pinc. Oull plank, all widths, at \$18 per M. B. O. fir dimensions up to 82 ft at \$28 per M. 88 to 40 ft \$30, 41 to 60 ft \$36 \$1 per M extra for each 2 in over 12 in width or depth.

\$28 per M, 38 to 40 ft \$80, 41 to 60 it \$36. \$1 per M extra for each 2 in over 12 in width or depth.

Boards—1st common, red pine, \$25, 2nd common, red and white pine, \$16.50, 3rd common, red and white pine, \$16.50, No. 1 cull pine or spruce, \$14, No. 2 cull \$9; epruce boards, \$10.50, \$1.50 per M extra for stock boards. \$2 per M less for 6 to 8 feet and under. No. 1 box, 14 inch and up, \$30, No. 2 box boards, 14 in. and up, \$30, No. 2 box boards, 14 in. and up, \$22. Extradressing \$2 per M.

Siding, flooring and ceiling—2nd, 4, 5 and 6 inch, white pine, \$28; 1st and 2nd, 4, 5 and 6 inch white pine, \$28; 1st and 2nd, 4, 5 and 6 inch red pine, \$25; 4th, 4, 5 and 6 inch red and white, \$21; cull siding red and white, \$16; B.C. No. 1 and No. 2 edge grain flooring, 3, 4 and 6 inches, \$26; B. C. No. 1 and 2 fint grain flooring, 3, 4 and 6 inches, \$21; 144, 11-2 and 2 inch, \$1 per M mere than 1 inch. B. C. No. 1 and 2 fir ceiling, 1 inch, \$26; B. C. No. 3 fir ceiling, 5-8 inch, \$25; B. C. No. 3 fir ceiling, 5-8 inch, \$25; B. C. No. 3 fir ceiling, 5-8 inch, \$25; B. C. No. 2 ind 2 fir ceiling, 6-8 inch, \$30; No. 3 fir siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 2 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 2 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 2 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 1 siding, flooring and ceiling, \$86; B. C. Spruce No. 2 siding, flooring and ceiling, No. 1, 6 to 9 ft, \$34; B. C. cedar ceiling, No. 1, 5.8 in, 10 to 16 ft, \$32; B. C. cedar ceiling, No. 1, 5.8 in, 10 to 16 ft, \$33; B. C. cedar ceiling, No. 1, 5.8 in, 10 to 16 ft, \$33; B. C. cedar ceiling, No. 1, 5.8 in, 10 to 16 ft, \$33; B. C. cedar ceiling, No. 1, 5.8 in, 10 to 16 ft, \$32; B. C

Bevel siding-No. 1 white pine, \$26; No.

Bevei siding—No. 1 white pine, \$26; No. 2 red and white, \$28. Shiplap—Pine, 6 linch, \$18.50, 8 and 10 inch, \$20; spruce, 8 and 10 inch, \$19, 6 inch, \$18; pine and spruce culi shiplap 8 and 10 inch, \$17; do., 6 inch, \$14. Shingles—B. O. cedar, per M. No. 1, \$2.75, No. 2, \$2.50; B. O. cedar dimension shingles, \$4; B. O. cedar dimension shingles, \$5. Lath—Pine lath, No. 1, per M, \$2.75; No. 2, \$2.40.

No. 2, \$2.40.

Lauranine tach, No. 1, per M, \$2.75;
No. 2, \$2.40.

Finishings-1 1-4, 11-2 and 2 inch—White pine, 1st and 2nd clear, \$40, 3rd clear, \$55, selects, \$42, shope, \$24, red pine, clear, \$40, selects, \$32, B. O. cedar clears, up to 12 inches, \$33; B. O. fir edge grain No. 1 stepping, \$48; No. 2, \$42; B. O. fir fine fining up to 12 inch, \$43; No. 2 do. \$36; B.O. fir finining up to 12 inch, \$38; do. over 12 inch, \$44; \$5 per M advance on 21-4 inch and thicker One inch—White pine, 1st and 2nd clear, \$50, 3rd clear, \$45, selects, B \$35, selects 0 \$30, red pine clear \$40, selects \$30; B. O. cedar clear \$46. B. C. fir finishing, up to 12 inches \$38; do. over 12 inches \$44.

Uak—Red and White-1-4 sawed. \$85;

up to 12 inches \$38; do. over 12 inches \$44.

Uak—Red and White—1-4 sawed. \$85; 1st and 2nd, \$60 to \$65; common \$40.

Mouldings and Base—Parting strips, 100 feet lineal, 60c; lattice, 1.2x1.2, 100 feet lineal, No. 1 75c; No. 2, 50c; 1-2x1 3-4, 100 feet lineal, \$0.2 inch no. 1 1-2 inch lineal, \$1.25, ditto 2 inch lineal, \$1.50; 1-4 round and 7-8 cove, 75c; 11-2 inch mould, \$1.50; 2 luch mould, \$1.50; 2 luch mould, \$1.50; 2 luch mould, \$1.75; 2 luch mould, \$2.50; 4 inch mould, \$2.75; 4 luch mould, \$3.55; 5 inch mould, \$2.75; 4 luch mould, \$3; 5 inch mould, \$3.25; 6 inch mould, \$4.50; 6 inch window stool, 1 luck, \$1.50; 1 luch casings, \$2.25; 5 inch casings, \$2.75; 6 inch casings, \$2.25; 5 inch casings, \$2.75; 6 inch casings, \$3.25; 8 inch base, \$4.25; 10 inch base, \$5; 12 inch base, \$7; hand rail, 2x4, \$3.50; walnscot can, 2 l-4 inch, \$2.35, 3 inch sould 50 per cent. Hardwood mouldings made from 1 l-4 stock add 25 per cent; 1 l-2 add 50 per cent. Hardwood mouldings or mouldings to detail at special prices.

IMPLEMENTS.

IMPLEMENTS.

The implement trade is quiet at the noment. The demand for implements for the spring trade has been supplied and goods for the harvest trade are not yet in immediate call. Binder twine is steady. It is doubtful if there will be any further advance this

PAINTS, OIL AND GLASS.

White lead maintains its strength white lead maintains its strength here and the prospects are for an advance. Window glass is also very firm. Lineed oil is the only weak commodity in the market. Large offerings of English oils in other markets. and a threatened invasion of this field has led to a reduction of 2c and further reductions are expected next week. Turpentine is very scarce. In fact there has been no turpentine for sale by pealers for two or three weeks. It is said that not a barrel is to be muo in the city. For quotations see market page.

EAW FURS.
Spring rats are coming in plentifully. It is said that stocks of these on hand are quite large. The trade in furs generally is active although Winnipeg is not getting so many as in former years owing to the larger amount of buying at primary points. Prices remain unchanged as given elsewhere in this issue.

SCRAP MARKET.

The market for scrap is There is a good demand for all kinds of old materials, especially iron Rub-ber is not so firm owing to the unexpectedly large receipts. ber is not so firm owing to the unexpectedly large receipts. We quote prices f. o. b. Win-nipeg as follows: No. 1 cast nipeg as 10100WS: No. 1 cast tron, free from wrought and malleable, \$10 per ton; No. 2, do., \$1 per ton; wrought iron scrap, \$4 per ton; No. 1 stove plate, \$1 per ton; copper bottoms, 8c per pound; new copper wire 9: per pound; red brass, 8c per pound; yellow brass 6c per pound; light brass 1 20 per pound; light brass 4 1-2c per pound; lead pipe or tea lead, 21-2c per pound; zinc scrap, 1-2c pound; rags, country mixed, 50c to 60c per cwt; clean, dry bones, 30c per cwt; rubber, boots and shoes free from arctics and rivets, 3c per pound.

GRAIN AND PRODUCE

WHEAT-The wheat markets have this week seen more interesting developments than for some time past. There had been a looking forward to the U.S. government crop report to be issued on the 10th of the month, with even a keener interest than the monthly report is always looked for. But in the present instance, it was well known that the development of well known that the development of crop damage in the winter wheat states, had been exhibited in a much higher degree, during the period subsequent to the gathering of the information making up the April report, which gave the condition as 77.9; and as the most sensational crop damage reports had been daily circulated in April, there was an especial degree of interest attaching to the government report for May. For the government report for May. For day or two previous to the 10th, the markets almost stood still in the hesitation of dealers either to buy or sell. When the report was issued, it was found to give the condition of winter wheat on May 1st as 76.2, on an acreage reduced to 25,900,000 acres, as against 77.9 on April 1st, on an acreage of 29,930,000 acres, the difference in acreage representing the quantity estimated to be killed or ploughed up. The acreage of 25,-900,000 acres with condition 76.2, is calculated to indicate a yield of 311,-000,000 bushels, compared with last year's yield of 380,000,000 bushels on 25,700,000 acres. Another fresh cir-cumstance affecting the American

wheat trade is the strike of the grain wheat trade is the strike of the grain shovellers at Buffalo. A large fleet of grain laden vessels is lying in Buffalo harbor writing to be unloaded, and until the strike is settled, shipment of grain via Buffalo will be obstructed, and the usual course of trade very much disturbed. This is detrimental to the value of grain in the west, and taken along with the government report, which is seemingly not deemed very bullish, it is the west, and taken along with the government report, which is seemingly not deemed very bullish, it is matter for remark that prices have not declined to a greater extent chan they have. As it is, values show a decline of only 1c per bushel from a week ago. The winter wheat croy in the States shows improvement since the first of the month, under extreme-ly favorable weather. The Cincinnati Price Current said on Thursday: "Re-cent conditions about as favorable as could be for wheat and other crops. Winter wheat indications 300,000,000 to 310,000,000 bushels, possibilities higher. Spring crops getting a good start, but belated." Crops in Europe continue to present a satisfactory appearance. Argentine shipments this appearance. Argentine shipments this week are reported as 2,184,000 bushels, against 2,800,000 bushels last week, and 824,000 bushels same week last year. India is shipping freely of her new crop to Europe. Australian shipments are falling off, not for lack of wheat, but the farmer there having supplied his immediate money wants, is now holding back from marketing. Russia continues to ship moderately, but visible stocks in that country are more than double ship moderately, but visible stocks in that country are more than double at same time last year. World's shipments last week were 8,820,000 bus The world's visible supply increased last week 1,486,000 bus. On May 1st the world's visible amounted to 139,909,000 bus, as compared with 111,229,000 bushels on May 1, 1898; an increase of 28,680,000 bus, over last year. year.
The local market has been dull with

The local market has been dull with little disposition for trading until the the United States government report was published, when there was at once developed a desire on all sides to sell wheat. The price of 1 hard spot Fort William, ranged in the forepart of the week from 72c to 72 1-2c On Wednesday afternoon, after the report was known, basis 1 hard was freely offered at 72c, but very little changed hands, buyers only offering 71 1-2c. On Thursday morning the American markets opened lower, but advanced, and some sales were but advanced, and some sales were made of straight 1 hard at 72c, but after markets had closed at a decline of 2c from previous day, 1 hard was freely offered at 71c without tempting buyers. Yesterday 71c was about the prevailing price, some sales of basis 1 hard were made at 70.3-4c spot Fort William, but after outside markets closed with a little advance, 71 1-4c was bid for straight I hard. Sales on basis 1 hard are usually now made with a spread of at least 1-4c under straight 1 hard, but straight 2 hard or 1 northern will not fetch more than within 3 f-2c of 1 hard; 3 hard, 2 nor-thern and 1 spring sell at about 6 1-2c under 1 hard. Dried 2 hard and 1 northern have been offering at 63c, and dried 2 northern was wanted yesterday at 62 1-2c.

FLOUR-Quotations this week are: Oglivies—Hungarian patent, \$1.80; Glenora, \$1.60; Manitoba strong bakers, \$1.30. Lake of the Woods—Patent, \$1.80; strong bakers, \$1.60; second bakers, \$1.25; XXXX, \$1 per sack of 98 pounds. Discount of 5c ner sack to dealers.

MILLFEED—Bran and shorts con-