

Dr. LAVELL seconded the motion.

Dr. GRANT thought that it would be better to take Dr. Geikie in as a member of the Council. He would therefore move, "That Dr. Geikie be this afternoon admitted to the Council and allowed to take his seat."

Dr. HYDE thought that such a course as Dr. Grant proposed would have the effect of placing the Council in a most humiliating position, and he was strongly opposed to it. They had taken a certain course yesterday, and they should uphold it.

Dr. W. CLARK said that no matter what the expense might be they should contest the matter, and see what the position of these schools was as regards the representatives from them. They had had a letter from lawyers before they had had time almost to discuss the matter thoroughly, and it was not to be supposed that this Council is to be bullied by any legal parties into doing anything which they have any doubt about.

The motion of Dr. McLaughlin, which was seconded by Dr. Lavell, was then carried.

THE RECIPROCITY QUESTION.

Dr. ALLISON, as intimated yesterday, moved his resolution regarding the reciprocity between British and Canada Medical Faculty.

The following is the motion :

That as the Medical Council of Great Britain at a recent meeting has signified its intention of conceding the principle of reciprocal medical registration between the Colonies and the Mother Country, the recognition of which principle is hailed by this Council as one fraught with mutual advantage to the two countries. That as soon as that body is empowered by Imperial Statute, and gives effect to the said statute by the passing of a by-law or otherwise, that upon this Council receiving due notice of which, the same reciprocal privilege will be accorded to the registered graduates and licentiates of the parent country, who may desire registration in the Province of Ontario on paying the usual fees. And that a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the Registrar, duly authenticated by the seal of this Council, to the Medical Council of Great Britain.

Dr. HYDE gave some explanations regarding the motion, on which

Drs. CAMPBELL, McLAUGHLIN, LAVELL, AIRKINS, &c., gave their views in regard to the

question of reciprocity; these being in effect that the motion if carried would have an injurious effect on the Ontario Medical Council. The principal part of the discussion had special reference to the matter of registration, the Imperial Act of Great Britain calling on the colonies to register all applicants who present themselves from the Old Country.

The PRESIDENT said there was one point they seemed to avoid reference to. They have an Ontario Act to guide them in the question of registration, and he would say that if any one would register under an Imperial Act while he had an Ontario Act to guide him he ought to be lynched.

Dr. BROUSE thought that the Medical Faculty here have a right to deal with their own educational matters independent of the Acts passed in Great Britain.

Dr. BETHUNE supported the views of Dr. Brouse.

Dr. Allison's motion was then put and lost by a majority of 21 to 3.

Dr. ALLISON then put the following motion :

That in consequence of the widespread feeling of dissatisfaction that exists among the members of the medical profession throughout the Province with the manner in which the medical examiners are annually appointed, it is hereby resolved that in future no member of the Council shall be appointed to that office, but that the appointment of the medical examiners shall be made from among the qualified members of the profession outside the Council; that five of the examiners be chosen from among the members of the College of Physicians and Surgeons in the territorial divisions who are unconnected with any of the teaching bodies or schools of medicine, and the remainder from among the said teaching bodies or schools of medicine, or other qualified bodies now or hereafter existing in the Province of Ontario.

After Dr. W. Clark had spoken on the motion it was put to the meeting and lost by 20 to 4.

Dr. W. CLARK thought it necessary that they should now have some place of their own to meet in. The County Council had been kind in letting them have their Council Chamber as a meeting place, but they could not always have this. He therefore moved, seconded by Dr. Grant,

That the Executive Committee be asked to