concession 8, township of Eastnor, E.B.R., for the price or sum of \$350, payable as follows." (The times and mode of payment of the purchase money are then stated.) "The party of the second part is to have five years from the date hereof to cut and remove said timber, having the right to make roads and go in and out of the said property during the said term."

Jamieson Johnston did not register this assignment in the office of the Superintendent-General, nor has it, nor have any of the assignments made under it hereafter referred to, been so registered.

On the 2nd March, 1902, Jamieson Johnston assigned and transferred all his interest in respect of the said timber and land to his brother Robert James Johnston, and on the 16th December, 1902, the said Robert James Johnston assigned and transferred all his right and interest to another brother, Samuel Johnston, the defendant.

A part of the timber mentioned in the assignment to Jamieson Johnston has been cut and removed, but there is a substantial part of it remaining uncut upon the land.

On the 15th November, 1900, the said James W. Freckleton sold, assigned, and transferred the land, this lot No. 8, to the plaintiff, Thomas John Bridge, his heirs and assigns forever, and at the trial it was admitted that this conveyance had been duly registered in the office of the Department of Indian Affairs, with the Superintendent-General on the 29th November, 1900. Freckleton had contracted to sell the land to one Bosley, who had contracted to sell it to the plaintiff. It was agreed that Freckleton should convey and assign to the plaintiff, instead of having two conveyances, and the conveyance was accordingly made directly to the plaintiff. At the time this was done, and of course before the plaintiff registered his conveyance, both Bosley and Freckleton told him that Jamieson Johnston had the right to cut timber on the land until the spring of 1902, but there was not anything said about any assignment or transfer from Freckleton to him, and it is not shewn that the plaintiff had notice or knowledge of such an assignment or transfer till long after the registration by him of the transfer to himself.

The defendant was proceeding to cut and take away timber from the lot in the spring of 1903, when the plaintiff brought this action.

Section 43 of the Act provides for the keeping of a book by the Superintendent-General for registering, at the option