thruout the entire affair. The Spanish girl (who never leaves the house except under the guardianship of a married relative or a trusted family servant) sits on her balcony, or leans invitingly forth from an upper casement, waiting for the lover who, she whispers to herself, will assuredly come.

In very many cases, more so than in England, he never does come, but her enthusiasm does not diminish, altho, as her hopes become thin, her rouge may become thicker. Should a passing young man catch sight of the expectant beauty, and find his heart pierced with the wayward arrow, all that is necessary for him to do is to lift his hat and plunge into conversation.

Should the meeting happen while the young lady is taking the air with the customary duenna, he follows at a respectful distance. In England he would be condemned as a cad, but in Madrid they look at things from another point of view.

If the young lady approves of his appearance, she may turn her head and glance in his direction. In this case he smiles, and should she smile in return, all is well. He need do no more than follow her home, take a note of the house, and wait beneath the balcony until she makes her appearance. Young men are seldom refused in Spain, for the reason that young men are scarce.

Whatever may be the young lady's opinion about the matter, it is thought that she ought to consider himself most fortunate that a young man should even condescend to seem interested in her matrimonially, and in refusing his offer of marriage she is flouting the benevolence of Providence. In fact, in many Spanish countries there are but two choices before her—marriage or the convent.

The beauty of the Spanish women is generally exaggerated. The English girl walks abroad in the daylight, so that all may see her and appraise to the full her meed of good looks. The Spanish girl is seldom seen under those rigorous conditions. In the streets, during the daytime, on the rare occasions that she is to be seen there, her face is usually half-swathed in a mantilla. One catches glimpses of her profile thru windows ajar, or surveys her by the help of the moonlight, as, tricked out in all the adornments which she so well understands, she leans from a distant balcony.

The beauty whom we only half see we always believe to be more charming than really, and with their coquettishly concealed features, the Spanish women have gained a reputation for good looks which they do not deserve.

The Spaniard himself, like the men of other nationalities, is a dashing fellow enough when courting, and, by virtue of tradition, he has at all times a certain taking swagger.

When people in England think of a Spanish courtship they fondly imagine to themselves some dark-eyed, ruby-lipped, black-haired beauty leaning languorously from her bedroom casement, and gazing in sleepy admiration at the swarthy, handsome face of her lover below, his features so well set off by fierceious moustaches and a wide, flapping sombrero. Often, too, they endow him with the brilliant vests, rainbow sashes, and marvelous knee-breech of the bull-ring. Between the pauses of the conversations, carried on in the beautiful musical undertones of the Spanish tongue, he reaches for his ever-ready guitar.

There may be such scenes as these in Spain, but, if so, they are on the stage. The appearance of the average Spaniard is prosaic in the extreme, principally due to his lack of means, because Spain is, on the whole, a poor country. The beautiful Spanish tongue is generally marred in the mouths of the population by the terrible local dialects. The guitar is very seldom in evidence on these occasions, and it is usually the lady who does most of the talking, while the man smokes innumerable cigarets.

In England, for a considerable portion of the year, the young couples are compelled to go indoors and seek the intermittent solitude of the family drawing-room, or gather what consolation they can out of lingering good-nights in draughty doorways. But open-air courtships are possible all the year round in the genial Spanish climate.

In the early days of a Spanish courtship the young man is not permitted to enter the house. There are three distinct stages in a Spanish love affair. In the first the participants are styled "pretendientes." In this stage they may be said to be considering things generally and estimating each other's good and bad qualities.

Subsequently, after an apprenticeship to each other by means of the balcony for a few months, they are known as "novios." In the third and last stage they become "comprometidos."

Then the young man is permitted to enter the house, altho he is not, however, even yet allowed to be alone in his sweetheart's company. The closest approach that he can make is to sit at one end of the parlor sofa, with his "novia" at the other end—and the father or mother in between—and to talk conversational nothings about the outrageous price of vinegar.

Shortly after this they are married, for a Spaniard's sense of honor does not permit him to draw out of the contract, even if he were thus inclined, for in doing so he would almost irretrievably ruin the girl's prospects of obtaining a husband.

As in France, it is the ambition of every Spanish father to give his daughter a dowry, and he invariably does his best to send the young couple off with a handsome donation. After marriage they cease to be interesting, for Spanish wedded life is very quiet and uneventful, a condition largely assisted by the complete submission of the wife to her husband's will. In Spain an undutiful wife is disgraced in the sight of the whole community, and she is practically unknown. Spain has its advantages.

The Barefoot Boy.

John Greenleaf Whittier.

"Cheerily, then, my little man,
Live and laugh as boyhood can!
Tho the flinty slopes be hard,
Stubble-speared the new-mown sward,
Every morn shall lead thee thru
Fresh baptisms of dew.
Every evening from thy feet
Shall the cool wind kiss the heat;
All too soon these feet must hide
In the prison cells of pride,
Lose the freedom of the sod,
Like a colt's for work be shod,
Made to tread the mills of toil
Up and down in ceaseless moil.
Happy if their track be found
Never on forbidden ground,
Happy if they sink not in
Quick and treacherous sands of sin.
Ah, that thou couldst know thy joy
Ere it passes, barefoot boy!"

HOME-SEEKERS' EXCURSION
ON
Illinois Central Railroad
FROM JUNE TO NOVEMBER, 1906

All South and West and Northwest and Southwest Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, including New Orleans. For above states first and third Tuesdays each month. Tickets good thirty days. Liberal stop-over arrangements.

One Fare Round Trip, Plus $2.00

Reduced rates and excursions every Tuesday, June to November. Twenty days' limit to points in Iowa, Minnesota, Dakota and all Canadian Northwest. See your local agent, or write

G. B. WYLLIE, 305 Main Street, Buffalo, N.Y.

MR. LANGTON'S PROMOTION.

Wm. J. Langton has been appointed superintendent of the Dominion Transport Company. He will have charge of the company's teams in Toronto, London and Guelph.

Mr. Langton's promotion comes after eighteen years' service with the company, in which he has served from "the lowest rung." For some years he has been foreman. His step higher has brought him general congratulations.

In Toronto, the Dominion Transport Company has 125 teams; in London, twenty-five, and in Guelph, ten.

THE PSYCHOLOGICAL MOMENT.

New York American: "When ought a politician to retire?" said Senator Thomas C. Platt yesterday, in response to a question by an American reporter. "He ought to retire when he feels good and ready."

Just an Old Fashioned Woman.

She's just an old-fashioned woman,
who attends to her duties as they come,
Without any noise or fuss about it;
She is kind and neighborly, and lends
a hand in way of work or play;
She is the idol of her household and
her dominion is home,
Where she reigns by the divine power
of love,
And her heart never grows old.

She's not overly ambitious; she doesn't
speak in meeting, nor bother
about having a vote;
She never attends a caucus, or yearns
for a career;
But she is the apple of the eye of all
the little folks and the big folks
who know her;
And they think there's nobody like her;
And they run to her to share in their
joys; and when sommows come
Or death's dark shadow looms across
their path they crave her loving
sympathy.

At such an hour the old-fashioned woman went down one night
To answer the urgent cry of a young woman
Suddenly bereft of her mother by the pitiless hand of death;
And the young woman, running to meet her, in her agony and despair,
Fell on the old-fashioned woman's motherly bosom
And lay there all night, clinging close to her heart,
Presently falling fast asleep (like a baby in its mother's arms), forgetting her tears;
And in the morning awoke, comforted and strengthened.

Was the old-fashioned woman tired, sitting up all night in the chair holding the young woman in her arms?
Nobody knew; not even the old-fashioned woman herself;
She had merely helped a fellow-creature who was in trouble, and that rested her.

Wherever the old-fashioned woman goes, she's like the sunshine dispelling the gloom.

Even the beggars and tramps, homeless and outcasts that they are,
Find a friend in the old-fashioned woman,
And they never go hungry or discouraged from her door;
For she does not reproach them for their shortcomings,
Nor grudge them the glorious sunlight and the illimitable air;
Nor forbid them the songs of the birds and the music of the winds in the trees.

And, maybe, the blessings of God these poor outcasts invoke upon her
Are heard in the Courts Above and will stand to her credit there
When the records are full helpful deeds
ment is pronounced on the Great Day.

—David M. Johnson.

Chester, Pa., May 10.