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EIGHTH YEAR — THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 22, 1887. — PRICE ONE CENT

THEY THREATEN BALFOUR.

PLOTS AGAINST THE IRISH SECRETARY'S LIFE SAID TO BE AFOOT.

Harrington, Who Has Brutally Bulled the Witnesses at the Mitchellstown Inquest, Asks for Protection Against Press Comment.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—A special cable despatch to The Mail and Express from London says: Mr. Balfour is receiving numerous menacing letters, which threaten him with personal injury, and many communications which purport to reveal the existence of plots against his life. Other members of the Government have been the recipients of similar missives in less number. The police are taking every precaution to defend the Executive and officials.

The Leaders Consulting.

DUBLIN, Sept. 21.—The proclamation of the National League makes it criminal to convoke, hold or publish meetings, or do anything in connection with the league. The branches of the league were not prepared for the proclamation, not expecting it so soon. The Nationalist leaders are hurriedly consulting as to what measures shall be taken.

A Meeting Prevented by the Police.

LIMERICK, Sept. 21.—The Poor Law Guardians of Limerick arranged to hold a meeting to-day for the purpose of considering and condemning the conduct of Rev. John Delmege, a large landlord in Limerick county, for harshly evicting tenants unable to pay their rents on his estates. Delmege's friends, however, circumvented the guardians so that when they arrived at the workhouse they found it surrounded and guarded by armed police, who refused to permit the meeting to take place.

Sturdy Dennis Moving Upward.

DUBLIN, Sept. 21.—Mr. Kilbride, who accompanied William O'Brien to Canada on his tour against the Marquis of Lansdowne, was to-day elected without opposition to represent South Kerry in the House of Commons.

Comments of the Press.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Daily News, commenting on the proclamation of the league and its branches, says: "This marks the final suppression of the political influence of the Liberal-Unionists. They will henceforth be slaves, not masters, of the Government."

The Standard says: "The law is now a reality. Power has passed away from juries of perjured partisans. Dillon and his kind are naturally anxious to sustain the errors of the league. We do not disguise from ourselves the fact that the struggle will be a sharp one."

The Dublin Freeman's Journal says the localities in Ireland proclaimed yesterday by the Government are those in which the most sweeping evictions have taken place, and argues that these localities have been selected because the landlords are losing the fight they alone provoked.

They Will Not Obey the League.

DUBLIN, Sept. 21.—The members of the league in the proclaimed localities are uniting for common action. They will hold a number of meetings on Sunday in defiance of the law.

At a meeting of Kilkee carmen to-day it was resolved to defy the league's orders not to drive the police. The carmen afterwards drove the police to and from the Moveen evictions.

Mr. Edmund Dwyer Gray, M.P. for Dublin, will leave on Sept. 28 to make a tour of America.

Gladstone on the Mitchellstown Riot.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—Mr. Gladstone has written a letter to a Glasgow Liberal in which he deplores the grave action of the Irish police against the people of Mitchellstown, and what is still worse, the approval of those acts by the Government. He continues: "I trust the country will not be slow to condemn that indecent approval, given without awaiting the result of the inquiry, and whereby discourage a repetition of the proceedings it was eminently calculated to promote."

What O'Brien Will Do.

CORK, Sept. 21.—Wm. O'Brien states that in the event of his being sentenced to imprisonment he will absolutely refuse to wear the prison garb or to perform menial offices, as a protest against the treatment of political prisoners as common culprits. He will resist such treatment to the last, he says, even though his life be sacrificed. Mr. Dillon will visit him to-day. Mr. O'Brien maintains a cheerful demeanor. He receives daily bouquets and presents of fruit, game, etc., from ladies of Cork. The mayor and municipal authorities, clergymen and other distinguished residents of Cork will attend the trial in order to show their sympathy with him.

Harrington's Offensive Conduct.

MITCHELLSTOWN, Sept. 21.—John Dillon testified to-day as a witness of the Mitchellstown riot on Sept. 9, in the inquest over the victims of the police firing.

Mr. Harrington complained that a Dublin paper had declared that the police would be justified in making him acquainted with the peculiarities of a horse-pond. The language he said was an incitement to the police to commit violence, and the court should not permit such language to be used with impunity.

Mr. Murphy, while not justifying the course of the paper, considered that Mr. Harrington, by calling Sergeant Ryder a murderer and villain, provoked comment. Such language had never been uttered without meeting reproof in any court in the civilized world.

Mr. Harrington retorted that he should continue to use the same language.

The coroner deprecated the retort.

Witnesses were called who defended Mr. Harrington's attitude.

Sergeant Ryder was recalled. In the course of his testimony he said: "Mr. Harrington called me a murderer, scoundrel and ruffian, and said he would kick me off my chair."

Mr. Harrington: "I call you a liar: in addition to scoundrel when you make such a statement, and I will call you murderer again before I have done with you, and I will get for you the punishment of a murderer."

Getting Ready for the Fray.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—President Coyne, of the Street Car Employes' Association, says that in anticipation of the West Division Company refusing the demand for increased wages, the men have agents engaging vehicles of all kinds to the number of 200, with which to furnish transportation for the public when a strike is inaugurated to-morrow. The strikers will work gratis, turning the fares collected into their treasury. About 1200 men will be involved.

Mooney, the Bomb-thrower, Indicted.

NEW YORK, Sept. 21.—Thomas J. Mooney, who threw an explosive on board the steamer Queen, has been indicted by the Grand Jury. The indictment has two counts, one charging him with arson in the second degree and the other alleging that he damaged the vessel with some explosive. Mooney was arraigned in court to-day to plead. As his lawyer was not present the case went over.

The Sultan Has Not Approved It.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 21.—The Sultan has not approved the Turkish Ministerial Council's proposal contained in the circular to the Powers that a General selected by Russia and Turkey jointly be sent to Bulgaria, with power to restore order in accordance with the terms of the treaty of Berlin.

The Exeter Theatre Fire.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The coroner's jury in the case of the victims of the Exeter Theatre fire has rendered a verdict that they came to their death through an accident, but blames the architect of the building for not providing sufficient means of exit, and censures the authorities for not having this defect remedied.

Diamonds.

Cash paid for second-hand diamonds, rubies, sapphires, emeralds, pearls, opals. Diamonds bought and sold on commission. Our prices are the lowest. Bros. & Co., 5 Leader-lane, Toronto.

THE HALLETT SCANDAL.

The Pall Mall Gazetted Colonel Apparently a Bad Man.

LONDON, Sept. 21.—The Pall Mall Gazette continues to attack Col. Hughes-Hallett, and to insist that he maintained criminal relations with Miss Selwyn. This afternoon's Gazette says the young lady was accustomed to call him father and that he often declared that he regarded her as his child. In addition to this charge The Gazette alleges that Hallett successfully used his influence on the young lady to induce her to will her fortune against her own family and child.

Hallett's host at a country house, the paper adds, discovered the nature of the intrigue between the Colonel and Miss Selwyn, who was with him, and expelled Hallett instantly from the house, setting his luggage in the street at 2 o'clock in the morning and leaving the Colonel there with it. Afterwards this same host telegraphed Mrs. Hallett as follows: "Your husband is a villain and I have turned him out from my house."

Col. Hughes-Hallett denies the charge made against him in The Pall Mall Gazette this afternoon. He states that during the life of his wife Miss Selwyn always resided with her guardians or with relatives, that she never called him father, and that he never regarded her in the relation of a daughter. He denies knowing anything about her will, and declares that he did not even know she had made a will and that he never knew she had made a bequest to him. The country house incident, he says, has been wrongly stated. He refrains from saying what occurred at the place, but gives his host's name.

THE GALWAY MOONLIGHTERS.

Widow Sexton Tells How She Was Persecuted by the League.

GALWAY, Sept. 21.—The gunboat Orrell, while conveying the prisoners concerned in the killing of Constable Whelan to court for trial to-day, grounded two miles from shore. The accident caused great confusion. The prisoners, heavily ironed, were placed in boats with difficulty and rowed ashore, watched by a double guard. The demeanor of several of the prisoners showed that they would risk their lives on the merest chance of escape.

At the inquiry to-day Widow Sexton, mother of the farmer whose house was attacked by the prisoners, stated that after the ban of the league had been placed upon them they could not get food or other necessaries of life in the locality; that nobody was permitted to work for them and that she was watched incessantly in order that people might be prevented from speaking to her. She identified only one of the moonlighters, having seen him pull his mask off at the time of the attack.

Cleveland to Visit the West and South.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The President and Mrs. Cleveland will leave next week for an absence of three weeks in the West and South. They will be accompanied by no officials, the other members of the party being the President's Private Secretary, Col. Lamont, and two personal friends of the President, Mr. Wilson S. Bissell of Buffalo, N.Y., his former law partner, and Dr. Joseph D. Bryant of New York, who was a member of his military staff while Governor.

The U.S. Treaty with Spain.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 21.—The Department of State furnishes for publication the memorandum of an agreement between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Spain, for reciprocal and complete suspension of all discriminating duties of tonnage of imports of the United States and the Islands of Cuba and Porto Rico, and all other countries belonging to the Crown of Spain, upon vessels of the respective countries and their carrees.

Locked Up on a Charge of Murder.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 21.—Officer Weeks of Louisville came here last night and asked the assistance of the police in arresting Geo. Williams, colored, on a charge of murder. He has made a statement that two colored men, Geo. Hood from Columbus, Miss., and Wm. Carroll, Nashville, Tenn., came to him last February and proposed to do a robbery. They went to a neighbor and putting him on guard on the road, Hood and Carroll went in and killed six of the family and came out with money and jewelry. He got nothing but a pair of pants and a pair of shoes for his share.

An Anarchist Circular.

CHICAGO, Sept. 21.—A circular of deep red anarchistic tendencies is being circulated in Chicago. It is headed, "To the workingmen of the United States and North America." It denounces the action of the Supreme Court in holding the decision of the lower court in the Anarchist cases. The circular refers to Capt. Bonfield as "the notorious police bandit," and villifies Judge Gary without stint. The circular is signed, "The Federation of Trades Unions," and was printed in New York. Police Capt. O'Donnell telephoned this afternoon all over the city to have all persons found distributing the circulars arrested.

Recognition of a Brave Act.

WINDSOR, Ont., Sept. 21.—The Windsor Town Council has passed a resolution instructing the Police Committee to take official recognition of the brave act of Officer Nash in jumping into the river and saving the lives of three persons and trying to save the life of the fourth on the night of Aug. 1. It appears to be the intention of the Council to give him a medal and eulogistic address. The councillors spoke in terms of praise, and it was suggested that the matter be brought to the notice of the Humane Society in Ottawa.

Prohibition Campaign in Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 21.—The prohibition campaign, which is now at its height, is arousing the greatest interest throughout the state, and is producing greater excitement than any election since the war. The state will vote on an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the sale or manufacture of spirituous, malt or vinous liquors. The election will take place on Sept. 29.

Express Robbery at Quebec.

QUEBEC, Sept. 21.—A bold robbery occurred at Levis last night. It seems that the agent, as is the usual custom, placed within a box in the express car an envelope containing $300. He had barely turned his back when some unknown person or persons entered the car, broke open the box with a wrench and made good their escape with the amount. The sleuths are on the track.

A Calamity Averted.

PEORIA, Ill., Sept. 21.—On the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway last night it was discovered by a section foreman that a bridge over a chasm fifty feet deep had been burned out. He went one way and flagged the passenger train, while his wife stopped one on the other side.

A Whirl Through the Rapids.

MONTREAL, Sept. 21.—The officers of Her Majesty's ship Tourmaline, on invitation of the harbor commissioners, went up the Lachine Canal and down the rapids on the steamer Filgate to-day. The trip was much enjoyed.

It's All Up with Zolander.

CABUL, Sept. 21.—On Sept. 7 a battle was fought near Mukur between the insurgents and forces of the Ameer. The latter were victorious and captured Zolander, the leader of the defeated army.

Nominations in Charlevoix.

ST. PAUL'S BAY, Que., Sept. 21.—Cimon, Ministerialist, and Tremblay, Independent Conservative, have been nominated for Charlevoix County. The election comes off on Sept. 29.

The Liberal Gets the Seat.

HALIFAX, Sept. 21.—Justice Hensley delivered judgment at Summerside, P.E.I., to-day in the protested election case of Hackett v. Perry, confirming Mr. Perry, Liberal, in his seat.

Alive Bullard sells seven Stonewall Jacksons or Heroes, for 25 cents; also 10-cent El Padres for 5 cents.

UNITED STATES NEWS.

"Already 8000 signatures to the petition asking for clemency for the Chicago anarchists have been obtained.

Bankers in Chicago and Pittsburg do not complain of scarcity of currency. It is believed that New York brokers are trying to induce the Treasury to purchase bonds with a view to causing a rally in stocks.

The body of Lillie Hoyle, who disappeared from Webster, Mass., on Sept. 7, was found yesterday in a barn near Oxford. It is believed she was murdered and her body taken to the barn and concealed.

William Thompson yesterday concealed himself near the house of A. J. Thompson, Louisa, Ky., and shot down members of the family, one fatally. His victims were his cousins. The murderer escaped.

WHISTLES AND REVOLVERS

NEW EVIDENCE AT THE PRIESTMAN INQUEST LAST NIGHT.

The Adopted Daughter of Deceased as a Witness—A Low-sized Man Who Whistled Twice—Suicide Said to be Impossible—The Enquiry Adjourned.

The inquest touching the death of the late Joseph Priestman was resumed in the Council Chamber, Parkdale, yesterday evening, but did not attract a large audience; not that the interest in the case has abated, but because the experience of the previous night taught the public that there was "no admission except on business." A great deal of importance was attached to the rumor current during the earlier stages of the case as to mysterious and significant whistling heard in the vicinity of the crime on the night preceding the finding of the dead body of deceased. Witnesses were examined last night who testified to having heard some person giving a whistle, supposed to be a signal for mischief, and also as to shots fired, but the mystery was not cleared up. The inquest was adjourned until Friday evening, when it is hoped that some fresh light will be thrown upon this important feature of the case.

Miss Etta Heney deposed to Mr. Badgerow: I am the adopted daughter of the late Mr. Priestman, and have been living with Mr. and Mrs. Priestman since. On Aug. 25 I was at Lawyer Stevenson's with my sister Alice, and returned about 9.30, when there were at home my sister, mother, father and Mr. Putman. I was present when Mr. Priestman left, and when leaving he said he was going to see a man near the Subway. I went to bed about 10.20 o'clock, at a time when Mr. Putman was in his room. At about 12 o'clock mother awakened us and said: "Girls, pa is not in yet." I said I thought it was all right, as he had often been out that late. I did not get up, but sister Alice did, leaving me alone. I afterwards heard some knock up Mr. Putman about 2 in the morning, and say that pa was not in yet. I was with Mr. Priestman at the office about 8.30 that morning, and returned home at about 11 o'clock. While in the office Mr. Herbert Page called. Mr. Page I believe belongs to Welland. Mr. Page and Mr. Priestman were talking about a typewriter. Mr. Page left the office before I did, and I was not there more than half an hour. I heard pa say that he had taken Mr. Page's (our neighbor's) child home the day before. The child is about 2½ years old. I was present when Mr. Priestman's dead body was brought in, and was at the time in mamma's bedroom. I don't think mamma saw the body until Saturday morning, when we went to see it together. I never heard Mr. Priestman had made a will previous to his death, and heard him say that his sister had died without a will.

Mr. Badgerow: Did he exhibit any anxiety that you are aware of?

Witness: Not in the least. I remember having seen pistols—all of which were kept in the bedroom, the large one in the bed.

Mr. Badgerow: What were the family relations between Mr. Priestman and the family?

Witness: They were of the most agreeable nature. I am quite sure the large pistol was not bought since we came to Toronto. I got carfare for myself and my sister on the morning I was in the office, and noticed that Mr. Priestman had a roll of bills.

Mr. Badgerow: Did you ever see Mr. Priestman use the pistols?

Witness: Yes, about ten or twelve years ago. I noticed that Mr. Priestman took the notes from his pants' pocket, and that he wore his watch and chain.

Police Constable Wm. Leith deposed: On the morning of Aug. 26, about 5 o'clock, I viewed the dead body of the deceased in company with Constable Smith. When I went down the body was on the sidewalk, the head was east, and the left foot was over the right one. The walking stick was between the legs, the hands were stretched downwards, the coat and vest were open, and the bosom of the shirt exposed; the hat was about four feet north of the sidewalk. There was a pocket knife and bottle on one side and papers scattered about. There was blood about, chiefly opposite the left shoulder. The blood was on the papers, but I did not notice that it was under the papers. The papers on which I noticed the blood were to the left side of the head, which was hanging over the sidewalk.

To Coroner: I went on duty about 10 o'clock, and saw no suspicious characters lurking about. I was on King-street that night between 10 and 12 o'clock. I heard no shots. When I saw the body I did not examine as to whether there were stains on the hands or otherwise. My impression was that the deceased had put the revolver to his mouth and shot himself. The pants pockets were turned inside out.

Joseph Edmonds swore: I live on Rose-avenue, next door west to Mr. Priestman's house. On the evening in question, about 11 o'clock, I was on the corner of Euclid-avenue and Robinson-street, and took a street car home. I got off the car at Queen-street and walked down the avenue. As I turned the west corner I noticed a person turn the east corner. I passed him and having gone a little distance, he passed me. I walked on fast and passed him again, and as soon as I got to the Home of Incurables I heard him whistle twice. I kept a watch ahead, thinking I would see some one else. When I got near the railway I heard him whistle three times, and getting alarmed I ran home rapidly and got into my house all right.

Mr. Badgerow: What sort of a man was this?

Witness: He was a low-sized, thick-set man, but I did not know him. I had sold out my business and was selling up that evening.

Coroner: Did you hear any shots that night?

Witness: I did not. I did not see any one ahead as I ran, nor did I know that I was pursued.

A juror: Was the whistling answered?

Witness: I did not hear any answer. At the Subway two men got on to the car but I did not see them leave.

A juror: Did you speak to any person in your own house as to what you had heard or seen?

Witness: I did not, because I thought they might laugh at me for being scared.

Mr. L. Sneider (a juror): "I don't know whether I should mention this fact or not. My son was down from Guelph that day practising rifle shooting, and he told me that on his way home he heard a man whistle. This was on the night in question, at Dunn-avenue. He turned round, and did not hear the man whistle again."

Witness: Did he say that the whistle was with the mouth or with an instrument?

Mr. Sneider: He did not say.

Witness: I will swear that it was from an instrument.

Thos. Henry Philips deposed that on the night of Aug. 25, while going to his home at 64 Elm-street, he heard a shot. This was about 9.50 or 10 o'clock.

James Shannon swore that at about 10.30 on the night, Aug. 25, he heard a shot from his house at Prospect-avenue. Shots were so frequent about the place that he paid no attention to it. He had notified the Deputy Reeve and Constable Smith about the shooting in the district, as he did not consider it safe to pass the Commons during the evening owing to the practice of boys of firing shots there.

To a juror with us said that he had spoken to Mr. Priestman about 7.30 on the evening of Aug. 25. He seemed to be in good spirits at the time.

Mr. Charles Priestman, brother of deceased, deposed that he lived in the County Welland, and had last seen his brother alive at his sister's funeral, about two weeks before his death. The deceased was naturally of good spirits, without any tendency to despondency. Some fifteen years ago he witnessed a will for his deceased brother. There were other wills made subsequently. He had made a search for wills and found a few (produced). One was on May 22, 1886, but not signed; another in June, 1887; a third (signed) in July, 1879. In each of the wills his wife and brothers were made executors, and they were all of the same nature.

Witness: I might here make a statement, if it is admissible as evidence. Detective Murray told me, and said I might make the statement here, that from the position in which the body was found it would have been impossible that it was a case of suicide. I was asked if there was any insanity in the family, and I now say not. I am one of the executors of his will, and I say there is personal property enough to clear all his liabilities and leave some to boot. His outstanding accounts, so far as I know, are not over $300 or $400.

To a juror: I believe the property is mortgaged at Parkdale. It is valued at $6000 and mortgaged at $3000 or $3500. My brother was a right-handed man and quite temperate in habits.

The enquiry was adjourned until to-morrow evening.

THE WORK OF TRAIN ROBBERS.

Thirty Thousand Dollars Taken From an Express Car on the Texas Pacific.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Sept. 21.—Masked men boarded the Texas and Pacific east bound express engine last night as it pulled out of Benbrook, a small station twelve miles west of here. One of the robbers entered and cleared out the safe, and then went into the mail car. Every registered letter in the car was secured by the robbers. The work was done in ten minutes. The train was a through express from San Francisco, and the booty secured is placed at $30,000. The same train was robbed on the same trestle last June. Guards were in the passenger coaches, but they were left over the trestle. No attempt was made to molest the passengers.

ECONOMY IN FUEL.

A New Process by Which Waste Coal is Used—Recent Experiments.

From The New York Post.

Improved methods for obtaining artificial heat are always a subject of interest, and experiments in this direction are being made all the time to get heat at as low a cost as possible. The manufacture of water gas has been very successful, and as it can be produced at a very low price, without the nuisance of ashes and smoke, it is growing in favor and efforts are being made to run it into houses to be used for heating as well as for lighting purposes.

Another method of heating which is rapidly making its way, if the promoters of it are to be believed, is the pulverized coal process. A company has been formed in Philadelphia within a short time, and within the next sixty days the process will be ready for general use. The claims made for the method are many, and if one-half of them are well founded there can be no doubt of its success. One of the company said to-day: "In this country there are about 20,000,000 tons of coal annually wasted, being no use for the total coal mined. It is estimated that ½ per cent. of waste is made by blasting and handling, and 6½ per cent. is wasted in the breaker. Many attempts have been made to utilize this immense amount of wastage, and until now nothing has been successful.

"Until now only a very small quantity of this fine dust has been used. The requisites for success are, first, simple and efficient machinery to reduce the coal to dust at a very small cost; second, reduction to an impalpable powder; third, an automatic supply of coal dust and air, each capable of being regulated at will; fourth, the reduction of the coal and the simultaneous feeding of it with air into the fire box with the same machine; fifth, the intimate mixture of the fine particles of coal dust with air, so that each particle shall be surrounded by air as it enters the fire box, thus insuring complete combustion.

"These conditions have been completely fulfilled by a new process. The method of using the dust is as follows: The coal, no matter what size it is, is fed into a pulverizer, by which it is ground to an impalpable powder. This is done by means of the friction of the particles, one against the other. After the coal is ground it passes through the pulverizer, and on coming out falls into a blast made by air from a blower, which sends it through a nozzle into a combustion chamber underneath the boiler. This combustion chamber has to be specially constructed, and will last about as long as the ordinary one where coal is used. The arch will last a year and the side walls two years. The supply of coal dust and air is automatically regulated, and complete combustion is the result. No smoke escapes from the chimney, and there is no loss of heat in this way. We feel confident that at least thirty-five per cent. of fuel will be saved by using the machines.

"In Philadelphia the past month, experiments have been made with this process in the Harrison safety boiler works, and the engineer made the statement that where 1400 pounds of coal per day were used under a small boiler, at a cost of $3 per ton, 900 pounds of dust were used at a cost of about $1 per ton. The machine for that boiler only costs about $165, and he thinks there will be no difficulty in the head, which was hanging over the sidewalk.

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A FIGHTING PARSON.

The Part a Methodist Minister Took in a Melee at Burlington.

HAMILTON, Sept. 21.—Rev. Solomon Cleaver is the Methodist minister in Burlington. Like most Methodist ministers, he is an ardent Scott actor, and does what he can to have the act enforced. In assisting the officers of the law yesterday, the reverend gentleman got hurt. Some time ago a Scott Act warrant was issued against young Peter Zimmerman, but somehow the young man always contrived to elude the officers of the law. Yesterday he and his brother Levi were threshing at Edward Thomas' place. In the midst of their work they were disturbed by the appearance of two constables from Milton, who were accompanied by Wesley Crooker, a Burlington man, and Rev. Solomon Cleaver, who was armed with a heavy stick. One of the party went into the barn and said to the brothers, "There's somebody outside wants to see Peter." So Peter went outside. He had hardly got out of the door before the two constables, without showing their warrant, pounced upon him and began to choke him. Young Peter Zimmerman is a big, brawny fellow and he fought the constables savagely. The fight was a fierce one, and the constables were undoubtedly getting the worst of it. They called on Crooker for help, and Crooker piled in. Levi Zimmerman grabbed Crooker and pulled him out of the scrimmage.

When Levi was hauling Crooker off, Rev. Mr. Cleaver struck Levi in the face. Levi drooped Crooker and turned towards the minister. Mr. Cleaver raised his stick threateningly, but Levi wrenched it out of his hand and hit him over the head with it. While the constables' auxiliary forces were thus engaged and unable to help them, Peter broke away from their grasp, and ran. It is said that while Peter was running, Rev. Mr. Cleaver shouted to the constables, "Shoot him! Why don't you shoot him?" Mr. Cleaver went to a doctor and had his head dressed. Levi threatens to prosecute Mr. Cleaver for assault.

The Plays at the Theatres.

To-night Miss Cora Tanner opens a three nights' engagement at the Grand in Robert Buchanan's play, "Alone in London." Miss Tanner is not only a beautiful woman but is also one of the best actresses on the American stage. The play is strong, with magnificent scenery. Everybody should see "Alone in London." Matinee on Saturday.

"True Irish Hearts" has worked its way into the affections of the many patrons of Manager Shaw's Toronto theatre. It will be played here for the remainder of the week. Next week's attraction is Miss Frances Bishop in the "New Muggy Landing."

The plays which Rosina Vokes and her company will present at the Grand next week and the days are: Monday and Tuesday, "The Widow's Device" and "A Double Lesson." Wednesday and Thursday, "Which is Which?" "A Double Lesson" and "The Circus Rider." Friday and Saturday nights and Saturday matinee, "Which is Which?" "My Milliner's Bill" and "The Circus Rider."

Mr. F. H. Torrington's orchestra commence the season's work this evening in the Philharmonic Hall, on a new selection of music. A large number of applications for membership have been received and a good muster is expected.

Wanted—A Couple of Missionaries.

Editor World: The Board of Trade of the town of Napanee, having had the question of commercial union presented under their auspices by E. Wiman, Esq., are desirous that the same question from the opposition point of view should also be presented to the people of this vicinity. I am instructed therefore to ask you to kindly suggest the name of some one or more gentlemen opposed to commercial union, whose services could be secured for the accomplishment of the object the Board of Trade have in view.

Yours, etc., J. E. Emory,
Secretary Board of Trade.

Napanee, Sept. 20, 1887.

The editor of The World will be very happy to suggest the names of some gentlemen to present the arguments against commercial union at the proposed meeting, but before doing so he would like to hear from some of the many readers of The World who are interested in this question as to what gentlemen would be most fitted by reason of their intimate knowledge of the Canadian side of the question. Will the anti-C.U.'s on the Toronto Board of Trade to appoint a couple of themselves to handle the subject at Napanee. Will Mr. Cumberland or some other gentleman see to this.

Sewall—Vickers.

A fashionable wedding took place at St James' Cathedral yesterday afternoon, when H. Sewall, Professor of Physiology in Ann Arbor University, was united in marriage to Miss Josephine Vickers, daughter of Mr. J. Vickers. The ceremony was performed by Canon Dumoulin. The bride looked lovely in a costume of white velled francaises, trimmed with Limerick lace, orange blossoms in her head, wreath and veil. Miss Ethel Vickers, sister of the bride, Miss Tench of Chippewa, and Miss H. M. Vickers, cousin of the bride, in white cashmere, with veils of tulle. The bride was also accompanied by three little girls, the Misses Ridout, Fitzgibbon and Grindly, who all wore white dresses. The groom was accompanied by his brother, Douglas Sewall of Ann Arbor.

After the ceremony a reception and dejeuner took place at the residence of the bride's parents, 150 Adelaide-street west. The happy couple left on the 5.55 train for Buffalo, N.Y.

Forgers From Virginia.

A detective and lawyer from Staunton, Va., have been scouring Canada for the past two weeks in search of two carriage builders of that city who are wanted for forging paper to the extent of about $10,000. Their names are Charles E. Clinedinst and George M. Bowdell, who are in partnership until March last, and they were in partnership until March last, when they were forced to fly. Detective Wilkes came to Toronto and afterwards went to Brantford, where he captured Clinedinst on Monday, and through a clever ruse of Detective Bowdell was run down in Orillia yesterday. The Inspector telegraphed to three central points—Lindsay, Peterboro, and Orillia—giving full particulars, with the result that Bowdell was found working at his trade as a carriage builder. Both gentlemen will be extradited.

They Don't Want a Drill Shed.

A dozen or more ratepayers of St. John's Ward met on Tuesday night and passed resolutions protesting against the erection of a drill shed on the Osgoode-street site. The meeting favored the McLean property, off Peter-street, or failing that, St. Patrick Market Square, as a suitable location for the building. All St. John Warders opposed to the erection of an armory building in their midst will meet at 49 University-street on Monday evening next and march in a powerful body to the City Council, where they will make known their grievance.

Capt. Tom Brown Gone.

Everybody who knew him, and their name is legion, will regret to hear that Captain Tom Brown, Q.O.R., is dead. He passed away last night, after a protracted illness which he bore with the fortitude of a soldier and a Christian. Young, popular and kindhearted, Captain Brown, or Tom as he was familiarly called, will be missed in the community where he was born and bred, and will not soon be forgotten. He was the pride, not only of his company but of the regiment. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

Pugilists Caught by the Police.

"Fisticuffs" were pretty extensively indulged in last night, judging from the number of arrests for assault. Charley Phair, the horse jockey, and John Edmonds, 29 Victoria-street, were having a "set to" near the home of the latter, when a policeman appeared and took the disputants into custody. Henry Bond, 122 King-street, and Wm. Leonard, 173 Mill-street, were arrested on a like charge. Michael O'Farrell was also consigned to the police cells on a charge of assaulting a man named Hancock on Kingston-road.

No Lack of Interest.

The St. John (N. B.) Telegraph says of the new Canadian novel "Twok," by Watson Griffin:—"The story nowhere lacks interest, and the sketches of country and village life in Ontario are accurately and pleasingly drawn. If anything there is too much plot and tragedy in the book. On the whole, it may be said that the author gives promise of yet becoming a successful writer of fiction."

The Organ Man Won.

Before Judge Morgan yesterday in the County Court the case of Ferguson v. Russ, a dispute about an organ, was finished, the jury finding in favor of the defendant. Tinning v. Cayley, an old suit to recover a commission on the sale of land, was commenced and will be continued to-day. The list for to-day is: McWhinney v. Shields, Hughes v. Sexsmith, Tinning v. Cayley, Ross v. Bass.

THE CORPORATION'S DEBT.

A LIVELY TIME AT A CIVIC SUB-COMMITTEE YESTERDAY.

Ald. Boustead and Ald. Gillespie Fall Foul of Each Other—The Whole Thing "Done by Dodging and Tricks"—Offensive Expressions Withdrawn—Respected for 22 Years.

A sub-committee appointed some months ago to consider the financial condition of the Corporation and a bylaw to regulate moneys to be borrowed during the year of grace, 1887, to meet current expenditure, met yesterday, Ald. Boustead presiding.

The preamble of bylaw (No. 1800) set forth, that it may be necessary to borrow moneys required to meet the current expenditure of the Corporation until such time as the taxes to be levied therefor can be collected; and sums required by way of interim appropriations for carrying on local improvement works until the cost of said works having been ascertained and bylaws having been duly passed for the same, the said cost shall be raised by an issue or issues of debentures. The bylaw empowered "the Mayor of the city, with the City Treasurer and the Chairman of the Executive Committee, pursuant to Sec. 414 of the 'Consolidated Municipal Act, 1883,' to negotiate loans with such of the city banks as the Corporation is for the time being keeping an account, to place to the credit of the Corporation such sum or sums of money as may be required to meet the current expenditure for the year 1887, until such time as the taxes levied therefor can be collected to meet such advances." Ald. Gillespie, asked why the committee had not been called together before, and claimed that all drafts since the passing of the bylaw were illegal.

Chairman: I don't agree with you there.

Ald. Gillespie: I claim that they were, and that the whole thing was done by dodging and tricks.

Chairman: I call upon Ald. Gillespie to withdraw that expression. Nothing has been done here by dodging and tricks, and I will not sit and listen to such expressions.

Ald. Gillespie: I will not withdraw what I have said. I can prove it. I am here to represent the people, and I say that this whole thing has been done in a hole-and-corner way.

Chairman: There was nothing done in a hole-and-corner way, and I won't listen to such an accusation. I won't sit here and tolerate such language.

Ald. Gillespie: Then you may sit somewhere else, for I say that it is done. I represent——

Chairman: You claim to represent the people, but I know how you act, and what you are here for.

Ald. Gillespie: I am here in the interests of the city, and I won't be bulled or talked down by you.

Chairman: The business of the city was done better before you came here, and it will be done better when you are gone.

Ald. Gillespie: This committee was appointed in April, and should have been called long ago.

Chairman: It was called several times, and there was no quorum.

Ald. Gillespie: I only got one notice, and that was when I was away in New York. If I should have been called ten times if necessary, it was such an important thing, and until you got a quorum.

Chairman: I don't consider it a very important committee.

Ald. Carlyle: Gentlemen, just order pistols for two and coffee for one, and you'll settle this little quarrel at once.

The committee next proceeded to discuss Treasurer Harman's accounts, which showed that the amounts due the several banks doing business with the city on overdraft to Sept. 17, to be as under:

BANKS.	Balance due 31st December, 1886.	Net amount borrowed since.	Overdraft 17th Sept., 1887.
Bank of Toronto	$105,571 00	$235,494 00	$340,065 00
City of Toronto	52,516 00	353,635 00	406,281 00
Imperial Bank	72,029 00	179,892 00	251,881 00
Dominion Bank	41,868 00	19,398 00	61,271 00
Standard Bank	55,654 00	89,232 00	144,886 00
Federal Bank	2,357 00	10,862 00	13,219 00
	$331,381 00	$1,088,283 00	$1,719,664 00

The Treasurer added that as far as his department was concerned he courted the fullest enquiry. He had been consulted by municipal men from all parts of the United States, and would be happy to give any information which he or his books could afford.

Ald. Gillespie complained that he had been accused of pressing the interests of the Montreal Bank, but he denied the accusation in the most unmerciful fashion.

Chairman: You accused me of asking in Council on one occasion if certain figures had been correct, adding, "And been to