

## TOWN ORGANIZATION FOR FOOD PRODUCTION.

Address given at the Board of Trade.

The object in forming the Agricultural Committee of the Board of Trade is to assist in directing the effort of the citizens of the Town of Kentville along the line of greatest agricultural production. That our resources should be fully made use of is apparent, and without doubt organization, no matter how imperfect, will be an aid in getting about a full utilization of our energies.

The aim present is to offer a few suggestions as to how our resources may be organized. It is for this Board to aid the committee by giving such as may lead to an efficient organization.

Production effort may quite properly be divided into two classes, that confined to small areas within the town, and that on farm areas which, for the most part, are outside the town.

It should be recognized that production on farm areas is of far greater consequence than on small lots in our towns, if that our first duty is to furnish all the labour possible for work on the farm, where maximum production cost is possible.

Production within the town should be carried on by the energy available after the want of business have been satisfied. Production within the town to take labour that should go to the country is not advisable. Hence the need for exercising the greatest care in avoiding the employment on small town lots of men or horses that could be used to better advantage on larger areas.

Horse and man labour for town production should be that which it is possible to release from time to time from the necessary town occupation, and which, owing to its temporary and uncertain character, could not be employed to profitable

production on the farm. With the above thought clearly in mind, labour in our town may be classified as follows:

1st.—That available for working the farm.

2nd.—That available for working the home garden.

3rd.—That available for working the procurable town lots.

4th.—That available for putting in areas of wheat or producing farm lands.

In an endeavour to obtain information we must recognize the fact that it is entirely up to the individual to decide into which group he can serve best.

It is a time when the Patriotic trend of our citizens will be clearly set forth. He cannot, however, very well get out of being enrolled in one of these classes.

First group—The ones in this class may agree to give one or more days work a week when most needed, or give up their holidays to necessary farm work.

They may give their horse or horses, the town people being content to employ such horse help on days unfit for farm work.

Second group—These will work out their own problems without the necessity of much, if any, organization, except as may be advisable for securing seed, fertilizer, and possibly preparation tillage.

Third group—These may require assistance in getting land, preparation of it, securing seed and fertilizers, thus making it impossible for those without land to escape production service.

Fourth group—This naturally comprises the business and professional men, who can give their horses and help for the development of additional wheat areas for which purpose, if need be, business may be temporarily suspended.

The boy and girl help can be used to best advantage in groups 2 and 3. In some cases particularly the older boys may be of service on farm lands.

But on the whole here is where boys and girls give service.

The physically fit labour in addition to giving assistance in groups 2 and 3, should be able to help in group 1. The small garden area should not constitute the limit of his service. It will be seen, therefore, that a man may be able to give service in all four groups. The object of the grouping, however, is to make impossible the escape of any from some form of productive service.

It is difficult to say how the above information should be secured. From reports in the press it would seem that an effort is to be made to determine possible labour available working on land, also the National Committee on food resources are seeking information as to householders in the town and country districts. Whether it is possible to coordinate effort so that all information required may be secured at the one time, I am not prepared to say, but certainly such would seem desirable. It would seem wise to have a full discussion on this point, and that the Committee be given an opportunity to later determine how best to secure the information.

It is possible that to divide the town into sections, and make a personal canvas will be the best means of securing full and definite information.

W. S. BLAIR.

Our local contemporaries, The Sun, and The Citizen, announce that Mr. W. B. Foster, a man of experience, has been appointed editor-in-chief of these papers. We welcome him to the circles of Truro Journalism. He has arrived at the best town in the whole Dominion—Truro.

With respect to the protection that men of military age should have if they desire to avoid the inconvenience and military police under the Military Service Act, The Chronicle yesterday was informed by the local authorities of the Justice Department of the following:

## BOUNDING UP MEN ELIGIBLE FOR THE DRAFT.

Over Fifteen Hundred Have Failed To Report and They Will Be Sought Out—How to Avoid Arrest or Detention.

(Morning Chronicle)

The apprehension of absconees under the Military Service Act is being actively proceeded with in the City, and many men eligible for the first draft are reporting voluntarily. Action has also been taken for apprehension of those in other parts of the Province, officers being sent out to round them up. The Department of Justice has figures showing that over 1,500 eligible men have failed to report and they will be all sought out.

There are 5,000 or 6,000 men here from other parts of Canada engaged in relief and railway construction work and the lists thereof are being combed for eligibles who have failed to report. The men when apprehended are turned over at the Armouries to Lieut-Col Flowers to be dealt with, and the First Depot Battalion is now growing daily in strength.

What To Do.

With respect to the protection that men of military age should have if they desire to avoid the inconvenience and military police under the Military Service Act, The Chronicle yesterday was informed by the local authorities of the Justice Department of the following:

1. If a man in Class One is in possession of a Postmaster's receipt, furnished him when he applied at the Post Office in October or November last, he will not be molested. No other documents will answer.

2. If a man is not in Class One, and might be taken to be in that Class, because of his age, he should carry with him birth certificate showing that he is less than 20 years of age or born before January 1st, 1883 or is a married man. It is best for all men who fear apprehension to be provided with one of these documents so that he can avoid trouble.

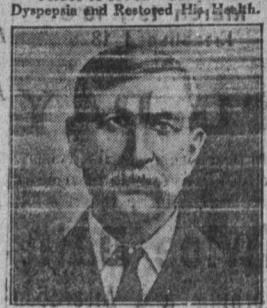
The regulations provide that men may be arrested anywhere by any commissioned or non-commissioned officer, police officer or constable and questioned as to his name, occupation, place of employment, abode, place of birth and any other matters, to show whether or not he is within the Class called out, and the man shall if required produce his certificate or such evidence as may be in his possession, showing that he has reported, or not, at the time liable for service. If he refuses to answer or answers untruthfully, he may be detained and taken, before a Justice of the Peace or punishment.

Heavy penalties are imposed

## FRIENDS THOUGHT

## HE WOULD DIE

"FRUIT-A-TIVES" Conquered Dyspepsia and Restored His Health.



MR. ROBERT NEWTON.

"I was a terrible sufferer from Dyspepsia and Constipation for years. I had pain after eating, belching gas, constant headaches, and did not sleep well at night; I lost so much weight—going from 185 pounds to 146 pounds—that I became alarmed and saw several doctors, who, however, did me no good. Finally, a friend told me to try 'Fruit-a-lives'. In a week there was improvement."

The constipation was corrected; and soon I was free of pain, headaches and that miserable feeling that accompanies Dyspepsia. I continued to take this splendid fruit medicine and now I am well, strong and vigorous." —ROBERT NEWTON, 50c, a box 6 for \$2.50, trusline 200. At all dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

for non-compliance with the regulations, which also provide heavy penalties for anyone who employs or retains in his service any man who has not registered at the Post Office. It is on these regulations and others that the constables are authorized in invading the premises where men are employed and investigating the military situation.

## HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

One quart of vinegar can make two by putting the half-quarts into quart jars, filling up the jars with boiling water, screwing on the tops and letting stand for a few days. At the end of that time there will be two quarts of vinegar apparently as strong as the first quart.

When a newly whitened dress-spot is spotted one woman climbed a stepladder and first rubbed the spot with a stained and yellow spot with a block of magnesia; then, with a soft powder, which saved a paper hanger's billow that I mention. It is from Mrs. Brown, of New York, that I learned this.

If not get in line for a glass with other progressive people.

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