Other manufactures of iron or steel	Great Bri	tain .	United States.
Leather and manufactures of Lower and manufactures of Wood and manufactures of	261,201 361,692		\$1,989,755 1,468,882 1,471,789 911,121

Values of domestic produce exported from Canada in 1902:

Produce of the mine	\$34,947,574
"heries	14,143,294
" forest	4,469,489
Animals and their produce	59,161,209
Agricultural products	37,152,688
Manufactures	46,118,031

Note.—In the foregoing table the following articles have been taken from "The Mine" and "The Forest" and added to "Manfactures," viz.:—refined oil, salt, ashes, laths, palings, shingles, shooks, staves, headings, and sawn lumber.

Total......\$196,019,763

Distribution of Canadian products exported in 1902:-

Great Britain	66,567,784	- 46	. 52·33 38·32 9·35
Total	\$196,019,763		100.00

TRADE IN TRANSIT IN BOND.

The following shows the value of merchandise imported into and exported from Canada through the United States from and to foreign countries during 1902:

	Imported.	Exported.
Great Britain		\$42,576,582
Total British Empire	13,415,052	44,860,785
" other countries	8,898,699	3,332,065
Total	\$22,313,751	\$48,192,850

Total imports and exports in bond \$70,508,601.

Value of merchandise received from foreign countries for immediate shipment through Canada in bond and transhipped at the Port of Montreal in 1902:

•	Received from	Shinned to
Great Britain	\$188.545	. \$3.817.346
United States		923,059
All countries		. 11.382.567

The following shows the total value of principal articles of merchandise exported from and imported into Canada in

Countries.	Exports.	Imports.	Totals.
Great Britain	\$117,320,211	\$49,435,388	8166,755 609
United States	71,197,684	129,794,147	200,991,831
Australasia	2,940,247	157,237	3,097,484
British Africa	3,842,070	15,806	3,857,876
British East Indies	47,137	1,593,505	1,640,642
British Guiana	506,086	171,141	677,227
British West Indies	1,974,379	1,531,152	3,505,531
Newfoundland	2,381,082	1,118,567	3,499,649
Argentina	527,727	448,623	976,350
Austria-Hungary	3,287	241,382	244,669
Belgium	2,444,450	1,665,675	4,110,125
Brazil	496,006	463,609	962,615
Central America	17,315	26,100	43,415
Chile	68,297	13,494	81,791
China	277,309	489,441	766,750
Denmark	106,360	8,837	115,197
Danish West Indies	105,186 •		114,087
Dutch East Indies		706,794	706,794
Dutch Wost Indies	14,033	None	14,033
Franco		6,915,383	8,304,231
French West Indies	25,639	228	25,867
Germany	2,692,578	10,919,994	13,612,572
Greeco	9,518	220,518	230,036
Hawaii	16,921	15,292	32,213
Hayti	52,720	2,192	54,912
Holland	320,241	841,045	1,161,286
Italy	236,899	704,209	941,108
Japan	293,277	1,503,731	1,797,008
Mexico	82,605	109,334	191,939
Norway and Sweden	100,828	60,621	161,449
Portugal	105,495	138,519	244,014
Russia	49,018	104,463	153,481

. Countries.	Exports.	Imports	. Totale.
Spain	\$161,823	\$813,411	\$975,234
Cuba	649.115	264,689	913,804
St. Pierro	204,312	83,489	287,801
Switzerland	15,173	781,833	797,006
Turkey	23,041	201,103	224,144
American West Indios	477,470	263,687	741,163
Colombia	23,310	None	23,310
Uruguay	95,251	292,804	388,055
Venezuela	3,858	62,303	199,99
Totals	\$211,296,822	\$212,192,147	\$423,488,969

CANADIAN FUEL.

The coal areas of Canada are estimated at 97,200 square miles, not including areas in the far north known but as yet undeveloped. These are (1) the fields of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick; (2) those of the Northwest Territories; (3) those of the Rocky Mountains, and, (4) those of British Columbia.

The coal areas of Nova Scotia are about 635 square miles in extent, and are divided into the Cape Breton, the Pictou and the Cumberland Basin. There are no known seams in New Brunswick of sufficient magnitude to be worked successfully in competition with the Cumberland mines. The workable thickness of the Cape Breton area is from 25 to 60 feet; of the Pictou area at least 70 feet, and of the Cumberland area 30 feet. If the workable area of hese deposits is reduced say one quarter to 300,000 acres, and the average thickness to say 25 feet, on the basis of 1,000 tons to the acre for each foot in thickness, the amount of coal in the Nova Scotia measures is seven thousand million tons.

There are no coal measures from New Brunswick westward until Manitoba is reached; and the coal areas of that province are estimated at 15,000 square miles. They yield lignite only, of a very good quality.

The coal areas in the Rocky Mountains, though small, measured by miles, contain much coal of the best quality, that in the Crow's Nest Pass being very rich. Several seams of anthracite of excellent quality have been discovered there.

Dr. George M. Dawson gives the following estimate of the coal areas in British Columbia: The Nanaimo basin, approximately 200 square miles; the Comox basin, approximately 700 square miles; the Queen Charlotte's Island, rough approximation 800 square miles, and the tertiary lignite-bearing rocks in other parts of the province south of the 54th parallel of latitude, a rough approximation, 12,000 square miles. Anthracite in 3-feet and 6-feet seams, comparing very favorably with that of Pennsylvania, have been found in Queen Charlotte's Islaud.

The total production of coal in Canada in 1902 was 7,639,-255 net tons, of which 1,817,534 tons, valued at \$4,867,083 were exported, the domestic consumption of domestic coal in that year being 5,821,721 net tons.

The imports of coal and coke into Canada for home consumption, and the values thereof, in 1902, were :-

	Quantity. Tons.		Value.
Anthracite	1,652,451		\$7,021,939
Bituminous	3,047,392		5,712,058
Dust and slack	489,548		264,550
Coku	267,142	• • • • • •	842,815
Total	3,804,533		\$13,841,362

The production of coke in Canada in 1902, (none of which was exported), was 506,466 net tons, valued at \$1,538,030, which, with the domestic production consumed at home-5,821,721 tons, valued at \$15,544,095, should be added to the imports as above, which would place the total quantity of The state of the s