AROUND FT. GEORG

Wilkam F. Cooke Spent Thre

Years in District in Charg

of Supplies for the G. T. P.

Surveys

TELLS OF COUNTRY

PLAN RECEPTION OF LEAGUE DELEGATES

LEAGUE DELEGATES

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LEAGUE DELEGATES

Alberni People Aiready Arranging for the life state of the control of the control

whole block of the townsite, was sold to a local man at a good figure and other sales are being made constantly. R. J. Burde, proprietor and editor of the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the new. He has just disposed of his building in Old Alberni and has purchased two lots in the new townsite, where he will build at once.

tariff. Officials of the Pacific Coast Company said that the new tariff of the company, now being prepared at the headquarters in San Francisco, will be based on the new \$15 rate. Schubach & Hamilton will operate the Mackinaw, and it was announced yesterday, will charter two or three other vessels in the Norm tree of

BROHBITION BILL

IN MOVA SOOTIA

The newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and move to the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and the property of the newspaper there has decided to desert the old town and the property of the newspaper there has decided to desert the new towns the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper there has decided to desert the newspaper to the newspaper the has deserted the newspaper to the newspaper the has deserted the newspaper to the newspaper the has deserted the newspaper to the newspaper to the newspaper the has deserted the newspaper to the newspaper

New York's Population

LIMIT BOATS USED BY NORTHERN CANNERS

be uttered. The financial position of British Columbia today was largely the result of the policy adopted and carried out by the saptain.

"Though our views on public matters were so widely divergent," said Mr. Oliver, "I must admit that the province resped a great harvest from his sowing.

"I, in common with the other members, was deeply sensible of this extreme and unvarying courtesy, and no person could ever be more gentlemanly than he. I can sincerely affirm that he stood in the front ranks of those held in the highest esteem by the legislature."

Considers Point Grey tion and Petition of Regarding Rescinding arrest of longs law.

AUSTRALIAN CHAMP

CHICAGO, April 12.-Jack Johnson who began light training here yester-day for his match with Jeffries found the gymnasium too cold for work to-day, and contented himself with an auto ride into the country.

BY POPE PIUS

BY

Considers Point Grey Application and Petition of Loggers Regarding Rescinding of Export of Logs Law

A short emergency meeting of the provincial Executive was held syested and the fight was a series of street lines. The first ten rounds, he weekned in the first ten rounds, he weekned in the street was file and the fight was with meaning of the provincial Executive was held syested on a page all one of the first ten rounds, he weekned in the first ten rounds, he weekned in the first ten rounds, he weekned in the street half, while Lang railled. The first end was representative of the British Columbia at about the same time, I think—some time was 3 to 1 on Burns when the men and the fight was with street was fine and the fight was with street was fine and the fight was will shortly be communitied to the proposed of the proposed and shown him intimately ever since. He was a last pounds and Lang at 188 pounds. The referee was Hugh Michosh, Both men, wore bandages. The first feer was in favor of Burns. Thereafter was fine for manufactured timner to the United States in the latest repeatedly. In the sixth Burns roughed Lang through the ropes and was hooked by the crowd. Lang, however, and shook hands with his opposited by the crowd. Lang, however, and shook hands with his opposited by the crowd. Lang, however, and shook hands with his opposited by the crowd. Lang, however, and shook hands with his opposited by the crowd. Lang, however, and the proposal advanced by the crowd. Lang, however, and the proposal advanced by the crowd. Lang, however, and the proposal advanced by the crowd. Lang, however, and the proposal advanced by position as the bell rang.

In the ninth round Burns punished Lang severely, bit the latter fought bear and rose, responded twice with the right to Burns plainly the well-th, and after receiving a left on the earth of the country. The Australian champlon made a splendid rally in the well-th, and after receiving a left on the earth of the country will be a proposal advanced by the crowd. The Australian champlon made a splendid rally in the well-th, and after receiving a left on the earth of the

mysse without any authorization from any now whatever, and companies to the first residences there. His first residences there which always of the was a very able finance minister. It was a very able finance minister. It was a very able finance minister. It was a very substitute that the supervised in the first residences there which always of the was considered with the parks board of that the first residences there. His first residences there, which always of the was a very able finance minister. His first residences there, which always a very able finance minister. His first residences there, which always of the was a very able finance minister. His first residences there, which always of the which the supervised in the first residences there, all was a very able finance minister. His first residences there, all was a very able finance minister. His first residences there, like was a very able finance minister. His first residences there which the supervised in the first residences there, all was a very able finance minister. His first residences there which the supervised in the first residence was an every able finance minister. His first residences there, all dasses of the first residences there which the supervised in the first residences there. His first residences the residence was the residence which the first residences the very the call with the parks board of the fir

VARIOUS APPEALS

Chlorodyne COUGHS, COLDS,

(Continued from Page 5)

"The laws with regard to assessment and to the collection of taxes, passed during the session of Parliament of 1903-4 and 1905, and which in a very direct way must be recognized as having effected most excellent and beneficial financial reforms, are to be credited to the genius and thoroughness of my late colleague. It was a time of great anxiety for the Government, and Captain Tatlow was always prepared to accept the fullest responsibility that he, as Minister of Finance, was called upon to meet.

Department of Agriculture

"No sooner had the affairs of the Treasury been placed on a stable and satisfactory footing than he turned his attention to the Department of Agriculture, and his work in this branch of the Government stands out today as, perhaps, the most prominent accomplishment in any department of the civil service of the country during many years past. It is hardly necessary to particularize, but one cannot help but recall the great advancement made in horticulture as well as in agriculture under his inspiration.

"The shortage of farm and domestic labor which would appear to hazy been felt all over the Province, had for the past two years been one of Tatlow in political hife for ten years," and Hon. Price Ellison, "and the other day that I was speaking to him in this office, and he told me that he was seriously think-ing of oping into fruit-growing on a large scale in the Okanagan district. I knew Captain Tatlow not only as a public man but just as a man—a man and sportsman. We have hunted together in the wilds. I recall one memorable trip after caribou on the big plateau, when we were out two weeks together in the snow. And you find out the real man in such companionship. Brave to a degree, generous and considerate, he was a true type of sportsman. He was certainly very highly respected in the Okanagan regretted it exceedingly when he left the Cabinet. Personally, no one could have held higher regard for him than myself. He was a man of reticence, but his promise once given w

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New Yorks Population

CAPT. TATLOW

New Yorks April 12—The prediction of the SARTICE April 12—The prediction of the same commentations of the same comm

A visitor to the Coast during the past week was Mr. William F. Cooke who was for three years in charge of the transportation and supply department of the Grand Trunk Pacific surveys for the district lying between Tete Jaune Cache and Bulkley Summit—some 120 miles from Hazelton—until the company's survey work was completed. In conversation with representative of the Colonist, Mr. Cooke, who has naturally gained, from his long experience over so extensive a district, much valuable knowledge of the nature and resources of the f the nature and resources

of the nature and resources of the Northern interior, supplied the following details:

Asked regarding the nature of the country between Fort George and Tete Jame Cache, Mr. Cooke said:

"From Fort George to Giscombe Portage, a distance of 41 miles following the river, the valley on both sides of the river is very wide and covered with timber, mostly spruce, poplar and birch. All the tributary streams, such as the Little Salmon and Willow rivers, have open places on their banks, and indeed the country as a whole, although, as I have said, well-timbered, is largely of a park-like description, with much open space. It is, in the main, much easier land to clear than was the case in Ontario, of which province I am a native. clear than was the case in Ontario, of which province I am a native.

"From Giscombe Portage to Burnt River, a distance of about 200 miles, the river is almost completely smooth with the exceptions of Grand Canon and Goat River Rapids. The country on both sides of the river for the whole length of this distance is very rich soil, though more heavily timbered than the previous section. By this I do not mean that it is a matter of very difficult clearing, but the size of the timber makes it, of commercial value, as it is larger and heavier in this part. The valley is narrower along this section.

along this section.

"From Burnt River to Tete Jaune Cache the country becomes very much more open and more easily cleared."

"How about mineral resources, Mr. Cooke?"

"Well, from Goat River to Tete Jaune Cache the mountains which border the valley through which the course of the river runs have been already found to contain much mineral. Some rich free-milling gold quartz has been found in the shed of the Beaver River, a tributary of the Fraser about 50 miles below Tete Jaune Cache: while at Tete Jaune Cache itself, as is well known, there are, valuable mica deposits.

"Of course, as far as regards settlement, or pre-emption of land from Tete Jaune Cache to the mouth of the Big Salmon Rivan has distance of about 5 miles, this "is lunder fesserve by the Provincial Government for a width of three miles on each side of the river." The Minerals

winth of three miles on each side of the river."

"Is the country from Fort George up the Nechaco River similar in appearance and characteristics." was asked.

"Well, from Fort George up to the mouth of the Stewart River, a distance of sixty miles, this entire valley is excellently adapted for agriculture. For instance, a man on the Nechaco River, about five miles above Fort George—a fair specimen of the general nature of the land—has been raising garden stuff of all descriptions for the past three years without any failure at all through either frost or drought, and has made a good living the whole time off a cultivated area of about three acres."

"Is the land similar on the Stewart River, Mr. Cooke?"

"From the mouth of the Stewart

"From the mouth of the Stewart River to Stewart Lake, a distance of about 100 miles, the country again becomes more open, with clumps of wil-low and poplar; but the land is slight-ly higher than at the confluence of the

ly higher than at the confluence of the two rivers. Stewart Lake is about forty miles long. The land around it is of a very fine character."
"How is the country between Fort George and Quesnel?"
"The distance is about ninety miles, and the river going is first-class. There are a couple on canyons, but nothing to interfere with steam navigation. The country on both sides is also open, having been nearly all burnt off, which makes it very easy to clear. All this land is well adapted for agricultural settlement."

tural settlement. "How do you find the winters?"

The Weather "The longest spell of really cold weather I have seen in my experience there was about three weeks. The vold at that time was about the same a temperature as is the case in winter in the prairie provinces; but the timber protects one from the wind, and, in the prairie provinces."

in the prairie provinces; but the timber protects one from the wind, and, the cold being dry, little inconvenience is experienced. There is any amount of good water everywhere."

"And, Mr. Cooke, after four years' experience, what is your opinion of the country as a whole, from the point of yiew of settlement and investment?"

"Well, I consider that the valley of the Fraser is fully equal in climatic advantages and agricultural possibilities to the valley of the Ottawa river in Ontario, where I was born; while, in the matter of minerals, both metallic and coal, the Fraser river country is far in advance.

"Another thing that strikes a person process."

"Another thing that strikes a person is the number of places you can reach so easily and cheaply by water; not merely by steamboat, but by canoe and other small boats. It is an ideal country for getting around in—you can go to almost any place that strikes a person is the property of t

country for getting around in—you can go to almost any place by boat from Fort George. It is not too hot in summer, and I personally have never suffered from the cold."

"Can you give any particulars regarding the coal deposits?"

"Yes; there is good coal reported on Bear River, about forty miles from Fort George, which is being developed. There will, without doubt, be an ample supply for all needs as soon as operations are more advanced.

"Taking the country as a whole, I would sooner make my home there than any place I have ever been in it seems to me that, with mineral in every mountain, with a most fertile soil, and with abundance of wood and water and a fine climate, the biggest things can be confidently expected from this country as soon as it begins to get settled, and means fo transportation are secured.